LET OUR PAEAN OF TRIUMPH BE MADE OF VICTORY NOTES!

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Showers today; tomorrow fair; moderate northwest winds.
For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,375 ... NEW YORK, TUESDAY, APRIL 29, 1919. TWENTY-EIGHT PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

PLENARY CONFERENCE ADOPTS REVISED LEAGUE COVENANT; FRENCH AND JAPANESE OFFER, BUT WITHDRAW, AMENDMENTS; ALLIES TO TRY THE EX-KAISER AND OTHER WAR OFFENDERS

BURLESON ADVISES RETURN OF CABLES AND WIRE SYSTEMS

Says Congress Should Pass Act Protecting Land Lines from Financial Disaster.

SEA LINES BACK BY MAY 10

Burleson Made Recommendations to President, Who Is Believed to Have Indorsed Them.

DENIES HAND WAS FORCED

Says Decision Was Reached Days Ago—Mackay Says Postal Asks No Legislative Help.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Postmaster General Burleson today announced that he had recommended to President Wilson the return of the ocean cables to their owners and would recommend that the telegraph and telephone lines also be returned as soon as legislation could be obtained from Congress safeguarding the interests of the owners.

It was learned on high authority that both recommendations had been approved by the President. The recommendations are said to have formed the subject of a long cable communication the Postmaster General sent to the President some days ago.

The prospective return of the cable lines was announced in this statement issued by Mr. Burleson:

"The Postmaster General has recommended to the President that the Government return the cable lines to their respective owners. This action is made possible by the fact that the congestion resulting from war conditions has largely passed. The enemy commercial blacklist has been abolished and the tremendous volume of Government cable messages from and to the War Trade Board has ceased. The bar to commercial code messages has been removed, thus materially lessening the cable loads. The use of the cables in connection with the Peace Conference has been greatly diminished.

"The Postmaster General hopes that the return of the cables may be effective not later than May 10."

This additional statement was issued by Mr. Burleson shortly afterward:

"The Postmaster General will recommend that the telegraph and telephone lines be restored to their respective owners as soon as legislation can be secured from Congress safeguarding the interests of the owners in every way that it is possible to safeguard them.

"The information of the Postmaster General as to the condition of the wire companies convinces him that it is imperative that such legislative action must be had before the various telephone and telegraph lines are returned.

"This is not true as to the cable lines, which are in a condition to be returned at once.

Action Taken a Surprise.

The action of the Postmaster General came as a surprise in the midst of his bitter fight with certain newspapers attacking his "dictatorship." The Postmaster General never has appeared less yielding than in recent days. It was suggested to the Post Office Department that the charge would be made that he has been "smoked out" and virtually forced to give up control of the wires. The reply was: "It's easy to make charges; nowadays they are expected here."

Rumors at once sprang up. One was that the President had ordered Mr. Burleson to give up the wires. It was said by persons close to the Postmaster General that he made the recommendation on his own motion.

Mr. Burleson apparently has been anxious to retain his hold over the wires. While he has not asked for any extension of the period of control over the cables, he has begged earnestly that he be allowed to hold the telephones and telegraphs longer than the period at which Federal control over all the wires ceases automatically—the proclamation by the President of the exchange of ratifications of the peace treaty. Mr. Burleson and his lieutenants, through Judge Moon, retiring Chairman of the House Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, in January last introduced in Congress the "Moon resolution," extending the period, at first indefinitely, but later, in the face of violent opposi-

Continued on Page Six.

Babies cannot properly digest unmodified cows' milk. Add IMPERIAL GRANUM to make the hard curds soft and flaky.—Advt.

When you think of Writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

Bremen Reds Are Beaten in Battle in Streets

LONDON, April 28.—Spartacide forces attempted to overthrow the Government in Bremen yesterday, but were defeated after hard street fighting.

A dispatch from Stettin transmitted by the Exchange Telegraph Company reporting the outbreak adds that revolvers and hand grenades were used freely in the fighting.

ACCLAIM THE 69TH IN FINAL REVIEW

Soldiers Who Won War Honors Cheered in Their March Up Fifth Avenue.

FLOWERS STREW THEIR WAY

Troops Appear 2,700 Strong, with Service Equipment, Fit for Battle.

The Old 69th Regiment, amid the acclaims of unnumbered thousands of friends and admirers, marched up Fifth Avenue yesterday afternoon, completing the last formal event of its history as the 165th Infantry of the Rainbow Division. By the end of this week the famous regiment, with 2,700 of its members remaining after eighteen months' service, will have passed into history and into civilian life through the demobilization process at Camp Mills.

Many months ago, when the regiment was fighting forward through the white, chalky mud of Champagne, Father Duffy, the beloved chaplain of the regiment, used to cheer up his men when they thought luck was against them, by telling them that no matter what day in the year it happened to be when the unit returned to America, their friends in the home city would see that it was a "St. Patrick's Day." And so it was yesterday—but more than St. Patrick's Day, because not only the usual crowds of the Irish holiday turned out to cheer the regiment, but also hundreds of thousands of others who hold for this typically New York City regiment a place very near to their hearts.

So fast did the regiment march that it took hardly more than ten minutes for it to pass the official reviewing stand at Eighty-second Street or any other given point, and block by block the crowds cheered almost throughout the entire time the veterans were marching by. Individuals in the crowds along the route from Washington Square to 115th Street singled out their own heroes, and the crowds about them helped to cheer.

Colonel William J. Donovan and Father Duffy were hailed by name by thousands, but there were others, winners of the D. S. C. or the Croix de Guerre, or some other distinction for heroism, whose greeting almost equalled in volume that given to the "two commanding officers," for the soldiers called Father Duffy a regimental commander, too.

Flowers Thrown to Marchers.

Obeying the request of Colonel Donovan, the crowds abandoned their usual custom of throwing cigarettes and fruit to the soldiers, and instead threw

Continued on Page Five.

NAVY SEAPLANES START IN WEEK ON FIRST 'HOP'

Crews Named to Fly from Here to Newfoundland, Then Across to Portugal.

STOP AT AZORES ARRANGED

Official Plans Just Disclosed After Rockaway Fliers Make Successful Test of NC-3.

BRITISH MAY TRY TODAY

Wind Shift at St. John's Causes Rush of Preparations by Both Hawker and Raynham.

The first official information regarding the plans of the United States transatlantic flight and the crews which will man the hydroplanes was contained in announcements made yesterday by Commander John Henry Towers, in charge of the NC, or Navy-Curtiss, planes at Rockaway Beach. The NC-3 made a successful flight yesterday of one hour and fifteen minutes, and the NC-1 and NC-4 will be ready in about eight days to leave for Newfoundland, which was announced to be the "jumping off" place for the Atlantic trip.

Commander Towers said that the three seaplanes would leave at the same time, unless something unforeseen should hold up one of the navy's entries. The flight of 1,150 miles to Newfoundland will be made in two jumps, but the machines, according to the commander, will not carry the over-ocean load, so that all unnecessary stress will be saved to the motors.

It was said unofficially that the American flier will not take the nonstop course to the Irish coast, but will first take the 1,200-mile flight to the Azores, where the machines will be re-fueled for the 900-mile trip to Lisbon, Portugal.

In discussing the transatlantic plans, Commander Towers said:

"While the seaplanes will start from Rockaway for Newfoundland, with one stop en route, this leg of the journey is not to be considered as part of the transatlantic flight. The exact date of the start is dependent only on the weather and the readiness of the planes, as complete arrangements are already made for the patrols and landing places. The point in Newfoundland from which the seaplanes will leave will be announced Wednesday. This taking-off place will not be St. John's.

"This date to start the over-ocean flight was decided upon last Feb. 24 by the naval authorities, and it has not been hastened by the other fellows who hope to make the over-ocean trip. I know Hawker well, and I believe that he is wholly sincere in his belief that he can make the flight successfully. He is taking tremendous chances, however, and the gamble is against him."

"The NC type planes ought to be able to make the flight to Europe which has been determined on; that is, as-

Continued on Page Seven.

Britain May Make Changes in Egyptian Constitution

LONDON, April 28.—The Government is considering the sending of a special commission, headed by Viscount Milner, Secretary for the Colonies, to Egypt, in order to ascertain what changes are necessary in the Constitution of the protectorate.

SONNINO FINDS ITALY IS UNITED

Foreign Minister Gets an Enthusiastic Greeting Upon Arriving in Rome.

GOING BACK WITH ORLANDO

Should Get Fiume from Peace Conference Then, Says the Mesaggero.

ROME, April 28.—Foreign Minister Sonnino, who left Paris Saturday afternoon, arrived in Rome at 9:30 o'clock last night. He had an enthusiastic reception.

Speaking today concerning the controversy over the demands of the Italians, Baron Sonnino said: "All Italians must unite in their support of the Government, which represents a country which is united and which will win."

Former Foreign Minister Tittoni also discussed the situation, saying: "The negotiations at Paris were interrupted and the Italian Parliament has been convoked only because President Wilson expressed before the world doubt whether the Italian delegation represented the will of our people. Parliament must answer this, eliminating such doubt in a most clear, categoric, and exclusive manner."

These two statements seem fairly to give a keynote to the situation of today in Rome. Parliament is to meet Tuesday to vote on a motion for an expression of complete confidence in the Cabinet and the delegation which represented Italy at the Peace Conference, without pledging any precise action. Efforts are being made to have unanimity in the chamber when the motion is brought up by inducing the intransigeant Socialists, who have always voted against the Government during the war, to abstain from voting this time.

"Premier Orlando and Baron Sonnino," the Messagero says, "have not definitely withdrawn from the Conference, but have simply suspended their participation in its work. After the vote of the Italian Parliament they may return to France to continue with new strength and better hope the interrupted diplomatic battle. President Wilson will bring into the new negotiations a spirit of wiser moderation. Therefore, let us not talk of getting the annexation of Fiume through act of Parliament. We must get Fiume by direction of the Peace Conference."

Have Become Idols of Rome.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, April 28.—Premier Orlando and Foreign Minister Sonnino have become the idols of the people. Their homes were constantly surrounded by crowds hoping to catch a glimpse of them on their way to or from the Ministry. Whenever they appear in town their motors are immediately surrounded by people affectionately insisting that they shake hands and shouting: "Speech! Speech! Evviva Orlando and Sonnino!"

Both men have to invent the most ingenious ways to escape unnoticed from their homes to enable them to accomplish the overwhelming work awaiting them, without being detained by the crowd.

Orlando since his return to Rome in March is much changed. His hair, which was then turning gray, now seems much whiter, while his face is greatly lined; his eyes look tired, as if he had been through trying times.

Sonnino, on the other hand, looks absolutely unchanged. He has the same determined, resolute expression, the same aversion to speak or to be made much of.

In fact, the people of Rome feared that on his present return he would descend at the last station before reaching town, as he had done on every other occasion when returning from Paris, to avoid the demonstration he knew to be awaiting him. The people are overjoyed at having succeeded in inducing him to speak in public, which he has seldom done. It is remembered that at the time of the signing of the armistice he said: "The war is over, but remember that the hardest struggle is still to come."

PARIS, April 28.—The newspapers report that Salvatore Barzilai, a member of the Italian delegation who left Paris with Premier Orlando Friday, said that he did not intend to return.

The Temps says that it is stated in American Peace Conference circles that President Wilson does not expect to add anything to his recent statement on the Adriatic issue.

WASHINGTON'S NEWEST AND BEST. The Wardman Park Hotel. Write for information. H. Albert, formerly The Homestead, Hot Springs, Va.—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

CARDINAL GIBBONS URGES ALL CATHOLICS to use THE MANUAL OF PRAYERS.—Advt.

TRIBUNAL FOR WAR TRIALS

Five Judges Representing Leading Powers to Be Members.

EXTRADITION TO BE ASKED

Demand to be Made on Holland —Germany Must Produce Accused and Evidence.

KAISER'S EXILE EXPECTED

Articles on Blame Framed by Council Not Yet Acted On at Plenary Session.

Most of German Delegation Arrive at Versailles

VERSAILLES, April 28.—A large part of the German delegation to the Peace Conference arrived this evening at 9 o'clock. The party numbered sixty.

The delegates were taken in automobiles to the Hôtel des Réservoirs. There was no untoward incident.

The main plenipotentiaries and the technical delegates, who will complete the delegation, are expected tomorrow.

A second installment of Germans arrived at 10 o'clock. They included a large number of women stenographers and typists.

PARIS, April 28.—At today's plenary session of the Peace Conference, the Council of Four presented the text of a peace treaty provision for the prosecution of former Emperor William by a court of five judges "for a supreme offense against international morality and the sanctity of treaties."

The conference took no action on the matter at today's session.

The court is to be composed of representatives of the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, and Japan. It will fix the punishment of the accused, whose extradition is to be asked.

A separate tribunal will try other military officers.

Exile of Ex-Kaiser Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The announcement that the ex-Kaiser, under the terms of the proposed treaty of peace, is to be placed on trial for "a supreme offense against the international morality and the sanctity of treaties," and that Germany must also agree to surrender any persons within its borders charged with "having exercised acts in violation of the laws and customs of war" started much speculation here today concerning how far the United States and its associates will go in meting out punishment to German military and civilian leaders against whom were made charges, while the hostilities were in progress, of wanton cruelties and uncivilized practices.

It can be stated that there is no little sentiment in some quarters for action to punish sternly the persons who may be found responsible for the sinking of the Lusitania, the execution of Edith Cavell, and of Captain Fryatt, and the military leaders of lesser importance than the Kaiser who may have been directly responsible for other inhuman acts.

A searching investigation to determine where responsibility lies for the numberless submarine atrocities, the murder of women and children by air raids on unprotected towns, the use of poison gas, and other barbarities practised by German leaders will probably find many supporters in the national Capital. Such an investigation would determine whether von Tirpitz, Hindenburg, and others of their kind could properly be brought before the bar of international justice.

If Germany signs the peace treaty it must give approval to the demands of the allied Governments for the trial of the ex-Kaiser and such others as may face charges. This approval on the part of Germany would remove, it is felt, any hesitation on the part of Holland in turning over the former ruler without long dispute.

The belief here is that the ex-Kaiser will eventually be exiled to some place where he will have no opportunity for further trouble making and that a number of his associates in the war will not escape unscathed.

Text of Proposed Articles.

The proposed articles regarding penalties for insertion in the Treaty of Peace, which were presented at a plenary session of the Peace Conference today, were made public by the State Department as follows:

"Article I.—The allied and associated powers publicly arraign William II. of Hohenzollern, formerly German Em-

Continued on Page Two.

MEN'S SILK CREPE SHIRTS AT $8.50 are the best silk shirt value in town. Best & Co.'s Men's Shop, Fifth Ave. at 35th St.—Advt.

Text of President Wilson's Address on League At Plenary Session of the Peace Conference

PARIS, April 28, (Associated Press.)—Following is the text of President Wilson's speech before the plenary session of the Peace Conference today:

Mr. President: When the text of the covenant of the League of Nations was last laid before you I had the honor of reading the covenant in extenso. I will not detain you today to read the covenant as it has now been altered, but will merely take the liberty of explaining to you some of the alterations that have been made.

The report of the Commission has been circulated. You yourselves have in hand the text of the covenant, and will no doubt have noticed that most of the changes that have been made are mere changes of phraseology, not changes of substance, and that, besides that, most of the changes are intended to clarify the document, or, rather, to make explicit what we all have assumed was implicit in the document as it was originally presented to you. But I shall take the liberty of calling your attention to the new features, such as they are. Some of them are considerable, the rest trivial.

The first paragraph of Article I. is new. In view of the insertion of the covenant in the Peace Treaty, specific provision as to the signatories of the treaty, who would become members of the League, and also as to neutral States to be invited to accede to the covenant, were obviously necessary. The paragraph also provides for the method by which a neutral State may accede to the covenant.

The third paragraph of Article I. is new, providing for the withdrawal of any member of the League on a notice given of two years.

The second paragraph of Article IV. is new, providing for a possible increase in the Council should other powers be added to the League of Nations whose present accession is not anticipated.

The two last paragraphs of Article IV. are new, providing specifically for one vote for each member of the League in the Council, which was understood before, and providing also for one representative of each member of the League.

The first paragraph of Article V. is new, expressly incorporating the provision as to the unanimity of voting, which was at first taken for granted.

The second paragraph of Article VI. has had added to it that a majority of the Assembly must approve the Appointment of the Secretary General.

The first paragraph of Article VII. names Geneva as the seat of the League, and is followed by a second paragraph which gives the Council power to establish the seat of the League elsewhere, should it subsequently deem it necessary.

The third paragraph of Article VII. is new, establishing equality of employment of men and women, that is to say, by the League.

The second paragraph of Article XIII. is new, inasmuch as it undertakes to give instances of disputes which are generally suitable for submission to arbitration, instances of what have latterly been called "justiciable" questions.

The eighth paragraph of Article XV. is new. This is the amendment regarding domestic jurisdiction, that where the Council finds that a question arising out of an international dispute affects matters which are clearly under the domestic jurisdiction of one or other of the parties it is to report to that effect and make no recommendation.

The last paragraph of Article XVI. is new, providing for an expulsion from the League in certain extraordinary circumstances.

Article XXI. is new.

The second paragraph of Article XXII. inserts the words with regard to mandatories, and "who are willing to accept it," thus explicitly introducing the principle that a mandate cannot be forced upon a nation unwilling to accept it.

Article XXIII. is a combination of several former articles, and also contains the following: A clause providing for the just treatment of aborigines: a clause looking toward a prevention of the white slave traffic, and the traffic in opium, and a clause looking toward progress in international prevention and control of disease.

Article XXV. specifically mentions the Red Cross as one of the international organizations which are to connect their work with the work of the League.

Article XXVI. permits the amendment of the covenant by a majority of the States composing the assembly, instead of three-fourths of the States, though it does not change the requirement in that matter with regard to the vote in the council.

The second paragraph of Article XXVI. is also new, and was added at the request of the Brazilian delegation, in order to avoid certain constitutional difficulties. It permits any member of the League to dissent from an amendment, the effect of such dissent being withdrawal from the League.

And the annex is added, giving the names of the signatories of the treaty, who become members, and the names of the States invited to accede to the covenant. These are all the changes, I believe, which are of moment.

Mr. President—I take the opportunity to move the following resolutions in order to carry out the provisions of the covenant: You will notice that the covenant provides that the first Secretary-General shall be chosen by this conference. It also provides that the first choice of the four member States who are to be added to the five great powers on the council is left to this conference.

I move, therefore, that the first Secretary-General of the council shall be the honorable Sir James Eric Drummond, and, second, that, until such time as the assembly shall have selected the first four members of the League to be represented on the council in accordance with Article IV. of the covenant, representatives of Belgium, Brazil, Greece, and Spain shall be members, and, third, that the powers to be represented on the council of the League of Nations are requested to name representatives who shall form a committee of nine to prepare plans for the organization of the League and for the establishment of the seat of the League and to make arrangements and to prepare the agenda for the first meeting of the assembly, this committee to report both to the council and the assembly of the League.

I think it not necessary to call your attention to other matters we have previously discussed—the capital significance of this covenant; the hopes which are entertained as to the effect it will have upon steadying the affairs of the world, and the obvious necessity that there should be a concert of the free nations of the world to maintain justice in international relations, the relations between peoples and between the nations of the world.

If Baron Makino will pardon me for introducing a matter which I absent-mindedly overlooked, it is necessary for me to propose the alteration of several words in the first line of Article V. Let me say that in several parts of the treaty, of which this covenant will form a part, certain duties are assigned to the Council of the League of Nations. In some instances it is provided that the action they shall take shall be by a majority vote. It is, therefore, necessary to make the covenant conform with the other portions of the treaty by adding these words. I will read the first line and add the words:

"Except where otherwise expressly provided in this covenant, or by the terms of this treaty, decisions at any meeting of the Assembly or of the Council shall require the agreement of all the members of the League represented at the meeting."

"Except where otherwise expressly provided in this covenant" is the present reading, and I move the addition "or by the terms of this treaty." With that addition I move the adoption of the covenant.

WILSON MOVES ADOPTION

League of Nations Constitution Goes Through Without Division.

BRITISH SECRETARY NAMED

Belgium, Brazil, Greece, and Spain on Council with Five Great Powers.

MAKINO VOICES HIS PROTEST

Says the Race Question May Become Acute—Delegates Congratulate Wilson.

British Troops Out of Fiume; More Italians Sent to Istria

GENEVA, April 28, (Associated Press.)—The battalion of British troops which occupied Fiume with the Italians after the armistice left Fiume when the Italian delegates to the Peace Conference left Paris, according to advices from Agram, capital of Croatia and Slavonia.

The reason for this action by the British is reported to be a desire to avoid friction with the Italian troops. The dispatch adds that the Italians are reinforcing their troops in Central Istria.

Fiume Hands Powers Over to Italy.

ROME, April 27.—Great enthusiasm was aroused at a meeting here today when it was announced that the National Council of Fiume had handed over all the powers of the State and the Municipality to a representative of the Italian Government to be exercised in the name of King Victor Emmanuel.

PARIS, April 28, (Associated Press.)—The revised covenant of the League of Nations was adopted by the plenary session of the Peace Conference this afternoon without division and without amendment. The covenant was moved by President Wilson.

The President in his speech said that Sir Eric Drummond of Great Britain had been named as the first Secretary-General of the League.

Baron Makino for Japan and Léon Bourgeois for France spoke in favor respectively of the racial equality and international army amendments, but these amendments were afterward withdrawn, and it is understood that they have been left for decision by the League of Nations itself.

Premier Clemenceau announced the withdrawal of the amendments, and President Wilson's proposal that the covenant of the League of Nations be adopted was carried.

There was not more than a moment's pause in honor of the creation of the League, the conference then proceeding with the regular program.

The text of the labor principles for insertion in the treaty was adopted.

Great Interest in Plenary Session.

The plenary session of the Peace Conference opened at 3 o'clock this afternoon in the French Foreign Office under circumstances of unusual interest because of the fact that it was to be one of the last sessions before the meeting with the German delegates at Versailles, that final action was to be taken on some of the main features of the peace treaty—notably the League of Nations, responsibility for the war, and the trial of the former German Emperor and others—and because important labor clauses were to be inserted in the treaty.

For the first time at the Conference sessions Italy was not represented, and the five seats of Premier Orlando and his colleagues at the right of M. Clemenceau, the presiding officer, remained vacant. The other delegations presented full ranks, and the scene was stirring as the French Premier opened the session.

President Wilson was recognized at the outset for a detailed explanation of the new covenant of the League. His speech was without oratorical effort and confirmed the explanation of textual changes, most of which have already been noted, and named Belgium, Brazil, Greece, and Spain on the League Council and also on the committee to prepare plans for the first meeting of the League.

The name of Italy appears as one of the members of the League and of the five great powers represented in the League Council.

Baron Makino, head of the Japanese delegation, in a brief speech called

Bomb for Ole Hanson Sent from East Stirs Home of Seattle's Fighting Mayor

Special to The New York Times.

SEATTLE, Wash., April 28.—An infernal machine of sufficient power, according to the police, to blow out the entire side of the County-City Building, was discovered in mail addressed to Mayor Hanson and opened at his office yesterday morning. It failed to explode, although the glass container holding the sulphuric acid designed to set off the bomb broke in unwrapping. The bomb, according to the postmark, was sent from New York.

Mayor Hanson is in Colorado, making a Victory Loan campaign for the Government. M. H. Strouse, Auditor of the Building Department, who handles the Mayoralty mail in the absence of the Mayor's Secretary, G. A. Conklin, on tour with Hanson, opened the package. Return address was marked Gimbel Brothers, Thirty-second and Thirty-third Streets and Broadway, New York City."

The package was neatly wrapped in straw-colored glazed paper, with the name of the department store printed on it. The address side had a picture of a man with a pack on his back, and carrying a staff, and the word "novelty" above the figure. It was posted with 12 cents in stamps.

The infernal machine was contained in a wooden tube about 8 inches in length and 1½ inches in diameter. The package was sealed with a top which, on being opened, broke a small phial of acid. On the inside, and tightly packed, were three dynamite caps wrapped together with thread, above about a third of a stick of dynamite. The caps were discolored by the few small drops of acid which reached them.

It is the belief of the police that an explosion was narrowly prevented only by Strouse's careful handling of the parcel. Instead of holding the bomb right side up, he held it with the top down and the acid therefore was poured harmlessly on the floor instead of reaching the caps and the dynamite as intended.

The machine was taken immediately to Police Headquarters, where it was forced open with a chisel and the dynamite exposed.

Chief of Police Joel F. Warren and Captain of Detectives Charles Tennant, who investigated the infernal machine, declared it an easy matter for any person to send a parcel through the mail with the address of the Gimbel firm on the wrapper.

PUEBLO, Col., April 28.—Reports of a bomb received at his office were shown to Mayor Hanson of Seattle here today.

"If they have the courage," said Mr. Hanson, "why don't they attack me like men, instead of playing the part of cowardly assassins?

"One thing I am asure of, and that is that labor throughout this great land of ours has no connection whatever with this attempted outrage."

Louis Gimbel of Gimbel Brothers said last night that no word had been received by the firm of a package which had been sent to Ole Hanson. He said that the matter would be investigated, and that the firm would give any information which it could obtain on the subject, but he pointed out that any one could make a purchase in the Novelty Department and then use the wrappings for the purpose of mailing another package.

FALL MALL FAMOUS CIGARETTES For the Discriminating—Plain Ends.—Advt.

Berlin Faces Danger of a Meat Famine; Reserve Stock Gone; Herds Are Dwindling

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 26.—Berlin is face to face with a meat famine.

At a meeting this afternoon of the executive heads of the Food Distribution Department it was announced that the city's reserve of frozen meat, of which there were 3,000,000 pounds in January, is now exhausted. Recently the ration of fresh meat was reduced by two-thirds and that of frozen or tinned meat by one-third, but even that reduced ration can no longer be maintained.

Herds of cattle are being rapidly exhausted. In December last Berlin could command 9,000 carcasses of beef every week. Now the number has been reduced to a little over 2,000, and even that cannot all be brought to the city on account of bad transportation facilities.

It is satisfactory that the potato supply will last into June, but apart from that the general food conditions in Berlin, already serious enough, are rapidly going from bad to worse.

LOOT OPENLY SOLD IN BERLIN.

Shoes Which Cost 230 Marks in Stores Are Hawked for 40.

BERLIN, April 23. (Associated Press.)—A casual walk through the streets in the neighborhood of Berlin Police Headquarters tends to show that there is no exaggeration in the reports concerning almost open plundering in Berlin.

Within a stone's throw of Police Headquarters today a street hawker was found offering for sale a shirtwaist for 75 marks. It bore the trademark of a well-known department store. Shoes which are selling in the stores for 230 marks a pair were offered for 40 marks.

A man who was selling diamond rings had a ring on each finger. He indicated voluntarily where each ring had been stolen.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

McK. & R. CALOX TOOTH POWDER. Cleans—Whitens—Preserves.—Advt.

renewed attention to the Japanese amendment on racial equality. He said that the race question was a standing grievance, which might become a dangerous issue at any time. The Japanese Government and people, Baron Makino declared, felt poignant regret that the amendment had not been incorporated in the covenant, and announced that an effort would be made to have the principle of racial equality adopted as part of the document.

Paul Hymans, representing Belgium, expressed the regret of the Belgian people at the selection of Geneva as the seat of the League of Nations, while approving the high aims of the League.

The amendments of M. Bourgeois, representing France, were not pressed. M. Clemenceau then put the question of the adoption of President Wilson's motion, which prevailed without a formal vote, and the covenant was declared adopted.

The South American representatives expressed approval at great length before the Covenant was adopted. During this part of the afternoon a distinct restlessness was noticeable, President Wilson walking over to a friend, and Premier Lloyd George disappearing from the room.

After the adoption of the League Constitution, George Nicoll Barnes, British delegate, explained the nine points which the Labor Commission wished embodied in the Peace Treaty. Sir Robert L. Borden, the Canadian Premier, then read the revised nine points.

The revised clauses say that the standard set by law regarding conditions of labor should have due regard for the equitable economic treatment of all workers lawfully resident in a country, and also that a forty-eight-hour week should be aimed at. The commission had asked for this, except where climatic conditions interfered.

Sir Robert said that the changes in the phraseology were the result of suggestions by different delegations, and that they had been accepted by all the great industrial nations.

M. Clemenceau, as President, declared the revised nine points carried.

Mrs. Wilson, accompanied by her secretary, listened to the discussions throughout the session with keen interest.

Makino Invokes Democracy.

By Telephone From Paris to London, Thence by Cable.

A sleet storm was raging at the time, and the ice particles beat a tattoo on the windows of the conference room throughout the session. President Wilson was the first of the delegates to arrive. He appeared to be in remarkably good spirits.

David Lloyd George, the British Prime Minister, was absent at the commencement of the proceedings, but entered the chamber during President Wilson's speech.

Baron Makino reminded the conference that the amendment presented to the League Committee April 11 asserting equality of nations was rejected, although there was a strong majority in its favor. He said he now took the opportunity to declare plainly the Japanese position expressed in the amendment declaring equality of nations should be a fundamental principle of the League, the high contracting parties agreeing to afford subjects of member nations equal and just treatment, without any discrimination against either race or nationality.

In an age of democracy, Baron Makino said, the peoples themselves must see that they are the guardians of these principles. If that idea was rejected, then their faith in the justice and righteousness which were the guiding principles of the League would be shaken.

CORRECTIONS OF COVENANT.

Two Changes from the Published Text Announced.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Two corrections of the League covenant as made public by the State Department yesterday were announced by the department today. It was announced that New Zealand, and not New South Wales, would be one of the signatories of the peace treaty, entitled to original membership in the League.

The other change related to League members dissenting from amendments to the League covenant. As thus corrected Article XXVI.—the final article of the covenant—will read:

"Amendements to this covenant will take effect when ratified by the members of the League, whose representatives compose the council and by a majority of the members of the League whose representatives compose the assembly.

"No such amendment shall bind any member of the League which signifies its dissent therefrom, but in that case it shall cease to be a member of the League."

As originally made public the word "no" was omitted from the last sentence of this article. With this change there are three ways in which a nation may cease to be a member of the League.

First—Any member of the League may, after two years' notice of its intention so to do, withdraw, provided that all its international obligations and all its obligations under this covenant shall have been fulfilled at the time of its withdrawal.

Second—Any member of the League which has violated any covenant of the League may be declared to be no longer a member of the League by a vote of the council concurred in by the Representatives of all the other nations of the League represented thereon.

Third—Any member of the League dissenting from an amendment to the League covenant, shall cease to be a member of the League.

The revised covenant would strip the Executive Council of the rather important element of power which it appeared to possess under the original draft. The original covenant provided in Article XVI. that in the case of a State breaking or disregarding its covenant under Article XII. "it shall be the duty of the Executive Council in such a case to recommend what effective military or naval force the members of the League shall severally contribute to the armed forces to be used to protect the covenants of the League." The revised Article XVI. provides that if any member of the League disregards its covenants under Articles XIII., XIV., and XV., "it shall be the duty of the council in such case to recommend to the several Governments concerned what effective military or naval forces the Governments of the League shall severally contribute to the armaments of forces to be used to protect the covenants of the League."

The new words in this quotation from the revised covenants are "to the several Governments concerned," and the substitution of the words "armaments of force," for the words "armed forces." In other words the use of the new language "to the several Governments concerned" in the revised draft makes it clear that the League Council is not to have final decision as to the military and naval forces to be contributed by the members of the League, but that the council may, in this respect, only recommend "to the several Governments concerned" and the inference from this is that the Governments to which the recommendation is made will determine whether they will approve the recommendation. The original language also provided that the council should recommend what effective military or naval force the League members should severally contribute to the "armed forces" to be used in protecting the covenants of the League, but the revised covenant provides that the council should recommend to the several Governments concerned what effective military or naval forces the League members should severally contribute to the "armaments of forces," to be used for that purpose.

Whether so intended or not, the substitution of the words "armaments of forces" for "armed forces" might, in the opinion of some students of the covenant, mean that some nations may not be actually called upon to furnish forces in the shape of men, but may furnish armaments for forces of men to be contributed by other nations.

DRUMMOND'S PUBLIC CAREER.

Sir Eric's Services Prepared Him for the League Secretaryship.

Sir (James) Eric Drummond, nominated by President Wilson as first Secretary General of the League of Nations, has been private secretary to Arthur J. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary, since December, 1916. Previously he had served Sir Edward (now Viscount) Grey in the same capacity while Sir Edward was Foreign Secretary. From March 1912, to June, 1915, he was private secretary to Herbert H. Asquith, then the British Premier.

Sir Eric was born Aug. 17, 1876, a son of the eighth Viscount Strathallan, and is a half-brother of and heir presumptive to the Earl of Perth. He became a clerk in the Foreign Office in 1900, and from 1900 to 1908 was private secretary to Lord Fitzmaurice, Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and continued under various under secretaries until 1912, when he became private secretary to Premier Asquith.

Sir Eric accompanied Mr. Balfour to the United States in 1917 as a member of a British High Commission.

In 1904 Sir Eric was married to Angela Mary, youngest daughter of the eleventh Baron Herries. They have two daughters and one son. Captain Maldwin Drummond, who married the widow of Marshal Field, Jr., of Chicago, is a distant relative of Sir Eric.

STILL WORRIED OVER FIUME.

Delegates Will Go Ahead with Treaty, However.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 27.—The news from Italy today produced a recurrence of pessimism over the Fiume situation. Details are not disclosed, but it is significant that it is of some importance and officials fear it will be necessary to conclude the peace treaties without Italy's signature. There is apparent agreement that if Italy withdraws, there will be nothing for the other powers to do but to go ahead with the negotiations.

The German plenipotentiaries are scheduled to arrive at Versailles on Tuesday. The complete text of the treaty will hardly be ready then. Several important subjects are still being discussed, including the fate of the ex-Kaiser and the fixing of responsibility for the war, which are understood to have been reopened at the urging of the American members of the Responsibilities Commission. Altogether, there is likely to be considerable delay before the treaty is completed.

BELGIAN CLAIMS UP TODAY.

Premier and Colleagues to Discuss Reparations with Big Three.

PARIS, April 28.—M. Delacroix, the Belgian Premier, with M. Jaspar, his Minister of Economics; M. Renken, former Minister of the Colonies, and Louis Franck, the present Minister of the Colonies, will be heard tomorrow by the Council of Three regarding Belgium's share in the reparations to be paid by Germany.

The delegation of the Belgium Cabinet has come to Paris to set forth the urgent need by Belgium of the indemnities due her in order that the Government may undertake the reconstruction of the country.

CABLING TEXT OF TREATY.

But the Bulk of the 75,000-Word Document May Come by Steamer.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The text of the peace treaty began to flow into the State Department today in official cablegrams from Paris, but was not made public pending instructions from the American Peace Commissioners in France.

Only a small portion of the document has been transmitted so far, and if it comes in its entirety by cable it will take some time to complete the text, which is understood to run over 75,000 words. It was intimated that the bulk of the mesage might be rushed to this country in a fast ship from Paris for the use of the State Department, as much as possible of it being cabled in advance of the arrival of the steamer.

The text of the proposed articles regarding penalties for insertion in the peace treaty, as cabled to the State Department, however, was made public by Acting Secretary Polk. The State Department, it was explained, would make no part of the peace treaty public except in accordance with instructions from Paris.

EXPECT SENATE CURB IN ADOPTING LEAGUE

Reservations on Domestic Control and Other Subjects Are Looked For.

FEAR OF SUPERSTATE STILL

Chamberlain Wants Immigration Question Cleared—Sherman Sees Danger of Broils.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The opinions of Senators today, after an opportunity to analyze the League of Nations covenant, were divided on the question of its acceptability by the Senate when it comes before that body as a part of the Treaty of Peace.

Democratic and Republican Senators, regardless of party affiliation, were found arrayed, some for and others against it. While some Senators insisted that it adequately safeguarded American interests, others argued that it failed to overcome what they regard as basic flaws.

One defect, its critics asserted, was that the covenant did not allow any loophole for the United States to escape being dragged into the small quarrels of European nations. The United States, they argued, would put itself in the hands of the League Assembly in any crisis threatening war between European nations, no matter how far the issue involved might be from the interests of this country.

A point of attack, raised by Senator Chamberlain, Democrat, of Oregon, and supported by other Senators, was that the covenant, in their opinion, fails definitely to leave the matter of immigration to this country in American control. Immigration matters, under the League covenant, they pointed out, would be regarded as domestic affairs of a nation, but the covenant provides that, in event of any dispute regarding it the Council of Nine may take up the question for arbitration.

Unless a specific declaration is put in the covenant reserving to the United States the right to decide its own immigration affairs, Mr. Chamberlain said, he would be obliged to vote against ratification of the League.

Agree on Demand for League.

Nearly all the Senators agreed that the people of the country appeared to want a League of Nations as a means of averting another world war. But the opponents of the covenant insisted that the sovereignty of the United States had not been protected and that the Senate could not support it unless it is appreciably altered.

Administration Senators felt that the League covenant now meets the objections raised against it, and that the Senate would be forced by public opinion to accept it.

Hardly any Senator today hesitated to say that the League covenant had been strengthened in the recast as compared with the original. The criticisms were made in a milder tone than the attacks that followed the original draft.

Chamberlain Suggests Reservation.

Senator Chamberlain said:

"In so far as most of the changes made are concerned, the League of Nations covenant has been improved by the Paris conferees. But it still stands as a document not quite satisfactory from the American viewpoint.

"I objected to the covenant in its original draft for the lack of expression against any interference with America's handling of the immigration problem, its failure to provide a way for nations to withdraw if they wished, neglect to preserve the Monroe Doctrine, and failure to provide for a unanimous vote of members in determining matters affecting a war juncture.

"The amendments made in Paris have removed all the objections I had against the League with the exception of the immigration matter. No provision has been made, so far as I can see, to protect America's right to restrict immigration according to our own desire. That is a fatal defect. Unless there is some specific stipulation on that point I shall not be able to vote for the League covenant.

"The immigration problem is a serious one with America. This country must have the right to determine it from its own viewpoint, and not put it in the control of any other nation or league of nations. I believe there will be strong sentiment against adopting the League unless this defect is corrected.

"It may be that the Senate will adopt the League covenant, and, at the same time, adopt a resolution embracing its refusal to accept, in immigration matters, any interference by the League. This course would save the Treaty of Peace from being held up and the establishment of world peace from being prejudiced."

Senator Pittman, Democrat, of Nevada, member of the Foreign Relations Committee, said:

"The revised covenant of the League of Nations should remove every possible objection of any sincere objector. The former text of the Constitution was construed by its drafters to recognize our Monroe Doctrine and exclude it from the operations of the League, but President Wilson, for the purpose of overcoming all technical objections in this country, personally had inserted in the amended covenant a specific recognition and approval of the Monroe Doctrine.

"Since the failure of the Japanese delegation to obtain its amendments to the covenant with regard to immigration, and under the general construction placed upon the covenant involving the subject by the members of the Peace Conference who will constitute the Council of the League of Nations, there can be no question that each nation's right to legislate and act with regard to immigration and other domestic questions is fully protected.

"The only authority of the League with regard to armament is to recommend the proportionate armament of each of the Governments in the League. The acceptance of this recommendation is left entirely to each Government, which means that our Congress retains entire jurisdiction in the matter.

"The amended covenant now expressly states that a unanimous vote of the Council must be had with regard to all these matters, which, of course, gives our representative in the Council the power to prevent action in any such matters.

"It would seem that any future opposition cannot be based upon sound reasoning. The treaty, including the League of Nations, will, in my opinion, be speedily ratified by the Senate."

Sherman Fears Super State.

Senator Sherman, Republican, of Illinois, admitted that the re-draft had ubstantially improved the covenant. But he wanted it to go further.

"The League of Nations covenant has not got away from the idea of supergovernment," said Senator Sherman. "It lurks in every paragraph. I have looked in vain for any specific declaration that no nation shall sacrifice its sovereignty in joining the League. In fact, it is plainly written into the covenant that individual sovereignty is abandoned.

"The United States must give up its right of control over its own affairs, for once it joins the League the Council of Nine will determine what are domestic affairs and what are affairs for the League to adjust.

"As it stands, the League covenant runs counter to the Constitution of the United States. It does this in Article XVI., which provides that the Council may oblige members to take up arms against a power declaring war and exacts financial support of members to engage in this counterwarfare. This abrogates the right of Congress to declare war and to provide the funds with which to carry it on. Any such abrogation of the power of Congress is unconstitutional.

"Another vital defect in the League covenant is Article X., under which the territorial integrity and political independence of individual members are to be assured against external aggression. This means nothing less than the United States being dragged into the small broils of nations against outside encroachments.

"While I am not opposed to the mandatory clause, it ought to be more specific. If we are to have any mandate under a League of Nations let it be a mandate over Mexico and let us keep out of Europe.

"We are more responsible for Mexico than any other nation. We have carried on a dog-in-the-manger policy with regard to Mexico long enough. There ought to be a specific reservation in the League covenant that binds the United States to assume a mandate over Mexico and not leave it to negotiation after the League is adopted."

Senator Moses, Republican, of New Hampshire said:

"I fail to see that the League of Nations has been made more acceptable by the amendments made by the Paris conferees. So far as I am concerned, I am as much opposed to it as before. I am glad I signed the round robin of Senators against adopting the League, as drafted, as a part of the treaty of peace.

"I do not believe there will be the slightest weakening of the thirty-nine Senators who signed that 'round robin.' They will all stand against it, I believe, unless it is radically modified by the Senate.

"The fundamental defect in the League covenant is that it binds the United States to perpetual war. This country is to be made a party to any European quarrel and could be forced into one war after another, involving issues with which this country has not the slightest sympathy. The United States ought not to be obliged to participate in the petty quarrels of European nations. Until that fault is rectified I fail to see how the Senate can adopt the covenant."

Senator Frelinghuysen, Republican, of New Jersey said:

"The re-draft appears to be as much involved as the original one. I was opposed to that one and I am to the amended one."

Walsh Finds Hope for World.

Senator Walsh, Democrat, of Montana, said:

"The vast majority of the American people, I feel confident, will be satisfied with the draft as amended, especially those who objected to the original but who favored some League as a preventive of another world war. I believe the Senate will accept it.

"The Monroe Doctrine reservation undoubtedly removes one of the chief objections to the covenant. The sovereignty of the United States in handling its domestic affairs is preserved.

"The fundamental feature of the League is that it provides that nations unite to prevent any single nation from making war. Members of the League must submit their grievances to the Council and arbitration must be resorted to before a nation may go to war. That removes the possibility of sudden warfare and gives opportunity for the adjustment of quarrels by arbitration.

"I would rather there had been no clause for withdrawal from the League. Nations entering it ought to be bound to stay in it. The assurance of the world for peace rests upon the nations of the world holding together in such a pact as this League of Nations."

In explaining that he would comment upon the League after thoroughly analyzing it, Senator Johnson, Republican, of California, said:

"I am studying the League of Nations as an American—a selfish, provincial, little American, if you please but with my whole thought for my own country. I am only an American, for America first."

Senator New, Republican, of Indiana, said:

"I have not had time to read the League of Nations draft. Unless it meets all the objections raised I shall not vote for it."

SCOUTS LEAGUE REVISION.

Steam Roller Seen by G. W. Pepper in Provisions Now.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.—George Wharton Pepper, one of the active figures in debates on the League of Nations, who is also head of the League for the Preservation of American Independence, in a statement today said:

"The amendments to the covenant do not affect the central feature of the constitution.

"The voting trust of nine nations, dominated by five, will have final decision of all international disputes.

"A 7 to 2 vote will bind the United States, and will preclude it from exercising force to sustain a position which may be vital to its sovereignty and independence.

"The right of withdrawal is valueless, because it is wiser to stay on the steam roller than to get off and stand in front of it."

Lodge Refuses to Comment.

Senator Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts, who passed through New York yesterday on his way to Washington, refused to express an opinion on the revised text of the League of Nations covenant until he had time to study it in detail.

SEES PEACE LEAGUE AS IMPERIALISTIC

Organ of Power, Not Justice, David Jayne Hill Declares in Address.

FORMED BY POLITICIANS

Ex-Ambassador to Germany Warns Free America to Have Nothing to Do with It.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The Constitution of the League of Nations is the work of politicians, not of jurists, and it creates an organ of power instead of an institution of justice, Dr. David Jayne Hill, former Ambassador to Germany, declared here today in an address given under the auspices of George Washington University.

Dr. Hill asserted that the League covenant created either a supergovernment with imperial power or a mischief-making advisory body with no real means to enforce its decrees.

"Between free self-governing nations on the one hand and supergovernment on the other," Dr. Hill said, "there is no intermediate condition. It is a choice between free and not free.

"The League proposes to bind its members to united action, and it is in the next breath pretended that there is nothing binding about it. The choice must be made, and it is important that it should be clearly understood. Does the League invite, or does it command? If it only invites, it is not a League. If it commands, it is a supergovernment.

"If it is not a supergovernment, if the executive council cannot bring an army into the field to enforce its decision, the provisions of this constitution create enormous risks and positive dangers. Although it is one of the alleged objects of this League to prevent war, war is not only distinctly provided for, but the occasions when it must occur are plainly indicated and are even rendered necessary."

Dr. Hill based his criticism on the original draft of the League covenant, and did not have before him the revised covenant when he prepared his address. He insisted that the covenant called for the surrender of national sovereignty, asserted that it would involve the United States in entangling alliances, declared that the policy of the League appeared to be that neutrality was to be abolished, doubted if Switzerland and the northern neutrals would be willing to enter the League under such a sacrifice, and thought the League would do away with neutral States, and could only deny the right of small States to neutrality in disregard of existing law through the exercise of arbitrary power in defiance of law.

"This is imperialism," asserted Dr. Hill. "If the war in which we have participated was a war to destroy imperialism and to establish the self-determination of free nations under law which should be the expression of their consent, a plan which merely establishes a composite imperialism, the arbitrary power of a single group of nations, would not be a victory for freedom, but its defeat."

Dr. Hill condemned the proposed plan for exercising mandatories, asked where the council derived its right to issue mandates and asserted that "it is, no doubt, better for us as a people that we should never again undertake an imperial partnership.

"We had a woful experience in the Samoan Islands," he said, "and we were glad to get out of it without involving ourselves, as we came near doing, in a scene of continuous bloodshed, brought on by intrigue. But it appears we are not to stop with simple islanders. Among our suggested allotments in this program of joint imperialism are Constantinople, the worst centre of racial and diplomatic intrigue in Europe; Armenia, which contains a vast Turkish and Persian population face to face with Russian Bolshevism, backed by Turkish machinations, to regain control in case it is actually ever taken from the Turk, which has not yet been accomplished; and Persia, which we once tried to help in the person of an American financial administrator, whose work was rendered futile by Russian and, alas, British intervention.

"Imperialism is imperialism, whether it be joint or single; and it is not a business that lends itself toward democracy or toward justice," Dr. Hill said in conclusion. "Even in its purity and at its best estate, it is a dangerous enterprise for a free people to engage in, and it is more dangerous than ever when innocence and good intention become the partners of seasoned experience in a game of power."

TRIBUNAL FOR WAR TRIALS

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

peror, not for an offense against criminal law but for a supreme offense against international morality and the sanctity of treaties.

"A special tribunal will be constituted to try the accused, thereby assuring him the guarantees essential to the right of defense. It will be composed of five judges, one appointed by each of the following five powers, namely, the United States of America, Great Britain, France, Italy, and Japan.

"In its decision the tribunal will be guided by the highest motives of international policy, with a view to vindicating the solemn obligations of international undertakings and the validity of international morality. It will be its duty to fix the punishment which it considers should be imposed.

"The allied and associated powers will address a request to the Government of the Netherlands for the surrender to them of the ex-Emperor in order that he may be put on trial.

"Article II.—The German Government not having insured the punishment of the persons accused of having exercised acts in violation of the laws and customs of war, such persons will be brought before military tribunals by the allied and associated powers and if found guilty, sentenced to the punishments laid down by military law.

"The German Government shall hand over to the allied and associated powers or to such one of them as shall so request, all persons accused of having committed an act in violation of the laws and customs of war who are specified either by name or by the rank, office or employment which they held under the German authorities.

"Article III.—Persons guilty of criminal acts against the nationals of one of the allied and associated powers will be brought before the military tribunal of that power.

"Persons guilty of criminal acts against the nationals of more than one of the allied and associated powers will be brought before military tribunals composed of members of the military tribunals of the powers concerned.

"In every case the accused will be entitled to name his own counsel.

"Article IV.—The German Government undertakes to furnish all documents and information of every kind, the production of which may be considered necessary to insure the full knowledge of the incriminating acts, the discovery of the offenders, the just appreciation of the responsibility."

May Have Met Lansing Point.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—(Associated Press.)—The State Department's announcement of the solution of the war blame question was received here generally with surprise, because it was known that Secretary Lansing, the Chairman of the Commission, had steadfastly opposed any attempt to bring the former Kaiser before an international tribunal.

Mr. Lansing contended that there was no law by which such an offender could be reached by the conference, and that it would be contrary to the Constitution of the United States for American delegates to participate in the execution of a sort of international ex post facto law. At that time, however, it was proposed to charge criminal and military offenses, and it was suggested today that the decision to base the indictment upon violation of international morality and the sanctity of treaties was taken to meet the American viewpoint.

Specific provision for the punishment of individual enemy officers and officials, who order or permit violations of the established rules of war, is found in "Rules of Land Warfare," the official handbook of the United States Government on this subject. Under the head of "Punishment of Individuals," the following passage occurs:

"Commanders ordering commission of such acts, or under whose authority they are committed, may be punished by the belligerent into whose hands they fall."

Three Types of Offenses.

Offenses listed against the military forces of the Central Powers, it was said, may be grouped under three general heads: Crimes against opposing armies; crimes against opponents in marine industry; crimes against noncombatants and civilians.

Under the first group would come the employing of "projectiles which have for their object the diffusion of asphyxiating or deleterious gases," prohibited in The Hague Convention of 1899; the use of mushroom bullets and other weapons tending to cause unnecessary suffering, also prohibited in The Hague convention; the destruction of Red Cross and hospital personnel and material; the pollution of water supply sources and the misuse of flags of truce.

Crimes committed by the enemy's naval forces which would render individual officers culpable would include the sinking without warning of merchant craft, the destruction under any conditions of hospital ships, the bombardment of undefended ports and the sinking of life boats and rafts laden with survivors.

Offenses against the civilian populations of occupied districts prohibited strictly in the American manual include: Imprisoning enemy subjects en masse, expulsion of civilians from occupied territory, use of prisoner labor on operations directly connected with the war, internment under conditions of hardship, compulsory enlistment, debasement of currency, wanton destruction of property and abrogation of civil government.

While punishment to be inflicted for such violations is not set forth in the "Rules of Land Warfare," reference is made to the severe penalties to be imposed in cases where American officers or enlisted men are guilty of any of the crimes mentioned. It is thought probable that in cases where a military tribunal representing the United States was sitting the procedure laid down for Government army courts martial would be followed and the penalties in every case would be the same as are provided when the defendant is a member of the military establishment of this country.

SOCIALISTS TO DISCUSS BLAME.

War Responsibility to be Taken Up at Lucerne Meeting.

AMSTERDAM, April 28.—The Executive Committtee of the International Socialist Congress at a meeting here yesterday agreed that the question of responsibility for the war should be discussed again at the conference to be held in the next few months at Lucerne, Switzerland. It was only on this condition that the Belgian delegates would attend.

J. Ramsay Macdonald, a British delegate, made a report on the League of Nations covenant as drawn up in Paris. He said that Lord Robert Cecil, the British authority on the League of Nations, had told a delegation from the Berne Socialist Conference that Germany and Russia would be admitted to the League as soon as circumstances permitted.

LONDON PRESS HOPE COVENANT WILL WORK

But Doubts Are Frankly Expressed — Monroe Doctrine Clause Evokes Comment.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 29.—The Daily Chronicle says editorially that it is a grave question whether in its present form the League of Nations will meet any of the real demands which the future is likely to make on it. The Chronicle declares that most of the amendments now incorporated "seem to have been inserted to win over reluctant opinion in America."

As regards the rejection of the Japanese plea for race equality, The Chronicle says: "It mocks all our humanitarian professions. Though a large majority on the League of Nations Commission voted for it, it was negatived by Wilson, claiming and insisting on an absolute American veto."

The Daily News approves the amended draft, but insists that Japan's amendment must receive the sanction of the League. It says: "We can have no color bar in the confederacy of man."

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LONDON, April 29, 3 A. M.—"We hope it will work—a triumph for Wilson," are phrases that sum up the majority of opinion of the London papers concerning the revised covenant of the League of Nations. No absolute hostility is expressed against the covenant by even the Morning Post, which, however, contends that the formation of the League should have been left until after the conclusion of peace.

Some papers speak of the Monroe Doctrine amendment in a tone that suggests that they feel that America is receiving more than she is giving. The Post remarks:

"Supposing, now, that one of the British dominions quarreled with another nation. It might eventually occur that Great Britain would be required to send ships and troops against a member of the British Empire. For there is no clause in the covenant to exclude such a contingency, whereas in the case of the United States the Monroe Doctrine is excepted from the scope of the League. It would seem to follow, therefore, that if a South American State were recalcitrant, the League would have no power to deal with it, that power presumably being left to the United States to exercise."

The Daily Express comments:

"This is an attempt to exchange practical for ideal conduct of all affairs. Something of the same sort has been seen at the Peace Conference itself, and we have seen the extreme difficulty under which the idealist labors when he approaches severely practical issues. Even in the very covenant we take note of the fact that the Monroe Doctrine is expressly inviolate."

Northcliffe's Daily Mail says:

"We join heartily in the felicitations which the conference has bestowed on President Wilson on the triumph of his momentous ideal."

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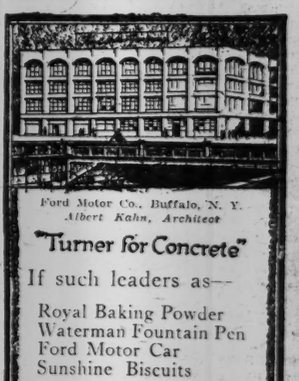

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FACTS.

The New York Times Index, published four times a year, is the guide to the details of all events published in American newspapers.—Advt.

KOLCHAK MENACES VIATKA AND SAMARA

Control of Entire Valley of the Lower Volga by His Army Expected Soon.

REDS' ROAD TO MURMAN CUT

Communication Between Petrograd and White Sea Coast Made Impossible by Finns.

PARIS, April 28, (Associated Press.)—Admiral Kolchak's troops have advanced along the southern branch of the Trans-Siberian Railroad, in Eastern European Russia, to Kinel, only forty miles east of Samara, according to dispatches received by the Russian Commissioners in Paris from Omsk, the capital of Admiral Kolchak's Government.

A slower advance is also being made along the northern branch of the Trans-Siberian, where the anti-Bolshevist forces have taken Glazov, east Viatka. A third column is moving westward midway between these two forces, and has reached Saropul, on the Kama River. This stream is navigable, and flows into the Volga, and, with the disappearance of the ice, which is now breaking up, should afford easy transportation to Simbirsk, which is apparently the destination of the central column.

Prince Lvoff and other members of the Russian commission here believe that the movement westward will be rapid as Spring advances, and they expect that the Lower Volga Valley will soon be under the control of the Kolchak Government. It is also hoped the Omsk forces have taken Glazov, east of Viatka, making it imperative that the Bolsheviki withdraw from the Archangel section, as the railway running north from Viatka reaches the Dvina at Kotlas, and would make communication easy between the allied forces in Northern Russia and those of the Omsk Government.

Admiral Kolchak's troops in all three columns are Russians, all Czechoslovak and allied forces having remained in Siberia. Their excellent showing has attracted much attention in Peace Conference circles, and is assisting the movement inaugurated some time ago for the recognition of the Omsk Government by the Entente powers and the United States.

The defeat of the Bolsheviki, at Kiev, in the Archangel section, on the Baltic front, as well as along the two branches of the Trans-Siberian Railroad, is regarded by Nicholas Tchaikovsky, head of the Provisional Government of Northern Russia, now in Paris, and his associates here as proof that transportation facilities are failing the Bolsheviki and that they are no longer able to shift their armies quickly enough to meet attacks.

HELSINGFORS, April 27.—The newspapers today reports that Finnish volunteers on Saturday captured the town of Lotinanpolto, on the White Sea. The town is an important strategic point, being the junction of numerous roads and the railway between Petrograd and the Murman coast, which is now closed to the Bolsheviki. It is assumed that the Bolsheviki torpedo boat flotilla at Lotinanpolto was unable to escape, owing to the ice.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 28.—A member of the Finnish mission in London, discussing with THE NEW YORK TIMES representative the advance of a Finnish volunteer force into Russia, which has taken place north of Lake Ladoga, said that it was furnished with munitions and provisions by the Finnish Government.

"Its first object is to help the Finns in that district of Russia, who have risen against the Bolsheviki," he said, "and its second object is to cut the Murmansk Railway, which runs from Petrograd to Moscow, and is the only route that the Bolsheviki have at all adequately maintained. If the Finns succeed in cutting the railway, they will have broken the only direct line of communication of the enemy army opposing the British and American forces in the Archangel region. If they fail they will have effected a diversion which is bound to attract the Bolshevist forces which would otherwise have been engaged against the Allies.

"At the present time, the enemy is reported to be planning a Spring offensive against the Allies, and, failing or succeeding, the efforts of this force will have a bearing in favor of the latter. The policy of the Finnish Government is directed to the utmost to assist the allied Governments against Bolshevism."

HELSINGFORS, April 28.—A National Assembly has been formed at Olonetz, 110 miles northeast of Petrograd, where the Finns have driven out the Bolsheviki. The town was captured, according to reports, by volunteer troops.

The capture of Olonetz by forces opposed to the Bolsheviki may have an important effect on the Allied campaign along the Murmansk Railway and, through it, on the situation in the Archangel region. For several weeks allied forces commanded by General Maynard have been pressing southward along the Murmansk Railway and were last reported approaching Povienetz, at the northern end of Lake Onega. From Povienetz the Murmansk Railway swings westward, and before it reaches the southeastern edge of Lake Ladoga it comes within a few miles of Olonetz.

A Stockholm report Sunday said that a revolt had broken out in Olonetz, and it is possible that the Bolshevist force facing General Maynard may be cut off if the anti-Bolsheviki advance from Olonetz. If the Murmansk Railway line can be cleared as far south as Olonetz the Allies will be in position to outflank the Bolsheviki south of Archangel, who also are threatened by the Siberian advance in the Viatka region.

DR. NANSEN UNABLE TO REACH LENIN YET

Plan to Feed Red Russia Makes Little Headway and Opposition to It Grows.

PARIS, April 28, (Associated Press.)—Dr. Fridtjof Nansen's plan for the neutrals to supply food to Moscow and Petrograd is apparently making little headway. As yet he has been unable to communicate with Nikolai Lenin, the Bolshevist Premier of Russia, and the opposition to the plan among the Russians here, as representatives of the anti-Bolshevist Governments, and in the French press is becoming more pronounced.

The Russian representatives insist that the armies which are now making an excellent showing against the Bolsheviki should not be handicapped by movements which tend to encourage the Lenin troops. The Bolshevist Premier's reported willingness to recognize foreign debts and to grant concessions in consideration of receiving food supplies and ceasing hostilities is taken by the Russians here as a distinct admission of weakness. They urge that plans for supplying food to Bolshevist Russia would only prolong the ascendency of Lenin and his colleagues and prevent a speedy restoration of normal conditions.

WITHDRAW AMERICANS ON ARCHANGEL FRONT

Troops Going to Rear in Preparation for Returning Home When Harbor Opens.

ARCHANGEL, April 27, (Associated Press.)—The American troops are gradually being withdrawn from the front lines, preparatory to their departure when the harbor opens. As far as possible they are being replaced by new Russian troops, who are being schooled at the front by American and British officers and noncommissioned officers.

There are at present no Americans on the Pinega or Kadish-Sred Makrenga fronts, and the process of relief is under way on the railroad.

The Dvina and Vaga columns still have some Americans. On the Dvina the allied positions have been slightly withdrawn from Tulgas in order to give better positions for the expected onslaught by enemy gunboats.

The Bolshevist infantry which has been active here was dispersed yesterday by allied artillery. Allied airplanes also dropped bombs with considerable success.

REDS SET NARVA ON FIRE.

Shell Town, Destroying Hundreds of Houses—5,000 Persons Homeless.

COPENHAGEN, April 28.—A dispatch from Reval, Russia, says that there has been a big fire in the town of Narva, eighty-one miles southwest of Petrograd. The flames were started by a bombardment of the town by Bolsheviki. Hundreds of houses were burned and 5,000 persons are homeless.

U. S. Naval Attache for Warsaw.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Captain David C. Hanrahan was today detailed as naval attaché at Warsaw, Poland. This is the first appointment of an attaché to the new Polish Government by the United States. Captain Hanrahan has been serving as port officer at Danzig, Germany.

RUMANIANS GAIN AGAINST MAGYAR REDS

Bela Kun Laments That His Troops Are Offering Only Feeble Resistance.

GENEVA, April 28, (Associated Press.)—The Rumanian attacks on the Hungarian Red Army continue successfully, according to dispatches from Budapest, especially in the northern sector.

The Hungarian Foreign Minister, Bela Kun, in a speech, lamented the fact that his troops are offering feeble resistance, though commanded by professional officers pressed into service.

Bela Kun, the dispatches add, is continuing, in co-operation with Nikolai Lenin, Russian Bolshevist Premier, Bolshevist propaganda in Europe by aid of commandeered funds.

ZURICH, Switzerland, April 28.—An anti-Communist uprising in Fueles, Hungary, near Sopron, (Odenburg,) west of Budapest, began on April 10 and ended a few days later with the execution of a priest on false charges and the imposition of prison sentences on fifteen others accused of participation in the revolt. This news has just been received here from Vienna, having been held up by the rigid censorship at Budapest.

The revolt began among the peasants who deefated a Red army force sent from Sopron. Reinforcements finally enabled the troops to suppress the revolt. The Communist Government immediately sent revolutionary judges to Fueles to punish the rebels.

The tribunal caused the arrest of all the young men of Fueles, and from them selected twelve of the wealthiest. They were told they would be shot unless they betrayed the name of the real leader of the uprising. After conferring among themselves the young men, it is reported, unanimously denounced the Rev. Anthony Szedeniker, a Catholic priest, as the "intellectual originator." The trial of the priest lasted less than an hour and there were no witnesses except the young men. He was condemned to death and shot a half hour later.

Subsequently the young men, it is added, said that they had denounced the priest only because they were convinced that his calling would protect him from violence.

PRUSSIAN MINISTER DENOUNCES ALLIES

Says They Use "Lust for Power, Vanity, and Lies" as Much as Ex-German Rulers Did.

BERLIN, April 28, (Associated Press.)—In a speech delivered yesterday, strongly protesting against what he chacterized as the attempts of the Allies to deprive Germany of Danzig and the Saare Valley, Herr Heine, Prussian Minister of the Interior, declared that those in power in the Entente countries had made just as much use of their "lust for power, their vanity and their lies as ever the former rulers of Germany did."

Herr Heine maintained that Germany's acceptance of President Wilson's fourteen points had created a contractual position. He added that the wrongs done to Belgium must be repaired, but declared that "fresh wrongs must not be heaped upon us."

NOSKE TO COMMAND IN DRIVE ON MUNICH

City Is Being Encircled, But Settlement May Be Effected Through Negotiations.

BERLIN, April 27, (Associated Press.)—Gustav Noske, the German Minister of Defense, has been appointed Commander in Chief of all the Government troops to operate against Munich.

According to the War Minister of Württemberg, both the Württemberg and Bavarian Governments have agreed to this.

It is assumed that Noske will soon have forces in action to put an end to the delay through which Munich has suffered so long.

The Government troops have occupied the line of the Glonn River and arrived north of Munich, Petershausen, and Alterhausen and south of Olt-Oetting and Neuvelting. The encirclement of the city is proceeding, but some days must elapse before a general attack begins.

Premier Hoffmann, according to the Zeitung am Mittag, has held a council of war at Ingolstadt with the War Minister and Commander Von Moehl, but the Government is still hopeful of settling the conflict peaceably by negotiation.

WAR HONORS GIVEN BY LLOYD GEORGE

Stage and Press, Including Rothermere, Brother of Northcliffe, Are Well Represented.

SIR HARRY LAUDER NAMED

Burnham Is Made a Viscount, Hulton and Dalziel Baronets—Knighthood for Gollancz.

LONDON, April 28.—The Premier's list of honors for public services during the war contains the following names:

Viscounties: Barons Burnham and Rothermere.

Baronies: Sir J. H. Roberts, Sir R. T. Hermon-Hodge, Sir T. R. Dewar, and Hon. Th. Cochrane.

Twenty-three Baronetcies include: Sir K. S. Anderson, Sir J. H. Cory, Sir Davison Dalziel, Sir Charles Chadwick-Healey, Edward Hulton, W. T. Madge, Norman Moore, and Sir J. D. Rees.

The many knighthoods include Harry Lauder, the Scotch comedian, "for empire service rendered during the war"; Oswald Stoll, who "rendered valuable services to many charities"; Professors Israel Gollancz and William Ridgelay, and Lieut. Col. F. W. Towle.

William Ganthwaite also receives a baronetcy for "public services in developing relations between Canada and France, inaugurating a direct line of shipping between these countries, and also for special war services to the Admiralty."

Lord Rothermere, who becomes a viscount, is a brother of Viscount Northcliffe, and was created a baron in 1914. Like his older brother, he is a publisher. In 1916 he was appointed Director General of the Royal Army Clothing Department, and later became Minister of the Air Forces. He is 51 years old.

Sir Davison Dalziel is also a publisher, having been proprietor of The Pall Mall Gazette several years and recently a large stockholder in the syndicate that bought The London Daily Chronicle and other newspapers published by the United Newspapers, Ltd. Lord Burnham, now made a viscount, is proprietor of The London Daily Telegraph.

Edward Hulton is owner of The Evening Standard, Daily Sketch, Manchester Daily Dispatch, and other periodicals.

It has long been predicted that Harry Lauder would be knighted in recognition of his work for the soldiers in France and for their orphans and widows. He spent months in France, giving entertainments. His only son, Captain John Lauder, was killed in the war.

George H. Roberts was appointed Minister of Labor in 1917 after many years' service in Parliament, where he was Labor whip in some sessions. In the latter part of the war he served as Food Controller.

Sir James Dewar, scientist, devoted his efforts to the cause of the Allies during the war. He has been President of several scientific societies and director of the Davy-Faraday Research Laboratory. With Sir Frederick Abel he invented cordite, a smokeless powder used by the British army and navy. He was knighted in 1904.

James Herbert Cory is a member of John Cory & Sons, Ltd., shipowners, and is owner of extensive coal interests at Cardiff.

FOCH WANTS MORE MEN TO HOLD RHINE REGION

Wilson Confers with Pershing, Who Is Said to be Opposed to Long Service for Our Troops.

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PARIS, April 28.—President Wilson is conferring this evening with General Pershing to obtain the General's views regarding Marshal Foch's representations made to Premier Clemenceau on Friday. It is understood that Foch warned the Premier that he would not be responsible for the safety of France unless large armies of occupation were maintained across the Rhine bridgeheads, and that the Marshal suggested that Great Britain and the United States maintain considerably larger forces on the Rhine than had been heretofore contemplated.

It is stated that Marshal Foch views with grave concern the rapid American and British demobilization. It can be stated through A. E. F. Staff officers that General Pershing is definitely opposed to maintaining American forces in France longer than is absolutely necessary.

The General believes that seven regular divisions are a sufficient American quota for the Rhine forces, and the British are experiencing difficulty in obtaining the number of battalions they promised Foch.

The Marshal foresees a serious German menace imminent, especially since the Italian break and the Japanese threat.

WILL FORCE GERMANY TO VOID WAR TREATIES

Council Has Approved Abrogation of Brest-Litovsk and Bucharest Agreements.

PARIS, April 28.—(Associated Press.)—One of the eleventh hour questions awaiting decision at the Peace Conference is the validity of treaties concluded by Germany during the war. A clause which has been approved for insertion in the treaty provides that Germany shall renounce all advantages from the treaties of Brest-Litovsk and Bucharest, and in addition sentence is still before the Council of Three which provides for a similar renunciation of "all treaties concluded by Germany since Aug. 1, 1914, including those with Poland, Finland and the Baltic Provinces."

This would operate to terminate various telegraphic and other conventions negotiated with neutrals during the war.

DENY POSTERS ARE OFFICIAL

No Proclamation in Rome of Fiume's Annexation Italians in Paris Say.

PARIS, April 28, (French Wireless Service.)—Denial that posters announcing the annexation of Fiume by Italy had appeared in Rome by official order before President Wilson issued his recent statement on the Adriatic question was made by the Italian delegation here in a note sent to the newspapers today. The note read:

"Persons near President Wilson have asserted that what decided him to publish his message was the news that, while the Italian delegation was discussing the Adriatic problem, placards proclaiming the annexation of Fiume had been posted up in the streets of Rome by the order of Premier Orlando. This is absolutely false.

"Patriotic associations in Italy have for months past been issuing placards demanding not only the annexation of Fiume, but that of the entire Dalmatian coast. They were never ordered to do so by the Government.

"When President Wilson visited Rome he could have verified the facts, (presumably as to the long previous existence of such posters,) as the decorations of the city included placards bearing the legend, "Viva Fiume! Viva Spalato Italiana!"

BRITAIN IS STORM SWEPT.

Wires Blown Down and the Country Covered with Snow.

LONDON, April 28.—Following a period of perfect Spring weather, a severe storm raged over the British Isles last night, covering the country with four to six inches of snow. Telegraph and telephone lines suffered severely, and communication was cut off in many directions from this city. Communication with the Continent also was interrupted. In this city, which received the brunt of the storm, 5,000 telephones were put out of service.

Spring crops and young lambs suffered from the storm. Marine reports show that a few small ships were wrecked.

CHANNEL CABLES BLOCKED.

Messages to France Forwarded from London Partly by Post.

The Western Union Telegraph Company announced yesterday that its cable service to Great Britain and the Scandinavian countries was without delay, but that owing to interruption of the channel cables, messages for France, Italy, Switzerland and Spain were being forwarded from London part way by post.

Service to Central and South America and to Australasia is without delay, but messages for the Far East via the Pacific are subject to about six days' delay and via Atlantic to seven and eight days' delay.

BIGGER HOUSE FOR CHARLES

Austrian Ex-Ruler Rents Former Bonaparte Residence.

GENEVA, April 28.—Former Emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary has rented for eight months a house that was once the residence of Prince Jerome Napoleon. The house is on the banks of Lake Geneva at Prangins, near Nyon. The grounds around it are extensive.

Charles is said to have asserted that time hung heavily on his hands on the shores of Lake Constance, where he has been residing, and also that Wartegg Castle was too small for him and his twenty-two attendants.

If the Swiss Federal Council offers no objection, it is stated that Charles will definitely leave Wartegg for Prangins the first week of May.

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To Meet Building Fund Shortage.

It is estimated that three billion dollars will be required to make up the existing shortage of domestic buildings in the United States. How this sum is to be raised is explained in The Annalist this week. Published by The New York Times Company, 10 cents on news stands, $4.00 a year by mail.—Advt.

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A B I L I T Y

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Ask yourself this question about the money you will leave

Your money is now in good hands---the hands of the man who earned it and knows how to manage it. Is it any less important that this money be ably managed *after* your death? It may then be your family's sole source of support.

We suggest that you look over the list of everyday business errors below. It may give you a new viewpoint on the disposition of the property you leave.

9 everyday business errors

1. Neglecting to get receipts when bills are paid in cash.
2. Neglecting to keep receipts where they can be located.
3. Neglecting to check up items in current bills.
4. Inability to keep check book balanced.
5. Too easy optimism in starting credit accounts.
6. Careless handling of valuable business papers.
7. Signing documents without knowing their contents.
8. Tendency to establish living expenses which would exceed income and eat into savings.
9. Tendency to invest money on dangerous hearsay—without proper knowledge of facts.

YOU can insure your own peace of mind now—and that of your heirs hereafter—by appointing the Mercantile Trust & Deposit Company executors and trustees under your will.

The above arrangement, which is easily made, puts your property in our hands to manage in the interest of your heirs.

All estate investments so made are under the direction of our Trust Committee, selected by our Board of Directors from its own personnel.

The fees of an executor are fixed by law. We shall be glad to explain any details.

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The kingfisher on his old limb and the bullfrog on the bank—the robin and the redwing—the bluebird and the song sparrow.

Under the bunker, the garter snake has shed his skin—the grassy fairway is rich in its new coat of green.

It's time for *you* to shed your Winter thoughts and coats—to throw off the cares of city life.

Get out in the open while the blossoms are at their best.

Tune Up Your Game

The natural headquarters of tennis and golf—and the most convenient spot to visit.

Bring in your bats—have them promptly restrung and trued up. Or try out one of the new Abercrombie & Fitch racquets.

Tennis balls, nets, court markers and all court/supplies.

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For Feet That Fly and Feet That Walk

Footwear fashioned to our own lasts—for every sport and for smart town-and-country walking.

St. Andrews Scotch golf brogue shown above—sole leather counter on the outside—fringed kiltie tongue.

Women's, $12; Men's, $14.

Ostend tennis model, white buck, English gum sole—leather saddles either black, tan or white.

Price, $12, for both men and women.

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APPEAL TO PUBLIC TO PUSH THE LOAN

Leaders Open Second Week with Plea for Redoubled Efforts by Workers.

PROGRESS IS VERY SLOW

With One-third of Drive Passed Total Reaches Only $201,369,850.

GET ONE-EIGHTH OF QUOTA

Director Hodges Reports Many Encouraging Inquiries from Large Investors.

The second week of the Victory Note campaign started yesterday with a poor showing on the face of the announced figures and with calls for greater activity by officials of the Liberty Loan Committee in the sale of notes to the general public.

The total of subscriptions announced by the Federal Reserve Bank up to the close of business yesterday was $201,369,850, a gain of $21,341,700 for the day. Other subscriptions announced yesterday, but not received yet by the Federal Bank, brought the total to $213,990,000, less than one-sixth of the quota for the district, although the middle of the campaign is approaching.

George W. Hodges, Assistant Director of the Government Loan Organization, issued the following report on the progress of the campaign.

"With one-third of the time of the campaign expired, subscriptions aggregate only a little over one-eighth of the amount of quota. This emphasizes the necessity of the most strenuous efforts on the part of the organization if we are to accomplish our task within the time limits.

"The great army of moderate-sized investors who are in the fortunate position of being able to obtain definite confirmation up to $10,000 of the amount of their subscriptions are very slowly beginning to take a more active interest and show that they realize that they have not only an individual responsibility and a patriotic duty to perform, but that the situation is unique in that this duty to the nation may be performed at the same time that they gain a direct personal and selfish benefit to themselves in obtaining the soundest and best investment in the world.

"From trustees and larger investors who are familiar with the privileges of tax exemption, many inquiries are developing which unquestionably must result very soon in subscriptions to large amounts."

Show Percentage Taken.

The detailed report of the Federal Reserve Bank on the progress of the campaign up to the hour of closing yesterday was as follows:

NEW YORK CITY.

	Quota.	Total of to date.	Percentage of quota.
Manhattan ...	$927,022,200	$138,257,150	14.9
Brooklyn	59,857,400	16,638,250	27.7
Queens	7,076,000	916,300	12.8
Bronx	4,975,600	197,200	3.9
Richmond	1,630,400	233,150	14.3
New York City.	$1,000,561,600	$156,242,050	15.6

SUB-DISTRICTS.

	Quota.	Total of to date.	Percentage of quota.
No. 1 (Buffalo)	$65,440,000	$6,056,650	9.2
No. 2 (Roch.).	31,661,100	4,948,750	15.6
No. 3 (Syracuse & Utica).	43,607,700	3,830,150	8.7
No. 4 (Bingh.).	14,175,000	3,874,250	27.3
No. 5 (Albany)	52,036,600	7,711,850	14.8
No. 6 (Long I., outs. N.Y.C.)	8,131,100	1,293,250	15.9
No. 7 (Northe. New Jersey).	107,887,500	14,479,050	13.4
No. 8 (Fairfield Co., Conn., Westchester & Rockla. Cos.)	26,499,400	2,933,850	11.0
Total outside N. Y. City.	$349,438,400	$45,127,800	12.9
Tot. for dis.	$1,350,000,000	$201,369,850	14.9

The following appeal to the general public was issued by Lewis B. Franklin, Director of the War Loan Organization in Washington, through the Liberty Loan Committee here:

"The Secretary of the Treasury has announced that the Victory Liberty Loan will be limited to $4,500,000,00, except as it may be necessary to increase the amount of the issue in order to make allotment in full on applications from subscribers for aggregate amounts of notes not in excess of $10,000, and except as it may be necessary to increase or decrease the amount of the issue in order to facilitate allotment.

"While the Treasury Department expects every community to meet its quota, some very decided changes in industrial conditions, and even in population, have taken place since the conclusion of the last campaign, but it has not been practical to recognize these changes in the quotas assigned. It is therefore of the utmost importance that every community make a determined effort to obtain every available subscription and to roll up a large oversubscription in order that the loan in the entire country may be an assured success. While it is creditable for any community or district to meet its quota, it is still more creditable if that community or district can not only do its share, but can help its less fortunate neighbors.

Sees Prosperity Involved.

"Remember, this is the last Liberty Loan. There is no reason for holding back this time. The keynote of the campaign should be distribution, in order that the Victory Notes may be purchased and paid for by the people at large out of their present or future savings, and the resources of the banks left clear to provide credit for the operation of our industries, to the end that labor may be fully employed and prosperity insured.

"All communities ought to be able to and should raise subscriptions to the entire amount of their quota over and above subscriptions by banks for their own account. If this is done, there will be a very heavy oversubscription to the issue and a thorough distribution of the notes, thereby contributing greatly to the stability of the market price after the campaign is over.

"They said we would not fight and now some of the doubters are saying that we will not pay. Let us show the whole world that America will not only fight, but pay in full for the realization of her ideals of freedom."

Subscriptions amounting to $2,631,000 were announced unofficially by the Loan Committee, in addition to the Federal Reserve Bank total, while the Rainbow Division, which is canvassing the trades, industries and professions of New York City, reported $4,000,000 as its gain. Subscriptions through financial institutions announced by the Liberty Loan Committee were as follows:

Kean, Taylor & Co.	$1,000,000
Liverpool, London, Globe Insurance Co., Ltd.	500,000
Funk & Wagnalls Co.	250,000
Manhattan Savings Institution	200,000
Charles Jacob	115,000
Nuyens & Co., Inc.	100,000
Norman D. Light	100,000
Southern Products Co., Dallas, Texas	80,000
Marine Insurance Co., Ltd.	50,000
J. L. Mott Iron Works	50,000
Star Insurance Co. of America	50,000
Estate of Jacob Weidman	30,000
Clarence Whitman & Son, Inc.	25,000
Alfred L. Simon & Co.	25,000
Ganas Fur Co.	16,000
Paul A. Isler	10,000
John Zimmerman	10,000
Ponds Extract Co.	10,000
Mrs. David Dows	10,000
Total	$2,631,000

Saturday's slump in Brooklyn was continued yesterday, according to the report of the various banks in the Borough. The total for the day was $1,436,000 in addition to the sum of the Borough's subscriptions on Saturday.

Jacob H. Schiff, in addressing a crowd of 20,000 in front of the Sub-Treasury steps, called the Victory Note the finest investment ever offered.

"There should be no need of coaxing a single purchaser," he said. "The acquisition of these bonds should be a privilege, and even those who have saved their small earnings should feel fully justified in placing their money in the bonds. More than 70,000 boys were generous enough to us to give up their lives on French battlefields. It seems almost disrespectful to ask those who remained at home to be generous enough with their money to pay our debts, while this Government pays a liberal interest on the money. Even the most lowly in life's station can help in this drive. Only a short time ago we were praying to God to make us victorious in war, to protect our sons, to end the war. Today we can thank God our prayers were answered.

"To me the Liberty Note is so obviously a safe and real investment that I decline to boom it. It carries itself. In every coat lapel there should be a button and if the individual is wise he will have a row of them. It is rare indeed that a man can be patriotic and a shrewd investor at the same time."

Big Bill Edwards, Internal Revenue Collector, another speaker at the Sub-Treasury meeting, created enthusiasm when he waved over the crowd two grand stand seats for the 69th Regiment parade. He offered his personal seats to the largest purchasers of Victory Notes.

Substitute for Bonus.

Victory note headquarters announced yesterday that arrangements had been made to enable officers and men on discharge from the army to obtain a $50 Victory note and a check for $10 in place of their $60 bonus, if they so desire.

"Brigadier Gen. H. M. Lord, Q. M. C., the Army Victory Liberty Loan officer, is making the arrangements for the Army's participation in the loan by means of the bonus and otherwise. The record of the army in the previous loans bears out the astonishing statement that virtually all the 72,000 dead and of the 250,000 wounded were subscribers to Liberty bonds, literally giving their money and their lives.

"In connection with the $60 bonus for officers and men, the War Department requests that when application is made for the bonus the beneficiary should ask for a Victory note as part payment. The Zone Finance Officer, Leman Building, Washington, D. C., is paying about 25,000 bonuses per day, and at that rate the sales of Victory notes, if all the recipients of bonuses took notes, would amount to more than $1,000,000 daily.

"On the assumption that there are still 1,000,000 outstanding beneficiaries, and that 25 per cent. of these will ask for notes, the War Department hopes to sell $15,000,000 in Notes by this means alone."

The Government Loan Organization, through the Department of Sales, has sent out word to Chairmen of all local Victory note committees in the Second Federal Reserve District that all applications for Victory notes will be deemed to be for the 4¾ series, unless the 3¾ series is specified.

Figures given out by the Bond Issue Division show that there is a widespread demand for the Victory notes, especially in denominations of $50 and $100, for immediate delivery. The division has delivered to banks throughout the Second Federal Reserve District, including New York City institutions, $20,150,000 of the notes. There are 225,000 pieces of $50 notes and 88,000 pieces of $100 notes in these shipments.

The Government Loan Organization yesterday announced that 175 banks and trust companies in New York City have agreed to accept Liberty bonds for safe keeping from those who lack proper facilities for caring for these securities.

Thirty-two of these institutions are National banks and branches in Manhattan. Thirty-three are trust companies and branches in Manhattan and the Bronx. Sixteen are savings banks in Manhattan and the Bronx. Seventeen are State banks in Manhattan and the Bronx. Thirty-three are safe deposit companies in Manhattan.

In Brooklyn there are twenty-one savings banks on the list of the Government Loan Organization, as well as seven trust companies, two safe deposit companies, four National banks, and two State banks. There are four institutions in Queens County and an equal number in Richmond County.

VAN CORTLANDT PARK TO BE A 'FRONT' TODAY

Military Show, With Infantry Charge From Trenches, and Liquid Fire Display.

One of the greatest military shows ever staged in this country is promised at the trench system at Van Cortlandt Park this afternoon when American soldiers, using every method of modern warfare, will show how they broke the spirit of the German Army in the Argonne and along the Hindenburg line. Infantry will pour out of trenches, charge behnid tanks, and mop up machine-gun nests with hand grenades. Heavy and light field pieces and trench mortars will get into action. Liquid fire will be hurled into a swamp north of the parade ground.

More than $100,000 worth of powder and military signal fireworks will be burned up This is permitted by the War Department, because the subcalibre and pyrotechnic charges deteriorate rapidly if not used, and the supply that will be used was in artillery camps here when the war ended. The battleground at Van Cortlandt Park, which has been elaborately fitted up to imitate an important section of trench in France, is known as Camp Victory. The battle will start at 2:30 in the afternoon and be resumed in the evening. The war show will be given again tomorrow afternoon and evening.

The performance is a preliminary to the great Panorama of Victory, which will be presented by the United States Army on Fifth Avenue Saturday afternoon. Trainloads of equipment and ordnance are being massed at Van Cortlandt Park for this procession. Lieut. Col. Bernard Lents is in charge of the arrangements.

The first exhibition this afternoon will be directed by Army Ordnance officers, who have brought from different depots forty-six cars, loaded with heavy and light artillery and all kinds of war material. It will start with an exhibit of trench warfare.

Next on the programme will be the exhibition by the Chemical Warfare Service, officers of which will stage "the Breath of Death." Gasses of all kinds will be discharged, and also liquid fire. Sightseers will see for themselves exactly how American soldiers in France attacked with gas and flames or defended themselves when the Germans launched their blows with these new inventions of war.

At 4:15 o'clock there will be a balloon ascension by officers of the Signal Corps, U. S. A. Observers will jump from this captive balloon. Throughout the day officers and men of the Coast Artillery Corps will show men, women, and children through the "Broadway Battery," constructed at the corner of Broadway and Mosholu Avenue, eight-inch howitzers being put in position.

Beginning at 8:30 in the evening there will be a night show, staged by the Army Ordnance Department. The display of military pyrotechnics will be the most extensive ever seen in this country, officers declare. Everything that was used by the army on the battlefields of France will be shown, and in addition, there will be demonstrations of new inventions.

The program of events for the entire day is as follows:

Victory Way.

BELLEAU WOOD AND MARINE DAY.

8 A. M.—"Reveille," flag raising.

10:20 A. M.—Guard mount, in area south of Forum.

12 M.—Presiding Officer, Martin Vogel; presentation of Colors, Military Squad; "Star Spangled Banner," bands; introductory address, Martin Vogel; vocal selections, Naval Glee Club of Hampton Roads, Va.; address, Brig. Gen. Charles H. Cole, U. S. A.; vocal selections, Camp Upton "Four;" address, Lieut. Col. John A. Hughes, U. S. M. C.; long distance telephone address, Major Gen. George Barnett; vocal selections, Naval Glee Club; removal of Colors, Military Squad; "America," bands and audience.

12:30 P. M.—Posting first relief of Guard.

1 to 2 P. M.—Forum, "The Call of Democracy," U. S. Marines.

CHILDREN'S HOUR.

2 to 3 P. M.—Public School 132, Victory Loan pageant, peace dance, four-minute speech, Victory dance, physical training demonstration.

3 to 6 P. M.—Parade, exercises and meetings, New York Central employes.

JUGOSLAV NIGHT.

8 to 10 P. M.—Forum, addresses, musical selections, exercises.

10 P. M.—"Taps."

War Show by Your Army

VAN CORTLANDT PARK.

2:30 P. M.—Trench warfare, staged by Army Ordnance Department; guns of all sizes in action; explosion of grenades; charge of tanks over trenches; advance of doughboys; "over the top"; work of trench mortars.

3:30 P. M.—"The Breath of Death," staged by Chemical Warfare Service of the Army. Method of attacking and defending with gas and liquid fire made harmless for spectators at the exhibition, however.

4:15 P. M.—Balloon assension by United States Signal Corps. Jump by army observers from captive balloon.

5:30 P. M.—Army ordnance exhibition of night warfare. Spectators will see how battlefields are lighted and what soldiers face when at war.

Exhibition all day of all types of war material, work by heavy artillery at Broadway Battery.

Tanks.

9 A. M.—Squads of whippet tanks continue tours of New York City, New York State, and New Jersey.

Times Square—"Argonne Forest."

TIMES SQUARE.

8 A. M.-1 P. M.—Addresses by Max Rosenwald, John C. Knox, Mrs. Van Slingerland, Private William H. Desmond, and Sergeant John McCormack. Special attractions will be Signor Piotti, Miss Vivian Piero, and Paul Schafer. First run war moving pictures.

Sub-Treasury.

12 M.—Victory Liberty Loan campaign meeting. C. H. Livingston and Major G. T. Adee will speak.

Altar of Liberty:

11:45 A. M.-2 P. M.—Woman's Division, National Civic Federation, in charge. Paul Cravath, Miss M. Bronson, Judge Wadhams, and Gaston Liebert will speak.

Liberty Bank.

11:45 A. M.-2 P. M.—Woman's Division, National Civic Federation in charge; Paul Cravath, Miss M. Bronson, Judge Wadhams, and Gaston Liebert will speak.

Grand Central.

9 A. M.-11 A. M.—Women's Liberty Loan meeting.

4 P. M.-6 P. M.—Meeting in concourse, Grand Central Station. Prominent speakers will be in attendance.

Submarines at Battery.

11:30 A. M.—German submarines will arrive off Battery at 11:30. Two submarines will be tied at Bronx landing and the remainder will stand by off the Battery.

Union Square.

12 M.—Girls of the Art Students' League repainting S. S. Recruit.

Liberty Theatre.

11:45 A. M. to 2 P. M.—Public Library, Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street, War Camp Community Service in Charge. Mischa Applebaum, Bryant Lawton, Wilton Lackaye, Joseph Grismer, George Hamlin, Miss Anna Clayburg, Rose La Hart, Otis Skinner, Mrs. Otis Skinner, Miss Julia Arthur, Thomas Moore, Fay Bainter, Elsie Ferguson, Lillian Alverson, James Montgomery Flagg will be the speakers. Entertainment will be furnished by Senor Augusto Ordonnes, baritone; Florence Stern, violinist; Miss Edith Zoia, pianist.

City Hall Park.

11:45 A. M. to 2 P. M., 4 P. M. to 6 P. M.—Business Women's Committee, Victory Liberty Loan. General Ballington Booth speaker.

"Movie Making."

12 M., Aeolian Hall—Filming Victory Liberty Loan photoplay; celebrated actors and actresses appearing in the leading roles.

"Movies."

8 to 12 P. M., Ninety-Sixth Street and Broadway—Motion pictures, vocal and instrumental selections.

Victory Ride.

12 to 3 P. M., Van Cortlandt Park—Passenger planes will carry purchasers of $20,000 Victory notes or more.

School Children's Parade.

1 P. M.—School children of east side will parade through neighborhood streets converging on Delancey Street. Governor Smith and Mayor Hylan at review stand, 71 Delancey Street. Floats and other features.

MEETINGS.

8:15 A. M.—Allen Stevenson School, 50 East 57th St., V. L. L. meeting, Lieutenant John J. Quinn.

9:05 A. M.—Barnard School for Boys, V. L. L. meeting.

10 A. M.—Woods Commercial School, Fifth Av. and 125th St., Corporal Klein, speaker.

11:30 A. M.—Rhodes School, 8 East 123d St., V. L. L. meeting, Lieutenant E. B. Austin, Jr.

12:30 P. M.—Hotel McAlpin, New York Electric League, Dr. C. F. Boylls, speaker.

12:30 P. M.—Windsor and Goomltser Company, 70 Beekman St., Private Whelan, speaker.

3 P. M.—Yodel School, 212 West 120th St., Corporal H. M. Cohen.

6 P. M.—Arkwright Club, 320 Broadway, Life Insurance Underwriters, Major C. W. Wickersham, speaker.

7 P. M.—Claridge Hotel, Millinery Committee, V. L. L., Job Hedges, speaker.

8 P. M.—Red Cross mass meetnig, 550 East 155th St., Major Guy T. Viskniskki, speaker.

8 P. M.—Y. M. C. A., 63d St. and Lexington Av., Regis Post, speaker.

8 P. M.—Majestic Temple, 111 East 125th Street, Private Devlin speaker.

8 P. M.—St. Alphonsus's Church, 306 West Broadway, Private Devlin speaker.

1 P. M.—Fish Committee, V. L. L. meeting, 4 Fulton Street.

9 to 10 P. M.—Plaza Circle, Fifty-eighth Street and Fifth Avenue, Interior Decorators' V. L. L. meeting.

1 A. M. to 4 P. M.—Men's Neckwear Committee meetings in factories; Privates Fuller, Dick, and Spitzler, speakers.

1 P. M.—Hotel Astor, Theatre Club's V. L. L. meeting, E. B. Austin, Jr., speaker.

8 P. M.—Ninth Coast Artillery mass meeting, Fourteenth Street, Lieutenant C. H. Blanchard, William H. "Big Bill" Edwards, Private Bick, and Private Spitzler will speak.

The former German submarines, which have arrived in this country in the past week, will cruise around Manhattan, leaving the Battery this morning at 11 o'clock.

MACHINERY COMMITTEE ADDED TO LOAN ROSTER

New Unit to Help Rainbow Division Carry on Drive Among Industries and Trades.

The Advisory Trades Committee, under whose leadership the canvassers of the Rainbow Division are reaching out into more than a hundred thousand business firms in New York City to urge investment to the hilt in the Victory Loan, announced yesterday that a new committee is being organized which will begin work for the Loan tomorrow and will include in its scope concerns heretofore absent from the roster of the division.

The new committee will be known as the Machinery, Machine Tools and Railroad Supplies Committee. The organization of this fresh unit, which includes mechanical engineers and draftsmen also is one of the means the Advisory Trades Committee has devised to put energy into the Rainbow Division campaign to raise $875,000,000, or half of the quota for the district.

Last week was a disappointing one to the men charged with the division's Victory Loan drive, the unofficial figures giving them a total which is a hundred million dollars behind their quota for a week. Last night showed that the division to date had raised approximately $150,000,000 when it should have to its credit something like $260,000,000.

The leaders of the various units are urging everybody to a more intensive campaign of note selling for the remainder of the drive. Le Baron S. Willard of the coal trade industry announced yesterday that barge owners and towing workers, which as a committee had aided the coal trade industry in war work and Red Cross drives, had joined the Coal Trade Victory Loan Committee.

The following subscriptions were reported by Mr. Willard yesterday:

Williams & Peters	$300,000
Burns Brothers	100,000
Thomas B. Davis	56,000
M. F. Burns	25,000
Vinton Colliery Co.	25,000
Willard, Sutherland & Co.	10,150
Blaine Mining Co.	10,000
McWilliams Blue Line	10,000
A. W. Hillebrand Co.	10,000
Hagedorn Brothers	10,000
Sterling Coal Co.	8,000
Cleary Brothers	5,000
Central Bridge Coal Co.	2,500
F. M. A. Leach	2,000
Herman Harjes	2,000
Elem Coal Co., Inc.	1,000

The Women's Clubs Committee still maintains its lead over the rest of the Rainbow Division in subscriptions gained in proportion to its quota. Yesterday the committee's report showed that it had reached a figure of $809,700, nearly double its quota. The Colony Club is still the star member, with $330,500, and the next largest contributer is the Post Parliament with $117,300. Some of the clubs which have just reported are:

Art Workers' Club, $6,050; National Society Patriotic Women of America, $5,600; Wells College Club, $2,000; Congress of State Societies, $6,600; Daughters of Pennsylvania, $5,700; Minerva Club, $3,550; Long Island Society D. R., $1,150; King's County Nurses' Association, $8,900; Drama Comedy Club, $550; Froebel Society, $250, and Women's Municipal League, $1,000.

Under the leadership of Mrs. John Purroy Mitchel, the Hospital and Sanitariums Committee has realized more than 50 per cent. of its quota of $240,000. A total of $173,500 was reported by Mrs. Mitchel up to yesterday.

The Business Women's Committee, Mrs. Jacob Riis, Chairman, reported its total as $78,900. Miss Marion Hollins, Chairman of the Private Schools' Committee, announced her committee's subscriptions up to yesterday as $348,500. Householders in Greater New York have subscribed for $74,450 through the Patriotic Household League Committee, of which Henry Physick is Chairman.

Five more firms in the wholesale dry goods industry of the metropolitan district won 100 per cent. industrial honor flags yesterday through the Wholesale Dry Goods Trade Committee. A sixth received the award of an emblem with two stars for enlisting 75 per cent. of its employes in the list of subscribers. Twenty-eight honor flags have been awarded to date through this committee.

Chairman Borden reported $205,000 in subscriptions. They were:

Windsor Print Works	$50,000
Columbia Textile Co.	25,000
Robert Reis & Co.	25,000
E. M. Townsend & Co.	25,000
Durham Hosiery Mills	25,000
Ben May	10,000
Eli H. Bernheim	10,000
Barnes, McGoey & Ely	10,000
Kuttner & Siegel	10,000
S. Malaman	10,000
M. S. Ely	5,000

These firms were awarded honor flags: Charles Kasefang, Doull Miller Co., Converse & Co., United Knitwear Mills and J. Grossman & Co., all 100 per cent. awards; and Henry Matier & Co., Ltd., 75 per cent. award.

Subscriptions totaling $675,000 were reported yesterday by M. L. Morgenthau, Chairman of the Confectionery, Chocolate and Confectionery Supplies Committee. The list follows:

The Mirror	$100,000
D. Auerbach & Sons	100,000
Henry Heide, Inc.	100,000
F. G. Brewster Co.	50,000
Darrow & Rudden	50,000
Runkel Brothers, Inc.	50,000
Lehmaier, Schwartz & Co.	50,000
Henry Maillard	25,000
P. Margarella	25,000
Hawly & Hoops	25,000
M. L. Morgenthau	25,000
Knickerbocker Chocolate Co.	20,000
Frank De K. Huyler	10,000
James C. Kuhn	10,000
Lamont-Corliss Co.	10,000
Maurice Wertheim	10,000
Jesse C. Shriner	5,000
Leo Henle	5,000
Charles Schaumberger	5,000

The employes of L. F. Robertson & Sons, 41 Spruce Street, have secured a 100 per cent. industrial honor emblem award through the Hides and Leather Committee, L. J. Robertson, Chairman, by all subscribing to Victory Notes. Mr. Robertson added a subscription of $50,000 from Schmoll, Fils & Co., 30 Spruce Street, to those already reported.

William A. Taylor, Chairman of the Hardware, Metals, and Allied Trades Committee, announced yesterday that his committee had realized $5,117,250 of its quota of $35,000,000.

The following subscriptions were announced by W. J. Kelley, Chairman of the Rubber Industry Committee:

Intercontinental Rubber Co.	$40,000
Charles T. Wilson Co.	35,000
Poel & Kelley	25,000
Charles T. Wilson Co.	25,000
J. T. Johnstone & Co.	20,000

A million dollars in additional subscriptions was reported by C. C. Conway, Chairman of the Allied Music Trades Committee, which nearly doubled its quota of $2,750,000 in the first week of the loan campaign. A list follows:

Kohler & Campbell Industries	$500,000
Mark Campbell	250,000
C. C. Conway, (boxes)	225,000
Pathe Freres Phonograph Co.	25,000

The Department Stores Committee, Louis Stewart, Chairman, announced yesterday that its total subscriptions to date amounted to $3,025,000. The quota for this committee is $12,500,000. Subscriptions totaling $40,000 were reported by J. A. Chipperfield, Chairman of the Laundry and Allied Trades Committee. Additional subscriptions reported yesterday by William Goldman, Chairman of the Clothing and Allied Trades Committee, amounted to $170,100. Those of $1,000 or more follow:

H. E. Lazarus Co., Inc.	$25,000
Ansorge Bros. & Co.	25,000
Walcoff, Phil & Co.	20,000
Davidson & Finkelbrand	10,000
Davidson, Max	10,000
Davidson, Mrs. T.	10,000
Davidson, Wm.	10,000
Dubbel Bilt Boys' Clothes, Inc.	10,000
Rosenberg, Marks & Bro.	10,000
Golde, S., & Sons Co.	10,000
Goodstein, H. N.	6,250
Practical Clothing Co.	6,000
Bober, Nathan	2,500
Heller, Geo. W., Inc.	2,000
Golead Mfg. Co.	1,000
Young, Gilbert M.	1,000
Employes of John David	3,250
Engle, E.	2,000
Ruener, B.	1,500
Bromsen, Harry	1,000

Arthur H. Scribner, Chairman of the Publishing, Printing, Advertising, and Allied Trades Committee, reported $291,450 in subscriptions. They were:

American Book Co.	$100,000
Grossett & Dunlap	75,000
Charles Scribner's Sons	50,000
Doubleday, Page & Co.	50,000
G. P. Putnam's Sons	12,000
C. S. Hammond Co.	2,500
R. R. Bowker Co.	1,950

The Export, Import and Shipping Committee, Louis Schaefer, Chairman, announced a subscription of $1,000,000 from W. R. Grace & Co., the largest of the day for the division. T. H. Wheeler subscribed $75,000 through the Petroleum and Allied Products Committee, Howard E. Cole, Chairman. With a subscription of $100,000 from Weinstein Brothers, the Cloak, Suit and Skirt Committee under the chairmanship of Arthur D. Wolf, Vice President of the Union Exchange National Bank, expects to reach 50 per cent. of its quota of $7,175,000 by the middle of the week.

UNIFORMITY

A customer at one of our Boston stores expressed her appreciation when she found she could buy the same well-known face cream at the same price she had paid in one of our Minneapolis stores two weeks previously.

The Rexall Drug Stores **Liggett's**

SHOW $839,479,900 IN NATION'S LOAN

Treasury Department Looks to Unreported Districts to Increase Official Total.

MAY BE PAST BILLION NOW

New York City Furnishes Nearly a Fifth of Total and Four-fifths of Amount in District.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Subscriptions to the Fifth Victory Liberty Loan, as reported officiallly tonight to the Treasury Department, reached the total of $839,479,900, or 18.66 per cent. of the minimum quota of $4,500,000,000 asked. The New York district was the largest single subscriber, with $201,000,000, and of this amount New York City turned in $156,000,000, or almost four times as much as the remainder of the district, which subscribed approximateiyl $45,000,000.

While the percentage of the quota reported officially tonight for all of the twelve Federal Reserve Districts is slightly more than that of the same date in the Fourth Liberty Loan, the daily percentage is falling gradually and total sales are about $200,000,000 behind the record for the same day in that larger loan campaign.

According to the Treasury Department, unofficial reports declared the loan already past the billion mark, though the actual figures in hand still looked rather discouraging for the Victory Liberty Loan. The most hopeful sign had been found in the fact that some of the remote districts are slow in reporting their sales to headquarters. This is particularly true in the Atlanta District. At the close of the sixth day in the Fourth iLberty Loan, it was added, 18.29 per cent. of the minimum quota had been reported officially as subscribed.

Subscriptions to the Fifth Victory Liberty Loan, at start of the second week of the drive, as reported officially tonight, follow:

District.	Subscribed.	Per Cent.
St. Louis	$89,302,050	35.54
Chicago	172,969,900	26.04
Boston	90,710,550	24.18
Minneapolis	34,358,350	21.81
Kansas City	41,850,300	21.46
Cleveland	56,890,300	18.37
Richmond	38,295,750	18.23
Philadelphia	56,880,800	15.17
New York	201,000,000	14.86
Dallas	11,353,050	12.01
San Francisco	33,730,150	10.85
Atlanta	6,348,100	4.04
Total	$839,479,900	18.65

E. R. Morse, State Director for Vermont, telegraphed today that Vermont had oversubscribed its quota and that 102 cities had exceeded their minimum allotments. This is the third State to reach its minimum quota, Michigan and Iowa having previously made 100 per cent. records. Selling campaigns in an effort to obtain large oversubscriptions are proceeding steadily in all three States.

Toledo today reported that it had oversubscribed its quota, selling to 25 per cent. of its population. This record, and the manner in which it was achieved, greatly pleased Treasury Department officials. Not a single subscription was taken from a bank, the Sales Committee declining an offer from bankers several days ago to buy up the unsold portion of the city's quota.

"We challenge any metropolitan community to equal Toledo's record," W. W. Knight, Chairman of the Lucas County Committee, tonight telegraphed to Lewis B. Franklin, Director of the War Loan organization. Mr. Franklin advised Mr. Knight that the sort of distribution obtained in Toledo was the kind desired of the entire country.

The St. Louis District reported tonight that Southern Indiana was leading all State groups in its district, having 71 per cent. of its quota subscribed. Tennessee advanced 18 per cent. in its sales and is now running second in the district, with a 70 per cent. subscription. Mississippi has 53 per cent. Seventeen counties have obtained their quotas in Kentucky.

Workers throughout the Chicago district today were urged to speed up the campaign, as subscriptions there were reported to be "somewhat slow." The best progress in this district is being made in Michigan, Iowa, and Northern Indiana.

National headquaraers announced that it will be necessary to get an average of $316,000,000 subscriptions a day from new till May 10, the closing day, in order to complete the $4,500,000,000 that must be obtained.

The Navy Department tonight ordered the victory ship Crane, now proceeding between San Francisco and New York, to a point about 700 miles south of the Mexican border and 1,000 miles from San Francisco. The ship is much behind her schedule, it was said, her advance being determined daily by subscriptions to the loan.

ITALIANS RALLY FOR VICTORY LOAN

Loyal Speeches a Feature of Enthusiastic Meeting of 3,000 in Philadelphia.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.—Pledges of undivided, whole-hearted support for the Victory Loan and speeches ringing with loyalty to the United States were the features of a meeting of leaders of every faction and society of the Italians of Philadelphia tonight in Italian Beneficial Hall.

The gathering was called by the Italian Victory Loan Committee to test the attitude of the various groups of citizens of Italian birth and descent toward the Victory Loan, following intimations that certain elements were ready to withdraw their co-operation on account of the Fiume controversy, more than 3,000 men representing 200 societies attended.

Frank Roma, Chairman of the Italian Victory Loan Committee, presided and amid repeated outbursts of enthusiastic approval said that no matter what an Italian might think of the present administration and its spokesmen he would support Uncle Sam as long as he was true and loyal. The same idea, in substance, was expressed by Judge Joseph Buffington, Chairman of the Foreign Language Division of the Loan Organization.

The chief speaker was Lieut. Col. C. B. Franklin, head of the American Ambulance Service in Italy, who has just returned from overseas. He told of his experiences and asserted that most of the anti-American or anti-Wilsonian feeling now prevalent in Italy was inspired by Austrian propaganda.

An address was also made by E. T. Stotesbury, who subscribed for $10,000 through the Italian Committee.

Newspapers Helpful to Fighters.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Co-operation by newspapers is declared to have been largely responsible for the application to the Federal Board for vocational education of 4,725 disabled soldiers, sailors, and marines who had returned to civil life, said a statement issued here today.

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HUGE SUM IN NOTES EARNED BY ENCORES

Heifetz and Rachmaninoff Boost Sale at Metropolitan $1,700,000 by Repeating.

MAYO MAKES AN APPEAL

Lieut. Col. Roosevelt and Dr. Petty Also Speak at Music Division Loan Rally.

Admiral Henry T. Mayo, speaking last night at a concert and Victory Loan rally held at the Metropolitan Opera House under the auspices of the Allied Music Division, Industrial and Professional, declared that the Victory Loan was part of the job of the war "and must go through." He said that not only would the loan go toward paying the expenses of the war, but it was part payment for the lack of preparedness of the United States in the past.

"Every man must realize that had we spent a very small proportion of the billions that we have spent," he said, "if we had distributed this over years in the past, and as a result had a larger army and a better rounded out navy, Germany would never have carried things to the point of forcing this country into the war."

In concluding his address, which was enthusiastically received by the audience, Admiral Mayo said: "They say it's the last loan. The people of the world are a little at sea. They don't know what is going to happen in Paris. You never know what kind of a small bonfire will develop into a conflagration. And so it may not be the last loan. But let's subscribe to it."

The other speakers were Lieut. Col. Theodore Roosevelt and Dr. C. Wallace Petty. The chairman was Morris K. Parker, a member of the Advisory Trades Committee of the Rainbow Division.

Those who took part in the concert were Jascha Heifetz, the violinist, and Sergei Rachmaninoff, composer and pianist. When the audience insisted on an encore after Heifetz had played several selections, a representative of the Victor Talking Machine Co., offered to subscribe for his concern $500,000 if the violinist would play Gounod's "Ave Maria." Mr. Heifetz complied and after Rachmaninoff played Liszt's "Rapsodie Hongroise," it was announced that a group of a dozen men in a box would subscribe $1,200,000 if he encored with the "C Sharp Minor Prelude."

The total sum collected at the rally was $7,816,000.

Among the larger subscriptions were: Edison Talking Machine Company, $250,000; the Kohler Industries, $250,000; Steinway & Sons, $100,000, and the Aeolian Company, $750,000.

The group in the box subscribing $1,200,000, consisted of Thomas Cochran, William Cochran, George Foster, Harry D. Gibson, Charles W. Riecks, Ernest Stauffer, Jr., James A. Bowen, Howard S. Tenney, James G. Blaine, Jr., J. S. Maxwell, Sidney W. Noyes, and John L. Weeks. The subscription, it was announced, would go through the Liberty National Bank.

Navy is Deeply Interested.

Admiral Mayo said that the Navy had a great interest in the Victory Loan.

"It must go over the top," he said. "I think the Victory Loan is well named for what it means to us. It means not only the victory that has been achieved by all the nations associated against the Hun, but I think it has for us in America a peculiar meaning, because we can realize that it was America's efforts, financial, material and military, that turned the course and brought to the Hun the realization that his dream of world domination was over. We are entitled to that feeling. It also means that we are paying the tremendous cost of this war, a cost which we never would have dreamed of having anything cost some years ago, but it is a cost that I think none of us can think too much about, when we think of what was done by the Hun in this war, of his brutalities, his breaking of treaties, his assaults on the Lusitania, the Sussex and other hospital ships, his bombing of hospitals, murder of civilians, of treatment of women and children which cannot be spoken of—we must feel that no cost is too high to pay to insure that such things do not come to our country."

Here Admiral Mayo made the remark that had we been better prepared Germany would not have forced us into the war.

"But it was done, we were in the war, we are glad of it, it is worth while," he added. "The mere fact that it has brought to this country a realization of individual duty owed to the country was well worth the whole cost of the war. We were somewhat lacking in that, I think, before the war, but I think we have it now. The navy has done its little bit in the war, and I doubt if many of you do now or ever will realize quite what the extent of its activities were. They have been very extensive, widely distributed. We have had men serving from Northern Russia to Southern Italy, all along the coast; battleships, destroyers, mine sweepers, yachts, sub-chasers, submarines, every type of vessel we have, not forgetting the transports, and, besides that, we had built up in Ireland, England, France, and Italy a tremendous aviation force which was just getting to the culmination of its efficiency, which was just beginning to do good work.

Praises General Pershing.

"Pershing's army was, I suppose, as fine a bunch of men as ever were banded together, and let me say also from personal acquaintance that John J. Pershing is a wonder. The way he took hold of America's problems in France, the way he laid out and filled out and brought the armies that were sent to him in France, together, excited the admiration of military men of all nations, and General Pershing is entitled to and will receive all the honor that a grateful country can bestow upon him."

Dr. Petty said that the man who failed in the present Liberty Loan emergency had either the heart of a Hun or the soul of an ingrate.

Colonel Roosevelt described the battle of Soissons, in which his regiment took part, emphasizing the democratic effect of the war upon our men.

"Don't make any distinction between those soldiers and sailors who were fortunate enough to get to Europe and those whose duties held them on this side," he said. "It is the desire to serve that counts; not where the service was rendered.

"We must not feel now that the job is over. It has just begun. For the sake of those who gave everything in this war, who gave the supreme sacrifice, we must not feel that things are finished. We must turn our faces to the future with clear eyes and take over the motto 'Carry on.'"

The audience comprised 4,000 men and women, representatives of more than 300 musical concerns affiliated with the Allied Musical Trades Committee of the Rainbow Division of the Liberty Loan. Before the meeting last night the audience was led in community singing by Francis J. Tyler of the New York Community Singing Department, accompanied by Frank Hayek.

HEADS OF FLEET URGE LOAN ON VICTORY WAY

Rear Admirals Mayo, Plunkett, and Rodman Address Crowds —Franklin Roosevelt Speaks.

"Match the Navy" was the slogan at Victory Way yesterday, where thousands of men and officers from the big warships at anchor in the Hudson River assembled to urge investment in the Victory Loan. Rear Admiral Henry T. Mayo, one of the chief speakers, declared that during the last four loans the men in our navy had taken time from their arduous duties to invest $80,000,000 out of their meagre earnings in those loans.

It was "Fleet Day" and as one enthusiastic spectator put it, everything in the navy was present or accounted for except the ships. Rear Admiral C. P. Plunkett and Rear Admiral Hugh Rodman also made speeches and Assistant Secretary of the Navy Franklin Roosevelt spoke from Washington over the long distance telephone, his voice being carried to the crowd by the sound amplifiers.

The most exciting event was the gun-loading contest in which champion crews from the dreadnoughts of the Atlantic Fleet participated. The winners came from the battleship Nevada and their time was eight and two-fifth seconds for four shots.

A gun breech was mounted in the area in front of the speakers' rostrum, and while the crowd cheered each set of contestants, the men from the ships—Delaware, Florida, Arkansas, Mississippi, New York, North Dakota, Nevada, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Texas, and Wyoming—demonstrated what they could do in action. The Nevada's time was three-fifths of a second better than that of its nearest competitor, the Oklahoma. A silver cup, present by Samuel Goldfish, head of the Goldwyn Pictures Corporation, was presented to the winners.

"We have had a share in the navy in every loan so far made for the United States," said Admiral Mayo during his address, "and we think we have done very well when all things are considered—when you consider the small pay of the men in the navy, the many demands on them, home allotments and insurance, then the small amount they have left, the amounts that we have taken in the previous loans have been very creditable. In the first loan the amount was about $3,000,000; in the second loan—I am speaking now from memory, possibly I may be mistaken—but in the second, $11,000,000; in the third $19,000,000, and in the fourth loan $48,000,000, making a total for the United States Navy of about $80,000,000 which they have put up to back their own good-will, their confidence, their feeling of patriotism, in which they have never been found wanting. We hope that in the Victory Loan we will exceed the amount of the last loan, although our numbers have been reduced since that time.

In his address Rear Admiral Rodman said that for himself he was going to put everything he had into the loan just as he had done in the previous ones.

"I believe so firmly in helping the Government in every way," he said, "that I have personally subscribed to every issue, and I am going to subscribe to this issue. I am going to put everything I have into it, which isn't much, but it is the underlying principle and I think we should all come across, and so if the example of the men who serve in uniform is anything to the rest, I hope that every one will follow their example. Surely if we won the war then we should support our Government, naturally to clinch the victory and make it a certainty."

Admiral Plunkett followed with a speech in which he asserted the loan should have been all subscribed the first day.

Today is "Belleau Wood and Marine Day" at Victory Way. The chief speakers will be former Ambassador Henry G. Sharp, Brig. Gen. Charles H. Cole of the 26th Division, and Brig. Gen. Richards of the Marines, who will speak from Washington.

ENGINEERS AMONG RETURNING TROOPS

Ships Bring 17,000 Yesterday, Including Men Who Built Railroads and Bridges.

MANY WEAR WAR CROSSES

"The Lucky" 13 Engineers Remained Intact Throughout War and Lost 13 Men.

Nearly 17,000 troops returned yesterday from France on six transports and one passenger liner, which included three more engineer regiments, the 117th, which came on the Pueblo from Brest, and the 13th Railroad Engineers, on the Belvedere, from Marseilles. The transport Texan brought the 18th Engineers. The latter is an Austrian steamship, formerly in the New York-Trieste passenger service, and has been lying up in her home port for more than four years. She flew the inter-allied flag at her taffrail and the Italian ensign at the main masthead and will carry back food supplies to Italy. As nearly all her officers and crew were Austrian subjects they will not be allowed to land while the Belvedere is in port.

The 13th, or as they have been named, "The Lucky," Engineers was organized by S. M. Felton, Director General of American Military Railways in France, who is also President of the Chicago Great Western Railroad Company, and the first American civilian to be decorated with the Distinguished Service Medal.

This regiment transported ammunition, provisions, men, &c., at the St. Mihiel front and Château-Thierry, and the railroad men of Chicago are planning to give them a rousing welcome when they arrive in that city. After going first to Camp Mills for two or three days the regiment will be sent to Camp Grant. The personnel of the 13th Engineers is made up from all branches of the railroad service, and practically every State is represented in this contingent.

It was the only unit of its kind that managed to preserve its own organization throughout the war, it is said. Twenty-four officers and men were decorated by the French Government for their work during the war, and the regiment was commended by General Pershing in an official order. Its lucky number extended to the regiment's list of dead, for it lost but thirteen.

The transport Pueblo landed her complement of 1,799 troops from France at the newly completed army pier at Sixty-ninth Street, South Brooklyn. Among them were the 117th Engineers complete, and the 117th's train, 44 officers and 1,468 men, under the command of Colonel John M. Johnson of Marion, S. C. These were mostly recruited from North and South Carolina. This unit was a part of the Rainbow, or 42d, Division, and did practically all the bridge building and construction from Luneville to Sedan. Many of the officers and men wear the French War Cross, and others have been recommended for the American D. S. M. Their casualties were 237 killed, mostly from high explosive while they were in the front lines, and 700 wounded.

On account of the high casualty list, the 117th Engineers came to be known as "The Suicide Squad," as part of their duty was advancing ahead of the tanks under fire and cutting the barbed-wire entanglements, so that the machines could get through. Lieutenant Don B. Morrow of Oklahoma City was known as leader of the death squad, and had many narrow escapes in the Argonne and at St. Mihiel. Another man of the 117th who distinguished himself was Corporal George Pyrah of Philadelphia, who raided a German machine-gun nest single handed in the Argonne and either killed or captured all its crew.

The transport Texan brought 2,181 officers and men, including the eighteen engineers, thirty-six officers, and 1,148 men who were sent to Camp Kearney. They were under the command of Colonel J. R. Holman of Seattle and went over in August, 1917, but never got into action. All their valuable work was done behind the lines.

Another transport, the Freedom, brought 1,712 officers and men, including various trench mortar batteries and a number of base hospitals. The 1st Trench Mortar Battery, composed of men from Pennsylvania and Indiana, lost twelve killed and forty wounded.

Among the base hospitals returning was the Forty-eighth, recruited from the Metropolitan Hospital on Blackwell's Island. It was commanded by Lieut. Col. William F. Honan and went over in July, 1917. It handled some of the first wounded from the Château - Thierry drive, and handled many cases from the 27th and 77th Divisions.

The Minnesotan had 1,988 troops, mostly of the 111th Infantry, which was made up in part of what was once the 6th Pennsylvania Infantry, that won fame in the civil war, and the remainder were taken from the 18th Pennsylvania Infantry at Pittsburgh. Colonel Edward C. Shannon, who was in command, said the 28th Division had suffered 60 per cent. casualties. There are seventy-seven silver rings on the staff of the regimental colors, commemorating the battles they have been carried through. The Lorraine brought 400 troops who were chiefly casual companies and casuals.

FOR SOLDIER MASCOTS.

Bide-a-Wee Home, Which Is Caring for Them, to Have a Benefit.

The officers of the Bide-a-Wee Home Association are to give a thé dansant this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the main ballroom of the Biltmore, at which Mrs. Vernon Castle has consented to help.

The home has undertaken to look after the mascots brought back from overseas by American soldiers and sailors. If not wanted by their owners, good homes will be found for them; otherwise they will be taken care of, free of charge, until their masters are demobilized. A special fund is needed for this work, so the Directors of the home hope to raise a large amount through the Biltmore benefit. Among the patronesses are Mrs. Vernon C. Brown, Miss Ida E. Bliss, Mrs. Charles Burnett, Mrs. Bourke Cockran, Miss E. C. Cameron, Mrs. Denning Duer, Countess Festetics, Miss Frances Ferguson, Mrs. Krumpacker, Princess Lwoff, Mrs. Jasper Lynch, Mrs. Nicholas M. Pond, Mrs. S. K. Probasco, Mrs. H. D. Parker, Mrs. Eli K. Robinson, Miss Jean W. Simpson, Mrs. Winfield Scott, Princess Pierre Troubetskoy, Mrs. Geoffrey G. Whitney, and Mrs. Felix M. Warburg.

WOMEN TO DEBATE PEACE.

Mrs. Wilson Will Be Y. W. C. A. Guest at Paris Meeting.

PARIS, April 28.—Mrs. Wilson has accepted an invitation of the American Y. W. C. A. to attend the final Spring meeting of its Provisional Council, to be held in the Theatre Edouard VII. on Wednesday afternoon. Among 500 guests, representing various European countries, will be Queen Marie of Rumania, and, it is hoped, the Queen of Belgium. Five hundred have been invited to hear discussion on women's part in making this peace "an everlasting peace."

Those expected to speak are Mrs. Irene Osgood Andrews of the American Association of Labor Legislation, Nelle Swartz, Consumers' League of America; Mary Dreier, Women's Trade Union League of America; Mrs. James S. Cushman, National War Work Council; Florence Simms, Marie Wing, and Imogene Ireland, of the Y. W. C. A.; Jane Addams of Hull House, Chicago, and Jeannette Rankin, former Congresswoman from Montana.

SCOUT REPORT ABOUT PAGE.

Paris 'White House' Officials Know of No Differences with President.

PARIS, April 28.—(Associated Press.)—No credence is given at the Paris "White House" that Thomas Nelson Page, the American Ambassador to Italy, is coming to Paris on account of differences with the President over the Fiume question.

It is stated that nothing is known of any such differences.

"Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, April 26th, averaged as follows: Domestic Beef 21.53 cents per pound."—Advt.

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—in which will be featured strictly models from the Burby regular stocks. Since this is exclusively a house of individual, one-of-a-kind styles, the various offerings will be unusually interesting from the standpoint of fashion as well as of economy.

Suits *newest tailored and semi-tailored styles; formerly priced up to $125* **$55**

Capes *distinctive Burby interpretations of the prevailing vogue;* **$65 to $85** *formerly $95 to $125*

Hats *Typically lovely and varied chapeaux which we created to sell at $25 to $30 at* **$15**

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CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

EVERY Saks Suit is made from Saks-chosen Cloths—which means that we select not *customary* fabrics, but *custom* fabrics. The result is: Clothes that are always *exclusive*, sometimes *exotic* and never *excessive*.

Suits, $30 up
Topcoats, $25 up

Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34th STREET

ACCLAIM THE 69TH IN FINAL REVIEW

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

flowers upon the ranks. The men caught them and tucked them away in their belts, in their blouses, carried them with the stems in their teeth, or thrust them through the pins that held their medals on their breasts.

Enthusiasm was aroused among the crowds by the sight of the tattered and faded national banner carried by the regimental color bearers and by the immense service flag with more than 600 gold stars. Since the regiment was organized in 1851 it has been its proud boast that in the fiercest fighting of two wars it has never lost a standard.

One of its original flags, now in tatters, torn by winds and by bullets, was displayed yesterday. It has fewer stars on it than the Stars and Stripes of this day, but the lack of these is made up in the silver battle rings on the staff. Ten new rings, representing the engagements of this war, are now added to the historic battles of the regiment. To Antietam, Malvern Hill, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, the Wilderness, Spotsylvania, Cold Harbor, the Petersburg Assault, and other bloody battles of the civil war the regiment now has added the Champagne campaign, the Meuse-Argonne, Château-Thierry, St. Mihiel, the Ourcq, and the Kriemhilde line.

All along the route, and particularly in front of St. Patrick's Cathedral, flowers were thrown upon the colors and upon the service flag, in tribute to those who gave their lives as part of the price of victory. A group of girls in the reviewing stand where Archbishop Hayes and other Catholic dignitaries sat threw hundreds of roses upon the white folds of the service flag, and the soldiers coming behind avoided them carefully with their feet and then picked them up when opportunity came.

Observance of strict rules of discipline among the veterans took nothing from the effect of the parade, nor did it detract from the enthusiasm of the crowds. Even among the wounded who rode in the automobiles, some preceding the combatant troops and some following them, there was no relaxation, no lapse of dignity, and little sign that the men recognized in this acclamation and homage to them and their achievements anything more than just a serious job for them, to be taken as a march to the front lines.

Colonel Donovan Walks With Troops.

Colonel Donovan, marching on foot at the head of the parade, broke another precedent of military pageantry in the avenue by refusing to ride at the head of his regiment or to permit any of the field and staff officers to take the customary right of the mounted officer. By unanimous decision of all these men, who are considered mounted officers under the regulations, it was decided that all should march as they had marched in France, and as their men marched.

On his right arm Colonel Donovan wore the three stripes denoting three wounds, and on his left the two stripes denoting a year's service at the front, although other officers said that he was entitled to wear a third stripe because the service of the 165th covered nearly eighteen months.

Thousands of persons who had never seen Colonel Donovan before caught only a glimpse of him yesterday as he marched by, because, judging by his youth, they thought he was only a first lieutenant. The embroidered eagles on the shoulders were so small that they looked like the bars of a first lieutenant, but the greater part of the crowds recognized him by his position at the head of the parade, and by his medals, for he wears both the Croix de Guerre and the American Distinguished Service Cross.

Colonel Donovan was a Captain in the old First New York Cavalry at the outbreak of the war and had refused the Lieutenant Colonelcy of the 69th during the border service because his home was in Buffalo. He joined the regiment at Camp Mills just before it sailed and served in the first months of the war as Major. He won his promotions quickly on the field, notwithstanding months in the hospital and in the office of Deputy Provost Marshal of the American Expeditionary Forces. He is only 35 years old.

Hundreds also failed to recognize Father Duffy until after he had passed because he was in the middle of the long line of staff officers directly behind Colonel Donovan and Lieut. Col. Alexander E. Anderson. Colonel Donovan and the other officers of the regiment had pleaded with Father Duffy to march with Colonel Donovan "as one of the commanding officers," but he refused to take any place that he thought did not fit with his rank as Major and regimental chaplain. Despite this inconspicuous position in the procession he was hailed by thousands by name.

Parade Starts Ahead of Time.

So closely were the orders for the parade observed that the regiment was able to move out of Washington Square at 1:50 P. M., ten minutes before the time set for the start of the march. In the Mexican border service it was a battalion from this organization that set a record for marching in the New York National Guard division, and when the units were ordered to march to take up one of their first positions in the front lines at Rouge Bouquet in France they set another record in a thirty-two mile march over difficult terrain. They held this reputation yesterday by marching the eighty blocks from the Washington Arch to 115th Street in less than two hours, and in passing the reviewing stand in ten minutes, instead of twenty, as had been estimated in the plans for the parade.

Companies and platoons were broken into lines of about twenty men, and these veterans, accustomed as they are to marching, held them evenly throughout the long hike, and that apparently without effort and with apparent disregard of guides. They marched in close formation, so that only a few paces separated company from company, with slightly more than fifteen steps between the five battalion organizations. It was this discipline and precision of the marching fighters that aided in stirring the crowds so deeply, and their apparent disregard of everything except that of doing a serious job and doing it well.

Hardly a line of more than 100 that marched past did not have some veteran in it who wore on their blouses the Croix de Guerre or the Distinguished Service Cross, and many of them had both medals. Hundreds of the men wore the three stripes, showing eighteen months' service in the war, and many of them wore stripes on their right arms to balance them, showing three wounds. It is estimated by the commanding officers that about 1,400 members of the original regiment of 3,507 are still in the ranks, and practically all of them are entitled to the three stripes for service as members of one of the regiments in the first National Guard Division to join the A. E. F., and one of the first four American divisions in France.

There was nothing in the equipment of officer or man in the regiment that would not have been worn had the men been going into action. They had on their "tin hats," and many of these showed plainly the dents made upon them by German bullets or fragments of shrapnel. The men had discarded their heavy field equipment and marched with light packs. Every bayonet was polished until it shone like silver, and every detail of the uniforms and equipment of the men would have stood the most rigid inspection—and did stand a rigid inspection before the companies left Camp Mills yesterday morning. Officers at Camp Mills who aided in the inspection said the 69th was one of the best disciplined units that had been quartered there, and had stood one of the best inspections.

Leading the regiment in the march was its field band of sixty pieces under the command of Lieutenant Edward Zitman, who was leader of the band of the old 2d Field Artillery of the National Guard. It picked up an innovation overseas, and like the band of the 369th Infantry, led by "Jimmy" Europe, twenty trumpeters marched in the front ranks. Each one of these instruments was decorated with a small Irish banner, with the golden harp upon the field of green, and they waved gayly in the breeze as the trumpeters added their flourishes to the music that is always used by the 69th bands—"The Wearing of the Green," "Killarney," "The Harp That Once Through Tara's Halls," and "Garry Owen."

The first battalion in the line of march was commanded by Major Michael A. Kelly, D. S. C., who is affectionately called "Dynamite" by his men; the second was commanded by Major Martin H. Meaney, D. S. C., and the third, the "Shamrock Battalion" that followed Major James A. McKenna until he was killed at the Ourcq, was led by Major Van S. Merle-Smith. A fourth battalion, composed of the Headquarters, Medical, and Supply Companies, was commanded by Major Henry A. Boots, who was born in Germany, had four brothers in the German Army, and, as one Irish officer said, "isn't the only man in the regiment that talks with a brogue."

Battalion of Wounded Veterans.

Following these combatant troops of the regiment was a fifth battalion organization composed of about 700 wounded veterans of the regiment who were sent home as casuals at intervals during the service of the units in France. Every one of them had a service stripe on his left arm, and each one wore his wound stripe, and many had two and three on their right arms. Some of the men had lost one of their arms, and as they marched by in the ranks the applause and cheering increased in intensity. This battalion was commanded by Major Thomas Reilly, who went overseas as a First Lieutenant, was promoted on the field and then forced out of the figting wit severe wounds.

None of the colors or emblems adopted by he Sinn Fein convention in Duolin was carried by any man in the parade, but the tricolor chosen there as an emblem was used in decorating the official reviewing stand in front of the Metropolitan Museum of Art. There were three flagstaffs on the small stand on the east side of the avenue, where the reviewing party sat. One flew the State flag; the second flew the flag of the city, and the flag of the regiment was on the third. The front part of the stand was decorated with the American colors, and in a position slightly less prominent was the orange, white, and green of the Dublin convention.

In the official reviewing stand were Governor Smith, Mayor Hylan, Rodman Wanamaker, Chairman of the Mayor's Committee of Welcome to the Homecoming Troops; Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry, commanding the Department of the East; Major Gen. David C. Shanks, commanding the Port of Debarkation; Major Gen. Robert Alexander of the 77th Division, Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan of the 27th Division, Rear Admiral James H. Glennon of the Third Naval District; Governor Cox of Ohio and Governor Burnquist of Minnesota, both of whom are in the city to greet other units in the Rainbow Division; ex-Ambassador Sharp, Colonel Louis D. Conley, formerly a commander of the 69th Regiment in the National Guard; Lieut. Col. Edward Olmstead of the 27th Division. Rear Admiral Kountz of the U. S. S. Oklahoma, Governor Allen of Kansas, Supreme Court Justice Daniel F. Cohalan, Police Commissioner Enright, and several members of the Mayor's Committee.

Another officer in the reviewing party was Brig. Gen. William A. Mann, retired, who left his post as Director of the Bureau of Military Affairs to take command of the Rainbow Division when it was organized at Camp Mills for overseas service. Colonel Charles De Lano Hine, who took the 165th overseas, and later was transferred to General Pershing's staff, marched with Major Reilley's battalion.

Reviewed by Archbishop Hayes.

Archbishop Hayes and other dignitaries of the New York archdiocese reviewed the regiment from the Knights of Columbus stand in froht of St. Patrick's Cathedral and were recognized by Colonel Donovan and the regiment as an official reviewing party. All the officers passed at salute and the men at "eyes right." The Archbishop returned the salute by waving his berretta. It was here that groups of girls paid tribute to the dead by throwing flowers upon the gold-starred service flag. Some of them also presented bouquets of roses to Colonel Donovan and Father Duffy, who returned them to the girls so that they could throw the flowers to the soldiers. Salutes to the colors also were given at the Arch of Liberty and at the Court of the Victorious Dead at the Public Library.

Mrs. Aline Kilmer, widow of Joyce Kilmer, the poet and member of the staff of THE NEW YORK TIMES, who was killed at the Ourcq while he was serving as Sergeant in the Intelligence Section of the 165th, sat in the stand in front of the cathedral with her seven-year-old son, Kenton. One of the last poems written by Sergeant Kilmer in his service in France was entitled, "When the 69th Comes Home." It was set to music later and the old 69th Band played the air yesterday.

Only one serious accident occurred while the crowds were watching the parade. Mrs. E. P. Whitehead of 33 Bellevue Place, Chicago, was watching the marchers on the east side of the avenue near Forty-fourth Street, when Robert Palmer, a waiter, who was watching the parade from one of the upper windows in Delmonico's, lost his balance and fell. His body landed in the group of which Mrs. Whitehead was a member, knocking several persons down. Mrs. Whitehead was unconscious when she was picked up, and died in a few minutes from shock. Palmer was knocked unconscious by the fall and surgeons at Bellevue Hospital said his condition was serious. He suffered a fractured skull and internal injuries. Mrs. Whitehead was 55 years old and was prominent in Chicago society and philanthropic work.

In the weather for the march was "just a hint of Flanders," as one of the veterans put it, with threatening skies, a trace of mist, and chilly, damp air. It was good marching weather, and the men became much less fatigued than did the veterans of the 27th on their hike up the avenue in the warm weather of March 25. A drop or two of rain alarmed the crowd, but not enough to lessen its numbers.

Special stands for the mothers of soldiers who perished in service with the regiment and for wounded who were not able to march were reserved in the sections north of the official reviewing stand. All those who sat in the stand of the "Gold Star Mothers' Association of the 69th Regiment" wore their stars, and special consideration was shown to them throughout the parade.

One of the women who sat in the stand directly opposite the official reviewing stand was Mrs. John W. Murray of 2,262 Lorin Place, Brooklyn. She is 91 years old, and her husband, who was a member of the Washington Grays of the Confederate Army, was killed in the civil war. She was there to see her grandson, John W. Murray, Jr., a member of the Headquarters Company of the 165th.

In a section of the stand at 105th Street and Fifth Avenue were several civil war veterans who had fought in the 69th and other regiments of the Irish Brigade under command of Brig. Gen. Thomas Francis Meagher. One of them was Patrick Tumulty, uncle of Joseph Tumulty, the President's secretary. He served in Company D of the 69th in the last eighteen months of the war, and remembers clearly the homecoming parade of the regiment in lower Broadway in July 4, 1865. With him were John R. Nugent, who was Lieutenant of his company, and many other veterans of the Irish Brigade.

A dinner for the entire regiment, officers and men, was given in the Hotel Commodore last night by the Trustees of the Benefit Fund of the 69th, who are all members of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick. Colonel Donovan, Father Duffy, Mayor Hylan, General Mann, and Morgan J. O'Brien made short speeches. Another speaker, who received a great ovation from the men, was Brig. Gen. Michael Lenihan, who commanded the 83d Brigade, comprising the old 69th and the 166th Regiment of Ohio troops, during the fighting at Luneville.

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Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue, New York
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'LOST BATTALION' WARMLY WELCOMED

10,000 Relatives and Friends Go Down the Bay to Greet 6,000 of the 77th Division.

MEN KEPT BELOW DECKS

Captain of the America Feared Listing of the Transport Might Bring Disaster.

The famous "Lost Battalion" of the 308th Infantry, which won lasting recognition for itself in the Argonne Forest, returned yesterday to the United States. The troops came back to the city on the transport America, carrying 6,000 members of the 77th Division. The returning units included the entire 308th Infantry, the 154th Brigade Headquarters and the Headquarters Troop Supply Company; Companies, A, B, C, and E, and the Machine Gun Company of the 307th Infantry.

Ten thousand friends and relatives of the soldiers, who went down the bay yesterday morning on the Patrol, Gowanus, Bay Ridge, and Gaynor of the Mayor's Committee, to welcome the soldiers were keenly disappointed, on reaching the point where the transport was anchored to find the men all below deck. The reason advanced by the Captain of the America for issuing orders that no one should be on deck was that the steamer, which has eight decks, carried no cargo in her hold and he feared an accident might result if too many soldiers, eager to catch a glimpse of some one they knew on the welcoming boats, crowded on one side. Members of the Mayor's Committee told relatives and friends that it had been necessary to issue similar orders when other transports had arrived. The America docked at Hoboken at 9 o'clock.

Major Gen. Robert Alexander, Commander of the 77th, was at the pier to greet the men. He talked with scores of the enlisted men, asking them how they fared during the trip and if they had any complaint to make. "Those with whom I talked told me they had a good time coming back," he said. "All of them were in good humor and like a bunch of school boys."

Tells of Lost Battalion.

The units of the 77th Division who returned on the America were under the command of Brigadier Gen. Harrison J. Price, commander of the 154th Infantry Brigade, and the "Lost Battalion" of the 308th Infantry arrived in charge of Major George McMurtry of 22 East Seventieth Street, who won the Congressional medal and was second in command when the unit was surrounded and cut off by the Germans. Another officer, Lieutenant M. Rogers, commander of Company C, had the D. S. C.

The story of the Lost Battalion was related yesterday by Captain William J. Cullen, a lawyer, of 1,187 Woodycrest Avenue, the Bronx, who was decorated with the D. S. C. and returned with the survivors of Companies C and G.

"After the Second Battalion went over the top on Sept. 26," said Captain Cullen, "and was under continuous fire until Oct. 1 the losses were so heavy that Companies A, B, C, E, G, and Q and Company R of the 307th Infantry and the 306th Machine Gun Battalion, Companies C and D were consolidated to make up the 2d Battalion of the 308th Infantry with a total of 600 men.

"They moved forward at noon on Oct. 2," the Captain continued, "and encountered severe machine-gun opposition. After wiping out two of the machine-gun nests the battalion found itself two kilometers inside the German lines.

"The officers of the battalion then conferred and word was sent to Whittlesey that a consultation was in progress to decide what was best to be done when one of the soldiers saw a German pick up a rifle and fired. That shot started the attack on the Lost Battalion, and in all, the Germans made five attacks during the six days the battalion was surrounded. The enemy also kept up a continuous fire on the American soldiers with machine guns and hand grenades. Company H bore the brunt of the German attack. Te of one outpost were wiped out one morning before breakfast. Fifteen casualties were suffered in an hour one morning at the only water hole available for the battalion."

Many Wear Decorations.

In the 308th Infantry there were seventy-nine officers and men who had the D. S. C., five who had the medal of honor, and several who had the Croix de Guerre.

Bandmaster Lieutenant Herman Schoenfeld of Patchogue, L. I., head of the 308th Infantry Band, was very proud yesterday when he returned of the fact that two horns were decorated with two wound stripes to show that the musical instruments had been struck by pieces of the enemy's shells. All the other original instruments belonging to the band, Lieutenant Schoenfeld said, were demolished at the Vesle in August, 1918. This was the band which buried the dead of the Lost Battalion. Three hundred of these gallant American soldiers of the 77th Division were buried in three plots.

Just before the America sailed from France Lieut. Col. Maurice Larent of the French Army decorated three men of the 308th Infantry with the Croix de Guerre. They were Major George G. McMurtry of the 2d Battalion, who was decorated for gallantry in action with the "Lost Battalion;" First Sergeant Benjamin Kaufman of Company K, who received the decoration for charging a machine gun nest single-handed, taking a prisoner and capturing the gun, although his right arm was shattered by a bullet, and Private Jack Herschkowitz of Company C. On Sept. 29 Private Herschkowitz carried messages to Colonel Whittlesey through terrific barrages. He also wears the D. S. C.

Among the decorated men of the 308th Infantry is Lieutenant Charles Ridgely of 100 East Seventieth Street, who was formerly with the 26th Infantry of the 1st Division. He received the D. S. C. at Soissons July, 1918, when in action with Lieut. Col. Roosevelt, and the Croix de Guerre at Cantigny in June, 1918. He received citations for action during a raid in the Picardy sector and in the Argonne. With a detachment he captured thirty-six prisoners and exterminated the balance of a German company.

Captain Sighted Mine.

The officers of the America said that the day before they reached Brest the Captain sighted a mine dead ahead and changed his course to starboard to avoid it. After the gunners on deck aft had failed to explode the mine, the Captain wirelessed to the battleship New Hampshire, which was some distance astern, and asked her Commander to locate the mine and explode it, which was done.

About 1,400 members of the 77th Division will be unable to take part in the divisional parade next Tuesday, according to General Alexander, who said that the President Grant, returning with the 302d Ammunition Train, the 302d Supply Company, the 302d Sanitary Train and the 304th Machine Gun Battalion was behind schedule. The transport was due to reach New York on Saturday but, according to the latest wireless reports, will not arrive until some time on Tuesday, too late to parade.

"I am sorry that these soldiers will not get back in time for the event," General Alexander said, "but I feel that it would be impossible to hold up the other 30,000 men. The members of the division are anxious to return to civilian life, and I am desirous of aiding them in getting their discharges as soon as possible."

General Alexander asked the public to co-operate with him in making the event a success. He said that he hoped the friends and relatives of the marching men would not shower gifts on them, as it detracted from the military character of the parade.

IRISH CENSORSHIP TO BE VOLUNTARY

Government Says Official Will Be Retained in Interests of Peace.

HIS FUNCTIONS ADVISORY

Curb Only on Matter Which Might Inflame Public to Acts of Violence.

LONDON, April 28.—It is announced that the Irish Press Censor Baron Decies has resigned and that Major Bryan R. Cooper, Honorary Secretary of the Irish Unionist Alliance has been appointed to succeed him.

An official communication, issued through the Irish press, explains that it has been decided to retain the Irish censor in the interest of peace, as it is impossible for the Government to permit any section of the Irish press to be used as an instrument for incitement to organized defiance of the law, or for the purpose of inflaming public opinion to a pitch where acts of violence become possible. It is added that the censorship will be voluntary and the censor's functions advisory.

Newspapers will not be obliged to refer articles to the censor, but they will be held responsible for any violation of the Defense of the Realm act.

San Salvador Is Badly Shaken.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 28.—A severe earthquake has shaken San Salvador, Central America, according to cablegrams received today from the capital of that country. No details were given.

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NO personal trust is too small for us to handle and none too large. If you have any financial matter which should be placed in trust, consider the advantages of this institution which has had nearly 30 years successful experience in handling other people's property.

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PLAN MORE TENT MEETINGS.

Evangelistic Committee Seeks $10,000 Fund for Work Here.

A meeing under auspices of the Evangelistic Committee of New York City was held last night at Carnegie Hall to inaugurate the fifteenth year of the open air, tent and shop meetings conducted by the organization to co-operate with the churches. A drive for $16,000 to purchase 100 tents where meetings can be held in this city, was also launched.

The principal speaker was Stephen Baker, President of the Bank of Manhattan Company. Rev. John McNeill, who has recently returned from two years with the British Y. M. C. A. in Egypt, described his experiences.

No Word of Seaplane Crew.

CHATHAM, Mass., April 28.—Hope that the three men who formed the crew of the seaplane wrecked off Provincetown Friday, had been picked up by a passing vessel was virtually abandoned today when no word regarding them came from any port or by wireless from the sea. The men were Lieutenant J. S. Buchanan of Boston, Ensign John G. Howard of Rochester, N. Y., and Electrician Bernard Torres.

SWISS PRESIDENT IN PARIS.

Called to Discuss Inauguration of the League of Nations.

PARIS, April 28.—Gustave Ador, President of the Swiss Federation, arrived in Paris this afternoon from Geneva to discuss with the Conference officials details concerning the inauguration of the work of the League of Nations.

GENEVA, April 28.—Gustave Ador, President of the Swiss Federation, has received an urgent summons to the Peace Conference in Paris and left for Paris on Sunday night. The newspapers here state that he has been invited by the Allies to act as arbitrator in the question of the Adriatic.

Reduced Fare for Soldier Delegates.

DENVER, Col., April 28.—For the first convention of World's War Veterans to be held at St. Louis, May 8, 1919, the United States Railroad Administration will make a rate of 2 cents per mile with a minimum charge of $2 for the round trip, Director General Hines announced here today. Tickets at this reduced fare will be sold only to delegates who hold honorable discharge certificates from the army or navy.

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Canadian Marten
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For the Bungalow Table, 26x54 inches, $4.50 to $6.75

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Today, you can secure it in many fabrics, scores of styles and grades in every size to suit the price you care to pay.

Setting-up Exercises (No. 5)

Half bend trunk forward and rotate arms inward. Raise and bend trunk backward, raising and rotating arms backward, palms up. Resume first position and recover.

Four counts. Repeat 4 to 8 times.

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JANESVILLE WISCONSIN

This trade-mark on every Lewis garment guarantees you quality. Look for it.

BURLESON ADVISES RETURN OF CABLES

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

tion, compromising on Dec. 31, 1919, as the final date. The resolution died with Congress.

The Post Office Department took the attitude today that the return of the telephone and telegraph lines would rest with Congress, which would be responsible for any delay. It was said that the companies would have to have laws passed allowing them to increase their rates sufficiently to make a profit, and that these laws should be Federal statutes, in order to offset any interference with the companies by State commissions. As in Mr. Burleson's late announcements of increases in telephone rates, the statement was made that, while the cost of living and materials had increased very largely since the pre-war period, telephone charges had not been changed, and such a change was necessary in order to "allow the companies to live."

Handicapped by Lawsuits.

"It would not be fair to the companies to turn them back into private hands without legislation," one official said. "Prices have gone up 100 per cent. in all sorts of things except telephone rates. The Government has been trying to raise rates, in order to aid the companies, but has been handicapped by lawsuits. The companies are losing. They are not making a dollar on their investments. Legislation should be enacted enabling them to produce enough revenues without being balked by State commissions.

The telephone, telegraph, and cable lines were taken under Federal control for war purposes through a joint resolution, approved by the President July 16, 1918. President Wilson issued a proclamation July 22, 1918, directing the Postmaster General to take over the land wires immediately. The cables, however, were not taken over until Nov. 16, 1918, under an order signed by the President, dated Nov. 2.

Storms of criticism broke forth in Congress when the cables were taken into Federal control. The seizure was not made until after the armistice was signed. The newspapers generally were unaware of the proclamation authorizing the seizure, as it was obscurely published in the Official Bulletin, the Government's publicity organ, Nov. 16.

Fail to Suggest Remedies.

WASHINGTON, April 28, (Associated Press.)—Post Office Department officials who have aided in control of the telegraph and telephone companies expressed the belief today that few of the companies could weather the financial storm if the properties were turned back without remedial legislation. Some officials said that, while the properties must be returned in the same physical condition in which they were taken over, to do this now, without added revenue to meet wage demands and increased cost of operation, would wreck the entire industry.

Officials responsible for the actual management of the properties under Government control declined, however, to suggest exactly what sort of legislation would be necessary. Republicans in Congress have made no secret of their intention at the forthcoming extra session to press for the immediate return of the service to private management. Leaders in this movement have asserted that in so doing they would endeavor to protect the companies' interests.

Taking over of the cable systems was followed by a controversy between the Postmaster General and Clarence H. Mackay, President of the Commercial Cable Company, which resulted in the dismissal of Mr. Mackay and other Postal Telegraph officials by Mr. Burleson. Orders issued by the Postmaster General providing for a nation-wide increase in telephone and telegraph rates resulted in additional controversies and legal action in a number of States, from some of which suits have been appealed to the United States Supreme Court.

The Post Office Department recently was called upon to settle a strike of telephone operators in New England, and members of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America yesterday completed the canvass of a strike vote.

Proceedings involving the right of the Postmaster General to take over control of both the cable and land lines are now pending in the Supreme Court.

MACKAY URGES RETURN OF LAND LINES NOW

Postal Asks No Legislation, Only Its Earnings, He Says—Cable Transfer Simple.

Asked late yesterday what the procedure would be in returning the cable lines to their owners, Newcomb Carlton, Federal Director of Cables, replied that he did not know.

"My information," he said, "is that the cables are to go back to their owners on or before May 10."

Concerning the return of the land lines, Mr. Carlton said: "There was a suggestion that the land lines could not be turned back until after Congress had enacted some legislation. But I know nothing about that."

A statement by Clarence H. Mackay, President of the Commercial Cable-Postal Telegraph System, given out last night, read in part:

"Mr. Burleson cannot turn anything back in the way of cables. He has never really had possession of the cables and has not operated them, nor even controlled them. The British Government forbade his controlling them so far as the British ends were concerned, and that meant about four-fifths of the distance covered by the cables.

"Why doesn't Mr. Burleson turn back the Postal Telegraph lines? That is what the public wants, and there is no earthly reason why he should hold on to those lines. If he wants to hold on to the Western Union lines and the telephone lines, let him do so. He needs no additional legislation, as far as we are concerned. We are willing to take what our lines earned during the period of Government control. We want our lines back, to give good service to the public and preserve our organization, and do a few other interesting things.

"Mr. Burleson says he is now prepared to give up the cables because the congestion of cablegrams has largely ceased. There has never been any congestion on the land lines, and so congestion is no excuse for his holding on to them.

"Such a fiasco as has resulted from Mr. Burleson's control of the cables, telegraphs, and telephones is without parallel in the history of this country."

It was announced at the Commercial Cable Company's office that one of the effects of the return of the cables to that company would be the prompt reinstatement of Mr. Mackay as President, of G. G. Ward as Vice President and general manager, and of William W. Cook as general counsel. These officials were removed by Mr. Burleson.

William J. Deegan, Secretary of the Mackay Companies, said:

"Mr. Burleson has power to return the telegraph and telephone lines at any time, and he actually did return 8,000 small telephone companies two weeks ago. Therefore, if Mr. Burleson goes to Congress for legislation looking to the return of the telegraph and telephone lines, he will go there for legislation that will permit him to keep his grip on them. If he really wants to return the telegraph and telephone lines, he has only to say so and they will be returned immediately."

Mr. Deegan explained that the Commercial Company had retained all of its earnings from its cable service, but that Frank A. F. Adams of the Kansas City Home Telephone Company, who had been placed in charge of the land lines of the Postal Company by Mr. Carlton, had taken charge of the earnings from these sources since the lines were taken over.

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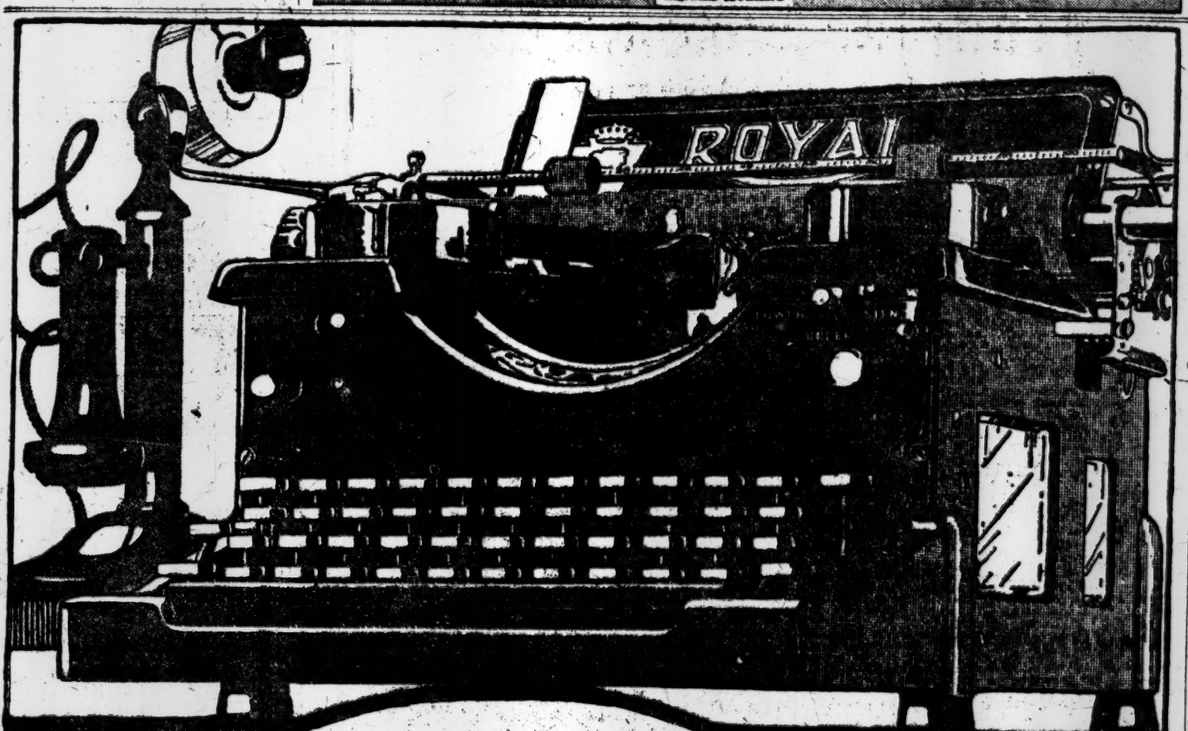

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This famous world-wide Gillette principle—the hard tempered, sharp, smooth, lasting blade, no strops, no hones—appeals to every man whose time and energy are too valuable to waste.

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SAYS HIGH PRICES HAVE NO REASON

Commerce Chamber Statistician Asserts Free Supply and Demand Would Bring Drop.

GREAT ST. LOUIS MEETING

Councilors of National Organization to Campaign for a Government Budget.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 28.—High prices continue without "the slightest reason under the sun," A. W. Douglas of St. Louis, chief statistician of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, tonight told the representatives of 1,000 American trade organizations here at the convention of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States. He added that there had already been some decline and declared that if the law of supply and demand were given freedom of operation the decline would continue until a normal level was reached.

He brought the delegates to their feet in a burst of applause when he declared that the "unfortunate state to which transportation has fallen under Government control is a splendid example of incompetence and extravagance."

In speaking before the National Councilors of the chamber, which took up a score of American business problems to be submitted to the general convention tomorrow, Mr. Douglas pointed to the Government estimate of 900,000,000 bushels of Winter wheat, and declared that there would be more grain available for export than our ships could move, and added that there was more live stock in the country than ever before.

After considerable debate, the National Councilors adopted a resolution advocating a budget system for the Government and recommending that the chamber carry on a campaign in behalf of the project in all parts of the country.

In its annual report the Committee on Statistics and Standards criticised the method of the Department of Agriculture in preparing estimates of the final yield of growing crops and recommended that Congress be urged to provide more liberal appropriation for the department.

American business is determined to meet the needs of this nation and foreign countries during the remainder of the readjustment period and after, leaders in finance and industry declared, but to carry out this program, the speakers warned, there must be no further delay in bringing about closest cooperation of all branches of finance and industry. Relations between the Government and business, too, must be such as to instill greatest confidence, they said.

With this co-operation of all forces America will be able to immediately develop her foreign trade, which was characterized by some delegates as "a responsibility to the rest of the world."

Obstacles and setbacks encountered by business generally since the signing of the armistice are gradually being overcome, according to reports submitted by the various district leaders of the 2,000 or more delegates present. But the grain men of the Northwest, the lumbermen of the Far West, the cotton men of the South, and the industrial leaders of the East, all had their problems to place in the big melting pot out of which the convention hopes to mold a concrete policy for the conduct of the nation's business.

The unemployment question, particularly as it pertains to returned soldiers, will be taken up by the convention. Reports submitted today indicated that the situation had been somewhat relieved by the opening of Spring work and by the fact that the soldiers are returning in smaller groups.

NAVY SEAPLANES START IN A WEEK

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

suming that the 'luck' is neither with us or against us.

"The schedule to leave for the overocean flight is a liberal one. The machines will have no land station in Newfoundland, as the expense involved in putting in a marine railway is too great, so the machines will be moored in the harbor chosen. We shall probably wait a week in Newfoundland before starting overseas," Commander Towers concluded.

Crews Named to Make Flight.

It is officially announced that the NC-1, NC-3, and NC-4 will be used in the transatlantic flight. These seaplanes are each 126 feet in span and are equipped with four high-compression Liberty engines. The standard crew will consist of five, one commanding officer, who will be the navigator; two pilots, one radio operator, and one engineer. An additional member will be carried in the crew of each plane as far as Newfoundland in case of mechanical trouble and to provide a reserve of personnel in case of any illness among the crews while waiting in Newfoundland.

The crews will be as follows:

Crew No. 1—Commander J. H. Towers, U. S. N., Washington, D. C.; pilots, Commander H. C. Richardson, U. S. N., Shamokin, Penn., and Lieutenant D. H. Mcgullough, U. S. N. R. F., Port Royal, Penn.; radio operator, Lieut. Commander R. A. Lavender, U. S. N., Rockwell City, Iowa; engineer, Machinist L. R. Moore, U. S. N., Grant Island, Neb.; reserve pilot engineer, Lieutenant Braxton Rhodes, U. S. N., Windsor, N. C.

Crew No. 2—Lieut. Commander A. C. Read, U. S. N., Lyme, N. H.; pilots, Lieutenant E. F. Stone, U. S. C. G., Livonia, N. Y., and Walter Hinton, U. S. N., Van Wert, Ohio; radio operator, Ensign H. C. Rodd, U. S. N. R. F., Cleveland, Ohio; engineer, Chief Special Mechanic F. H. Howard, U. S. N., Patchogue, L. I.; reserve pilot engineer, Lieutenant J. L. Breese, U. S. N. R. F., Newport, R. I.

Crew No. 3—Lieut. Commander P. N. L. Billinger, U. S. N., Cheraw, S. C.; pilots, Lieut. Commander M. A. Mitscher, U. S. N., Oklahoma City, Okla., and Lieutenant L. T. Barin, U. S. N. R. F., Portland, Ore.; radio operator, Lieutenant H. Sadenwater, U. S. N. R. F., Brooklyn; engineer, Chief Machinist Mate C. I. Kesler, U. S. N., Eaton, Ohio; reserve pilot engineer, Machinist R. Christensen, U. S. N., New York City.

The No. 4 will be brought from its hangar today and will have a trial flight either this afternoon or tomorrow morning. The NC-1 was announced to be nearing completion, and will probably be ready for a trial next Saturday. Sixty-seven mechanics have already left the naval station for points on the course of the proposed flight. Eight left yesterday to board the Baltimore, which will sail for Plymouth, England, and the same number left for Horta, in the Azores.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Lieut. Commander Richard Evelyn Byrd, Jr., who assisted in the preparation of plans for the transatlantic flight, will make the trip from Rockaway Beach to Newfoundland, but will not go overseas.

Commander Byrd has the duty of procuring instruments for use during the overseas voyage, and will go to Newfoundland to observe the working of these instruments.

BREEZE AT ST. JOHN'S HAS FLIERS ON TIPTOE

May Start Ocean Flight Today, in Opinion of Weather Sharps—Rivals Quickly Astir.

ST. JOHN'S, Newfoundland, April 28, (Associated Press.)—A cross wind sweeping at twenty-five miles an hour from the southeast was the only thing which prevented a "hop-off" by Raynham in his Martinsyde seaplane from Mount Pearl Plateau today. He and his navigator, Captain Charles W. F. Morgan, stood by their craft for three hours waiting for a favorable turn of the wind, but gave up at dusk when it became certain that landing on the "other" side, figuring a twenty-four-hour crossing, would be made in darkness.

It was announced, however, that tomorrow might see Raynham off on his flight, as weather conditions were still holding good, and local predictions were that the wind would swerve enough to allow the start. The wind today, though unfavorable for Raynham at Mount Pearl, would have made possible a start for Hawker, had he been ready for flight. Word reached Hawker and Grieve while on a motor trip that Raynham was standing by his craft waiting for an opportunity to "hop off." They returned to their hangar at once.

The first wind and weather reports received from midocean in several days Brought the preparation of Raynham and Morgan to attempt the flight today. These reports, of the utmost importance, showed an increase in pressure over areas at sea where heretofore low pressure has been a serious obstacle. Although not conclusive, they contained indications of probable improvement, which the Martinsdye crew was quick to seize upon.

Captain Morgan had even told in confidence that Raynham and he would try to make the "big hop" today, even going so far as to set the time for the possible start. Hawker remained uncommunicative regarding his plans, but from those in close touch with him came word tonight that he was taking every precaution against being caught unawares, as he was today.

Hawker, like Raynham and Morgan, tonight considered the wind and weather promising for a start tomorrow, and the flight has once more taken on the aspect of a closely competitive race. Everything was in readiness in the big Martinsyde. The cockpit was well stocked with rations, water and signal lights, virtually the only supplies to be carried, and the electrically heated flying clothes of the crew were alongside, ready to be slipped on at a moment's notice.

British Fliers' Engine Tests.

The hopes of the rival British fliers for successful passage over the Atlantic are centred on engines which, it was learned today, have in neither case been tested continuously for more than eight hours. With favorable conditions, for which the aviators are waiting, the trip will require a minimum of twenty hours.

A margin of five hours additional is allowed by each in providing for petrol, oil, and water supplies. Their faith in the ability of their motors to stand up under this almost unprecedented test is based on the fact that engines built from the same specifications have had bench trials exceeding thirty hours.

Hawker's 350-horsepower Eagle engine had an original bench test of between two and three hours, which was considered sufficient, because engines of similar type had propelled planes from London to Constantinople and to India with stops, but with considerable proof of reliability over long stretches. In flight the motor's maximum of sustained operation was seven and a half hours.

Raynham's Falcon model motor, similar to the engines used in scout machines for long periods of reconnaissance and pursuit work over the lines in France, was accepted after a two-hour bench demonstration. It is rated at 285 horsepower. The Martinsyde pilot tried it out in flight for seven hours, found that it worked smoothly and announced that he was ready to bring it here for the long flight overseas. Except for short warm ups it has hand only 30 minutes' run since Raynham's arrival. Notwithstanding the brevity of these fests, both pilots profess absolute faith in their power plant, a defect in any part of which would spell failure for the venture and imperil the lives of the fliers. Hawker in particular expresses confidence that his motor, with a few improvements which he has installed, will serve him for a successful passage. Raynham, although reticent, is equally confident.

Raynham Favored in Betting Odds.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., April 28.—Now that the time has passed for the Sealing Sweepstakes, Newfoundland's favorite indoor sport, the people here have turned to gambling on the transatlantic flight. Lloyds odds were quoted here today 4 to 1 against any crossing in April and 2 to 1 against any crossing in May, while the rate was 2 to 1 in favor of Raynham getting across and 2 to 1 against Hawker getting across. These last mentioned odds were explainable, in the opinion of Morgan, Raynham's pilot, because his machine had been ready to take the air three days after its arrival, while the Sopwith plane took longer and missed one chance of getting away six been days ago.

In addition to these odds the St. John's folk were making their own sweepstakes, in which lots were drawn on all sorts of aspects of the flight. Morgan said today that he had backed himself to the limit—"betting my shirt," he exclaimed,—and added that he felt every confidence of winning.

The local weather was somewhat improved, though stiff southeast winds sweeping across the Qui Dividi Valley made the Martinsyde start practically impossible, and conditions at Mount Pearl offered only precarious chances to get away there. Hawker at his airdrome had, however, contented himself with trying a new propeller.

Midatlantic weather is understood to be somewhat improved, though the secrecy now insisted upon by the British Air Ministry makes it difficult to learn just what the conditions are. London dispatches reaching here today quoted the Air Ministry as believing that its reports might have been tampered with. This was received with broad smiles in view of the fact that no dispute existed about the text of last Wednesday's message, when the Ministry said the weather was "favorable," and the members of both expeditions here unanimously said it was not.

Further, it was pointed out that the fliers have depended, not upon the three messages of advice received from London in the course of a month, but upon the daily weather maps compiled here by the Ministry's local representative from a large number of reports daily received direct from coast stations and ships at sea.

It was said no material number of these could have been tampered with even had some mysterious person had a malign motive for sending any false information.

No word had been received here today of the mine layer Arrocstook, which was reported on the way from Rockaway with seaplanes of the American advance party. The Newfoundland Board of Trade entertained the newspaper correspondents at luncheon today, when speakers on behalf of the guests discussed the future of commercial aviation and thanked St. John's for the city's generous and widespread hospitality.

BARS UNIFORM TO FAKERS.

Col. Woods Calls Them "Cooties" and Asks Police to Stop Them.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Police chiefs of all cities of the country were appealed to today by Colonel Arthur Woods, Special Assistant to the Secretary of War in charge of the employment of discharged soldiers, to aid the Government in preventing peddlers and street fakers from wearing the uniform of the army or navy.

In a letter sent to the police chiefs, Colonel Woods said that he believed many, if not most, of the men in uniform who were peddling in the streets never entered the service and were frauds. Eighty per cent. of the men coming out of the army or navy go direct to their homes, he declared, and only a very few of the 20 per cent. who linger in the cities resort to the use of the uniform for improper purposes.

Employers who hire men in uniform to peddle for them were denounced by Colonel Woods as "'cooties' who do it simply to play upon the public sympathy which the uniform arouses."

Colonel Woods said the practice could be stopped by the chiefs of police if they would issue orders making it impossible for a man in the uniform of the army or navy to secure a peddler's license.

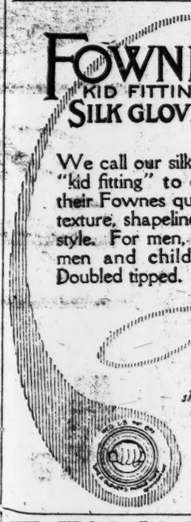
Clark and Weinberg

FURS
Cloth Coats
Evening Wraps
Cold Storage
2%

634 Fifth Ave.
Opp. Cathedral

FOWNES
KID FITTING
SILK GLOVES

We call our silk gloves "kid fitting" to express their Fownes quality in texture, shapeliness and style. For men, women and children. Doubled tipped.



Seasonable shades. At shops everywhere.

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VISUAL INDIVIDUAL
INSTRUCTION METHOD

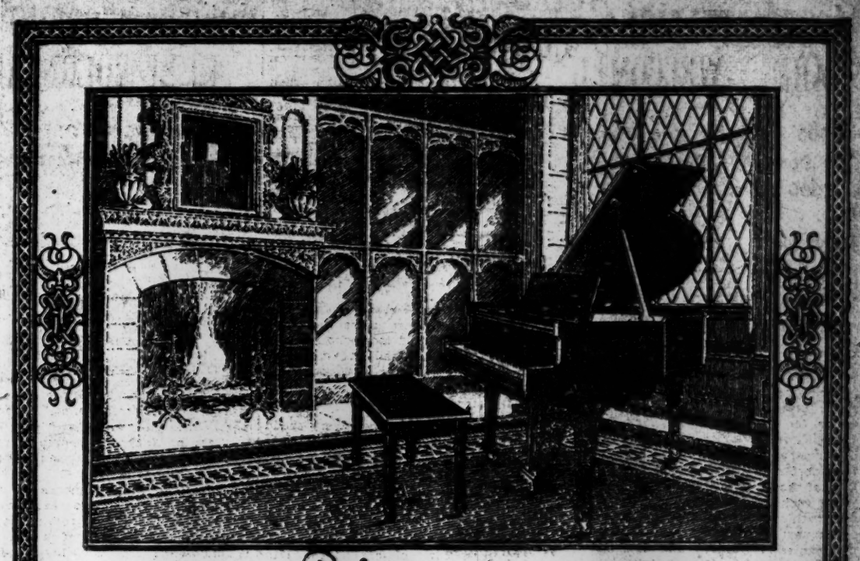
In Shorthand, Touch Typewriting, &c., Is Quicker, Easier and More Thorough.

Students Starting Now. Open All Summer. Day or Evening. Established 70 Years. Call, write or phone for catalogue.

The Paine School 130 Bway at 59th St. 60th Year

WHY STOCKS MOVE.

Explanation of fluctuations in leading stocks and bonds given in The Annalist every Monday. Published by The New York Times Company, 10 cents on news stands. $4.00 a year by mail.—Advt.



The Steck
SMALL GRAND PIANO

THE STECK is one of the three great American pianos, the universal demand for which has been so great as to make it necessary to manufacture them both in America and Europe. The other two are the Steinway and the Weber. The international fame of the Steck has been won through sheer merit. The result of the painstaking effort of George Steck, musician and master craftsman, the instrument has made and maintained a reputation that is second to none in piano history.

The Steck possesses a wonderful tone—pure, liquid and exquisitely rounded and a delightfully flexible, responsive action. These features, together with its *unexcelled durability*, combine to make the Steck without question the greatest piano at its price, obtainable today.

The instrument illustrated is but five feet in length, yet powerful and resonant in tone. A veritable "Grand Piano" in every sense of the word.

The Steck Piano is obtainable in three styles. The Steck Upright, at $550. The Steck Small Grand, at $800. The Steck Louis XV Grand, at $950. Convenient Monthly Payments if Desired.

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY

Makers of the Aeolian-Vocalion—The Greater Phonograph

In MANHATTAN: 29 West 42d Street
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In BROOKLYN: 11 Flatbush Avenue
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Phone 6900 Greeley

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

Girls' Pongee Dresses Hold Sway in To-day's Fashions

PONGEE silk is one of the most satisfying of fabrics for girls' frocks, when one considers its many desirable characteristics.

It is not only attractive in its lustrous appearance, but both practical and durable since it can be laundered repeatedly.

Pongee silk is developed in many charming models, individualized by hand smocking, hand embroidery or dainty lingerie collars, and portraying the mode in pleated, overblouse, two-piece or guimpe models. Sizes 6 to 16 years.

(Illustrated)
Girls' Pongee Silk Dress
Sizes 12 to 16 years
11.75

9.75 to 29.50

GIRLS' DRESS SHOP—Second Floor

A SURE INVESTMENT—THE VICTORY LIBERTY LOAN

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

FASHION DECREES WOOL JERSEY for MISSES' SPORT SUITS

Franklin Simon presents entirely new models for town, country or sport wear

EVER since Chanel of Paris sponsored wool Jersey for sport costumes, this fabric has had unabated popularity.

The Fashionable Miss is quick to discern the many delightful characteristics of wool Jersey for late Spring or Summer Suits.

It is just the correct weight fo comfort and very smart when selected in heather mixtures, navy or reindeer for more practical wear, or in light shades for the typical sport suit.

Sizes 14 to 20 years.

(Illustrated)
Wool Jersey Suit
29.50

Among the many new sport suits are:

English Type of Wool Jersey Suit with large sport pockets.

Cape Suit of Wool Jersey with detachable Golf Jacket.

Slip-on Wool Jersey Suit with cuff border on coat.

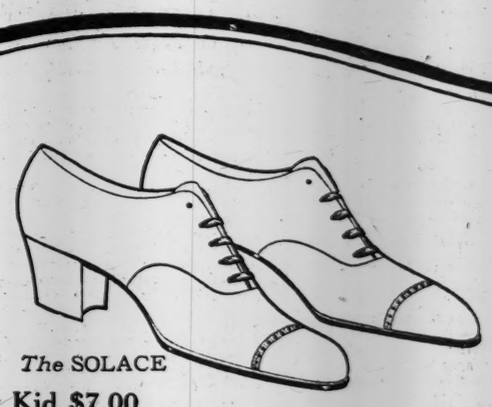
Collarless Wool Jersey Suit with Watteua pleat at back.

Wool Jersey Suit with Angora wool collar and cuffs.

Suits of Wool Jersey embroidered in a contrasting shade.

29.50 to 69.50

MISSES' SUIT SHOP—Second Floor



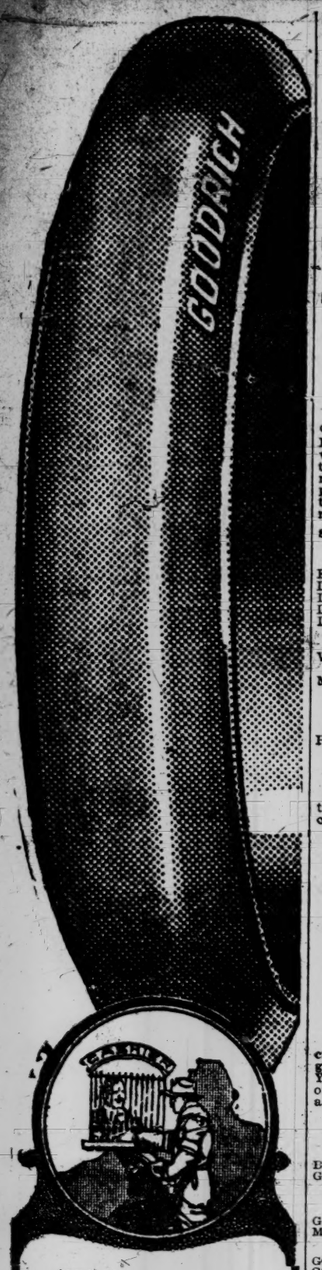
The SOLACE
Black Kid $7.00
White Canvas $6.00

If your shoes crowd your front joint, how you will like this oxford! It comes with a special width and with a special depth to pocket that joint. If that joint is a little sensitive, this oxford will give you a whole lot of satisfaction. A trim oxford, ready with either high or low heel, one of the many Walk-Over lasts, made to fit every foot.

Walk-Over

WALK-OVER SHOE STORES

New York City
179 Broadway
1173-75 Broadway
1439 Broadway
150 Bowery
252 W. 125th St.
622 W. 181st St.
Brooklyn
1535 Broadway
565-7 Fulton St.
5406 Fifth Ave.
Bronx
557 Melrose Ave.
Yonkers, N. Y.
7 N. Broadway
Newark, N. J.—795 Broad St.
Paterson, N. J.—181 Market St.
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—297 Main St.



Ever Thought of a Tire Bonus, Mr. Truck Owner?

Say, for example, you gave your driver $1 on every single tire and $2 on every dual for every thousand miles over the maker's guarantee.

How advantageous such an arrangement—you save from $10 to $20 per thousand miles, just by spending a dollar or two.

And fancy your driver—how careful. How he would ease the truck over bumps, how he would refrain from spinning the rear wheels, for instance, lest he grind off dollars.

With GOODRICH DE LUXE Truck Tires under your load and 100% co-operation from your driver, you would write off your original tire investment several times.

—for DE LUXE Truck Tires have in their deep, specially toughened treads a *natural thrift* that can easily be broadened by the method advanced.

Applying Stations:

NEW YORK
Akron Rubber Tire Co., 324 W. 52d St.
E. Schoonmaker Co., Inc., 89 Walker St.
C. J. Dalton, 90th St. and 1st Ave.
BROOKLYN
Robert Austin & Co., 17 Dean St.
A. Jungkind, 302 Flushing Ave.
STATEN ISLAND
A. T. Zorn, 143 Canal St., Stapleton.
JERSEY CITY
Akron Rubber Tire Co., 291 Newark Ave.
LONG ISLAND CITY
Harrolds Motor Car Co., Freeman Ave.
QUEENS
W. L. & J. T. Callister, Jericho Turnpike.
MINEOLA
Walters Rubber Co.
FREEPORT
G. Bentley Smith.
PATCHOGUE
E. Bailey & Sons.
YONKERS
A. J. White, 62 Warburton Ave.
NEW ROCHELLE
Woodside Tire Exchange, 493 Main St.
WHITE PLAINS
Orawaupum Tire & Rep. Co., 21 Orawaupum St.
NYACK
Tire Service Station, Inc., 69 So. B'way.

GOODRICH
De Luxe
TRUCK
TIRES

TOTAL CASUALTIES NOW UP TO 287,154

New List of 81 Names for the Army Is Given Out by the War Department.

INCLUDES 48 DEAD MEN

Four Missing Soldiers and 29 Wounded Also Are Named In Pershing's Latest List.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—One army casualty list was given out at the War Department today, containing 81 names, which brought the total for the army up to 281,219. This includes 4,534 prisoners released and returned from German prison camps to the American Expeditionary Forces. The total for the army nod Marine Corps is now 287,154.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported April 28.	Total.
Killed in action..	32,072	3	32,075
Lost at sea.....	732	0	732
Died of wounds..	13,461	2	13,463
Died of accident..	4,437	17	4,454
Died of disease..	22,841	26	22,867
Total	73,543	48	73,591
Wounded (85% returned to duty)	198,621	29	198,650
Missing and prisoners (not including prisoners released and returned)	4,440	4	4,444
Prisoners released and returned....	4,534	..	4,534
Total	281,138	81	281,219

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

Gen.	General.	Corp.	Corporal.
Col.	Colonel.	Bgl.	Bugler.
Maj.	Major.	Mch.	Mechanic.
Capt.	Captain.	Wagn.	Wagoner.
Lt.	Lieutenant.	Mus.	Musician.
Sgt.	Sergeant.	Hrs.	Horseshoer.

(DA) Died from Accident or other Cause.
(DD) Died from Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

DUNCAN, W. C., 242 E. 82d St.....(DA)
GRIFFIN, J. J., 332 Greenwich St....(DA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

GAUGHAN, F. J., Stillwater.....(WL)
MUELLER, I. W., Syracuse.....(WL)

CONNECTICUT.

GORDON, W. R., Hartford.....(WL)
GOVOTSKI, V., Pequabuck.....(WL)

NEW JERSEY.

HANDSCHUL, W. P., Passaic.....(DA)
HITCHCOCK, J. A., Newark.....(DD)
STRAULINA, M. Newton—Corp.....(DA)

OTHER STATES.

AGNEW, W. M., Pioneer, Ohio.....(DD)
ALEWINE, J. J., Spiro, Okla.....(DA)
BAILEY, R., Guthrie, Okla—Sgt.....(DA)
BATTLE, F., Gaston, Ala.....(DD)
BLAKE, N., Easton, Md.....(DD)
BOLAR, G. A., Wilmore, Ky.....(DD)
BROWN, J. F., Rutledge, Ga.....(KA)
CALHOUN, W., Port Sullivan, Texas..(DD)
COE, R. D., Nesbit, Miss—Lt.....(DA)
DUNCAN, T., Wayton, Ark.....(DW)
DUNLOP, G. A., Chicago—Mech.....(DA)
EATON, C. W., Memphis, Tenn.—Sgt..(DD)
FLINT, P. O., Bethany, Mo—Sgt.....(DD)
FUNK, H., Cottonwood, Idaho.....(KA)
GABRENJA, T., Johnstown, Pa.—Wagn.(DA)
GIANNOTTI, G., Italy.....(DW)
GOAD, N., Peck, Va.....(DD)
HACKETT, R., Salt Lake City, Utah..(DD)
HILL, O., Hogansville, Ga.....(DD)
HOLLOWAY, J., Swan Quarter, N. C.(DD)
HUGHES, A. J., Plano, S. D.—Corp....(DA)
HUNT, J. G., Covington, Tenn.—Corp.(DA)
JACKSON, J., Boscoe, La.....(DD)
JACQUETTE, J. K., Olivet, Mich.....(DA)
JAMES, G. F., Anna, Ill.....(DD)
JELACH, T., Ironwood, Mich.—Corp...(DD)
KALTENBACH, H. L., Laurium, Mich.—Sgt.....(DD)
LEE, R. A., Villard, Minn.....(DA)
LOVELL, O., Alexandria, La.....(DD)
McGRATH, J. R., Kenoma, Mo.—Sgt...(DD)
McMILLEN, L. L., Newcastle, Penn...(DA)
MADSEN, J., Minneapolis, Minn.....(DD)
MOODY, W. H., Baxley, Ga.....(DD)
O'BRIEN, C. L., Decatur, Ga.—Nurse..(DD)
PANNAN, J. C., Lincoln, Neb.—Corp..(DD)
PARKER, R. W., Champaign, Ill.—Lt...(KA)
PAYS, H., Mountville, Ala.....(DA)
POST, B. J. C., New Bedford, Mass..(DA)
RILEY, I., Newton, Miss.....(DD)
SEVEY, C. P., Plymouth, Cal.—Wgn..(DD)
SFARRAR, T. A., Evans City, Penn.—Corp.....(DD)
SWEEN, C., Fairview, Mon.....(DA)
TRAYLOR, W., Covis, Cal.....(WL)
WHITTEN, E. R., Columbus, Ga.—Hrs.(DD)

Revised List of Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

	Now Rptd.	Prev Rptd.
BRESKIN, J., 1,456 Wilkins Av.	(KA)	(MA)
CRANMER, R. T., 106 Hortland Place, Staten Island	(KA)	(D)
GARIBOLDI, E. J., 421 W. 46th St.	(RD)	(MA)
GRECO, J., 1,970 Fulton St., Brooklyn	(KA)	(MA)
THOMPSON, F. J., Astoria	(RD)	(MA)

NEW YORK STATE.

GACHINSKY, A., Rochester	(DD)	(D)
LOWERY, W., Lancaster	(KA)	(WS)
McDONOUGH, J. J., Buffalo	(KA)	(WU)
WYPCK, P., Niagara Falls	(KA)	(WS)

OTHER STATES.

BACON, C. D., Burghill, Ohio. (..KA)		(D)
BAGLEY, J. W., Blackfoot, Idaho.	(KA)	(WS)
BOWS, H., Dry Branch, W. Va.— Bowy, H., Dry Branch, W. Va.— Sgt.	(KA)	(D)
BRIBBIN, E. W., Savare, Mon.	(KA)	(WS)
BROWN, E. B., Caney, Kan.— Corp.	(KA)	(D)
BROWN, E. H., Bellevue, Iowa— C orp.	(KA)	(D)
BUSS, E., Quakertown, Penn.	(RD)	(D)
CEREIO, D., Cleveland, Ohio.	(KA)	(WS)
CRANK, H., Lancaster, Ky.	(KA)	(D)
DAWSON, C. J., St. Joseph, Mo. —Sgt.	(KA)	(MA)
DOUGHTIE, P. R., Eufaula, Ala.	(D)	(MA)
GIANNOTI, D., Italy	(Erron.)	(DW)
GRAYSON, J. W., Methuen, Mass.	(KA)	(D)
HASSET, M., Chicago	(KA)	(MA)
HELMNKE, W., Holgate, Ohio.	(KA)	(D)
JANELLI, M., Philadelphia, Penn.	(RD)	(DW)
IMHOFF, G. L., N. Orleans, La.	(DW)	(D)
JAMES, G., Rend, Ill.	(Erron.)	(DD)
JOHNSTON, J., Bedford, Ind.	(KA)	(D)
KARWELLAT, A., Collinsville, Ill.—Corp	(KA)	(WS)
KOOK, H. B., Cincinnati, Ohio.	(KA)	(MA)
KOLAV, F., Christopher, Ill.	(KA)	(D)
LARSON, H. W., Menominee, Mich.	(D)	(MA)
LEWIS, D. M., Akron, Ohio.	(RD)	(DD)
LILYA, G. R., Murray, Utah	(KA)	(D)
MARCHART, G., Cadott, Wis.	(KA)	(D)
OWENS, A. H., Waco, Ky.	(RD)	(DD)
PART, D. P., Walkerville, Mont.	(KA)	(WS)
PAYNE, J. W., Flint, Mich.	(KA)	(WS)
ROKE, H. M., Wausau, Wis.	(KA)	(MA)
SCHEIDER, A. F., Louisville, Ky.	(D)	(MA)
STEWART, S. W., Minden, La.	(KA)	(MA)
STOVER, C. N., Emlenton, Penn.	(KA)	(WS)
VALENTI, J., Bari, Italy	(D)	(WU)
WILLIS, P. T., Jersey Shore, Penn.—La.	(KA)	(MA)
YEAMANS, J., Matagorda, Texas.	(D)	(MA)

HOLDUP MEN GET $20,000.

Beat Money Broker In His Shop in Daylight and Escape.

Another hold up and robbery was added to the city's list of crime yesterday, when two men, one of whom wore an infantry overcoat, held up Charles Fishback in his money exchange office at 114 Essex Street, and escaped with money and valuables, the value of which he placed at $20,000.

Fishback had just opened his office. He was placing some Liberty Bonds and coins in his window when the man with the army overcoat entered. He offered for sale a coupon book of the third Loan on which $4 had been paid. Fishback declined to buy.

As he handed the book back, his visitor drew a revolver. In the meantime, another man who had entered crawled under the counter, came up behind the money broker and struck him over the head with a piece of lead pipe. Fishback fell, and while the first man kept him covered the other picked up the money and securities in sight. They took, according to Fishback, nearly $7,000 in Liberty Bonds, $3,000 in cash, a quantity of foreign money, and War Savings Stamps.

The pair separated on leaving the shop. Fishback pursued the one wearing the soldier's coat up Essex to Rivington Street, to Norfolk Street, finally losing him in a hallway.

COURT HALTS PLAY CENSORS

"Tiger, Tiger," Presented in Newark Despite Police Order.

Vice Chancellor Lane in Newark yesterday granted to the proprietors of the Broad Street Theatre a temporary restraining order to prevent the police stopping last night's performance of David Belasco's play, "Tiger, Tiger." The order also calls upon the Director of Public Safety, William J. Brennan, and Chief of Police Michael T. Long to show cause this afternoon why the order should not be made permanent.

M. S. Schlesinger, lessee and manager of the theatre, applied for the order yesterday through his attorney, Frederick Jay. Affidavits by David Belasco and a letter written by Chief Magistrate William McAdoo of New York that the play, as revised, contained nothing that would shock the public or impair its morals, were presented to the court.

Mr. Schlesinger made affidavit that a week ago he was notified by Police Captain Connell that a special performance for the police censors would have to be held yesterday or the show would not be permitted to open. At first, the Vice Chancellor's rule to show cause called on the police to appear in court immediately, but through Assistant City Attorney Manning it was agreed the performance should be given unmolested and the police censors attend.

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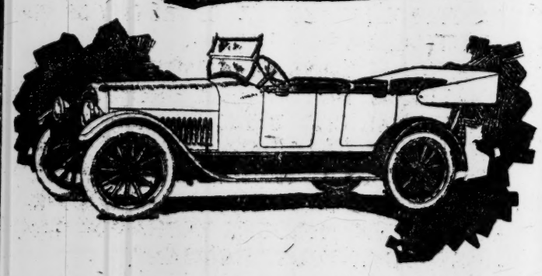

The New LIGHT-SIX

Beautiful in Design
Thoroughly Modern
Mechanically Right

THE New Studebaker LIGHT-SIX so completely meets the requirements of quality, appearance, price, economy, room, comfort and speed that it has been called "the ideal five-passenger car."

Its lines are clean cut and aristocratic. The fenders, radiators, tilting windshield and the arrangement in detail of the seats all blend harmoniously and symmetrically, making the general impression of the car distinctive and beautiful.

The thorough satisfaction of this car is evidenced by the thousands of letters from enthusiastic owners.

Come in and let us give you a demonstration.

Studebaker Corporation of America
RETAIL SALESROOMS:
Broadway at 56th Street
SERVICE AND REPAIR DEPARTMENT:
219-223 West 77th Street

13 MANUFACTURING ARSENALS PLANNED

Acting Secretary Crowell Announces War Department's Permanent Program.

NAMES PLANTS APPROVED

Works at Springfield, Mass., and Detroit May Be Added if Congress Authorizes Expenditure.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The approved arsenal plan of the War Department, Acting Secretary Crowell announced today, contemplates the maintenance of thirteen manufacturing and finishing arsenals with the possible addition of the Springfield, Mass., small arms plant and a Detroit plant, should Congress authorize the necessary expenditures for these two.

The arsenals definitely decided upon for the permanent program include the plants at Edgewood, Md.; Rock Island, Ill.; Watervliet, N. Y.; Watertown, Mass.; Old Hickory, Tenn.; Amatol, N. J.; Tullytown, N. J.; Frankford, Penn.; Rochester, N. Y.; Erie, Penn.; Chicago, (shell machining plant,) and Madison, Wis.

The Edgewood plant, Mr. Crowell said, would be used for the time being as a storage place for the air service, pending final decision by the Peace Conference as to whether the use of gases in warfare is to be prohibited. Should the Peace Conference fail to take definite action regarding this weapon the Edgewood factories will be utilized in producing chemical warfare material.

The Rock Island plant will be used principally for the production of gun carriages and tanks; that at Watervliet for finishing guns, and the Frankford plant for production of small arms.

ARREST HONDURAS GENERAL

Somezo Held In Santa Rosa, Cal., on Bank Embezzlement Charge.

SANTA ROSA, Cal., April 28.—Señor Hernando Somezo, son-in-law of the late former President Sierra of Honduras and a former General in the Honduras Army, is under arrest here on a Federal warrant in connection with the alleged embezzlement of funds of the Santa Rosa National Bank. An indictment against Somezo was returned in Sacramento last week.

According to the District Attorney's office, it is charged that Somezo, a wealthy rancher and owner of large tracts near here, secured large sums of money from the bank through connections with Frank A. Brush, son of the late President of the bank, who is also under arrest.

Somezo came here about six years ago. During the administration of President Sierra in Honduras, 1900 to 1904, he was a General in the Honduras Army, and married one of Sierra's daughters.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Children Love the Taste of
"California Syrup of Figs"
The Safe, Pleasant Laxative

All druggists sell the genuine "California Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna." Full directions as a laxative for children of all ages are plainly printed on the bottle label. Look for the name "California" and accept no other "Fig Syrup" except that made by the originators.

The California Fig Syrup Co.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Free A 10-Day Tube
Send the coupon below and see for yourself how Pepsodent cleans teeth

Brush Teeth
In This Way—Then Decide
All Statements Approved by High Dental Authorities

Look in Ten Days

You have learned, we think, that brushing does not save your teeth. They still discolor, still decay. Your present methods leave a film, and most tooth troubles are due to it.

Dental science has now produced an efficient film combatant. We ask you to test it at our cost, then look at your teeth in a few days. Decide for yourself what it means to you.

That film is what discolors—not your teeth. It is the basis of tartar. It holds food substance which ferments and forms acid. It holds the acid in contact with the teeth to cause decay.

Millions of germs breed in it. They, with tartar, are the chief cause of pyorrhea. So these troubles occur, despite your brushing, when you don't remove the film.

There is now a way to end it. Able authorities have proved the fact by countless clinical tests. You can prove it yourself in ten days.

The method is embodied in a dentifrice called Pepsodent, and we gladly supply a ten-day test to anyone who asks.

Your Teeth Unclean

You brush your teeth twice daily, without doubt. Yet they are unclean, unsafe. A dangerous film is on them. In the crevices it hardens, clings and stays. See the difference when that film is gone.

Analysis shows that the film is albuminous. Pepsodent is based on pepsin, the digestant of albumin. The object is to dissolve the film, then to constantly combat it.

Ordinary pepsin is impossible. It must be activated, and the usual agent is an acid harmful to the teeth. But dental science has now found a harmless activating method. Now that method, used in Pepsodent, has altered all the ideas about teeth cleaning.

Leading dentists all over America now advise the daily use of Pepsodent. Hundreds of thousands now follow that advice. Your own friends are among them. When you see white, glistening teeth you'll usually find that the owner uses Pepsodent.

Learn how to get such teeth for yourself—how to keep them white and safe. Our ten-day test will amaze you. Send the coupon for it.

Pepsodent REG. U.S. PAT. OFF. The New-Day Dentifrice

Clip This Coupon

Send it for a 10-Day Tube. Use like any tooth paste. Note how clean the teeth feel after using. Mark the absence of the slimy film. See how the teeth whiten as the fixed film disappears. It will be a revelation.

Ten-Day Tube Free
THE PEPSODENT CO.,
Dept. N-6, 1104 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.
Mail Ten-Day Tube of Pepsodent to
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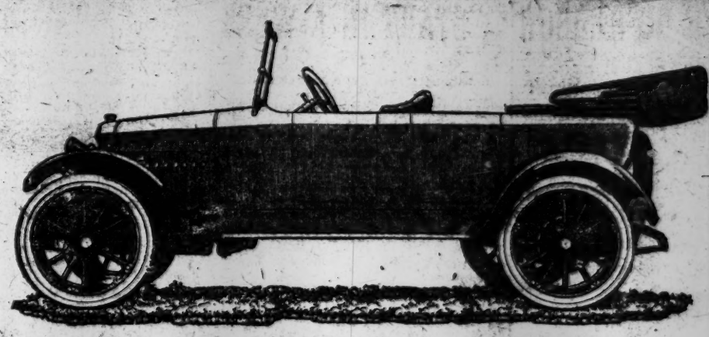

Maxwell
—a car built 1/1000 of an inch fine

THE word "fine" has many meanings. Applied to a car it may mean the car looks fine, or it may mean the car is built fine.

The public usually makes up its mind about the former, and hears little about the latter.

Maxwell is a car built to very fine limits. When you begin to separate an inch into one-one thousandth part you will readily realize the pains taken to make the Maxwell right.

It means that each one of the working parts of the Maxwell are made accurate to that exceedingly fine point.

There's a good reason for this. In a great production like the Maxwell there would be a tremendous waste of time and materials unless there was such painstaking accuracy.

It would mean a car $200 more in price.

That is why Maxwell parts are "ground to size"—the most expensive operation in modern machine shop practice—not hand-fitted as they are in cars costing hundreds of dollars more.

And, by the way, that is why some cars cost hundreds of dollars more.

So that is one of many reasons why there is a 300,000 run on this single Maxwell chassis model. 300,000 built all on the original chassis program. 300,000 that are giving an extraordinary record of themselves.

Each new Maxwell is better than the last. Each new Maxwell is finer than the one that went before.

It is built fine. That is our idea of a fine car.

Maxwell
More miles per gallon
More miles on tires

Maxwell Motor Sales Corporation
New York Branch, 1808 Broadway
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Phone Circle 5550 OPEN EVENINGS
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Seen under a powerful magnifying glass, a dull razor blade looks like a saw edge

Stropping keeps these tiny teeth in perfect alignment, provides a smooth keen edge for every shave

The after-smart of shaving—its remedy

STRETCHING the skin over the face or shaving up represent the attempt to make a dull blade cut through the beard.

After-smart inevitably results.

The remedy lies in using a razor that provides a keen edge for every shave.

The AutoStrop Razor gives you a cool, comfortable shave every time, irrespective of coarse beard or tender skin. Its sharp, rightly tempered blades cut clean.

You don't need to use a new blade each time to insure a keen blade. To give you maximum service from every dozen blades, the razor is made self-stropping.

This patented stropping feature enables you to keep a keen edge on your blade for every shave.

The AutoStrop Razor is the only safety razor that *sharpens itself, shaves and cleans without removing the blade.* Ask your dealer about the 30-day free trial plan.

AutoStrop Razor—*sharpens itself*

AUTOSTROP SAFETY RAZOR CO.
New York Toronto London Paris

BACK TO BARTER

The Annalist this week points out that, in consequence of gold scarcity, the world is going back to first principles of bartering goods for goods. Published by The New York Times Company, 10 cents on news stands, $5 a year by mail.

Invest-Gladly!

Go to a Bank and Borrow—and Invest in the Victory Loan to the Full Limit of Your Ability!

THE Victory Liberty Loan is one of the most attractive investments ever offered by the United States Government.

No other investment affords the man of moderate means such unequaled security with so high a rate of interest as the 4¾% Victory Notes.

You cannot afford not to invest—just as largely as your circumstances warrant.

Go to your bank to-day—and borrow to the full extent of your ability to meet the obligation.

There are 355 banks and branches conveniently located in all sections of the city. They are all open to you for Victory Loan purposes.

Many banks have pledged themselves to make loans to subscribers on United States Government Victory Notes for 90 days, with one renewal for a similar period, at 4¾%, which is the same rate of interest as that paid by the Government. Such loans will not interfere with any borrower's regular line of credit.

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Mint Jell

Try Mint Jiffy-Jell with roast lamb or cold meats. It is vastly better than mint sauce. Try Jiffy-Jell desserts with their real fruit flavors in essence form, in vials. Each is so rich in condensed fruit juice that it makes a real fruit dainty. Yet they cost no more than old-style gelatine desserts.

Jiffy-Jell

10 Flavors, at Your Grocer's
2 Packages for 25 Cents

419

MORE MEN OF 77TH WHO WON CITATIONS

Gen. Alexander Issues a Supplementary List of Twenty Men with Their Achievements.

TELLS OF HEROIC DEEDS

Praise for Sergt. Norwat, Who Fell While He Was Leading a Reducing Party.

Maj. Gen. Robert Alexander, Commander of the 77th Division yesterday gave out a supplementary list of citations which he awarded on Feb. 2, 1919, to twenty enlisted men of his command. Thirteen of those whose names appear on the list are residents of New York City from which the contingent was mainly recruited. They are Acting Sergeant Arthur Norwat, Corporal Peter J. Kiernan, Corporal Sol Catalano, Private, first class, Herman Shackman, Private, first class, Samuel A. Altiera, Private Paul Sigal, Private Walter Generaux, Private John P. Egan, Private George Relkewitz, Private John Osterman, Private William P. Derringer, Private Joseph F. Birmingham and Private Frederick M. Meury. The citations follow:

Corporal Peter J. Kiernan, 1697137, Co. D, 305th Infantry—For extraordinary heroism during a patrol action in Bazoches on the morning of Sept. 3, 1918. His patrol of an officer and four men having crossed the Vesle River and entered Bazoches, his skill, alertness, and courage in providing security to the rear contributed directly to the rapid and successful advance of the patrol under exceedingly adverse circumstances, while later his courage in making his way back to his own lines under fire set a fine example to the rest of the patrol. Next of kin, Mrs. Catherine Kiernan, mother, 759 Melrose Avenue, N. Y.

Corporal Sol Catalano, 1697260, Co. C, 305th Infantry—For extraordinary heroism during a patrol action in Bazoches on the morning of Sept. 2, 1918. With four men and one officer he crossed the Vesle River, entering the town of Bazoches to reconnoitre the enemy's positions. Having done so, the patrol was practically surrounded by the enemy and subjected to heavy fire from machine guns. During the heroic withdrawal which followed Corporal Catalano single-handed drove off a group of six enemy riflemen, being thus largely responsible for the successful withdrawal of the major part of the patrol with their valuable information. During this heroic performance he was severely wounded and continued fighting until exhausted by loss of blood. Next of kin, Mrs. Nellie Catalano, mother, 164 East Ninety-fourth Street, New York.

Private 1st Class Herman Shackman, 1713661, 1st Battalion Section, Headquarters Co., 305th Field Artillery. Served as telephone operator and lineman throughout the operations of the division from July 10 to Nov. 11, 1918. On the night of Aug. 14, 1918, he was on duty at 1st Battalion O. P. above Les Pres Perrie, during severe shelling with gas and high explosive, which necessitated the moving of the O. P. before daylight. Although gassed, he assisted in the transfer of the line to a new post and remained on duty until ordered by his Lieutenant to leave. On or about the morning of Sept. 18, 1918, while stationed at an intermediate post on the telephone line running from the 1st Battalion P. C. south of Blanzy to an O. P. located at Serval, he learned that the telephone operator at the O. P. had been wounded and must be evacuated. He went forward under enemy observation carrying a litter, and, although fired upon by an enemy airplane, he continued on, reached the wounded man, and assisted in bringing him in. On or about Oct. 20, 1918, he was sent forward to the church in St. Juvin, where a line had been run for the purpose of forward observation during the coming attack. Although the town was heavily shelled and many burst over and outside the building, he remained at his post throughout the greater part of the day, until recalled at dusk because of a postponement of the attack. On Nov. 1, 1918, during the attack, he volunteered to carry wire forward to this O. P. to complete a direct line to the infantry. While working up through the town fragments from a bursting shell cut the coil of wire on his arm, yet he continued on and accomplished his mission. Next of kin: Mrs. C. Sheckman, mother, 347 Beekman Avenue, New York City.

Private 1st Class Samuel A. Altiera, 1706775, Co. K, 307th Infantry.—During the time his company, with two battalions of another regiment, was surrounded by the enemy from Oct. 2 to Oct. 7, 1918, in the forest of Argonne, led two different patrols in an endeavor to reach the main body. He penetrated two systems of barbed wire and was completely surrounded, but through his coolness and disregard for his own personal danger, fought his way back in spite of machine-gun and sniping fire. During the time his company was surrounded he was exceptionally active in caring for the wounded. Next of kin, Mrs. Marie Altiera, mother, 1,702 East New York Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Private 1st Class Leo H. Downs, 1679971, Co. C, 308th Infantry.—For extraordinary bravery and devotion to duty displayed on Aug. 28, 1918, during an attack against enemy positions along the Vesle River near Ville Savoye. This soldier volunteered in a squad of automatic riflemen to accompany a noncommissioned officer and advance across the river, in the open, to draw fire from the enemy while two platoons from Company C executed a flanking manoeuvre against two enemy machine guns. Although nearly overcome by the heat, Private 1st Class Downs showed extreme courage under heavy machine-gun and artillery fire, remaining at his position until rescued by his comrades. Next of kin, John H. Downs, father, Chili, N. Y.

Private 1st Class Orrie A. Clark, Co. F, 307th Infantry.—For gallant and meritorious service rendered on Hill 275, opposite Dead Man's Hill, on Oct. 5, 1918, in the Argonne Forest. On this date the officer in charge of operations having made a reconnaissance of the territory in front of which F Company was to advance, encountered thick wire entanglements. From this advanced position he called for a volunteer to cut the wire. Private Clarke hearing this call, voluntarily and unhesitatingly came forward and proceeded to cut the wire. For one hour this soldier was subjected to the crossfire of two machine guns and rifle fire. Nevertheless, he continued in the performance of his work and only desisted upon peremptory command of his officers. In returning to his company he was subjected to constant artillery barrage. Next of kin, Mrs. Lillian Eddens, sister, West Main Street, Phelps, N. Y.

Private 1st Class Austin Trippe, 2449011, Co. B, 304th Machine Gun Battalion, who on the night of Aug. 26-27, 1918, when his company was firing a barrage over Bazoches, fearlessly exposed himself to heavy shell fire in making many trips to the ammunition dump to keep his guns supplied with ammunition and in delivering important messages. Again, during the drive from St. Juvin to the Meuse, while his company was attached to the 1st Battalion, 306th Infantry, he carried ammunition for a distance of twenty-five kilometers in two days; and while in a position established northwest of St. Herremont on the night of Nov. 4, 1918, he displayed an absolute disregard for his own personal danger, carrying messages for his company and platoon commanders over ground which was being heavily shelled and swept by indirect machine-gun fire. Next of kin, Mattes Trippe, father, 13 Lackawanna Av., Mount Morris, N. Y.

Private Paul Segal, 1708231, Co. C, 306th Infantry.—On Aug. 23, 1918, during an attack against the enemy positions along the Vesle River, near Ville Savoye, this soldier volunteered, in a squad of automatic riflemen, to accompany a noncommissioned officer and advance across the river in the open to draw fire from the enemy while two platoons of C Company executed a flanking manoeuvre against the enemy machine guns. Although nearly overcome by the heat, Private Segal showed extreme courage under heavy machine-gun and artillery fire, sticking to his position until rescued by his comrades. Next of kin, Sam Fishman, cousin, 10 Montrose St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Private George Henry Baeder, Headquarters Co., 307th Infantry.—On Sept. 11, 1918, the 3d Battalion, 307th Infantry, was holding the ridge at Mereal, with the enemy in front and on the right flank. Shortly after noon some men, thought to be Boche, were seen moving into position along the ridge on the left flank. As their continued presence there would have made the position of the 3d Battalion untenable, it was considered desirable to send a small patrol across, which, by exposing itself, would draw fire and thus verify the presence and strength of the enemy. Although realizing the dangerous nature of the mission, Private Baeder volunteered to guide the patrol across the swamp which lay between the two ridges, and did so despite heavy shelling. When other volunteers for the patrol could not be obtained from the small group of men present he without hesitation offered to accompany the two officers who made the patrol. Next of kin—George Henry Baeder, Sr., father, Flatbush Avenue, West Hartford, Conn.

Private Floyd C. Stram, 1712808, Co. A, 305th Infantry.—During the advance from the Vesle to the Aisne on Sept. 4, 5, 6, 1918, this soldier repeatedly carried wounded on the road from Pinchon Farm to the 1st Battalion aid station, although the road was continually under shellfire, and in doing so showed exceptional devotion to duty and absolute disregard for his own personal safety. Next of kin—A. J. Zimmer, uncle, Holland, Erie County, N. Y.

Private Walter Generaux, 1715868, Co. A, 306th Infantry—During the advance from the Vesle to the Aisne, near Pinchon Farm, on Sept. 7, 1918, when his company was under heavy shellfire, this soldier, with absolute disregard to his own personal safety, went among the wounded and helped in dressing their wounds and in giving comfort to them in the woods in the rear of the company's position. Next of kin, Joseph M. Generaux, father, 8 Rene Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Private John P. Egan, 1687059, Co. A, 305th Infantry—During the advance from the Vesle to the Aisne on Sept. 4, 5, 6, 1918, this soldier repeatedly carried wounded on the road from Pinchon Farm to 1st Battalion aid station, although the road was continually under shellfire, and in so doing showed exceptional devotion to duty and absolute disregard for his own personal safety. Next of kin, Mrs. Michael Egan, mother, 594 Washington Street, New York City, N. Y.

Private George Relkewitz, 1716397, Co. L, 306th Infantry—Before Ville Savoye and during the advance from the Vesle to the Aisne in August and September, 1918, when the battalion to whose headquarters he was attached was repeatedly under heavy machine gun fire, gas and shellfire, this soldier repeatedly delivered messages and aided in bringing in the wounded men without thought of personal danger and with exceptional devotion to his comrades. Next of kin, Benjamin Relkewitz, father, 110 West 114th Street, New York City, N. Y.

Private (Acting Sergt.) Arthur Norwat, 1710315, Co. M, 305th Infantry, (deceased.)—On Sept. 14, 1918, near Pavillon on the Aisne Canal, Sergeant Norwat advanced ahead of his company with a Chauchat rifle and, single-handed, silenced an enemy machine gun and captured the gunner. On the following day, when all the officers of Company M had been either killed or wounded, and when the company had been forced out of its position, he assembled thirteen men and by his daring leadership inspired them to charge and recapture the trench, driving out a superior force of the enemy. In the Forest of Argonne, near Moulin de L'Homme Mout, on Oct. 7, 1918, Sergeant Norwat held his platoon in an attempt to reach companies of the 1st and 2d Battalions, 306th Infantry, which had been surrounded by the enemy near Charlevaux. When enemy machine guns checked temporarily, the advance, this non-commissioned officer sprang upon the parapet, in full view of the enemy, and opened fire upon them with an automatic rifle. He continued fire until he fell, mortally wounded. Next of kin, Alfred Norwat, brother, 417 South 4th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Private John Osterman, 1698064, Co. H, 305th Infantry.—In the attack on Champignanelle on Nov. 1, 1918, when his company came under withering machine gun fire, this soldier, with utter disregard for his personal safety, helped to carry wounded men from the field and in so doing showed the utmost bravery, devotion to duty and to his comrades. Next of kin, Mrs. Mary Johnson, mother, 847 55th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Private William P. Derringer, 1696518, Headquarters Co., 305th Infantry—Before Ville Savoye and during the advance from the Vesle to the Aisne to August and September, 1918, when the battalion to whose headquarters he was attached was repeatedly under heavy machine-gun, gas and shell fire, this soldier repeatedly delivered messages and aided in bringing in wounded men without thought of personal danger and with exceptional devotion to his comrades. Next of kin—Johanna Derringer, mother, 465 West 164th Street, New York City, N. Y.

Private Joseph F. Birmingham, 1680685, Co. H, 305th Infantry—In the attack on Champiganelle on Nov. 1, 1918, when his company came under withering machine-gun fire, this soldier, with utter disregard for his personal safety, helped to carry wounded men from the field and in so doing showed the utmost bravery, devotion to duty and to his comrades. Next of kin—Mrs. Anna Higgins, sister, Niagara Falls, N. Y.

Private Charles R. Cook, 3678664, Battery C, 305th Field Artillery—Assigned to duty as a runner with the Forward Observation Officer of the 1st Battalion, 305th Field Artillery, during operations at Grand Pre, Oct. 14, 1918, to Oct. 27, 1918. On the night of Oct. 16, 1918, when the severity of enemy shelling had effectively broken down all wire communication from Grand Pre to the rear, he was charged with the delivery of an important message for his Battalion Commander. Leaving the cellar which constituted the Infantry P. C. where his Lieutenant was on duty he made his way in the darkness to the river crossings, only to find that the rising water had carried away the improvised bridges. Aware of their location, the enemy was directing continuous shell and machine-gun fire upon the crossings. Private Cook stuck doggedly to his work, forded the stream in two places and pushed through to deliver his message.

Private Michael Roach, 1678980, Co. D, 305th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism near Villers-Prayvere on Sept. 7, 1918, during the advance to Aisne Canal. During this advance Private Roach, under violent machine-gun fire, with great intrepidity and daring, went forward alone with an automatic rifle and took up an advantageous position from which he gave most effective fire until his rifle was rendered unserviceable by the enemy, thereby showing initiative, good judgment, and disregard of his personal safety, and devotion to duty. Next of kin—Mrs. Liza Roach, mother, North Lawrence, N. Y.

Private Frederick M. Meury, 1698960, Co. C, 305th Infantry, (deceased.) For extraordinary heroism during a patrol action in Bazoches on the morning of Sept. 2, 1918. This patrol of one officer and four men, having crossed the Vesle River, entered the town of Bazoches. His skill, alertness, and courage in the investigation of dugouts and buildings contributed directly to the rapid and successful advance of the patrol under exceedingly adverse conditions, while later this same courage enabled the rapid withdrawal of the patrol with their valuable information. This splendid soldier later died of wounds received on Sept. 28, 1918. Next of kin—Mrs. Caroline Meury, mother, 458 Pulaski Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

PARK & TILFORD EXTRA QUALITY DRY GIN

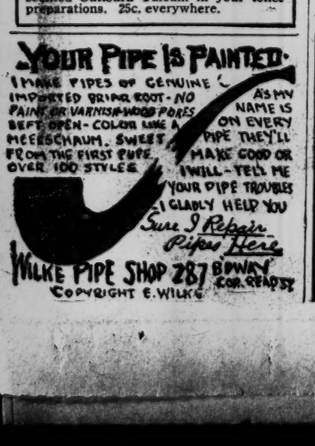
Quality —Absolute Purity and perfect silver white color.

Quantity —Sufficient to supply all reasonable demand.

Price —Most moderate, quality considered.

$2.50 per bottle
29.00 per case
28.50 per case in 10 case lots
28.00 per case in 25 case lots
27.00 per case in 100 case lots

Soft White Hands
Follow use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment. At night bathe them with the Soap and hot water. Dry and rub in the Ointment. Wear old gloves during night.
Do not fail to include the exquisitely scented Cuticura Talcum in your toilet preparations. 25c. everywhere.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RENT INVESTIGATOR ASKS FOR SOLUTIONS

Nathan Hirsch Calls a Mass Meeting to Enable Citizens to Make Suggestions.

MAYOR HYLAN TO PRESIDE

Tenement House Commissioner Explains Concessions Contained in Burlingame Bill.

Nathan Hirsch, Chairman of the Mayor's Committee on Ren Profiteering, announced yesterday that a mass meeting will be held tomorrow afternoon in the chamber of the Board of Estimate at the City Hall to bring together all persons who desire to propose solutions to the high rent problem. Mayor Hylan will preside, and the heads of all city departments are expected to attend either in person or by representative.

The Greater New York Lawyers' Committee, of which Judge Robert L. Luce is Chairman, will meet in Room 1,220 of the Municipal Building before the mass meeting.

It is expected that at the mass meeting the Burlingame and Dodge bills, which were designed to afford relief in the rental situation, will be fully discussed. Frank Mann, Tenement House Commissioner, in a statement yesterday summed up the principal concessions contained in the Burlingame bill as follows:

1. No bulkhead is required on the roof. The Dodge Bill also permitted this for three-story and basement buildings.
2. The stairs and public halls may be two feet six inches wide instead of three feet as formerly. This was also permitted by the Dodge Bill.
3. The existing height of risers and dimensions of treads of stairs is accepted. The Dodge Bill left this as formerly, there being apparently no necessity for a change.
4. The existing width and construction of the entrance hall is allowed to remain. This was also permitted by the Dodge Bill.
5. A gate in the fence to adjoining property is permitted in lieu of a fire passage. The Dodge Bill also permitted this.
6. An outside cellar entrance consisting of a fire ladder to an opening in the outside cellar wall is permitted. The Dodge Bill did not permit this, as it was felt that stairs from the yard to the cellar could be easily provided.
7. Rooms twenty-three feet in depth instead of twenty feet as formerly are permitted. The Dodge Bill contained the same provision.
8. Basement rooms in such buildings are permitted to be seven feet high. The Dodge Bill did not contain this provision, as apparently Section 90 already permitted rooms of that height.
9. Alcove rooms are permitted and may be sixty square feet in area. This provision was not contained in the Dodge Bill, as it was felt to be undesirable to permit rooms of less area than the Lawson Bill had allowed, namely, 500 cubic feet.
10. Neither windows, nor a stairwell, nor glass panels in the doors from the public halls are required. The Dodge Bill also allowed this condition.
11. A skylight over the stairwell fifteen square feet in area is permitted. The Dodge Bill also allowed this.
12. A minimum dimension of twenty-eight inches is permitted for the shaft upon which the toilet on the floor below the top floor is lighted and ventilated. The law formerly required the shaft to be three feet in its least dimension. The change was not included in the Dodge Bill, but is so slight as to be unimportant.
13. Flues in such buildings where gas ranges are used may be omitted. The Dodge Bill did not permit this change as it was felt that flues serve a distinct purpose in the proper ventilation of a room where cooking is done.
14. A water-closet in the basement or on the floor above the basement in such buildings will be deemed to be within the apartment of which such floor forms a part. This is a change intended to allow the use of the existing stair leading from the first floor to the basement as a means of access to the rooms in the basement. These rooms form a part of the apartment on the first floor and should be reached without having to go out into the public hall to reach them. Usually the difficulty could be eliminated by the erection of a small partition which could maintain proper privacy within the apartment. The Dodge Bill did not permit the use of the public hall in the above described manner and protected the privacy of the apartment as formerly.

The provisions of the Dodge bill would add about 50,000 apartments and would afford considerable relief in the present situation, said Mr. Mann. The Burlingame bill, he said, would add approximately 5,000 apartments to the housing facilities of the city. If a special session of the Legislature is called, said Commissioner Mann, he suggested that the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering and the State Reconstruction Commission call to the attention of Governor Smith the advantages in the enactment of the Dodge measure.

SEEKS TO AID OBJECTORS.

Complaint of Harsh Treatment of Leavenworth Prisoners Renewed.

The charge that conscientious objectors in the United States Disciplinary Barracks at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., are being subjected to brutalities, was made again yesterday by the National Civil Liberties Bureau of 41 Union Square, in a telegram to the Third Assistant Secretary of War, F. P. Keppel. The bureau was formed to defend and aid conscientious objectors. The message follows:

> Having taken your letter of April 23 to indicate conditions under which conscientious objectors held have been improved, you may understand with what utter dismay we receive report this morning that fifty-eight boys from solitary confinement cells and stockade have been put in post guardhouse in space intended for thirty persons only. That supposedly because some talked together in low tones after lights were out, three-inch fire hose was turned on men by order of Captain, drenching men, bedding, and cells. Force of high pressure stream being so powerful it knocked one man from upper bunk to floor, where he law in hysteria. That before men were left in this miserable and dangerous condition, Captain ordered ceilings wet down so that water dripped on men throughout night. That there is only one toilet for all men. We ask return wire stating what War Department intends to do about this revolting brutality.

The telegram was signed by Paul J. Furnass, associate director of the bureau.

DR. JOSEPH A. BLAKE BACK.

Returns from France with Wife and Three Children Born Abroad.

Among the 178 first cabin passengers who arrived from Havre yesterday on the French liner Lorraine were Dr. Joseph A. Blake and Mrs. Blake and their three children, Katherine, Joan and William Duer. The children all were born in France, where the parents have lived since their marriage.

Dr. Blake said he had returned to this country to resume his medical practice and would stop at the Hotel Plaza until he finds a suitable house for him family.

After having charge of an American ambulance hospital at Neuilly, near Paris, Dr. Blake said, he moved to a hospital of his own at Ris-Oranges under the British Red Cross. He said on some days the American surgeons treated as many as 700 men.

As a Colonel in the United States Medical Corps just before the armistice was signed, Dr. Blake was general consultant for the American Army for the Paris region. He also was the head of the American Red Cross Hospital in Paris.

Dr. Blake has been decorated with the Cross of the Legion of Honor by the French Government for his services in the war, and has received the Medaille d'Honneur de Santé de France. Mrs. Blake formerly was Mrs. Clarence H. Mackay of this city.

Defers Pusey-Jones Receivership.

TRENTON, N. J., April 28.—Informed that money for creditors might soon be available, Judge J. Warren Davis in the Federal Court here today postponed action until next Monday, on the request of Bleakley Brothers, stationers, of Camden, for the appointment of a receiver for the Pusey & Jones Company, which has general offices in Wilmington, Del., and shipyards in Wilmington, Gloucester, N. J., and Chester, Penn. The hearing will then be held in Newark. hearing will then be held in Newark. Counsel for the company told the court that Christopher Hannevig, the President, was expected back from Europe within a few days, and money might then be available from the Emergency Fleet Corporation for the claims of creditors, with the resulting possibility of a settlement of the entire trouble.

NO RISE IN PRICE OF MILK FOR MAY

Consumer Is Not Affected Under New Schedule Determining Charge.

PRODUCER TO GET MORE

Will Receive $3.06 for a Hundred Pounds, Highest Ever Paid During This Month.

While the producer, under the new method of fixing the price, will receive for his milk in May a little more than a half a cent a quart above what he received in April, the price of $3.06 a hundred pounds being the highest ever paid for May milk, the consumer will not be required to pay any more for his milk, according to announcement made yesterday by Borden's and Sheffield Farms. The consumer will pay 17 cents a quart for Grade A, 15 cents for Grade B, and 11 cents for loose milk. In some stores now loose milk is used as a "lead" and sold at 10 cents a quart, but in May they will have to pay a little more, so that 11 cents probably will be the price in all stores, it was said.

The Dairymen's League News, issued yesterday, announces the May milk price and describes the method by which the price is fixed as follows:

> "We are glad to announce, just as we go to press, that the May price for league milk will be $3.06 per hundred pounds. This is for 3 per cent. milk at the 200-mile base zone. Attention is called again to the fact that the extending of the base zone from 150 to 200 miles from New York adds 4 cents a hundred-for every dairyman. This May price is the best price ever received for May milk. It is 26 cents more than was paid for April milk and 60 cents more than was received for milk during May of last year.
>
> "In the March 25 number of The News we gave a full explanation of the new price plan and showed how it was applied to get the April price. In order that every league member may understand how the plan works and how his milk is sold under the plan we are again explaining the new plan and showing how the price of $3.06 is obtained for May milk.
>
> "The average quotation for 92-score butter from the 20th of March to the 19th of April, inclusive, is 65 cents a pound. In a hundred pounds of 4 per cent. milk there are 4.64 pounds of butter, and 4.62 pounds of butter at 65 cents a pound brings $3.02 a hundred. We noted then that if butter is worth 65 cents a pound, skimmed milk, under this agreement, will bring $1 a hundred; then the total value of the butter and skimmed milk at these prices is $4.02 per hundred.
>
> "The average quotation for current make average new colored cheese for the same period is 33.2 cents per pound. With cheese at 32 cents a pound we calculated a total value of both cheese and whey of $3.62 per hundred pounds for 4 per cent. milk, to which must be added 1 cent for each one-tenth of 1 per cent. above 32 cents, making the total milk value on the cheese basis $3.64.
>
> "Obtain the average of $4.02, the price on the butter basis, and $3.64, the price on the cheese basis, and the result is $3.83 for 4 per cent. milk. Change this to 3.6 per cent. basis, because 3.6 per cent. is average milk, by dividing $3.83 by 4 and multiplying by 3.6 and the result is $3.447 of 3.6 per cent. milk. From this deduct 15 cents to equalize production during the flush months, and the result is $3.297 for 3.6 per cent. milk. From this subtract 24 cents (4 cents a point for 6 points) to reduce the result to the 3 per cent. basis, and we have $3.057 or $3.06, the price for 3 per cent. milk at the 200-mile freight zone."

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU OPEN

New Office Established to Help Service Men Find Work.

Announcement was made yesterday by Alfred L. Smith, manager of the Industrial Bureau of the Merchants' Association, of the personnel of the new office of the Re-employment Bureau for Soldiers, Sailors and Marines, which has been opened at 505 Pearl Street, corner of Park Street.

Major Warren Bigelow of Colonel Arthur Wood's force, has been appointed director. Ensign P. F. Christopher, formerly of the United States Navy, is office manager. E. G. Dennison, with the Employment Bureau of the West Side Y. M. C. A., is in charge of the Placement Division. Capt. H. E. Sullivan of the 105th Field Artillery, U. S. A., is in charge of the Procurement Division.

These officers are on the third floor of the building. On the fourth floor is E. W. Drake of the United States Employment Service, who is in charge of the Registration Division and the Welfare Department. Merchants and others having positions to offer should get in touch with Mr. Sullivan of the Procurement Division.

WILL HIRE ONLY AMERICANS

Shoe Manufacturer Puts Soldiers in Places of Striking Foreigners.

Soldiers who have returned from Europe and have been mustered out of service have assisted materially in breaking up a labor crisis in the shoe industry in the Long Island City section, according to a statement made yesterday by the secretary of one of the largest factories in the district. Acording to his statement, in one factory alone more than 800 of the former soldiers have been put to work recently. They took the places of men who were on a strike and who refused to return. They have proved apt pupils and they will be able within a short time to do the work of former skilled operators who spent considerable time in learning their trade.

"Hereafter none but those who can prove their American citizenship beyond dispute will be employed in our plant," said this manufacturer. "We are going to win this fight and every real American firm and organization in the land is with us.

"The Bolshevist element that has been causing trouble in our establishments must be eradicated. Foreign agitators, paid by their Governments to disrupt our industries, must be shown that America is able to take care of itself and will not tolerate their intereference."

There has been trouble in all of the big shoe manufacturing plants, of which there are a number, in the Long Island City district. Yesterday it was said that at all the establishments discharged soldiers and sailors are being put to work and the experiment is a marked success.

WOMAN'S SERVICE LEAGUE.

New National Body Incorporated "For God, Country, and Home."

The National League for Woman's Service was incorporated yesterday with the approval of Supreme Court Justice Mullan. The motto of the organization is "For God, for Country, and for Home," and the purpose is "to provide organized and trained groups of women in every community to meet existing needs along social and economic lines; to act as a voluntary supplementary force to departments and divisions of the Government, Federal, State, and local, and to official and semi-official bodies, particularly along lines of social and economic service, and in time of war to render such service as may be required of women."

Among the incorporators are Anne Morgan, Frances Folsom Cleveland-Preston, Mabel Dean Bacon, Lolita Van Rensselaer, Edith Andrews Logan, Elizabeth Lovett, Marie Bankhead Owen, Mary Rumsey, Lucy Patterson Winston, Florence E. Gibb, Mary F. Severance, and Florence Canfield Whitney.

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If you want your ideal of underwear for hot weather perfectly expressed, don't say underwear—say Munsingwear.

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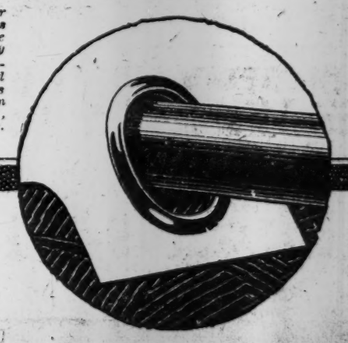

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Established 1888

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Machinery, Machine Tools and Railroad Supplies, Victory Loan Trades Division
37 Wall Street Telephone Hanover 5100

4 MEN LOST WHEN NAVY LAUNCH SINKS

Boat Returning Sailors to Warships in Early Morning Crashes Into Destroyer.

ENGINES SUDDENLY STOP

Ten Men Were Rescued — Missing Thought to Have Been Drowned In Strong Ebb Tide.

Four sailors are missing from the fleet in the Hudson River and are believed to have been drowned early yesterday morning when a launch attached to the destroyer Bell crashed into the destroyer Henley while making its way from the landing at 129th Street with men belonging to the fleet. The boat was immediately upset. Ten others were rescued by the crew of the Henley. The exact number of men on the boat when she started out is not known, as some of the survivors say there were fourteen, and others as many as eighteen. A court of inquiry was held yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock to determine the facts and to find out, as a result of the checkup of the men on board the various destroyers, who the lost men were. The missing men were found to be:

BEDELL, CARL, fireman, destroyer Harding, 3 Parkland Place, St. Louis, Mo.

GUILOPA, ENRIQUE, cabin steward on destroyer Bell, Candoba, Pampanga, P. I.

O'CONNELL, DENNIS J., seaman, destroyer Bell, 13 Cherry Street, Derby, Conn.

OLIVER, WILLIAM P., fireman, destroyer Harding, Lucien, Miss.

Up to 7 o'clock last night no bodies had been recovered.

The men rescued were Chief Engineer Wildman, Second Class Engineer Cahill, Coxswain Cook, First Class Seamen Ponhona, Erobar, Scanlon and Postwiley, and Second Class Seamen Osborne, Richardson, and Leake. It was hoped that some of the other men might have reached the shore, but this is improbable, as searchlights from the various vessels raked the surface of the water and would undoubtedly have detected any man swimming in the water.

The launch left the 129th Street landing at 2:30 A. M. yesterday morning and proceeded toward the Bell, which was anchored off 165th Street. When half the trip was completed the engine suddenly stopped. The boat began to drift downstream and in a few moments the black hull of a destroyer loomed up before the men on board. Before they could do anything to prevent the collision, the launch was upset and all the sailors struggling in the water. The cries of the men brought out the crew of the Henley. The men they picked up were taken to the sick bay of the battleship Mississippi, which lay alongside the Henley.

Early in the day the story of the accident, which had been learned from people who had heard the cries from the shore, could not be confirmed by officers of the fleet, and the police at the 125th Street Station said that it had not been reported to them. In the afternoon, however, Lieutenant Commander Payne of the destroyer Dixie, flagship of Admiral Robertson in command of the destroyer fleet, issued the following statement:

"A motor launch from the destroyer Bell, returning from shore with a party of fourteen men this morning at 2:30 o'clock, broke down and was caught in the strong ebb tide, which carried it against the bow of the U. S. Henley. The resulting collision stove in the side of the motor launch, which caused it to sink. The Henley sounded the alarm, and searchlights from the U. S. S. Mississippi and the U. S. S. Warren were thrown on the spot. The crew of the Henley rescued ten of the fourteen men.

"The men were from various ships and were being taken back from the dock by the Bell's motor launch, in charge of a coxswain named Cook. Of the four men lost two were from the Bell and two from the Harding.

"Rear Admiral Robertson has ordered a court of inquiry to be held on board the U. S. S. Bell at 4 o'clock this afternoon. The carrying capacity of the motor launch was twenty-two men."

22 MEN LOST WITH TUG.

British Naval Vessel Clearing Ostend Channel with Explosives Sinks.

BRUSSELS, April 28.—The British naval tug Hughli sank off Nieuport today with the loss of twenty-two men of her crew. Ten of the crew were rescued.

The Hughli was carrying explosives for use in clearing obstructions from the Ostend Channel. It has not been determined whether the accident was due to an explosion or to the vessel becoming stranded on a sand bank.

SEE CIVIL SERVICE MENACED

Reformers Will Oppose Move to Put City Jobs in Exempt Class.

Advocates of civil service reform are watching with interest what they term an attempt on the part of the Hylan city administration to break down civil service in the State. The city administration wants to take out of the competitive class six important offices in five city departments and have them placed in the exempt class. The Municipal Civil Service Commission has appealed to the State Commission for authority to do this, and the State body will hold a public hearing on the matter at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at the office of the Municipal Commission in the Municipal Building.

The places in question are those of confidential inspector in the Department of Charities, cashier in the Bureau of Public Works, Borough of Manhattan; confidential inspector in the Department of Public Markets, supervisor of female employes, executive secretary to the Advisory Board of the Department of Education, and special examiner in the Department of Finance. Three of these are old jobs and were transferred to the competitive list under direction of the Municipal Civil Service Commission appointed by Mayor Mitchel. The other three are new places.

The heads of the various departments affected, or their deputies, will be on hand to urge the State Commission to "throw open" the new jobs, while representatives of the Civil Service Reform Association will strongly oppose any such action. The association looks upon the attempt of the present administration to have the places taken out of the exempt class as a bold attempt to break down the merit system of appointments. The city administration, it was said, was depending largely upon the reconstructed State Civil Service Commission to see that its appeal was granted. William Gorham Rice, an up-State Democrat, is Chairman of the commission, having been appointed by Governor Smith after serving on the commission under Governor Whitman. The new members of the commission is Mrs. Frances Stanton Smith of Buffalo.

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Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

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If you have any available storage room it is to your advantage to buy in Bulk—5-gallon kegs or more. Special inducements this week. Our stores on hand are very large and must be sold to consumers without reservation before Prohibition goes into effect. We offer in Bulk (or in cases if you so prefer) the finest

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SCOTCH WHISKIES,
BRANDIES, DRY GIN,
PORTS, SHERRIES

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If you intend to provide a wine cellar, or replenish one before July 1st, you should INSPECT OUR STOCKS NOW WITHOUT DELAY.

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Leonid Andreiev

The famous Russian writer, says in his
"Appeal to Humanity"
printed in the New Weekly Magazine

"STRUGGLING RUSSIA"

of April 26th

"One must, indeed, be insane not to understand the palpable and simple acts of Bolshevism! One must be sightless, stark-blind, or have eyes that see not, to fail to observe on the face of great, mutilated Russia murder without end, ruins, miles of cemeteries, dungeons and insane asylums; not to perceive what hunger and terror have done to Petrograd and, alas, to many other cities!

One must be earless, stone-deaf, or have ears that hear not, to remain callous to the sobs, the sighs and the wailing of the women, the heartrending cries of the children, the death-rattle of strangled men, the crackling of the assassins' rifles, the only music that has filled the air of Russia for the last eighteen months!

One must, indeed, be a savage, become morally crippled like the Bolsheviki, to have eyes, a mind and a will and at the same time to remain indifferent to the inhuman conduct of the Bolsheviki and to call it anything else but crime, homicide, perversion and piracy.

One must be completely devoid of every human sentiment and be equipped with the morality of an idiot to be able to say calmly at the sight of a scoundrel violating a woman or of an unnatural mother torturing her child, that that is 'their personal affair,' and not to interfere under the pretext that such acts, no matter by whom committed, may pass under the banner of 'Socialism' or 'Communism.'

These words are sacred to mankind, and they have a power to charm men's souls. But when vicious buffoons style a band of ignorant and base hired Chinese cutthroats 'the vanguard of Chinese revolutionary democracy,' one must have a soul dead beyond hope of resurrection to be caught in such a shameless and miserable trap. Shameless, indeed, for the employment of yellow mercenaries to butcher Europeans is not recorded in the annals of any of the most despicable tyrannies of Europe.

How painful to think that all Europe has for over a year watched with open eyes the spectacle of these exotic beasts tearing our hearts to shreds, and has not yet determined whether this is a 'vanguard of democracy' or a 'vanguard of devils' released from Hell in order to destroy our ill-starred Earth. They have looked on and yet they sent that invitation to the Princes' Islands!"

"The Allied invitation to meet the Bolsheviki at Prinkipo was either madness or treachery towards Russia, differing from Judas's treachery only by its immensity.

If it was not Judas's treachery—perhaps it was Pilate's washing his hands when Russia comes to her cross. Was it worth while to start the great game with so much thunder and wind up with the faint treble of a Pilate? Why was it necessary to defend the neutrality of Belgium, to rise in defence of Serbia, to rouse millions of men, to pour out oceans of blood, to threaten Germany with a terrible reckoning for her inhumanities, to weep over Louvain and the Lusitania, to call upon Heaven as witness and to pay homage for five years to the God of Mankind, and then finish up with a washing bowl?

The world waited for the victory of the Allies as for the ringing of Easter chimes, as for the resurrection of the dead. The very dead awaited it—the dead, whose lives were the price of victory. Men had faith that the victory of these noble gentlemen would bring the reign of justice on earth, that the new world to be built would be a real world to live in and not the beginning of new torments, killings, arson and the extermination of the defenceless. And when the bells of victory did finally ring over the blood-stained Earth, oh, how many unfortunate humans sighted the dawn of hope and happiness! How earthen-black and fear-twitched grew the faces of the assassins at the sight of the rising order!

Those were days of the fairy tale. Worn-out and sombre Petrograd put on a smile and put her faith in the English as in the Almighty. It was a strange and happy dream, a dream that is dreamed only by martyrs. Every gunshot that roused us, we were certain came from English cannon, and we all rushed to the Neva to watch the 'English fleet that came in the night.' The assassins trembled with fear. It seemed as if a scarecrow in the image of an Englishman would have sufficed to start the whole brood of these Cains in a panicky flight.

You are firm in accusing, with amusing relentlessness, the old, miserable and wretched Wilhelm. You are intent upon trying him for the sins of his people, while at the same time you stretch out your hands towards those robust mankillers, monsters and mongrels still bathing in the blood of the innocents. The Assassin feels now that his shoulder is being patted, that he is being encouraged. He thinks no more of flight. He is laughing in derision of you."

"To you, men of Europe and America, in whose nobility I still believe to-day as I believed yesterday, am I directing my appeal!

As a wireless operator on a sinking vessel in the thick blackness of the night sends out his last appeal, 'Help, quick, we are sinking, save us!' so I, moved by my faith in the goodness of man, am sending out into distance and darkness my prayer for my people who are sinking.

If you only knew how dark is the night around us, if my words could only convey its density and depth! Whom am I calling? I know not. Does the wireless operator know who may intercept his call? For thousands of miles around the ocean may be deserted and not a living soul may overhear his appeal.

The night is dark. The sea is frightful. But the operator has not lost faith, and he calls persistently, to the very last minute, until the last light is gone and his apparatus is silenced forever.

What does he trust in? He trusts in humanity, and so do I. He trusts in the law of human love and life. It is impossible that one human being will deny help to another in his hour of perdition. It is impossible that one human being will abandon another to perish without attempting to help. It is impossible that such an appeal for help will not receive any response!"

"Not for the Russian people do I pray for help. To save the Russian people is too great a problem, and God alone is the master of its life and death.

In these sorrowful days when the scorn and laughter of fools is the lot of great and trampled-in-the-dust Russia, I bear with pride my Russian name and firmly believe in the future and glory of Russia. Such giants like Russia cannot perish! Whether the Allied Governments come to Russia's aid or she is left alone to free herself from the putrid swamps, it matters not. In the destined hour Russia will rise from her grave, will come out into the path of light and will take up her place among the great nations of the earth. That which frightens us poor mortals, whose life is but a fleeting moment, is but a single heartbeat in the life of a great and immortal people.

No, not help for Russia do I ask of you, man, whom I so eagerly await. I think of the thousands who have only one brief life—eternity's briefest moment—and who are dying now in unbearable sufferings, or live a life worse than death itself. It is immaterial what names they bear, Russian or other, but it is all-important at this hour that they are human beings, tormented without a ray of light, as if within the very gates of Hell, from where there is no return and where the forces of evil and terror reign unchecked over all. Their sufferings may yet be alleviated and their necks may yet be freed from the claws of death. For their salvation I beseech mankind.

Friend! I do not even attempt to tell you how frightful life is in Russia at present, in our tormented Petrograd. Others have told enough and new words cannot be coined by the human tongue. It is frightful when children starve and perish and assassins are well-fed and Trotzky is pouring down his throat the last bottle of milk. It is frightful when the cemeteries of Petrograd have no more room for the dead, and the murderers have a free road not only to the Princes' Islands, but to all the ends of the world, and the wealth they have stolen will enable them to live in balmy lands and in the most attractive corners of our mercenary globe."

"I appeal to you, Frenchman, Englishman and American, I appeal to all of you, individually. I appeal to you, Americans, who yearn that the torch of your liberty should cast light on Europe. Come to us! Look and you will cry out with horror, and curse those deceivers who brought tyranny to the freedom-craving Russian people.

And you, Italian, Swede and Hindu, all, all who may hear my call. There are men with hearts among all of you, and to these, to all of them, I direct my appeal. For the hour has come when the inhabitants of the whole world must battle not for land, riches or power, but for Man and his victory over the Beast.

All that is taking place in Russia to-day and that which has started and may continue in Germany, going further and further, is not revolution. It is chaos and darkness, called forth by the war from the blackest human caves and armed by the war for the destruction of the world.

Let the tired rest. Let the weak-kneed warm themselves in their snug corners; let him who can sleep in this terrible night; but you, the strong, the vigilant, whose hearts are brave, come to the help of those who are perishing in Russia.

My last appeal is to you, writers of all nations! Support my prayer for those who perish. I appeal to those of you who write with their blood and nerves! Help us! Don't you understand the danger confronting mankind? Help Russia! Act immediately!"

This is a part of Leonid Andreiev's appeal—an appeal which must thrill the heart of every man and woman throughout the World. Read it in full in "Struggling Russia," of April 26, 1919.

We want the Bolsheviki to read it, and we want the parlor-Bolsheviki to read it. The latter will probably understand the crime they are committing in going about and speaking of the regime of murder in Russia as a "new and higher form of democracy."

And, above all, we want every honorable American to read it. The Russian problem at this moment is the central World Problem. The struggle between the Russian democracy and the Bolshevist tyranny is a struggle between the forces of humanity on one hand, and the forces of murder and destruction on the other.

Read "Struggling Russia" if you are interested in the Russian situation. Read "Struggling Russia" if you are interested in Bolshevism and its nature and want to know how to combat this dark power. Read "Struggling Russia" if you are interested in the future of the World, because the fate of Russia will define this future.

The first five issues of the magazine contain articles by **Catherine Breshkovsky, Nicholas Tchaikovsky, Alexander Kerensky, Paul Milukov, C. M. Oberoucheff, Leonid Andreiev, Vladimir Bourtzev** and others. The issue of April 26th, besides the "Appeal to Humanity," by **Leonid Andreiev**, contains the following articles: "How to Help Russia," by **Catherine Breshkovsky**; "The Victorious March of the Anti-Bolshevist Armies," by **A. J. Sack**; "Mir, Zemstvo and Soviet," by **M. K. Eroshkin**; "The Recent Past of Russia's Industry," by **J. A. Gavrilov**; Cables from the Russian Telegraphic Agency at Omsk. **Russian Documents:** 1. The City of the dead (Petrograd under the Bolshevist rule); 2. Have the Socialists-Revolutionists united with the Bolsheviki? 3. Declaration of the Russian Political Conference in Paris with regard to the problem of nationalities in Russia; 4. The Voluntary Army in Southern Russia (an address by Gen. A. I. Denikine).

Do not fail to read "STRUGGLING RUSSIA." The Russian problem is the central World Problem of today.

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HOPES SOON TO END BUTTERFIELD SUITS

A. F. Hagar, Now Sole Executor, Will Ask Appellate Division to Eliminate Surrogate.

CONTESTS Y. M. C. A. CLAIM

Contends That Association Should Get No Money Till There Has Been a Final Accounting.

Albert Francis Hagar, surviving executor of the will of Mrs. Julia Lorillard Butterfield, outlined yesterday his plans for the settlement of her estate in view of the death on Saturday of David W. Harkness and Dr. Calvin S. May, co-executors. In the first place, he said, he hoped the way would be cleared for the erection of a statue to General Daniel Butterfield as directed by his widow, the erection of the $50,000 Julia Lorillard Butterfield Hospital, and of the $30,000 library in Cold Springs. The complications that have arisen over the more than $1,000,000 which Mrs. Butterfield left to the International Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association, as trustee, for the use of sailors and soldiers will be carried to their conclusion in the courts.

The whole Y. M. C. A. matter will come into court again on May 9 when before the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in Brooklyn Mr. Hagar, who is acting as attorney in the case as well as executor, will argue a motion to compel Surrogate J. Bennett Southard of Putnam County to show cause why the executor should not have time to prepare an appeal from decisions of the Surrogate to which he takes exception. At the hearing on the motion next month, Mr. Hagar said yesterday, he hoped the whole case would be taken out of the hands of the Surrogate.

Mr. Hagar was the friend of General Butterfield and his wife for many years, and there hangs in his office at 60 Wall Street, a painting of Mrs. Butterfield when she was a young woman. It was left to him by her will. Mr. Hagar said yesterday that he had brought repeated suits in order to protect the estate and that the death of his co-executors, with whom he differed, would not cause him to deviate from that policy. He said he had opposed giving the Y. M. C. A. any of the fund until a final accounting had been made.

"The fight on my part," said Mr. Hagar, "has been to protect the estate so that it can be devoted to the use Mrs. Butterfield intended, the use of soldiers and sailors. The will provided that after the erection of a statue to General Butterfield, the erection of the hospital and library at Cold Springs, the payment of all debts and the giving of certain sums to those mentioned in the will, all that was left was to be given to the Y. M. C. A. as trustee for the benefit of the men in khaki and blue.

"It is my contention that the Y. M. C. A. Committee is not yet in a position to have the fund as there has not yet been a final accounting. A decision was made by the Surrogate ordering the executors to turn over to the Y. M. C. A. cash and mortgages to the amount of about $300,000. I appealed because I held that no money should be turned over until the statue was erected and the final accounting made. Then the Surrogate allowed $20,000 stenographer fees. He ordered eleven copies of the record distributed around. I objected. He also directed the special guardian for four Denver grandnieces who had started a contest that was settled, to be paid $7,500 for them. I appealed from that."

Mr. Hagar has also appealed to the courts against other acts and charges that grew out of the will. He said yesterday that it was not his intention to compromise, but that he was going to have every step in the settlement of the will directed by the courts as a safeguard to the estate. He hopes that the court action on May 9 will lift the whole case out of the jurisdiction of the Surrogates' Court.

"LOS BOHEMIOS" PLEASES.

A Diverting Comedy, with Songs, Given at Spanish Theatre.

The Spanish zarzuela is the standard form of theatrical entertainment in the lower half of America and in Spain, but it is a complete novelty in New York. Veteran first nighters at the Park last evening for the Spanish Theatre's production of "Los Bohemios" asked each other what it was all about. For the zarzuela is divided between songs and spoken dialogue. There was the rub, for opera in any language is at home here.

For the audience, most of whom knew Spanish, the piece was a diverting comedy with bright lines and amusing situations. It is a Spanish cousin of Puccini's "La Bohème," with familiar characters, artists of boundless hopes and empty pockets. The music is by Amadeo Vives, the composer of "Maruxa," first given here last week, and, while there is less of it, it is more interesting than the little opera.

"Los Bohemios" has been well-known in Spain and Latin-American countries for a decade. The little comedy will appeal especially to Spanish-speaking dwellers in New York, of whom there are many thousands, but it will also interest those North Americans who have looked into the mysteries of "ser" and "estar" and those who are sufficiently curious to know how the other half of America takes its pleasure.

Last night's performance was saved from being dull by the excellent comedy of Miguel Pros, as the Bohemian poet, and Ricardo Valdes, whose catch line "Yo le empujo" (I will push you) became highly laughable to those who understood the tongue.

The Spanish revue "Cielo Español" (Spanish Skies) was repeated but better done. Here again are Maria and Julia Berdiales in Spanish dances, Señora Pilar Arcos, who never fails to bring down the house with her patriotic message to the sons of Spain here, and Caridad Davis, that is, Charity Davis, but no simple New England maiden—rather a highly-spiced member of the Iberian branch of the well-known Anglo-American family—who bangs the castanets and sings "Soy Española," "I am a Spanish girl."

All these typically Spanish numbers delighted another large audience.

Brooklyn Engineers' Exhibit Opens.

The annual exhibit of the Brooklyn Engineers' Club opened last night in the 23d Regiment Armory. There is a large and varied display of all branches of engineering, including the architectural and mechanical. During the coming week nearly 150 industries, from shipbuilding to whisk brooms, will show examples of their handicraft. It is estimated that the aggregate sales of the exhibiting firms exceeds $8,000,000 a year. A dinner was given last evening under the auspices of the Electrical Contractor-Dealers' Association.

Dr. Inago Nitobe, Publicist, Speaks.

Dr. Inago Nitobe, famous publicist of Japan, and former adviser to his Government's rule in Formosa, spoke on the League of Nations last night at a meeting of the Women's American Oriental Club, held in the home of Mrs. Richard S. Barnes, at 316 West Seventy-fifth Street. He declared it was the women of the world by whom the nations must be bound together for peace. Prof. Loo of Shantung University spoke for China, and Dr. Frederick Lynch described the opening of the Peace Conference as he witnessed it in Paris.

DRAMA

By John Corbin

Drawing Room Farce.

I LOVE YOU. A Farce in Three Acts. By William Le Baron. At the Booth Theatre.

Jimmie Farnsworth.....John Westley
George Van Horne.....Robert Strange
Brooks.....Gilbert Douglas
Peter Darby.....Richard Dix
Mrs. Louise Endicott.....Doris Mitchel
Betty Duncan.....Diantha Pattison
Ruth Franklyn.....Gypsy O'Brien
Marie.....Ruth Terry

As Socrates brought philosophy from the clouds to dwell among men, so William Le Baron has called down farce from the bedroom to the drawing room—and with equally happy results. Here is a play without vulgarity, or any indecent suggestion, which nevertheless evokes spontaneous and rib-warming laughter. The absurdities are a matter of character—indeed, of ideas. The title, to be sure, is somewhat compromising. "I Love You" should not be spoken with the impassioned stop of the voice, and least of all with a leer in the eye. The implications are altogether satiric.

The play introduces us to a house party of over-rich worldlings who are weary of life and of one another. The host declares that love is wholly a matter of propinquity and environment. He lays a bet that, with due control of the stage settings, he can make any man fall in love with any women in the house party. He requires only a seat embowered in flowers, a moon and the music of a violin. And here Mr. Le Baron brings down his farce one floor lower. The man chosen for the experiment is an electrician who comes in to mend the wires; and there is another love story, the hero of which is the butler. The best part of the laughter is caused by the resulting contrasts between the work-a-day world and the world of those who seek love in idleness.

The electrician is a union man with the knack of soap-box oratory, and a consequent tendency to heighten his polite small talk with stirring periods and emphatic gesture. It is not a new character, but it is quite freshly treated and, as played by Richard Dix, it has all the effect of novelty and spontaneous delight. The butler, as it happens, is a graduate of Oxford, whose instincts of scholarship have put him out of tune with the gross business world and who treats the vapid society folk with a most amusing air of amiable condescension. The part is admirably played by Gilbert Douglas, and is quite genuinely novel and fresh.

Needless to say, environment and propinquity do not work quite as the wagering host intends. "Love-in-Idleness" was the name of the flower which Puck laid upon the eyelids of the lovers in "A Midsummer Night's Dream," and the workings of Mr. Le Baron's modern substitute are no less capricious.

The author's discretion is, in fact, nowhere more evident than in the manner in which he makes the technician, disguised as a butler, gravitate inevitably toward the pretty housemaid; while the scholarly butler, who in his way is no less real and vital a character, finds himself not unwillingly overtaken by a lady of the house party, charmingly played by Diantha Pattison.

John Westley is the vivacious host, and his powers of farcical characterization have never been more happily in evidence. His performance is the backbone of a piece which, without him, might have seemed at times, and especially in the third act, somewhat thin and slender.

"I Love You" is not quite as vigorous as Mr. Le Baron's former farce, "The Very Idea," but it is quite as novel and genuine in its comic touch, and it will no doubt have a considerable prosperity. It is especially welcome in reminding us that freshness in character and idea is a more fertile source of fun than the most hilarious four-poster.

"TAKE A CHANCE" WINS.

Columbia Boys Give a Bright Musical Comedy at the Plaza.

"Take a Chance" is the title of this year's musical comedy offering by the Columbia boys—the first in several seasons, incidentally, since the war had a rather dampening effect upon college theatrical activities. It is, accordingly, a new group of students who now step forward as chorus girls and who otherwise disport themselves in the new show, but their spirit is no whit less joyful than their predecessors'. "Take a Chance" is good college musical comedy. It satisfied a large audience in the ballroom of the Hotel Plaza last night, and would unquestionably have satisfied even a gathering composed in lesser degree of the friends and relatives of the players.

Presumably the interval of the war has brought forward no new librettists or composers at Columbia, for it is again Kenneth and Roy Webb—graduates of 1906 and 1910, respectively—who are responsible for "Take a Chance." Their story is frankly conventional but always well handled; the lyrics are frequently clever, and the music generally tuneful—occasionally, as in the case of a waltz number, even beguiling. Now and then the entertainment is even something of a satire upon the musical comedy idea of college life.

The audience, as is generally the case at undergraduate entertainments, found its greatest pleasure in the contemplation of the young men who masqueraded as members of the opposite sex. Conspicuously successful in this line was Hugh Burtis, who caught well the mannerisms of a languishing musical comedy beauty.

Others who were of aid in making the evening successful were Irwin C. Safir, Edward T. Clark, Ward Hetfield, Harold J. T. Horan, William Towson Taylor, Morton E. Van Raalte, James Tedford, Leonard Falk Manheim, Thomas Bennardo, Percival E. Cowan, Herbert Rauchfuss, Donald Lucian Harbaugh, and James McCutchen Fox.

The show will be continued for the remainder of the week.

'THE PIRATES OF PENZANCE.'

Commonwealth Opera Co. Gives an Admirable Performance.

The slave of duty who went to Brooklyn last night to see "The Pirates of Penzance," sung by the Commonwealth company, had his reward in a really admirable performance of that delectable Gilbert & Sullivan opera. If the most spirited single number was the pirates' song in the last act, led by John Willard, lately an aviator overseas, perhaps that was because the song in question—under the name of "The Gang's All Here"—is one of the national anthems of the A. E. F.

The general excellence of the work makes it unnecessary to enlarge on merely individual excellencies, but Frank Moulan as the Major General and William Danforth as the Sergeant of Police divided honors handsomely, and Warren Proctor sang the part of the Pirate 'prentice better than it has been sung hereabouts since it was last done by Arthur Aldridge. He only needs to get his lines well by heart and overcome a little nervousness to be a perfectly satisfactory Frederic.

Herbert Waterous presented the Pirate King with unction, Florence Macbeth was a successful Mabel—full of frills as Mabel should be—and Gladys Caldwell a picturesque Major General's daughter. The chorus and the orchestra both and each deserved well of the audience and honestly won the hearty applause they got.

Christian Science Oratorio Heard.

The Oratorio Society of the New York Christian Science Institute held a private concert last evening in Aeolian Hall, where an invited audience heard selections from Haydn's "The Creation" and Handel's "The Messiah," as well as recent patriotic airs. Assisting the chorus were Kitty Cheatham, Josephine Percy, Meta Schumann, Esther Wendell, Harriet Foster, Agnes Reifsnyder, Roy W. Steele, and Miles R. Bracewell. J. Warren Erb conducted, with Mary Pinney at the piano and H. V. Milligan at the organ.

O'RYAN TO DEVISE NEW WAR TRAINING

Proposed to Fit New York State Boys, in Physique and Morale, for Any Demand.

ATHLETICS TO DOMINATE

Aviation, Mechanics, and Military Drill to Have a Place in Scheme of Development.

Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, who commanded the 27th Division in the war, and who has returned to the command of the New York National Guard, is preparing to conduct an experiment in the Swiss system of military training for boys at the Junior Plattsburg on Lake Champlain this Summer. The Junior Plattsburg, which was opened as a private venture, is to be reorganized, it is said, and its training system will be national in scope. The general supervision which General O'Ryan will have over this large vacation camp for boys will enable him to make a practical demonstration of a training system entirely new here, one which, however, Colonel Roosevelt had often advocated and in which General O'Ryan is keenly interested.

The first steps in applying this training plan to existing American conditions will be toward building up the physique and morale of boys. The training will, therefore, tend more toward physical development than to strictly military efficienc yand to providing for the intensive training which may be determined upon in the military program which Congress may eventually adopt.

The experience gained by General O'Ryan in the world war, and his study of the training methods of all armies abroad, would enable him, it was said, to select the most practical parts of the European systems, and use those which he considers of the greatest value toward the purposes to be accomplished. Under his direction the camp will provide a moderate course of military instruction, including a course in the air service, but the greatest emphasis will be laid on supervised athletics.

It was said that a staff of university and preparatory school coaches would assist in the physical training, which is to include the usual land and water sports and military calisthenics. There will also be technical courses, including motor mechanics, wireless and aeronautics, combined with physical and military training to insure symmetrical development of the students. But the plan throughout contemplates giving athletics the largest share of the day's work.

FOR STUDY OF CHILDREN.

Association Interested in Exceptional Young Minds to Meet Here.

The National Association for the Study and Education of Exceptional Children will hold its annual conference and dinner at the McAlpin Hotel on Wednesday.

Among the speakers at the conference will be Dr. Maximilian P. E. Groszman, founder and leader of the association; Dr. Frederick J. Farnell, examining psychiatrist, public schools of Providence; John D. Wright, Principal of Wright Oral School, New York; Dr. Arthur D. Jelly, examining psychiatrist, public schools of Boston; Edwin Bjorkman; Hon. Samuel D. Levy, Judge of the Children's Court, New York; Dr. E. Bosworth McCready, associate editor of The Journal of Sociological Medicine, Pittsburgh; Dr. Julius Levy, Director Bureau of Child Hygiene, Department of Health, Newark; Dr. Francis N. Maxfield, psychologist, Department Medical Inspection, public schools of Newark, and Dr. Ira S. Wile.

At the dinner in the evening some of the speakers will be Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Commissioner of Health, New York; Dr. Thomas M. Balliet, Dean School of Pedagogy, New York University; Katherine Devereux Blake, New York; Dr. George Drayton Strayer, Professor Educational Administration, Teachers' College, New York, President National Education Association; John D. Boardman, National Field Commissioner of the Boy Scouts of America; Dr. Huber William Hurt, Fellow of Teachers' College; Misha Appelbaum, leader of the Humanitarian Cult; Herbert M. Limburg, attorney, New York, and Dr. Groszman.

NAME LEGION DELEGATES.

Soldiers and Sailors Hold Caucus at 7th's Armory.

The American Legion held a caucus last night in the 7th Regiment Armory, Park Avenue and Sixty-sixth Street, at which twenty-two delegates and alternates from Manhattan and the Bronx were elected to go to the national convention to be held in St. Louis on May 8, 9, and 10. Prior to the voting, the five hundred soldiers and sailors and former members of both branches of the service, listened to addresses by Major Gen. Robert Alexander, commander of the 77th Division; Colonel Hugh McGee, his Chief of Staff; Seaman Joseph F. Healy, and others who spoke on the part the Legion would play in the nation.

General Alexander declared that the traditions of splendid services to the country aroused by the war should be preserved. It was only through such an organization of the men who fought in the world war, he said, that these traditions could be perpetuated.

Colonel McGee and Seaman Healy also pointed out advantages in such an organization. Healy declared that there was no danger of Bolshevism with such an organization standing for the rights of a republic.

The following were chosen: Major Wilbur Wright, Captain A. L. Boyce, of Boyce's Tigers; Major Henry L. Curran, former President of the Board of Aldermen; Major F. M. Weld, and Colonel Henry W. Hodge, former Public Service Commissioner.

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RALLIES CITIZENS AGAINST BOLSHEVIKI

Pennsylvania Sheriff Warns County That Propagandists Threaten Trouble.

PLAN MAY DAY DISPLAY

Force of Special Police, Home Guards, and State Constabulary Are Enrolled for Safety.

Special to The New York Times.

CHESTER, Penn., April 28.—Sheriff Albert R. Granger tonight issued a proclamation calling upon the citizens of Delaware County to crush Bolshevism, which, he said, threatens to engulf this city.

Thursday, May 1, has been designated as a day on which sympathizers with the sixty-four Bolsheviki arrested here yesterday shall make a public demonstration, with a parade and mass meeting, in protest against the arrests. To guard against the outburst, Sheriff Granger has enrolled police, Deputy Sheriffs, State police, and Citizens' Home Guards.

A special guard of armed officers was stationed around the county jail at Media tonight to stave off any attempt by the Bolsheviki to storm the building.

Plans for handling any demonstration here were mapped out by Sheriff Granger and Police Chief Davenport. In the proclamation issued emphasis is laid upon the statement that no leniency will be shown to enemies of the Government.

Circulars flooded the city tonight calling a general strike in the industrial zone to start Thursday morning. The circulars pleaded with the laboring classes, and especially all soldiers and sailors, to join the movement. Organized labor here will not join in the movement.

Inquiry Into Teacher's Sanity.

Charles O'Hagen, 35 years old, of 82 Forley Street, Elmhurst, was held yesterday by Magistrate Conway in the Flushing Police Court for commitment to the Kings County Hospital for observation as to his sanity. He is a public school teacher, having been for some years assigned to one of the largest schools in the Ridgewood district. Recently O'Hagen became possessed of the idea that he was a man of great wealth.

BIG SISTERS OPEN SHOP.

To Sell Tickets for Ball at Ritz-Carlton to Aid Needy Children.

At No. 681 Fifth Avenue, Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., has opened a shop and all day yesterday decorators were busy putting the finishing touches to the interior. It is not her shop in the true sense of the word, but one opened by the Executive Committee of the Big Sisters, the organization which takes care of poor children whose cases come before the Children's Court. Mrs. Vanderbilt is in charge, and with her are Mrs. Ronald Redmond and Mrs. H. Glaster Armstrong and others who are serving on the Executive Committee.

The new shop, which is the donation of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., will be open only until next Monday night. The main object to attract the eye is a silk canopied booth where young women will sell tickets for the Bal Bleu, which the Big Sisters are giving at the Ritz-Carlton on Monday night, to establish a permanent fund for carrying on their growing work. The entire scheme of decoration of the shop is blue, and so the committee has called it the Sisters' Blue Shop. Mrs. Vanderbilt and her committee will make the shop their headquarters in the present week.

TO FREE GERMAN PRISONERS

But Only as Reconstruction Pledges Are Fulfilled, Paris Paper Says.

PARIS, April 28.—The Council of Five at its meeting Saturday, La Liberté says, agreed that the German war prisoners should be liberated after the signing of the peace treaty. The prisoners will be released gradually as Germany contributes to the work of reconstruction exacted by the treaty and in proportion to this contribution.

The newspaper says that details concerning the future status of the Kiel Canal have not yet been settled, but that an agreement has been reached on the principle of internationalization.

The report of the Economic Commission of the Peace Conference, the Echo de Paris says, contains clauses for insertion in the preliminary peace treaty that Germany shall give the allied and associated nations the treatment of most favored nations without any reciprocity.

Rabbi Eiseman Accepts Call.

At the annual meeting of the Mount Neboh Congregation of Washington Heights, held recently, a call was extended to Rev. Dr. Aaron Eiseman to become its rabbi. Rabbi Eiseman has accepted the call and will begin his ministry with the new congregation on Sept. 1. Rabbi Eiseman is at present officiating at Temple Peni-El, 525 West 147th Street, and has been a minister in New York City for sixteen years. He is at present the representative of the Jewish Welfare Board at U. S. Debarkation Hospital No. 3, at Greenhut's.

SAYS INDIANA WANTS HAYS.

Senator New Declares He May Get Nomination for Governorship.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 28. Senator New of Indiana on his return to the Capitol today from the Middle West, said that Republicans of Indiana were talking of Chairman Hays of the Republican National Committee as a candidate for Governor.

"If Mr. Hays will take the nomination it will not be difficult for him to get it," said Mr. New. "He could still remain at the head of the National Committee. Republicans of Indiana would lend him to the committee and he would be elected Governor without even making a campaign. He is highly regarded in Indiana, and would make an acceptable Governor."

If Mr. Hays becomes the candidate for Governor of Indiana it is expected that Governor Goodrich will either aim for the Senatorship from that State or that he will start a boom for nomination for the Presidency. The Indiana Governor has been spoken of as a candidate for the Vice Presidency, but his supporters insist that he will not take second place on the ticket.

$1,990 FOR TENNYSON MSS.

Collection of Charles F. Gunther Sold at Anderson's.

Autographs and manuscripts from the collection of Charles F. Gunther of Chicago were sold at the Anderson Galleries yesterday. The highest price was $1,900 paid by George D. Smith for Lot 279, the original autograph manuscript of a part of Alfred Lord Tennyson's celebrated poem, "Maud." It includes unpublished material, consisting of several stanzas. There are also alterations and deletions of importance. Other items sold as follows:

No. 27—Autograph letter by Robert Burns to Robert Cleghorn, dated Oct. 25, no year. Bought on order, $525.

No. 71—Engrossed copy of the Emancipation Proclamation, signed by Schuyler Colfax, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and 116 Representatives. P. F. Madigan, $335.

No. 202—Orderly book of Colonel Hugh Hughes, January to May 28, 1782. E. Scott, $225.

No. 282—Autograph letter by George Washington to the Marquis de Lafayette, Nov. 28, 1783. James P. Drake, $177.50.

No. 284—Autograph letter by George Washington to Colonel Marshall, Jan. 2, 1796. George D. Smith, $202.

The total for the sale was $5,054.55.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

EMPIRE Broadway & 40 St. Evs. at 8:20. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:20.
"BARRIE IS HIS BEST."—Times.
William Gillette | BARRIE'S BEST PLAY.—Herald. | Dear Brutus

GLOBE B'WAY, 46 ST. Evs. 8:20 LAST 7 Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:20 TIMES
Times—"AN OVATION"—Herald.
Otis Skinner | His Greatest Success | THE HONOR OF THE FAMILY

NEXT MONDAY NIGHT—Seats Thursday. CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S SPRING GLOBE THEATRE PRODUCTION
SHE'S A GOOD FELLOW
A Musical Comedy by ANNE CALDWELL. Music by JEROME KERN.
Company includes Joseph Santley, Anne Orr, Ivy Sawyer, Duncan Sisters, Scott Welsh, Olin Howland, and Globe Theatre Star Chorus.

Cohan & Harris' 4 Big Hits
COHAN & HARRIS Thea., W. 42d St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
The Royal Vagabond
Biggest Success Since "The Merry Widow."
A Cohanized Opera Comique

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way & 43 St. Evs. 8.20 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
GEO. M. COHAN'S GREAT CHARACTER COMEDY
A Prince There Was
with GRANT MITCHELL of "A Tailor-Made Man" fame

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30
Mrs. FISKE
in "MIS' NELLY OF N'ORLEANS"
A Comedy of Moonshine, Madness and Make Believe

LONGACRE West 48th St., Nr. B'way. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2.30
Most fascinating mystery play ever written
THREE FACES EAST
with Emmett Corrigan and Violet Heming

BELASCO West 44 St. Evenings at 8:20 Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
Dark Rosaleen
A COMEDY OF IRISH LIFE

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47th St. Mats. Daily 25c-$1 | BLANCHE RING CHARLEY ROGERS | CLIFTON CRAWFORD GRAPEWIN "Hands Across the Sea" Ots. HAIG & LOCKETT
B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'way & 96th St. | ALL FAVORITES' BILL George MacFarlane, Van & Schenck, Four Mortons, Norton & Lee, ots.

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The Most Vital Picture You Have Ever Seen
BOLSHEVISM ON TRIAL
Actual Picturization of a Trial of Bolsherik Theories Carried Out by a Colony on an Island Off the Florida Coast.
AT THE LOEW THEATRES THIS WEEK

STRAND B'way at 47 St. GERALDINE FARRAR "The Stronger Vow" Sennett Comedy STRAND ORCHESTRA
Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. 10, 20, 30
"BOLSHEVISM ON TRIAL"
81 at St. Theatre on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 2980 HENRY B. WALTHALL in Modern Husbands
Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

This Afternoon at 3
Comparison Recital By the Italian Pianist
AURELIO GIORNI and the DUO-ART PIANO
Admission without charge
THE AEOLIAN COMPANY 29 W. 42nd St., Fourth Floor

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42 St. Evs. at 8:15 MATINEES TOMORROW & SATURDAY, 2:15.
THE MUSICAL SHOW OF 1,000 LAUGHS!
THE KLAW & ANGER'S GALLOP OF FUN AND MELODY
VELVET LADY
MUSIC BY VICTOR HERBERT
ON THE ROOF Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic
LIGHTNIN
GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Mats., Tomorrow, Evs. at 8:20. Fri. Sat., 2:30.
SMITH-GOLDEN SUCCESSES.
3 WISE FOOLS
CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:30. $1.50 WED., MAT. $1.50.
LIBERTY West 42d St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat., 2:20.
Henry Miller | Blanche Bates
Holbrook Blinn | Estelle Winwood
in a new play by "MOLIERE"
Philip Moeller
LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
DADDIES
HARRIS West 42d St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30.
Margaret Illington | Wilton Lackaye
Robert Edeson | Katharine Kaelred
in the Dramatic Sensation "A Good Bad Woman"
POPULAR PRICE MATINEE TOMORROW
CORT West 48th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:20
"Ollo: ere's It." With MR. and MRS. COBURN The Better 'Ole
PUNCH & JUDY Theatre, 49th E. of B'way. Evgs. 9. Mats. Thurs. Fri. & Sat., 2 Saturday A. M. at 11.
Tony Sarg's MARIONETTES in Thackeray's "The Rose & The Ring"
Last Week of the Hit of the Town
KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE B'way and 38th St. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Tomorrow and Sat., 2:15.
JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY
LISTEN LESTER!
STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Evs. 25c to $1 Mats. Today & Thurs., 25-75c.
TIGER ROSE with LENORE ULRIC
GREENWICH Village Thea. 4th St. & 7th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. 7th Avenue Subway to Christopher Street
SHAKUNTALA Hindu Love Drama The Great
Loew's American Roof 42d St. W. of B'way Every Evening at 8:15.
PERNIKOFF, ROSE and IMPERIAL BALLET. ANDERSON & REAN. GORMAN BROS., 6 Other Big Acts | All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

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A story of GOOD that surpasses all things—Of adventure that will make you gasp—and ALL BY AN AMERICAN GIRL!
HARRY GARSON presents
Blanche Sweet in Maj. Rupert Hughes' Astounding Story
The Unpardonable SIN
Directed in Person by Marshall Neilan
N. Y. Will See It for the First Time FRIDAY, MAY 2nd, at 8:30 P. M.
Broadway
THEATRE at 41 St. Direction H. S. MOSS

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. | CHAS. RAY in "Grensed Lightning" Comedy. Soloists RIVOLI ORCHESTRA
RIALTO Times Square | CECIL B. De MILLE'S "For Better, For Worse" Soloists, Scenic RIALTO ORCHESTRA
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A Salamander is a girl who plays with fire.

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"The world's greatest entertainment."—Charles Darnton, Eve. World.

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Astonishing assemblage of artists.
A diamond mine of entertainment
The most beautiful women in the world.

REPUBLIC W. 42nd St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. at 2:30.
THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13

CENTURY GROVE, Roof of Century Theatre. CORRIS GEST MIDNIGHT WHIRL At 11:30—A SENSATION—Phone Col. 8800

BIJOU Thea., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:15
3 FOR DIANA
Wit, Charm and Romance, with MARTHA HEDMAN

39th St. Theatre, near B'way. Evs., 8:20. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:20.
Smartest & Brightest of All Musical Successes.
Oh, My Dear!
GOOD SEATS, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2.00

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evgs., 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
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"39 East"
With Henry Hull & Constance Binney
BROADHURST 44th, W. of B'way Evenings 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.

2 Crothers Comedies
A Little Journey
With Cyril Keightley & Ethel Dane
VANDERBILT 48th, E. of B'way Evenings 8:30. Matinees Tom'w and Sat., 2:30.

ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN HITS
BIG MUSICAL COMEDY SPLASH
"TUMBLE-IN"
SELWYN THEATRE. West 42d Street. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
MUSICAL PLAY—DIFFERENT
"SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART"
CENTRAL THEATRE. B'way & 47th St. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
MERRY MUSICAL ROMANCE
SOMETIME With Ed. Wynn
CASINO THEATRE, B'way & 39th St. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15.

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evenings, 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., at 2:30.
SAM BERNARD & LOUIS MANN FRIENDLY ENEMIES
MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat. at 2:30.
COURTENAY & WISE
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SHUBERT-RIVIERA, B'way, 97th. Mat. Today, 50c
A BURGOMASTER OF BELGIUM
FULTON, West 46th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30
Oliver Morosco's Whirlwind Farce
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with Ernest Truex & Edith Taliaferro
LOEW'S 7th AVE. at 125 St. Evs. 25c to $1
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G. M. ANDERSON Presents
I LOVE YOU
A new farce comedy by WM. LE BARON.

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COME ALONG
BIG FUN UNIT | BANNER MUSICAL HIT
NORA BAYES THEA., 44th St. W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Saturday, 2:15.

TEA for 3
with ARTHUR BYRON, MARGARET LAWRENCE, FREDERICK PERRY and Others at Maxine Elliott's Theatre, W. 39th. Evs. 8:30. Matr. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30

PLYMOUTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:10 sharp. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:10.
JOHN & LIONEL BARRYMORE in "THE JEST." From the Italian of Sem Benelli

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Costume Comedy Success BONDS OF INTEREST
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ALICE BRADY in FOREVER AFTER

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With NORMAN TREVOR
REAL COMEDY at the COMEDY THEATRE 41st St., Near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat.

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Good Morning Judge
George Hassell, Mollie King, Charles King.

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Season's Breeziest Musical Play "TAKE IT FROM ME"

EAST IS WEST
With FAY BAINTER
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Our Pleasant Sins pass unheeded"
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Belmont Theatre—48th St., East of Broadway
Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

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Cordially Invites You To Hear
Mrs. Benjamin G. Lathrop
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 30TH, 3

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

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THE AMENDED COVENANT.

Re-examined in the light of much helpful criticism, the Constitution of the League of Nations issues from the Council of Revision at Paris in a form which meets the objections raised and adopts most of the constructive amendments suggested by jurists and publicists of high authority in this country. The revisers have evidently weighed with great care and candor the changes proposed, they have wrought them into the document with the result that all the world will acknowledge that it is made better and sounder and stronger; we believe that the spirit in which the Council has done its work will be reciprocated by an equally open-minded consideration of the amended draft in this country.

Every one of the amendments meets a criticism, every one of them commends the Constitution to wider public approval in the United States. While it may be said that none of them is vital, since in its spirit and purpose the Constitution, as first drafted, responded to the profound desire of all civilized men that war shall no longer be looked upon as the usual or necessary resort for the settlement of international difficulties, these changes are, one and all, manifest improvements. They define and make clear points of organization and procedure, grants of authority, its exercise and its limitations, provisions which in the first draft were felt to be obscure. It becomes a better working instrument for the organization of the powers for peace.

There need be no examination of the changes with a view to a nice apportionment of their authorship among those who have made these substantial contributions to the shaping of the covenant. The Council has accepted amendments suggested by ex-President TAFT, by Mr. ROOT, by Mr. HUGHES, by Senator LODGE and Senator KNOX. Some were proposed by more than one, some by all of these eminent publicists. It will be gratifying to national pride to feel that the best American minds have had this important part in drawing up the organic law of the League. It cannot be called an English Constitution, a French, Italian, or American Constitution, it springs from the highest civilizing impulse of the peoples of all these lands, it is the fruit of the whole world's resolve to make peace secure, so far as possible to exclude war. That is the loftiest internationalism, it is the only internationalism we recognized in the League. The rights of individual sovereign nations are carefully safeguarded. The firm American tradition and practice expressed in the Monroe Doctrine are made secure, domestic questions are put beyond the scope of the League action, the rule of unanimity in the Council protects the sovereign rights of all the member States, including the right to determine what armament is necessary, and withdrawal from the League after two years' notice of intention is made possible; also no Power will be made a mandatary without its consent.

Opposition to the general purpose of the League of Nations, to the organization of any League at all, has been and is altogether negligible. Darkened minds which cherish the delusion that the peoples of the world have learned nothing from the war that has destroyed militarism and imperialism may be left to the discomfort of their own perverse ways of thinking, always with the generous hope that some time they will seek the way of truth and light. It is only to the form of the Constitution, to some provisions of the original draft, that objection has been made in this country in any reasonable and responsible quarter. It is evident that the Council has diligently considered all criticisms made with helpful intent, has endeavored to remove all grounds of objections based upon reason or good national and international practice. We may, therefore, look forward with confidence to the ratification of the League and the Treaty by the United States Senate. Many of the Senators who found the first draft of the Constitution unacceptable have withdrawn their objections as the principal amendments now announced came from day to day to public knowledge. All the Republican Senators can now feel that by their spokesmen, by their representatives or the leaders of their party who suggested changes in the draft, they have had their part in drawing up the Constitution. As the project has now come to the stage of adoption by the Plenary Council, we are persuaded that there will be very little hostile criticism. There should be none, for all men of enlightenment who believe in the progressive betterment of humanity should now be guided by the single purpose of making sure of a league against war.

THE ATLANTIC AIR RACE.

The performance of the naval plane F-5 in flying more than twenty hours about the Virginia Capes with a crew of five men, traveling a distance of 1,250 miles and landing only when the fuel in her tank ran low, fixes attention with renewed interest upon the preparations at the Rockaway Naval Air Station to try the Atlantic passage with more powerful machines than the record-maker at Hampton Roads. Hitherto it has been the feeling that the Navy Department was planning to anticipate the venture at St. John's by sending out a plane to get across the Atlantic by sea as well as by air, for naval planes are designed both to float and fly; but this impression did an injustice to Commander TOWERS and his fellow-airmen who wear the blue.

The NC's have been built to navigate through the upper spaces over and across the ocean. They are specially fitted with Liberty motors to function for twenty-four hours and with extra large tanks to supply the gas and oil needed for a transatlantic flight. The Sopwith and Martinsyde planes waiting for favorable weather at St. John's to make a start will carry two men each; the NC's will have a capacity for five. Being heavier machines, the American naval planes probably cannot attain an average speed of more than seventy miles an hour, and their schedule should, therefore, call for a route by way of the Azores, which are about 1,250 miles from Newfoundland. The British machines are supposed to have a speed exceeding 100 miles an hour, but it is doubtful whether the average speed on a sustained flight would be more than 100 miles, if quite as much. After the take-off, it will be Ireland for the British fliers, or failure. If it should be failure, they would be lucky to escape with their lives, which explains why they are so solicitous about mid-Atlantic weather conditions. Apparently they are not counting on means of rescue by the British Air Ministry or the naval authorities. Their venture seems to have been rashly planned, on the principle that a British airman is always ready to do or die, an unnecessarily fatuous point of view. While the American NC's may be able to take care of themselves in ordinary weather aloft and afloat, the presumption is that the Navy Department has made preparations for a chain of patrol vessels to look out for the crews of the seaplanes in case of accident.

Interest in this country and in Great Britain in the attempt to fly the Atlantic had languished because the British experts in Newfoundland and Ireland were weatherbound, indefinitely it seemed, and because our naval aviators had been a long time tinkering with their machines without doing anything to warrant faith in their success. But the splendid performance of F-5 at Hampton Roads has shown that a specially designed and powerfully engined plane should be able to stay in the air and travel at a high rate of speed until the other side of the Atlantic was reached. If F-5, which was not constructed for the ocean passage, is capable of more than twenty hours of swift flight, there need be no more calculating the chances of special entries for the pioneer dash across the Atlantic. The thing can be done, and it will soon be attempted by Britishers or Americans, who are watching each other narrowly to obtain an advantage in the race for aeronautic glory. It is time the countrymen of the WRIGHTS came into their own.

TRIAL FOR THE GUILTY.

The announcement that the Kaiser and those of his subordinates accused of crimes in the most criminally conducted war the modern world has seen will be placed on trial if treaty provisions now proposed are adopted will satisfy every one but the guilty men themselves. The Kaiser is to be tried "not for an offense against criminal "law, but for a supreme offense "against international morality and "the sanctity of treaties." Criminal law, it has been held, could not touch the head of a State; but that the Kaiser and his Government did commit a crime against the common moral opinion of the world and against international law no man can deny, and it would have been monstrous to allow him to escape punishment altogether.

It would seem from this language that he is to be tried solely for the attack upon Belgium. WILLIAM might have been arraigned as a principal in the prosecution of officers guilty of atrocities, for the German Army would never have followed out the policy of frightfulness if he had forbidden it. But for such offenses as German troops committed in France and Belgium the only proper penalty is death, and there are difficulties in the way of bringing a capital charge against the former Emperor. The tribunal which will try him "with a "view to vindicating the solemn obli-"gations of international undertak-"ings and the validity of interna-"tional morality" will fix the punishment, and it may be presumed that some sort of exile or imprisonment will be voted. It is no doubt due to the fact that Belgium is the victim for attacking whom he will be brought to trial that Belgium has no representative along with the great Powers on the proposed court.

For the minor offenders against "the laws and customs of war," or those guilty of "criminal acts against the nationals" of the States at war with Germany, special tribunals of the States involved are provided. It is perhaps unfortunate that the proposal includes an explanation that, since the German Government has not provided for punishment of such offenders, the Allies must do it themselves. It is notorious that the German Government has not shown any inclination to take this step, which would have been one of the most convincing tokens of a real change of heart in Germany; and the language may suggest to the Germans now that they may be able to avert vengeance upon the guilty by hurriedly announcing their own determination to institute proceedings which will end, as in the Fryatt case, with a complete whitewash of all Germans involved. The theory of jurisprudence expressed by the court which investigated the killing of Captain FRYATT can be summed up in the assertion that all things are lawful for Germans, and nothing for anybody else. It is not to be supposed, of course, that the Allies would be deceived by any German proposals to try the offenders at this late date, but there is a possibility that the attempt at deception might lead to some delay, and a chance to enable Germans guilty of the most outrageous crimes to pose as martyrs.

How far justice will be attained in these minor trials may be doubted, for undoubtedly many of the most guilty are dead, and most of the others will probably disappear, with the connivance of the German Government and people. There is no reason to expect that the Germans will do more than they are compelled to do in the production either of defendants or of evidence, which is one ground for satisfaction that German war prisoners on the western front are still held. Among them are doubtless some of the guilty, and it may be possible to catch others. At any rate, it seems that an attempt at punishment is to be made, and the mere attempt ought to go some distance toward vindicating the universally accepted standards of decency—though whether the Germans will be impressed remains to be seen.

UNSHACKLING TRADE.

Oftentimes Government efforts to promote trade have a contrary effect, and sometimes traders are so unappreciative that they prefer to be let alone. Certainly there will be glad acclaim of the action of all belligerent Governments represented in the Economic Council of Paris in canceling their trade blacklists. Heinous as it is to trade with enemies in war, the reproach does not carry over into peace. Trading with neutrals was restricted only because of the danger that the enemy might be traded with through them, or advantaged in other indirect methods. Although the blacklists are canceled, there remain some restrictions. Direct enemy trade must remain taboo until formal peace, and that includes reshipment of consignments into enemy countries via neutral ports. The lack of shipping makes it necessary still to control international movements of goods for a time, but restrictions upon cable communications between individuals are removed.

This is but a first step in a direction toward normal profits all the way. War profits are illusory, for they are based on destruction and the finding of resources by assumption of debts and taxes. The mourners over a reduction of war business will be few. But there will be general rejoicing that the reduction of war profits is accompanied by a revival of more moderate and more permanent profits in the industries of peace.

This is the groundswell which is giving buoyancy to the security markets in defiance of the opinions of those more expert in security markets than commodity markets. For weeks it has been a wonder to speculators that the market would not react despite the prostration of the iron and coal industries and the desperate condition of the utility corporations. If those depressing factors resulted from economic considerations they would be controlling under normal conditions. But nothing could be more factitious and sure to pass away than the chief causes of our present troubles. The depression in the utility corporations can hardly last beyond the near assembling of Congress. That is not because there is to be a change of party control. It is because the country has changed its mind on policies rather than parties. There will be no persistence in the regulation of the sort which has been tried to the bitter end, and there is no thoroughfare for Government ownership or operation as an alternative remedy. That, too, has been tried and found wanting. When Congress sets a new course for the Interstate Commission there will be more than an example offered for the State regulators. They will not be allowed to block the new interstate policy. Congress will take care that the State shall co-operate with the new policy, for experience has taught it how to make interstate policy control intrastate policy. And the courts will play a less complacent rôle, as is illustrated by their ready intervention to check rate disturbances under cover of alleged war justification.

These obstructions to prosperity are unnecessary. Their removal will allow natural factors their rightful force. Prostration of trade cannot persist if we harvest the crops now promised. If that is so ordinarily, it is doubly so when there is a foreign demand for 29,000,000 tons of food products, as Mr. HOOVER says. Those quantities cannot be moved over land or sea without activity in many trades. Nor can those quantities be taken even from our marvelous abundance without stimulating the prices of agricultural products, and also those of other industries by the expenditures of the farmers' profits. These funds will not be taken up in war borrowing and destructive expenditures. They will swell our bank resources, and will put ample resources at the control of trade. The last of our war loans will enable the Treasury to pay its bills and further strengthen the banks. The arrest of peace activities during the war was a necessity much to be regretted, but this in effect now strengthens the situation. The very acuteness of the housing problem and the necessity that the railways shall be equal to the demands upon them are guarantees of activity in trades which have been most distressed, and now will be leaders of the revival. Our tax burdens will decline with the Government expenses on a peace basis. Our foreign trade will be limited only by our capacity to transact it.

SYRIA.

While the Peace Conference is trying to settle the future of a dozen small nations there is apparently much apprehension among the Syrians as to what is to be done with them. Generally speaking, the chief division seems to be between the partisans and the opponents of France, but the claims of Zionist Palestine and the possible demand of the King of the Hedjaz also furnish questions with which Syrian opinion is at present much occupied.

The Sykes-Picot agreement of 1916 recognized British influence in Mesopotamia and Palestine, French influence in Syria and Cilicia. There has been much dissatisfaction with this, not only among the Armenians who claim Cilicia as part of their country, but among Syrians who do not want to see Palestine separated from the regions further north, or who are afraid that France will make the whole country no more than a French colony.

It remains to be seen how far the Sykes-Picot agreement is superseded by the document signed by Mr. BALFOUR and M. PICHON, and published in the official journal of Sir EDMUND ALLENBY'S expeditionary force last November. This declaration says that the aim of Great Britain and France in the Near East is "to estab-"lish national governments and ad-"ministrations which shall derive "their authority from the initiative "and free will of the peoples them-"selves." So they agree to "encourage and assist" the formation of native governments in Syria and Mesopotamia, and assert that they have no wish to impose any form of government, but only "to assure by their "support and practical aid the normal "workings of such governments and "administrations as the peoples shall "themselves have adopted." In discussing these matters in the Chamber on Dec. 29 last, M. PICHON said:

> Of course, we admit the complete freedom of the Conference, and its right to give these agreements their proper conclusion; but these agreements are binding both upon England and upon us. They will be submitted to the Conference and discussed by it.

France, the traditional protector of the Catholic Christians of the Lebanon, has the active support of this particular party, but among many Protestant, Orthodox, or Moslem Syrians her disinterestedness is questioned. The advocates of complete independence admit that in view of the hardships caused by Turkish rule and the war a mandatory Power will probably have to be associated with Syria at first, but many of them would be reluctant to see France assigned to this duty. A Syrian society in this country has advocated a joint mandate to Great Britain, France, and the United States, while others prefer this country alone, as more distant and disinterested.

Syrian sentiment seems generally to favor a federal government, which would include a Palestine with a large measure of autonomy, and would also give to the nomadic desert tribes in the eastern part of the country institutions suited to their culture, while maintaining more advanced forms further west. As for the King of the Hedjaz, he is held in great respect by Moslem Syrians, but even these hold that his people are far behind Syria culturally and that union of the two countries would be beneficial to neither. It is said that one-fifth of the Syrian people are now in America, and there are large colonies in Egypt and elsewhere. Economically and intellectually these foreign colonies are of a high standard, and outside of France they seem to be on the whole reluctant to see France intrusted with a mandate for Syria.

The Constitution of the League of Nations stipulates that in the Near East the wishes of the peoples involved must be the principal consideration in the selection of a mandatory Power. It will quite possibly be difficult to ascertain the general will of the Syrian people, particularly if the colonies abroad are included; nor will Americans be eager to see their country involved in very delicate responsibilities. But whatever mandatary is selected, it should be the concern of the leading Powers to see that the Syrians have a genuine opportunity for independence, for which their cultural state seems to fit them.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

It Can Be Done by Them, if at All.

Sociologists who have given profound study to the reasons for the saloon's attraction have been inclined to doubt if its place can be taken very successfully by any form of community centre, reading room, soft-drink café, or other variant of the "poor man's club." Men do go to saloons for sociability, to be sure, but they go for other reasons, one of which is to drink—and to drink something stronger than coffee or ginger ale. Nevertheless, since men accustomed to staying away from home are not going to get into the habit of going home immediately, all encouragement is due to the various bodies which are trying to remake the saloons, in many cases at the old stands, into places of social meeting which shall attract former visitors.

If any of the various religious, civic or social organizations which are planning to do this can do it successfully, it is likely to be the Salvation Army, whose plans were announced in yesterday's papers. That organization has won general admiration by its work in various and difficult fields, most recently in its ministrations to our soldiers. What it does it seems to do well. Moreover, the Salvation Army understands the temperament of the classes of the population which frequent the cheaper saloons; it knows how to approach them and what to give them. And in a world at present diversified by so many manifestations of intolerance it is a pleasure to hear from Commander BOOTH that, while members of the Salvation Army do not smoke, they have no objection to other people's smoking in the new salvation bars, and apparently feel that those who are to frequent them have some right to their own idea of the "comfort and cheer" which the reformed saloons are to promote.

Furniture and Fixtures Included.

Significant of its understanding of psychology is the decision of the Salvation Army to retain as much as possible of the paraphernalia of these obsolescent institutions. The brass rail and the mahogany bar, no better than Ashtoreth and Baal to so many of our reformers, appear to the Army as nothing immoral in themselves. It admits that men who have grown accustomed to leaning on one and planting a foot on the other may quiet their homesickness by continuing to do so even if nothing stronger than one-half of 1 per cent. is served. Those who want to sit down at tables may sit, those who take theirs standing up, if there be any who take sarsaparilla and coffee in that way, may still have that privilege. Nor will the universal confidant and comforter, the bartender, be driven to starve on the threshold. "There are many bartenders of genial personality and good character who could just as well remain behind the soft-drink bar as not."

It seems to be a sane and sensible plan to fill a need which will be a very serious one in a few weeks, and which, if it can be met at all, will most probably be met in this way. The Salvation Army wants to make the old place seem as homelike as possible, still able to attract its habitués even though the goods sold are of a different sort; and, as Commander BOOTH observes, the new saloon will not encourage the formation of the habit of staying away from home. No man will linger for two or three more rounds of tea; but those who have reason for preferring to spend their time elsewhere than at home will be better off in these salvation bars than in some of the other substitutes for the saloon which are certain to spring up as soon as the saloons have gone.

The Age of Wisdom.

Our leading revolutionist and sociologist, ex-Professor NEARING, is restrained by his modesty from suggesting himself as the superior of those now rearranging world affairs. But that is different from suggesting that everybody born earlier than, say, 1883 ought to pass on with the procession of antediluvians. The combined ages of the Paris peace conferees, says our leading revolutionist and ex-professor, marks a total of 1,382 years, and the youngest is 42. The oldest at 78 is far beyond the age of action, and the average is 63.

> Practically all these men had their minds already well formed and set in the roads they were to travel at the time the Franco-Prussian war was finished.
>
> It is apparently too late for them to change.

There's no denying the advantages of being born in the eighties, but recollection of events as a qualification for preventing the recurrence of another such war is not one of them. Neither, on the other hand, is it necessary to have personal recollection of the French Revolution to qualify for making the world safe for democracy.

So far as wisdom depends upon age it might be said that the Paris conferees are in a happy maturity, even though they may not be so ready to change as youths in the thirties. The ages of the first twenty-four Presidents of the United States totaled 1,663, and averaged 69. The British Generals averaged over 53 years, and did a good job. The ages of leading German Generals averaged 65.6 years. There's no saying what this contrast might prove to ex-Professor NEARING, but it would seem to show that tasks requiring greater capacity for change than putting Germany under bonds of international law were well performed by men who could not qualify for leading the next American revolution. The reason that these antediluvians are disqualified to make peace is something even more shocking to revolutionists than their personal ages. The ex-professor is running so far ahead of his own times that it would almost seem that he is in a hurry to be old. If he lives until he sees Europe Socialist he will have "something on" METHUSELAH, and that, too, although he seems to think that Bolshevism is socialism. Mr. SPARGO is old enough to teach him better than that.

The Modesty of a Brave Soldier.

Private HAROLD G. MEISSNER of the Ambulance Service, a brother of the American ace Major JAMES A. MEISSNER, does not know why Marshal PÉTAIN pinned the Croix de Guerre upon his breast. Private MEISSNER, assigned to ambulance work with the French Army, belonged to Unit No. 634, and served with it on the Aisne and on the Verdun and Amiens fronts in some of the fiercest fighting of the war. He was frequently under shell-fire, and was gassed once, but came out of the ordeal without a scratch. His experience was of a kind to make a youngster rather proud of himself and prone to spontaneous narration.

But the MEISSNER brothers are not talkative, and they have an invincible modesty. This one, the private, when asked how he came to be decorated by the great French Marshal, replied: "I'm sure I don't know. I learned it was for evacuation work in the Vouziers sector from Oct. 24 to 30, 1918. Somebody must have happened to see me, and evidently told somebody else."

What this means is that Private MEISSNER did something in the day's work, perhaps a good deal, that attracted the notice of his superiors; that he was brave, fearless, and indefatigable in the performance of his duty, and quite unconscious that he was exposing himself and behaving with extraordinary gallantry. He is doubtless of the opinion that others merited the decoration as much as he did, but failed to catch the eye of authority. So why make any fuss about the matter? It is delightful to learn of a young soldier who can't tell the story of the deed or conduct that won him the honor of standing at attention while a Marshal of France, one of the famous soldiers of the great war, pinned the Croix de Guerre upon his uniform coat.

NO PARK INVASION.

Tear Down the Arsenal Instead of Holding Exhibition There.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Bravo for your protest in today's issue against the leasing of the arsenal to the Safety Museum. You seem to be the only one who watches over Central Park with a lynx eye and voices the love of the people for an incomparable Park and makes the earliest protest against any and all encroachments upon it.

If the Safety Museum is allowed to install itself in the Arsenal other institutions will surely use this as a precedent to install themselves; and, if one other succeeds, another will follow, and then it soon will be "good night" to Central Park.

The Arsenal should be torn down, once for all, and the animals still there should be moved into Bronx Zoo and their cages destroyed. If a small police station is needed in Central Park—which I doubt—it could be built in an inconspicuous spot, with part of it underground, and the whole surrounded with poplar or other trees, so as to hide it as nearly as possible.

Let us hope that the entire press of New York will back you up in your ceaseless war on all schemers who try to invade Central Park by open or camouflaged trickery.

Even the Metropolitan Museum should never have been placed in Central Park. The French Government is about to remove the Luxembourg Museum from the garden of the same name. This will remove one argument to justify the placing of museums and art galleries in Central Park.

Again I say: Keep up your fight against all invaders of the Park.

New York, April 25, 1919. F. W. R.

TWO VICTORY PARADES.

A day of rarest joy! The thundering beat
Of marching heroes shook the vibrant ground;
Vast crowds that lined the flag-decked street
Cheered till the buildings trembled at the sound.
The martial bands blared out their victors' song;
The crowds flung back the stirring joyful strains
Until the whole wide world seemed free and strong,
Thrilled with the gladness of the wild refrains.

But when the day was done, the sun went down;
The people melted from the street like snow
In Spring. Night shrouded all the tired town;
There was no moon nor even starlight's glow.
Then, from the fields of France across the sea,
Came winging swiftly through the miles of space,
The souls of them who died to keep us free—
To make life sweet and clean in every place.

A soundless bugle called—the lines were made,
And from the newly built triumphal arch,
The phantom army, in a grim parade,
Through all-deserted streets began to march.
Before them went a banner striped and starred,
Bathed in a gleaming glory of its own,
That lit the eyes and faces battle-scarred
With light no man on earth has ever known.

Then fathers on their pillows turned and tossed,
Called by their sons who marched in line Out There.
Fond mothers dreamed and smiled—sons they had lost
Were back again in answer to their prayer.
She who had sent her lover to the fray
Slept deeply, though her tight-shut eyes were wet
With tears held back throughout each livelong day—
He had been true and she would not forget!

So march our dead whose task is not yet done,
Though they have known a Calvary of pain,
Until we *live* the peace that they have won,
Until we *prove* they have not died in vain.
We must awake! Fling up our windows wide
And shout in tones to reach the very dead:
"We pledge ourselves to all for which you died!
Our path is clear! *We shall not be misled!*"

HARRY VARLEY.

A MISCHIEVOUS STORY.

An Example of Anti-British Propaganda and the Facts.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

When in Lockport, N. Y., last December, I was informed by the rector of one of the churches there that in an address before the Men's Club of his church, given a short time previously by a Congressman whom he named, it had been stated that it had been freely reported at the Army and Navy Club, Washington, that when Admiral Sims, commanding the American Navy, upon his arrival overseas, visited the British Admiral on board his ship, for the purpose of paying his official respects, the British Admiral received him while remaining seated. As that was another of the very mischievous stories being circulated as anti-British propaganda throughout the country, and one not readily credible, I wrote both Mr. Franklin D. Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Washington, and the Right Honorable Winston Spencer Churchill, formerly of the British Admiralty, asking whether or not such an incident had actually taken place.

Mr. Roosevelt, under date of Feb. 27, personally replied as follows:

> Your letter of Feb. 18 inquiring as to the reception given by the British Admiralty to Admiral Sims and as to the attitude taken by the British Admiral when Admiral Sims called upon him is duly received.
>
> I am pleased to inform you that no report has been received from Admiral Sims stating that any discourtesy of any nature was offered to him, but that on the contrary the relations with Admiral Sims and the officers of the British Navy have been of the most cordial kind, and it has been due to the mutual co-operation between the officers of the British Navy and the American Navy that so much success was attained during the war.

My letter to Mr. Churchill was evidently referred by him to Admiral Sir Rosslyn Wemyss, R. N. of the British Admiralty, for I have a letter from the Secretary of the British Admiralty, inclosing a copy of a letter written by Admiral Sims to Admiral Wemyss under date of the 20th ultimo, in response to my inquiry, in which he says:

> Your letter of March 19 just received, and I am very much astonished, indeed, that there should have arisen in America a story to the effect that upon my first arrival in England I was not received courteously. Again expressing my extreme astonishment, I may state in the most positive manner that nothing could possibly have exceeded the courtesy with which the British Admiralty received me when I landed at Liverpool. As you know, a special train was sent to bring me down to London, and Admiral Hope, as the Admiralty's representative, was there to meet me. Also the senior officers, on duty in Liverpool, met me at the dock, and extended me every possible courtesy. It is also needless to say that upon my arrival in London I was received at the Admiralty with every mark of courtesy.
>
> First Sea Lord, who was then Admiral Viscount Jellicoe, an old friend of mine, gave me every possible facility to co-ordinate the work of our navy with the navy of Great Britain.
>
> I cannot imagine how such yarns can possibly arise, unless they may be due to some malicious enemy. You have, of course, my full permission to make any use of this letter which you may think proper.

Great Britain is still an ally of this country and both are technically still at war. Yet these silly but very vicious yarns continue to go the rounds. Philip Gibbs reported the other day that in his hearing in the smoker of a sleeper somewhere in this country an intelligent, good looking American officer, just returned from France, openly stated that the chief business of the British Army had been to run from the enemy, or something to that effect. Is it possible that that man was not in fact an American officer, but a well trained Hun propagandist? It could only be, surely, the expression of a most insidious enemy of this country who could find it in his heart at this time to make statements of that nature.

I trust it may be agreeable to you to give the necessary space in your columns for this letter incorporating the very cordial statements by both Mr. Roosevelt and Admiral Sims as to the relations which existed between Admiral Sims and his officers with those of the British Navy. They very effectually refute at least one of these anti-British bits of propaganda. S. A. LINGHAM.

Santa Monica, Cal., April 18, 1919.

AMERICANS IN LITHUANIA.

About the Reported Attacks on the Red Cross Mission There.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I noticed in THE TIMES that the American Red Cross mission in Kovno, Lithuania, was attacked by German soldiery.

Several days ago I received word of a similar incident, which was not confirmed by cable at that time. In view of what I know of the situation in Lithuania I should say that these incidents occurred as follows:

Both delegations of the American Red Cross and some German officers were staying at Kovno at Ferguson's Hotel, the only good hotel there. The German officers were probably there in the interest of the withdrawal of their own and Russian refugees, and their arrogance had evidently become unbearable to the young, high-spirited American officers of the Red Cross. This undoubtedly commenced the trouble.

Quite recently steps were taken in Washington and also in Paris to have a Red Cross unit sent to Lithuania, similar to the units of the Red Cross which had been sent during the past years to other countries afflicted by war's devastation. The reason for this request came because Lithuanians were contributing freely to the Red Cross in America, just as were all the other types of American citizens, and that Lithuania was in fact a co-belligerent country.

Recently our association here received a cable from Paris stating that the Red Cross mission had been sent to help Lithuania, but whether it came directly from Paris or was sent in from some neighboring country the writer does not know. We do know, however, that it was sent after the investigation of the situation in Lithuania.

The last available report from that country is that the main railway lines are being held by German military authorities, over a stretch of tracks which they say they sorely need for communication lines over which to withdraw troops which are being returned from Russia. On this ground they were still holding the main line, and especially the line between Kovno and Germany, when last heard from. There is no wonder, then, that in Kovno, which is the railroad centre, some German troops still remain without the consent of the Lithuanian Government.

We Lithuanians are most happy that the Lithuanian soldiers brought aid to the stranded American mission, defending alike their honor and the honor of Lithuania against the German oppressor, who, though beaten, is still arrogant. JONAS ZILIUS.

New York, April 25, 1919.

PARTNERS IN INDUSTRY.

An Amendment Offered to Mr. Willcox's Plan.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Of all the suggested solutions of the problem of a just and equitable division of the profits of industry between its owners and its employes, that of Mr. William G. Willcox, as set forth in your issue of April 17, seems to be the soundest in point of economic practicality which has come to the eye of the writer, who is neither an owner of an industry nor a worker in one.

He would add but one further step, which seems necessary in any reintegration of this sorely perplexing puzzle—not in derogation of Mr. Willcox's admirable plan, but as supplementary to it and as holding forth possible hope of solving not one but two seemingly distinct though really interrelated problems. This step reaches a better method of treatment of the needs, requirements, and limitations of brand-new industries—those businesses, incorporated under general State laws, which are planned and launched on their perilous way only through the lure of a percentage of stock issued to the pioneer in reward for his effort, his talent, his vision, his willingness to assume the ominous risk of failure, loss of money or prestige, or both.

There has been notorious and extensive abuse of the privilege granted under many of these laws to create a perpetual charge, in case the new industry succeeds in remaining solvent, against capital account through an unwise issue of too generous percentages of stock for purposes of reward to the pioneer, necessary and vital as his services are to the community. The tendency thus to overpay him is flagrant, albeit the temptation is a natural one. On the other hand, a reasonable percentage of reward paid in stock, a percentage just large enough to attract the money, time, talent, organizing skill, and risk-willingness of honorable, capable, and experienced business men, while in theory and logic perhaps indefensible, yet, taking into account inescapable actualities which determine what men will do and what they won't do, is a proper and almost inevitable charge against capitalization, in addition to and as part of the investment, on which, in Mr. Willcox's second charge on capital, "a moderate return" shall be paid before the equal division of the balance, which he so soundly proposes.

Let our several States amend their corporation laws in the full light of the evidence adduced from ample and exhaustive hearings on the question of the minimum effective percentage of so-called bonus stock necessary to insure risk-willingness. Then legalize such percentage. Give it the widest publicity, that it may be thoroughly and generally known, understood, and approved by the best reasonable public opinion and thought. Let such amended legislation further and more heavily penalize than is, unfortunately, the case today in most jurisdictions, attempts—under cover of other stock-issuing powers granted by statute, such as those for the acquisition of patents, good-will, &c.—to secure indirectly for the pioneer stock in excess of this minimum legalized percentage.

It could well be argued that this step is an added ultimate protection to the workers, although at first sight it appears to decrease the balance of profits to be divided among the workers of a new industry by adding to the sum representing "a moderate return upon the capital actually invested" the amount of a like rate of return upon the shares issued for compensation for risk-willingness. But might it not be argued that such addition tends to insure risk-willingness as a more or less permanent factor for calling into being new enterprises and undertakings which will possess the elements of greater stability through having sounder foundations of origin than have many present-day flotations, and which will be creating new opportunities for an ever-increasing population of workers? A sort of insurance, as it were, both for owner and worker and for the descendants and successors of both. For the owner, that his shares shall tend in the direction of stability both as to market value and rate of return, qualities which many such shares lack today. For the worker, that he and his successors in the trust shall tend to have steadier and less broken employment with fewer changes of habitat, plus a substantial money-stake in an increased production of the industry in which his long-sought goal of partnership shall have been reached at last. ROBERT P. ESTY.

Philadelphia, April 17, 1919.

Lenin's Education.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial article on Lenin's economic philosophy was highly interesting. You trace his education on financial matters back to Karl Marx; yet, it occurred to me that only a few years ago the German economist and Government adviser, Professor Liefmann, advocated Marxian methods, though probably more with a view to corrupt Russia than to see these ideas introduced in Germany.

In this connection let me quote from an article by H. M. Jacoby, one of the leading authorities on financial matters in this country, who attacked in 1917 the theories of Liefmann in The Financial Statistician.

"As to the adoption of relative money," says Jacoby, "we meet a new school whose leader is Professor Liefmann. This observer in his recently published 'Economic Theory of Money' advocates the complete abandonment of the gold doctrine in favor of guaranteed incomes and guaranteed proportions of values. He reasons that if a college professor were to get twice the salary of a high school teacher, and one bushel of wheat should be exchangeable into ten pounds of copper, that the presence of gold would not only be superfluous but dangerous. The weakness of this point consists in the omission of value fluctuations as such. If, let us say, a decided lack in the consumption of beer would decrease the value of malt, those who would find themselves in possession of malt could find no consolation in the fact that it might be exchangeable into wheat at a fixed rate. For the people who hold wheat would not exercise their option, and price fluctuations would take place in spite of fixed price relationship."

This truth is so fundamental that it is hard to see how any one in our century can start a barter system and hope to get away with what, after all, is the philosophy of the cave man. J. BARNARD CUNNINGHAM.

Elberon, N. J., April 25, 1919.

No Ships from South America.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I was much interested in your recent article stating that Edward N. Hurley, Chairman of the U. S. Shipping Board, was to establish lines of fine steamers between the United States and South American ports.

Why is it not possible at this time to send a United States transport or steamship to let thousands of Americans and others who have been waiting months to get to the United States but cannot do so, as the existing lines are not able to bring the large number of people who are marooned there? Many American mercantile men are accepting steerage accommodations for the sake of getting home. These conditions apply to all the West Indian islands, commencing with Trinidad and Barbados, as well as all South American ports. E. D. C.

New York, April 25, 1919.

Young Mothers of Soldiers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Through your paper may I appeal to artists and illustrators to please draw some pictures of reasonably young mothers of the returning young soldiers? It is absurd to see only pictures of dear, white-haired old ladies, quite toothless and pitiful looking, with boys of about 20 years of age. They all must have been born when their mothers were 50 years of age or over, judging from the pictures on posters and magazines.

A 37-YEAR-OLD MOTHER OF AN 18-YEAR-OLD SON.

New York, April 26, 1919.

MISS RAY SLATER WEDS DR. MURPHY

The Bride of Rockefeller Institute Pathologist at Her Mother's Park Av. Home.

MISS RENNARD'S NUPTIAL

Wears Band of Diamonds at Her Marriage to Lieut. H. R. Benjamin in St. Thomas's Church.

The wedding of Dr. James B. Murphy of the Rockefeller Institute, and a son of Dr. Patrick Livingston Murphy of Morgantown, N. C., and Miss Ray Slater, a daughter of Mrs. Horatio Nelson Slater of Boston and New York took place at noon yesterday at Mrs. Slater's New York home, 270 Park Avenue, the Rev. Dr. Samuel S. Drury of St. Paul's School, assisted by the Rev. Wolcott Linsley of Webster, Mass., officiating.

The bridal party passed under three arches of roses to the temporary altar. The bride walking with her brother, Horatio N. Slater, wore a white satin gown, having a court train, draped with lace, and a tulle veil held in cap fashion with a wreath of orange blossoms. She was attended only by Miss Adrienne Iselin, in pink silk veiled with tulle, a hat to match, and who carried pink roses.

Dr. A. Raymond Dochez of Baltimore, also of the Rockefeller Institute, was the best man, and the ushers were Dr. Francis Peabody of Boston, Major Russell L. Cecil, U. S. A.; Dr. George Draper, and Dr. Walter M. Palmer of New York. A reception and breakfast followed the ceremony. Later in the afternoon a hundred or more men in the service came in. Mrs. Slater played the violin, Mr. Deering sang, the men joining in, and Professor Rybner of Columbia also played.

The 3,000 employes of the cotton and woolen mills owned by Mrs. Slater at Webster, Mass., had a holiday to celebrate the wedding and wedding cake was sent to them.

Mrs. Murphy, who is a sister of Mrs. Benjamin Sumner Welles, now in Buenos Aires, where Mr. Welles is connected with the American Embassy, offered her services to the country when war was declared and was employed in the State Department in Washington, where she remained until recently.

Dr. Murphy was also in the service, with the rank of Major, and while he was in Washington on the staff of Surgeon General Gorgas he met, some two years ago, Miss Slater. He was graduated from the University of North Carolina in 1905 and from Johns Hopkins University, where he received his medical degree, in 1909. He is a member of the American Society for Experimental Pathology, and the Society of American Bacteriologists.

Benjamin—Rennard

The marriage of Lieutenant Henry Rogers Benjamin, Aviation Section, U. S. A., a grandson of the late H. H. Rogers, the Standard Oil magnate, and the son of Mr. and Mrs. William Evarts Benjamin of 2 East Eighty-seventh Street, and Miss Dorothy S. Rennard, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Clifford Rennard of 70 East Seventy-seventh Street, took place at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in St. Thomas's Church, the Rev. Dr. E. M. Stires performing the ceremony.

The bride, who walked with her father, wore a simple white satin gown with a court train, and a tulle veil held with orange blossoms. A band of diamonds crossed her forehead, and terminated in diamond-studded mercury feet that held her veil to each side to her blonde coiffure. She also wore a string of pearls and carried lilies and orchids. She was attended by Mrs. Charles Edward Adams and the Misses Edith S. Beavor Webb and A. Dorothy Battle, in pink silk, topped by large black hats with pink wistaria. Little Miss Cynthia Pratt, the niece of the bridegroom, and little Miss Natalie M. Coe, his cousin, were the flower girls, in emerald-green silk frocks and white lace snoods.

Lieut. Le Grand B. Cannon was the best man and the ushers were Major Elliott C. Cowdin, Lieut. Roger M. Poor, U. S. N., Lieut. Robert Ingersoll Brown, U. S. N., Lieut. Dave Hennen Coddington, U. S. N., Lieut. Stanhope W. Nixon, U. S. A. and Lieut. John Warburton, U. S. A. The reception was held at the bride's home.

Lieut. Benjamin was an aviator in France and Italy, and after that joined the British Air Squadron. Mrs. Benjamin made her début several years ago. She is a sister of Lieut. John Townshend Rennard, U. S. A.

Miss Smith Weds H. Van B. Berg.

The marriage is announced of Miss Elizabeth H. Smith, daughter of Mrs. Archibald Henderson Smith, and Hunter Van Beil Berg, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles I. Berg of 34 Gramercy Park, this city, which took place on Saturday in the First Presbyterian Church at Stamford, Conn., the Rev. Dr. Robert Hugh Morris officiating. The bride is a granddaughter of James D. Smith, former Commodore of the New York Yacht Club and President of the New York Stock Exchange. Mr. Berg is in the banking business here, and was a First Lieutenant in the army during the war. The couple will reside at 129 East Eighty-second Street after a honeymoon trip through the South.

MINER TO QUESTION PEERS.

British Board Resumes Hearings on Nationalization Question.

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LONDON, April 28.—On the initiative of Robert Smillie, President of the Miners' Federation, the Government commission investigating the question of nationalizing the coal mines has subpoenaed seven coal-owning Peers. The latter will begin their testimony tomorrow when Smillie, who represents about 200,000 miners on the committee, will start his public cross-examination of them.

Among the Peers to be called are: The Duke of Hamilton, with estates of 157,000 acres, including coal fields in Scotland and three residences; the Duke of Northumberland, who is ground landlord of North of England collieries and mining villages. He owns two castles and other residences; the Marquis of Londonderry, master of 50,400 acres, owner of coal royalty rights in Northumberland and Durham, and possessor of five residences; the Earl of Durham, interested in mines in Northeast England. He owns a castle and 30,500 acres of land; and Baron Dynevor, a Peer whose lineage dates back to the time of King Arthur and the Knights of the Round Table. His colliery interests are mainly in South Wales.

Smillie will question them about the income they derive from their ownership or royalty rights over coal mines, and it is also expected that he will quiz them on the abstract question of the right of private ownership to such national resources as coal in relation to the miners' demand for the nationalization of the mines.

The hearings of the commission are being held in the King's Robing Room of the House of Lords, which King George placed at the disposal of the commission when it was created by an act of Parliament some weeks ago.

This is the second series of meetings of the commission, which was formed as a result of the miners' threat to call a nation-wide strike unless their demands for shorter hours, better pay and housing conditions, and nationalization of the mines were granted.

The first and preliminary report of the commission granted practically the full demands except nationalization, which question was postponed for a decision after the hearing to begin when the Easter holidays were over. The first two days of the commission's hearing last week were devoted to the testimony of experts for both sides on abstract principles of nationalization.

TO GIVE DINNER FOR EISNER.

Friends of Former Revenue Collector Plan Testimonial.

Mark Eisner, former Collector of Internal Revenue of the Third New York District, will be the guest of honor at a dinner at the Hotel Biltmore on the evening of May 7 by his friends and former colleagues in recognition and appreciation of his services as Collector of Internal Revenue.

It was announced yesterday that the following speakers are expected: Governor Alfred E. Smith, Charles E. Hughes, Bainbridge Colby, William G. McAdoo, Abram I. Elkus, and Charles M. Schwab. Tickets at $8 each may be obtained from Murray W. Stand, Secretary of the Dinner Committee, 110 West Thirty-eighth Street. Among those on the Dinner Committee are William H. Edwards, Collector of Internal Revenue; Jonah J. Goldstein, Vice Chairman; Joseph F. Prendergast, Treasurer, and Murray W. Stand, Secretary.

Miss Kingsley to Wed Tomorrow.

Miss Grace Evelyn Kingsley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Francis Kingsley, and Kenneth Carlton Warren, until recently a Lieutenant in the American Air Service, will be married tomorrow evening at the home of the bride in Brooklyn.

Ball in Aid of Grosvenor House.

A Springtime ball in aid of the Grosvenor Neighborhood House in East Fiftieth Street will be held on Friday evening at Sherry's and will be the last dance held in Sherry's old home. Miss Audrey Riker is Chairman of the Dance Committee, and others on it are the Misses Mary C. Alexander, Miriam Harriman, Eunice James, and Woutetti Proctor. The Board of Directors, who will be present, includes Mrs. A. Chalmers Charles, Mrs. J. L. Banks, Jr., Mrs. C. D. Dickey, Jr., and Mrs. S. Sloan Colt.

9,000 of 26th Division Discharged.

AYER, Mass., April 28.—Nearly 9,000 members of the 26th Division returned to private life today after more than eighteen months of military service. The first unit demobilized was the 101st Engineers, the old First Corps Cadets of Boston. Later the 101st, 103d, and 104th Infantry Regiments were discharged. The remaining units will be disbanded tomorrow.

Relax Wireless Restrictions.

Sheriff Knott received notice yesterday from the Navy Department that all restrictions had been removed on the operation of amateur wireless receiving stations, and the Sheriff was authorized to break the navy seals on amateur receiving apparatus in this district. Seals on transmitting apparatus are to remain unbroken. Sheriff Knott was informed, however, that wartime restrictions were still effective in regard to radio stations used for commercial purposes, and stations of this type are not permitted to erect antennae.

Breitung & Co. Wins Suit.

A judgment was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday dismissing a suit by Judge Henry Clay Howard of Bourbon County, Ky., ex-United States Minister to Peru, against Breitung & Co., bankers, to recover $600,000 alleged to be due as his share of prospective profits in irrigation enterprises in Peru. The suit has been pending three years. After a trial the court ruled that Judge Howard had failed to offer reasonable proof of his claim.

IMRE KIRALFY DEAD IN ENGLAND

Famous Producer of "The Black Crook" and Notable Ballets Dies at 74.

STAGED GREAT SPECTACLES

"America" in Chicago During the World's Fair, "The Fall of Babylon," "Nero," and "Columbus."

LONDON, April 28.—Imre Kiralfy, famous as the organizer of pageants and spectacular plays, died Sunday at Brighton.

Imre Kiralfy, who is probably best remembered in New York City for his spectacular production, "The Black Crook," at the old Niblo's Garden, was born at Budapest in 1845, and made his first appearance as an actor at the age of four years. In his boyhood days he danced in the principal theatres in Germany, meantime studying music.

When 23 years old he began organizing pageants and processions. In Brussels in 1868 Kiralfy organized a colossal fête, which included operas, pantomimes and sports, and a spectacle in which 4,000 soldiers were employed.

He came to the United States in 1869, remaining in this country for twenty-five years presenting spectacles. His great spectacle, "The Life of Columbus," ran for nearly two years at the time of the Chicago Fair, and his "America," or "400 Years of American History," at the Auditorium, Chicago, was one of the biggest money makers of the exposition. The show is said to have netted $1,000,000 in seven and a half months. Other productions put on in the United States included "The Fall of Babylon," "Nero and the Burning of Rome."

Returning to England, Kiralfy managed many notable entertainments, including a permanent exhibition at Shepherd's Bush, London, and proceeded to show the British what could be done with machinery, water, and electricity. The huge building was turned into a miniature Venice.

May Amend Egyptian Constitution.

LONDON, April 28.—The Government is considering the sending of a special commission, headed by Viscount Milner, Secretary for the Colonies, to Egypt in order to ascertain what changes are necessary in the Constitution of the protectorate.

Belgium Honors Hoover.

Herbert C. Hoover and Lieut. Col. John Van Schaick, American Red Cross Commissioner for Belgium, have received the degree of Honorary M. D. from the University of Liége, according to word received by the Red Cross yesterday, in appreciation of their service to the Belgian civil and military hospitals. The same degree has been conferred upon the Queen of the Belgians, and Premier Clemenceau, the former for her work as a nurse and the latter in acknowledgement of what France has done for Belgian hospitals in France.

Mrs. H. F. Meserve Dies in Paris.

PARIS, April 28.—Mrs. Harry Fessenden Meserve of Washington, D. C., died here today.

Mrs. Meserve was the wife of Harry Fessenden Meserve, who is the European Vice President of the National City Bank of New York. She went to Paris in January last with her husband. Mr. Meserve is a Baltimore financier and also has a home in Washington. Mrs. Meserve, before her marriage in 1902, was Mrs. Helen Struve McCulsky. Since then she had lived abroad most of the time with her husband. Mr. Meserve was in charge of the Petrograd branch of the National City Bank until the Russian revolution, and Mrs. Meserve was active as a leader in Russian relief work. When they left Russia Mr. and Mrs. Meserve went to Washington and reopened their home, returning to Europe last January.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. ELIZABETH GRIFFITH KRAMER, widow of Louis Kramer, a manufacturer, and a daughter of John Griffiths, who was an English surgeon, died in her seventy-ninth year, on Sunday, at her home, 990 Madison Street, Brooklyn. She was born in London, England.

Mrs. CARRIE A. BILLINGS, widow of John W. Billings, and a resident of Brooklyn for forty years, died of pneumonia on Sunday at her home, 369 First Street, Eroqklyn.

Mrs. LOUISE FIELD SMYTH, wife of William Smyth and daughter of the late Rev. Dr. Joseph Sanderson, a retired Presbyterian minister, editor and author, died on Sunday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John G. Warwick, 360 Adelphi Street, Brooklyn. She was 61 years old.

Captain JAMES HALE CHAMBERLAIN, a retired master of sailing vessels and former Superintendent of the "Swallowtail" line of packets, sailing from England to this country, died on Saturday at his home, 423 South Third Street, South Brooklyn. Captain Chamberlain was born in Popsham, Vt., eighty-five years ago, and was master of craft at the age of 24 years. For the last twenty-nine years he had been Treasurer of the Marine Society of New York.

ROBERT H. BROUGH, 69 years old, in the paper mills supplies business, and formerly of the old firm of John H. Lyon & Co., died at his home, 53 Westminster Road, Flatbush, on Saturday. Mr. Brough was born in Durham, England.

Lieutenant JAMES F. CONNOR, formerly attached to Hook and Ladder Company No. 105, died on Saturday at his home, 39 Eighth Street, South Brooklyn.

JAMES J. MAGUIRE, a retired furniture dealer of Brooklyn, for twenty-five years in business on Myrtle Avenue, died on Sunday at his home, 2,023 Ocean Avenue, Flatbush.

ERNEST M. VICKERS, 36 years old, a member of the advertising staff of The Tribune, died on Sunday at his home, 552 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, of apoplexy.

JOHN MONSEES, who before his retirement owned several cafes and small hotels in this city, died yesterday in his seventy-seventh year. His home was 538 West 157th Street.

NORMAN K. GRAVES, 59 years old, First Vice President of the State Association of Superintendents and Overseers of the Poor, died at his home in Rome, N. Y., last night.

Major BOLLING W. HAXALL, Jr., son of the late Bolling W. Haxall of Virginia, is dead at Coblenz, Germany, in his thirty-sixth year.

Ensign LINCOLN R. MAGEE, forty-seven year old, a member of the Naval Reserve force, died at the Naval Hospital in Brooklyn Friday.

JACOB BENNETT, 83 years old, for twenty-six years Superintendent of the East New York branch of the Young Men's Christian Association, died Saturday at 310 Liberty Avenue, Brooklyn.

DAVID WEILD HARKNESS, attorney and banker, died Saturday at his home, 90 Mercer Street, Jersey City. He was for several years a clerk in the Ninth National Bank of this city.

LOUIS GREENFIELD, 56 years old, who until his retirement four years ago was for twenty years in the housefurnishing business, died suddenly Sunday at Lakewood, N. J. His home was at 47 East Eighty-eighth Street.

Mrs. H. FESSENDEN MESERVE of Washington, D. C., died in Paris yesterday.

ELKS AID SALVATION ARMY.

Put 1,300 Lodges to Work in $13,000,000 Fund Drive.

The Elks are to co-operate with the Salvation Army in the $13,000,000 drive that the latter organization will conduct next month. Bruce Campbell, Grand Exalted Ruler of the Elks, and former Governor John K. Tener of Pennsylvania called upon former Governor Whitman, National Chairman of the Salvation Army Campaign Committee, and General Cornelius Vanderbilt, Chairman of the New York Committee, yesterday and offered the active co-operation of the Elks.

The Elks will work through the 1,300 lodges throughout the country. "We have watched the Salvation Army at home for a long while," said Mr. Campbell. "Now we know that the work it did in war and in France was along the line that it has been doing in peace in this country. The Elks had 7,000 officers and 50,000 men in the war and they are earnest in commendation of the Army and its work."

Joseph Stern.

Joseph Stern, for many years until his retirement in 1909 a member of the firm of Joseph Stern & Sons, Inc., who established one of the first abattoirs in the city, died yesterday at his home, 55 West Fiftieth Street, in his eighty-sixth year. During the civil war he was a First Lieutenant and helped quell the draft riots in New York. He was one of the organizers and for many years Director of the West Side Bank, and was also one of the founders and oldest members of Temple Beth-El.

James K. Lynch, Banker.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 28.—James Kennedy Lynch, Governor of the United States Twelfth Federal Reserve Bank of this city, died early today at his home in Alameda, near here, of heart disease. The death in action of his son, Lieutenant Lawrence S. Lynch, was a shock that sapped the vitality of the banker.

Mr. Lynch became Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank in August, 1917, and he was former President of the California Bankers' Association and of the American Bankers' Association. Mr. Lynch was 62 years old.

Dr. Joseph Merzbach.

Dr. Joseph Merzbach, heart and throat specialist, and until last January attached to the Jewish Hospital in Brooklyn, died of heart disease yesterday at his home, 204 Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn, at the age of 62 years. Dr. Merzbach was a native of Poland, and had studied medicine in Berlin and Leipsic. He was a graduate of the Long Island College Hospital and a member of the Kings County Medical Society, the Hospital Graduates' Club, the Associated Physicians of Long Island, the American Medical Association, the Brooklyn Federation of Hebrew Charities, and was consulting physician of the Brooklyn Hebrew Orphan Asylum.

Congressman Albert Estopinal.

NEW ORLEANS, April 28.—Albert Estopinal, member of Congress from the First Louisiana District, died at his home here early today. Representative Estopinal was 74 years old and had served in Congress since 1909, following terms in the State Legislature and as Lieutenant Governor. He was a member of the Louisiana Constitutional Convention of 1879 and 1898. In the civil war Representative Estopinal enlisted at 17 and served until the close. He was an active member of the House Naval Affairs Committee.

Alfred Everson Pearsall.

Alfred Everson Pearsall, 73 years old, of Westfield, N. J., Dean of the commercial market reporters of New York, died yesterday at his Winter home in Melrose, Fla. He began his newspaper career more than a half century ago as a copy boy on the New York Herald. In 1902 he founded Pearsall's News Bureau. For twenty years he was commodity reporter here for The Associated Press. He was an authority on cotton. Mr. Pearsall retired from active work in 1910, and left the conduct of his business to his four sons, who, with one daughter, Mrs. Lester W. Neefus, all of Westfield, survive. For thirty years Mr. Pearsall was a member of the New York Press Club.

Born.

CROHN.—To Mr. and Mrs. Myron D. Crohn, a son, Monday, April 28.

HORWITZ.—To Mr. and Mrs. William J. Horwitz, (nee Martha Wartels,) of 106 West 120th St., a daughter, on April 27, at the Lying-in Hospital.

KOFFLER.—To Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Koffler, (nee Bertha Strachstein,) of 42 Northern Av., a daughter, on April 27, 1919.

Married.

COWLES—DEAN.—On Saturday, April 26, 1919, at St. Thomas's Church, New York City, by Dr. Ernest M. Stires, Ruth, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Hollingshead Dean, to David S. Cowles of Rye, N. Y.

DU BOIS—EMMONS.—On Saturday, April 26, Katharine Du Bois, daughter of Cornelius Du Bois, to Roger B. Emmons, at the home of the bride, 47 West 76th St.

ISRAELSON—ROTHSCHILD.—Mr. and Mrs. A. Rothschild announce the marriage of their daughter, Mildred, to Mr. Jerome Israelson, on Monday, April 28.

JUDD—McCAUSLAND.—George Ezra Judd and Isabella Kyle McCausland were married in the Chantry of the Grace Episcopal Church, by the rector, on Saturday, April 26, at 1 o'clock.

Died.

ALEXANDER.—Alex, aged 51, beloved brother of Rosy, Mrs. L. H. Harris, Mrs. M. Fisher. Funeral Tuesday, April 29, 10 o'clock A. M., from his late residence, 106 West 80th St.

ALEXANDER.—Maimonides Benevolent Society.—Brethren: You are hereby notified of the death of Brother Alexander and requested to attend the funeral, which takes place on Tuesday morning, the 29th inst., at 10 o'clock, from his late residence, 106 West 80th St.
HARRY N. SIMON, President.
SAMUEL SCHEUER, Secretary.

BALLIN.—Malinda, wife of the late Moritz Ballin, at her residence, 266 Amherst Av., Jamaica, L. I. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BROWN.—On Saturday, April 26, at First Embarkation Hospital, Hoboken, N. J., Sergeant Major James S. Brown, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Willard P. Brown of Pelham Manor, N. Y. Funeral services 10 A. M., Tuesday, April 29, at St. Gabriel's Church, New Rochelle, N. Y.

CASE.—At Bristol, R. I., April 27, in the 62d year of his age, Daniel Roger Case, son of the late Rear Admiral Augustus Ludlow and Anna Rogers Case. Funeral services private.

COCKBURN.—In Paterson, N. J., Sunday, April 27, 1919, Christina A. MacDougall, beloved wife of James Hay Cockburn. Funeral on Wednesday, April 30, 1919, from her late residence, 227 Park Av., Paterson, at 2:30 P. M. Interment Cedar Lawn.

COHN.—Abraham, April 23, beloved husband of Minnie, (Driesen,) in his 74th year, father of Gabe, Sol. Irving, Louis, Mrs. Fred Meyer, and Sadie. Funeral from his late residence, 1,819 Madison Av., Wednesday, April 30, 10:30 A. M. sharp. Please omit flowers.

DAWES.—Suddenly, on Saturday, April 26, at Englewood, N. J., Henry Franklin Dawes, husband of Adelia Merrick Dawes and son of the late Eliza Franklin and James Lincoln Dawes, in the 60th year of his age. Funeral services at his late home in Englewood, Tuesday, April 29, at 2:30 P. M. Train leaves Jersey City at 1:29 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

Died.

DENBY.—On Sunday, April 27, 1919, at his residence, the Berkley Hotel, 170 West 74th St., Isaac Denby. Funeral services will be held on Wednesday morning, April 30, at 10 o'clock, at the Central Presbyterian Church, corner Madison Av. and 57th St. Interment at convenience of family. Worcester, Mass., papers please copy.

EAGER.—At her residence, 110 Summit Av., Jersey City, N. J., Fannie B., widow of Ralph Elliot Eager. Funeral services private. Kindly omit flowers.

EGELHOFF.—Entered into rest at Los Angeles, Cal., Saturday, April 26, 1919, Louise, widow of John Egelhoff, beloved mother of Amelia L., Edward H., Frederick B., and grandmother of Evelyn E. Egelhoff. Formerly of 312 Fifth Av., Brooklyn. Funeral Los Angeles, Cal.

EHLERMANN.—In St. Louis, on Saturday, April 26, Charles Ehlermann of St. Louis, of pneumonia, in his 74th year, leaving a widow and a daughter, Mrs. William Gundelach, residents of St. Louis; a daughter, Mrs. Otto Gerdau, and a son, Carl Ehlermann, residents of New York City. Funeral services in St. Louis.

FELLOWS.—Suddenly, at Upper Montclair, N. J., April 28, 1919, Ellen Spinney Fellows, sister of William R. Spinney of 144 Hatton Place. Funeral and interment, Milton, N. H.

FISHER.—On April 26, Sarah A., daughter of the late William Sharp. Funeral service at her residence, 67 9th Av., East Orange, N. J., (Grove St. Station,) at 8 P. M., Tuesday, April 29. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

FOLEY.—On April 26, 1919, Maude Estelle, widow of Edward A. Foley, at her residence, 556 West 180th St. Funeral services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.,) Broadway, 66th St., Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn. Toledo and Chicago papers please copy.

GARDINER.—On April 26, at 2 West 55th St., Robert Alexander Gardiner, son of the late Colonel David L. Gardiner and Sarah Thompson Gardiner, and husband of Nora Loftus Gardiner. Funeral services at St. James's Church, Madison Av. and 71st St., at 10:30 A. M. on Wednesday, April 30. Interment at East Hampton, L. I., at convenience of family.

GARDINER.—Holland Lodge, 8, F. and A. M. Brethren: You are requested to attend the funeral services of our late brother, Robert Alexander Gardiner, at St. James's Church, Madison Av. and 71st St., at 10:30 A. M., on Wednesday, April 30.
GEORGE H. BULL, Master.
HARRY COMER, Secretary.

GARDINER.—Society of Colonial Wars in the State of New York, 43 Cedar St., New York. It is with deep regret that announcement is made to the members of this society of the death on April 26, 1919, in New York City, of their late associate, Robert Alexander Gardiner, No. 54 on the roll.
HOWARD DUFFIELD, Governor.
PHILIP ASHTON ROLLINS, Secretary.

GEOGHEGAN.—Rose Leddy, beloved wife of Thomas J. Geoghegan, on April 27, 1919, after a short illness. Funeral Wednesday, April 30, 1919, at 10 A. M., from her mother's residence, 525 62d St., Brooklyn; thence to the Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Help, Classon Av. and 59th St., Brooklyn, where a solemn requiem mass will be sung for the repose of her soul.

GODFREY.—At her residence, 29 Washington Terrace, East Orange, N. J., April 26, 1919, Sophie A. Godfrey, mother of Zelda, Ida, Madeline, and Aaron W. Godfrey, and grandmother of William C. Godfrey. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

GORDON.—Sunday, April 27, 1919, at her home, Flushing, L. I., Grace Lyde Gordon, daughter of the late Austin Robbins and Sarah Louisa Lyde Gordon of New York. Funeral services Wednesday, at St. George's Church, Flushing, on arrival of 10:20 A. M. train from Penn. Station.

GRANER.—April 28, Margaret, beloved daughter of the late Charles and Bertha Graner. Funeral from her late residence, 9 East 97th St., on Wednesday, April 30, at 1:30 P. M.

GRASS.—On April 27, 1919, Matilda, beloved wife of Adolph W. Grass, and mother of Mrs. Edna Grace, Walter, and William Grass. Funeral service Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock, at her late residence, 1,552 University Av., Bronx. Interment private.

GREENFIELD.—Louis, on April 27, dearly devoted father of Edna, Florence, and Hortense Kaye, and devoted husband of the late Clara Ochs Greenfield. Funeral services at his late residence, 47 East 88th St., on April 30, at 10 A. M.

GREENHALL.—On Sunday, April 27, Charles L., dearly beloved husband of Grace, (nee Frank,) and beloved father of Frank, and son of Elizabeth Greenhall. Funeral from the late residence, 300 West 100th St., on Tuesday, April 29, at 10 A. M. St. Louis (Mo.,) Long Branch (N. J.) papers please copy.

HAMILTON.—Headquarters Lafayette Post, D. N. Y. G. A. R., comrades, also members of Lafayette Camp, Sons of Veterans, are requested to attend the funeral services of our late comrade, John C. L. Hamilton, at Elmsford, N. Y., Tuesday, 10:30 A. M., April 29, 1919. Take Putnam Division, N. Y. C., 8:57 train. Ritual service. By order, GEORGE W. CASE, Commander.
FRANCIS R. STEDMAN, Adjutant.

HANTSCHE.—Elizabeth Gertrude, on April 27, 1919, wife of Emil G. Hantsche. Funeral services will be held at residence, 140 East 43d St., at 8 o'clock Tuesday evening. Interment private.

HARKNESS.—On April 26, 1919, at his residence, 90 Mercer St., Jersey City, David Weild Harkness, son of the late Rev. James Harkness, M. D., and Jane Weild. Funeral private. Interment at Fishkill, N. Y.

HART.—Nora C., beloved mother of Leila C. Hart, at her residence, 1,435 University Av., New York City, on April 27, 1919. Services at her late residence, 12:30 P. M., April 30. Interment Oakwood Cemetery, Islip, N. Y., at 4 P. M.

HIGGINS.—Suddenly on Sunday, April 27, 1919, Henrietta L. Higgins. Funeral services at her late residence, 230 Seeley St., Brooklyn, April 29, 8 P. M. Interment private.

JUILLIARD.—Augustus D., April 25, 1919, at his home, 11 West 57th St., after a short illness. Funeral services will be held at St. Thomas's Church, 5th Av. and 53d St., on Tuesday morning, April 29, at 11:30 o'clock. Entombment temporarily in the Cossit Mausoleum in Woodlawn Cemetery. Kindly omit flowers.

JUILLIARD. — The American Protective Tariff League announces with deep regret the death of Mr. Augustus D. Juilliard, for many years a Chairman of its Executive Committee.
A. H. HEISEY, President.
WILBUR F. WAKEMAN, Secretary.

KAHN.—April 28, Adolphe Kahn. Funeral Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Thursday, 9 A. M.

KING.—Isabel Simmons, wife of Lester Hazen King, and daughter of Mary E. Simmons and the late Waldemar M. Simmons, at 167 Joralemon St., Brooklyn, N. Y., on April 28. Notice of funeral later. Philadelphia and Hartford papers please copy.

LEARY.—At her residence, 1,032 5th Av., on Saturday, April 26, Annie, daughter of the late James and Catharine Leary. Funeral services at the Church of St. Ignatius Loyola, 84th St. and Park Av., on Tuesday, April 29, at 11 A. M. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

McLEISH.—On the 28th inst., at his home, 410 West 147th St., George M. McLeish, aged 72 years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MAY.—Society of Colonial Wars in the State of New York, 43 Cedar St., New York.—It is with deep regret that announcement is made to the members of this society of the death on April 26, 1919, in New York City, of their late associate, Calvin Sloane May, M. D., No. 1775 on the roll.
HOWARD DUFFIELD, Governor.
PHILIP ASHTON ROLLINS, Secretary.

MERZBACH.—On Monday, April 28, 1919, after a prolonged illness, Dr. Joseph Merzbach. Services at his late residence, 204 8th Av., Brooklyn, Tuesday, April 29, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

MILLHAUSER.—Gertrude, devoted daughter of Jennie and the late Julius, and beloved sister of Maurice and David. Funeral from Sam Rothchild's Chapel, 206 Lenox Av., Tuesday, April 29, at 10:30 A. M.

MONSEES.—John, beloved and devoted husband of Rosa Monsees, in his 77th year. Services, THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway, at 66th St., Wednesday, April 30, at 2 P. M. Interment Lutheran Cemetery.

NEEFUS.—On Monday, April 28, Catherine Victoria Lefferts, widow of William C. Neefus, at her residence, 1,324 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Funeral service at St. Bartholomew Episcopal Church, Pacific St., near Bedford Av., on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Died.

NOSWORTHY.—On April 28, Wilhelmina Nosworthy, in her 65th year, beloved wife of Thomas A. Nosworthy. Funeral from All Angels' Church, 81st St. and West End Av., on Thursday, May 1, at 10 A. M.

PIERCE.—Catherine, Campbell FUNERAL CHURCH services, Broadway, 66th St., Tuesday, 7:30 P. M.

PYLE.—Suddenly on Sunday afternoon, April 27, 1919, Howard C. Pyle, at his residence, 96 First Place, Brooklyn. Funeral service Tuesday afternoon, April 29, at Christ Church, Clinton, corner Harrison St., at 3 P. M. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

RICHARDS.—At his residence, 891 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, on Monday, April 28, 1919, William Murdock Richards, Jr., in his 34th year, son of Alice Imlay and William M. Richards, and grandson of the late Georgiana Imlay Hotchkiss. Funeral private.

RICHTER.—On Saturday, April 26, 1919, Wilhelmina, (nee Lucas,) beloved wife of Charles Richter, and beloved mother of Edith Bishop, Minnie Skou, Elsa Denning, and Herbert Richter, aged 62 years. Funeral services at her late home, High St., East Williston, L. I., on Tuesday, April 29, at 3 P. M. Interment, Lutheran Cemetery. Philadelphia papers please copy.

ROSENTHAL.—On April 28, Fannie, mother of George and Theodore Rosenthal, Mrs. Jennie Weil, Mrs. Carrie Wagner, and the late Alfred Rosenthal. Funeral notice later.

SCHWARZ.—At West Hoboken, N. J., Monday, April 28, 1919, Julius, beloved husband of Millie Schwarz (nee Holzman), and father of David, Miriam, Jerome, and Clarence Schwarz, aged 49 years. Funeral will take place Wednesday, April 30, at 11 A. M. from his late home, 404 Clinton Av., West Hoboken. Relatives and friends, also Adelphi Lodge No. 23, F. and A. M., are respectfully invited. Interment Union Fields Cemetery.

SCHWARTZ.—Julius. The brethren of Adelphi Lodge, 23, F. and A. M., are requested to attend the funeral of our late brother, to be held at 404 Clinton Av., West Hoboken, N. J., on Wednesday, April 30, at 11 A. M. Masonic services.
MARTIN B. COHN, Master.

SCOTT.—On Monday, April 28, 1919, Jessie, beloved wife of Alexander Scott. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 348 West 36th St., on Wednesday evening, April 30, at 8:30 o'clock.

SIEGMAN.—On April 27, at the Hotel Essex, Edward, beloved husband of Mathilda S. and father of Virginia Josephine Siegman. Funeral at convenience of the family. Kindly omit flowers. Paris and Lausanne papers please copy.

SIMONSON.—Sall, suddenly Sunday, April 27, in the 77th year of his age, beloved father of Lee Simonson and Elsa S. Millius. Funeral Tuesday, April 29, at 10 A. M., from his late residence, 345 West 88th St.

SMYTH.—On Sunday, April 27, 1919, Louise F. Smyth, wife of William Smyth. Friends are invited to attend the funeral services at her daughter's, Mrs. John G. Warwick, 360 Adelphi St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, April 29, at 8 P. M. Boston papers please copy.

STERN.—At his residence, 55 West 50th St., on April 28, Joseph, husband of the late Sara S. Stern, in his 86th year. Funeral at convenience of family.

STIMPSON.—On April 26, 1919, Juliet Adancourt Stimpson, widow of Dr. Charles P. Stimpson. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway-66th St., Tuesday evening, 8:30. Interment Troy, N. Y.

STOBO.—On Saturday, April 26, 1919, Margaret E., widow of Robert Stobo. Funeral from the home of her brother, Dr. Addison W. Baird, 230 West 70th St., on Tuesday at 10 o'clock.

STOUTENBURGH.—At Pleasantville, N. Y., April 27, Sarah Y. Stoutenburgh, widow of the late James V. Stoutenburgh, in her 84th year. Funeral services from her late residence, 35 Guion St., Pleasantville, N. Y., Tuesday, at 2:30 P. M.

SULLY.—John F., actor, and his young son, Vincent, 13 years of age, killed in accident at Camp Merritt Friday, April 25, 1919. Funeral private, at convenience of family. San Francisco papers please copy.

STOECKEL.—Emma F., at her home, 54 Clinton Place, Bronx Borough, Monday, April 28, 1919, after a long illness. Funeral services Wednesday at 2 P. M. Interment private.

TAYLOR.—At Asheville, N. C., April 19, Isabella G., wife of J. Allen Taylor and daughter of the late Charles F. Brown of Bangor, Me.

TENNEY.—On Sunday morning, April 27, 1919, at his apartments, Hotel Plaza, New York City, Charles Henry Tenney, in his 67th year. Funeral services from the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas, Fifth Av. and 48th St., on Tuesday morning, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment at Metuchen, Mass.

THONE.—On April 27, 1919, Frances T., beloved wife of Harry V. Thone. Funeral from her late residence, 215 West 116th St., Tuesday, April 29, at 10 A. M. Automobile cortege.

VICKERS.—Ernest M., suddenly on April 27, 1919, beloved husband of Henrietta Armour Vickers, at his residence, 552 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn. Funeral services at his residence, Tuesday evening at 8. Funeral private.

VON DANNENBERG.—On April 27, at his residence, 55 Townsend Av., Clifton, Staten Island, in his 86th year, Carl, beloved husband of Helen Louise Woods. Funeral service private.

VREELAND.—On April 27, in her 84th year, Elizabeth J. Vreeland, widow of the late Henry R. Vreeland of Jersey City. Funeral services at Ricardo's Chapel, 206 Main St., Hackensack, N. J., Tuesday, April 29, at 7:30 P. M. Train leaving Erie Station, Jersey City, 6:40 P. M. Interment at the convenience of the family. Kindly omit flowers.

WACK.—George, aged 46, suddenly, April at his residence, 1,058 Southern Boulevard, Bronx, son of Emma and the late Henry Wack, husband of Beckey Fluckiger Wack and father of George, Frederick, and Edward Wack. Funeral service will be held at the Bronx Masonic Temple, 1,931 Washington Av., Wednesday afternoon, April 30, at 3 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn. Members of Architect Lodge, No. 519, F. and A. M.; Amity Chapter, No. 160, R. A. M.; Junior Council No. 2, R. and S. M.; Manhattan Commandery No. 31, K. T.; Azim Grotto No. 7, M. O. V. P. E. R.; Mecca Temple, Mystic Shrine, Bronx Board of Trade, and friends are invited to attend.

WACK.—Amity Chapter 160, R. A. M. Companions: Sorrowful announcement is made of the death of Companion George Wack. You are requested to attend

CHAMPION BENNY LEONARD KNOCKS OUT RITCHIE IN EIGHTH ROUND OF BOUT AT NEWARK

LEONARD DEFEATS RITCHIE IN EIGHTH

Referee Stops Fight as Coast Boxer Is Helpless on Ropes from Right to Jaw.

BOUT WITNESSED BY 11,000

Champion Had Better of Every Round but Third, and Was Easily Master of His Challenger.

Benny Leonard, world's lightweight champion, scored a technical knockout over Willie Ritchie of San Francisco, former title holder, in the eighth round of their bout last night at the First Regiment Armory, Newark, N. J.

Forty seconds before the final bell would have ended the battle Leonard had Ritchie helpless and unable to defend himself from an avalanche of punishing blows rained upon him. The title holder, tiring, evidently, from hitting his adversary, appealed to Referee Jim (Slim) Brennan, when Ritchie was helpless on the ropes but refused to crumple to the floor under the heavy battering. Referee Brennan stepped between the combatants and ended the bout in Leonard's favor.

The official action was loudly acclaimed. The ending of the bout was popular to the large crowd. Ritchie was knocked out standing up. Only that animal instinct which is a part of every courageous boxer held him on his feet when by every law of nature he should have dropped limply to the canvas and saved the San Franciscan the humility of being counted out in ten seconds. The action of Referee Brennan probably saved Ritchie from serious injury.

The contest was the most successful, competitively and financially, in years. Throughout the milling was fast and furious. Leopard held the upper hand in every round but one. This was the third, when Ritchie, who had been floored in the second session, surprised every one with an unusual display of grit. The veteran Californian carried Leonard off his feet, literally, with a sweeping attack, and crashed home solid and stinging blows to the champion's face and body. Ritchie earned this round, the only round for him in the entire contest.

Leonard showed at the top of his form. He was out for revenge and the memory of his four-round beating at the hands of Ritchie three months ago seemed to spur the champion to his greatest efforts. He never ceased in his efforts to score a knockout from the opening bell and Ritchie earned the plaudits of the crowd with his display of courage under an almost constant rain of blows which would have laid low any ordinary boxer.

Leonard came near ending the contest in the second session. He opened the round on the offensive and began hitting for openings for his powerful right-hand blows. The opportunity did not come until the boxers had been working more than two minutes. Then Leonard straightened Ritchie with a right to the chin and followed his advantage with a right uppercut and a left hook. Ritchie went down for nine. At the bell the Californian was groggy and on the verge of defeat. Then came Ritchie's whirlwind recovery in the third session which set the crowd afluster. The former champion took Leonard by storm and forced him throughout the round under a shower of blows. It was only a flash in the pan for Ritchie, as later developments showed. Leonard returned to the attack in the fourth session and led thereafter.

Ritchie was the first to enter the ring and received scattering applause. Leonard followed three minutes later and was cheered loudly. Following the usual introductions of boxers, and then it was announced Leonard weighed in at 3 o'clock at 136 pounds, and Ritchie at 138½ pounds. Both boxers picked up a pound each up to the time of the start, according to the figures announced.

It was the biggest crowd that ever witnessed a fight in New Jersey, and every bit of room in the spacious armory was taken up by the enthusiastic spectators. When the boxers came together in the ring more than 11,000 spectators were crowded into the arena. Leonard was in fine shape and from the start it could easily be seen that he was bent on redeeming himself for the four-round decision which he gained in their recent bout on the coast. Leonard had his man measured from the start. He went at his work craftily and cautiously.

Terry Hobbs outpointed Billy Curry in the second preliminary, which went six sizzling rounds. Curry bled profusely from the right eye as he left the ring at the end of the bout.

Matty Herbert of Perth Amboy, N. J., knocked out Buddy Dunn of Newark in the first round of the semi-final bout. A hard right-hand uppercut, delivered to the point of the chin as the boxers were coming out of a clinch near the end of the round, won the bout for Herbert. Dunn straightened from the impact of the blow and went to the floor hard. His head hit the board floor with a dull thud and he had to be assisted from the ring. United States Commissioner John A. Matthews of Newark made an appeal for the Victory Loan in the fifteen-minute interim preceding the start of the main bout. The Commissioner announced that Leonard, Ritchie and Promoter Dave Mackay each had contributed $1,000. The volunteers went through the crowd seeking subscriptions. Commissioner John S. Smith was presented with a watch later. Commissioner Matthews made the presentation. Tex Rickard, promoter of the proposed Jess Willard-Jack Dempsey title bout, purchased $10,000 worth of tickets.

Men from all walks of life, the majority from New York, and quite a few from Philadelphia, occupied seats within easy radius of the ring. Sprinkled here and there were members of the opposite sex.

The inevitable seat rush came during the second preliminary. Enthusiasts standing under the balcony in one corner of the armory took advantage of the momentary absence of the guards to pillage the higher-priced and more convenient seats. The pilgrimage was successful for the seat looters.

Georgie Cohen of Albany defeated Young Frenchy, a Newark lightweight, in the opening four-round bout.

THE FIGHT BY ROUNDS.

Round One.

Leonard was the first to lead with two lefts for the face. A clinch followed and Ritchie missed a right, when Leonard stepped nimbly aside out of range of a threatening overhand blow. In a clinch, Leonard used a stiff short-arm left uppercut. After sparring for a flash, another clinch followed, and Leonard again brought into play his left uppercut. At long range, Leonard landed two left jabs and followed with a left and right to the head. Ritchie again missed with a right, and Leonard forced his rival about the ring, with a left jab to the face. A right cross to the jaw shook up Ritchie near the bell. Leonard's round.

Round 2.

Leonard started the second with a left jab to the face and followed with two left hooks and right swings. Ritchie retaliated with a hard right to the side of Leonard's face, and the champion retreated to the ropes. Here Leonard took the offensive and cuffed Ritchie with left and right hand blows, delivered in quick succession. A clinch followed, and Leonard jabbed with the left hand three times to the face. After Ritchie missed a blow with his right, Leonard crashed over a right to the jaw which straightened up the former champion. Leonard followed this with a right uppercut and then a left hook to the jaw, which sent Ritchie down for a count of nine. The Californian regained his feet and was being "set" for a finishing blow by Leonard at the bell. Leonard's round.

Round 3.

Leonard jabbed for an opening at the start of the third and for a time had Ritchie puzzled. The former champion recovered quickly and surprised Leonard with a rushing attack. Taken aback, Leonard missed repeatedly and Ritchie countered with a smashing right to the chin, which made the champion careful. Leonard was wild with a right, and Ritchie caught him with a left and right to the face, which had Leonard worried. A left jab brought blood from Ritchie's nose, but he fought hard to the bell and earned the round.

Round 4.

A clinch ushered in the fourth session, and after the break Leonard landed two lefts and a right to the face. Ritchie was wild with right and left swings, and another clinch followed. When broken, Leonard rushed his rival to the ropes, where Ritchie covered and clinched. Leonard got inside Ritchie's right with a right and left to the former champion's face, and then had Ritchie dizzy with a succession of blows with both hands to the face and head. Leonard slowed up while his handlers yelled to him to finish Ritchie, and the champion lost a chance to end the bout there. Leonard's round.

Round 5.

Leonard jabbed with his left at the start of the fifth, and after a clinch Ritchie tried twice with his rights and lefts for the face. The first time the blows were wild and the second time the efforts fell short and a clinch followed. Leonard upset his rival's attack and got inside with a left and right which shook Ritchie, causing the former champion to clinch. Emerging, Ritchie crashed over a right to Leonard's left eye and a clinch followed. In close, Leonard worked a snappy left uppercut for a while and then tied Ritchie in knots until the bell. Leonard's round.

Round 6.

After jabbing with the left, starting the sixth, Leonard sent Ritchie to the ropes under a shower of blows. A right cross almost turned the San Franciscan around, and Leonard followed with a left and right to the face, which shook Ritchie. At close quarters Ritchie was made ineffective by the way Leonard tied his arms, and emerging, the former title holder jabbed weakly. A right to the jaw straightened Ritchie up, and another blow to the same spot made him hold in a clinch. Ritchie floundered about the ring trying to hit Leonard with both hands to the bell. Leonard's round.

Round 7.

Ritchie tried to do the forcing in the seventh, but Leonard brought him up short with a right to the chin as Ritchie came in. A clinch followed and Leonard jabbed, upsetting Ritchie's attack. Ritchie retreated to the ropes, where he covered from a right to the face. After a spasm of sparring, Leonard landed a right to the jaw and left to the body which had Ritchie groggy. The former champion was careful, however, and held his guard high, frustrating Leonard's attempts to land a finishing blow. Leonard's round.

Round 8.

Ritchie started the final round with a lunge at Leonard, in which his attempted right missed the champion. A left to the jaw forced Ritchie to clinch. Emerging, the boxers parried blows and Leonard rushed his rival to the ropes. Both were trying hard, Leonard to score decisively and Ritchie to stay to the limit. Both missed repeatedly. Leonard rushed Ritchie to the ropes, where the former champion covered up. The title-holder, not wasting anything that looked like an opportunity, pounded away at the glove-protecting Ritchie's jaw with powerful rights. These blows penetrated Ritchie's defense and made him dizzy. Leonard was on top of his rival in a flash with a succession of lefts and rights, rights and lefts, and sent Ritchie sprawling.

A right landed just before Ritchie crumpled and the former champion took a count of nine. Arising, Ritchie was dazed. He tried to cover from his younger adversary's onslaught and for a time was successful. Leonard, in his eagerness, missed many blows and was becoming arm-weary. Suddenly Leonard settled himself and pelted Ritchie with rights and lefts which sent the latter to the ropes. Here Ritchie slipped and the upper rope while Leonard, excited rained blow after blow on the defenseless and beaten boxer. Finally Leonard turned to Referee Brennan, asking the latter's intercession, and the bout was ended. It was the first time, according to available records, that Ritchie had been knocked out.

BENTON RESCUES GIANTS.

Checks Rally and Beats Boston Braves by 5 to 4.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 28.—Inducted into today's game in the midst of a ninth inning rally by the Braves, Rube Benton, by disposing of one batter, preserved a 5 to 4 victory for the Giants. The big left hander was called to the rescue of Cecil Causey at a most critical time, for with two out, the Braves had the tying run on first base when their advance was checked. Dick Rudolph went the route for the Braves and yielded eight blows. George Burns led the Giant attack with a single, a double and a triple in five times at the bat, and in the eighth inning made a sensational catch of a long drive by Arthur Wilson that, as it later developed, saved the game.

The Giants broke into a two-run lead in the third inning and never fell behind. Maranville's boot of a grounder by Burns, first up in the inning, paved the way for the brace of tallies. Young singled to right, Burns stopping at second, and on Smith's wild peg past first base of Chase's sacrifice bunt, Burns scored. Young reached third and Chase went to second. Doyle singled to right but Young, fearing that Kelly would catch the ball on the fly, lingered between third and home so long that he was cut down at the plate on Kelly's line peg to Wilson.

Chase and Doyle then pulled a double steal, after which Kauff struck out. Zimmerman drew a base on balls and the sacks were loaded, and when Sicking was hit by a pitched ball, Chase jogged over the plate.

The Braves countered with a run in the fourth, and then stopped until the ninth. After Powell had been retired in the fourth, Smith beat out a hit to Doyle, and raced to third on Riggert's single to right. Holke slapped a hit over second base, scoring Smith, but Maranville hit into a lightning double play, Zimmerman to Doyle to Chase.

McGraw's men moved up one in the sixth. Zimmerman opened with a single to centre and advanced on Sicking's sacrifice. McCarty sent a long fly to Riggert, Zimmerman taking third on the catch. Causey walked. Burns then drove Zimmerman across the plate with a single to centre.

Another timely hit by Burns resulted in two runs for the Giants in the eighth. Zimmerman was an easy out, but Sicking hit one to right for a base and McCarty reached first on a fumble by Maranville. Causey forced Sicking at third, Maranville to Smith, but Burns slammed the ball down the right-field foul line for three bases, scoring McCarty and Causey.

Causey, who had worked smoothly for seven innings, began to wobble in the eighth. In that frame he walked Powell and fanned Smith, but Riggert singled to left and Holke advanced the runners with a sacrifice. Maranville walked, and the bases were filled, but Burns went over to deep left centre for Wilson's long drive, making the catch while running at top speed.

The Braves bumped Causey off the mound in short order in the ninth. Miller, batting for Rudolph, singled to left, and Kelly singled to right. Herzog was hit by a pitched ball. Miller scored and the other runners moved up on Powell's long sacrifice fly to Young. Sicking then threw out Smith, Kelly scoring on the play, and Riggert singled to centre, scoring Herzog. Thereupon Causey departed and Benton was called in from the bullpen. Eddie King was sent up to hit for Holke, and grounded to Sicking, who tossed the ball to Doyle, forcing Riggert and ending the game.

The score:

NEW YORK. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns, lf	5	1	3	4	0	Kelly, lf	5	1	2	2	1
Young, rf	5	0	1	1	0	Herzog, 2b	3	1	0	0	0
Chase, 1b	4	1	0	9	1	Powell, rf	4	0	0	1	0
Doyle, 2b	5	0	1	3	2	Smith, 3b	5	1	2	4	1
Kauff, cf	5	0	0	3	0	Riggert, cf	5	0	3	3	0
Zim'man, 3b	3	1	2	0	2	Holke, 1b	3	0	1	6	2
Sicking, ss	3	2	0	1	3	a King	1	0	0	0	0
McCarty, c	3	1	0	4	0	Mar'nville, ss	3	0	0	2	3
Causey, p	3	1	0	0	4	Wilson, c	3	0	0	5	1
Benton, p	0	0	0	0	0	Rudolph, p	3	0	2	2	4
						bMiller	1	1	1	0	0
Total	35	5	8	27	13	Total	35	4	11	27	12

a Batted for Holke in 9th.
b Batted for Rudolph in 9th.

Errors—Causey, Smith, (2,) Maranville, (2.)

New York	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	2	0	—5
Boston	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	—4

Two-base hit—Burns. Three-base hit—Burns. Stolen bases—Chase, Doyle, Burns. Sacrifice hits—Chase, Sicking, Holke. Sacrifice fly—Powell. Double plays—Zimmerman to Doyle to Chase; Wilson to Maranville. Left on bases—New York, 9; Boston, 11. Bases on balls—Off Causey, 4; Rudolph, 3. Hits—Off Causey, 11 in 8 2-3; Benton, 0 in 1-3. Hit by pitcher—By Causey, 1; Rudolph, 1. Struck out—By Causey, 3; Rudolph, 4. Winning pitcher—Causey.

Miss Ryan Wins in Tank.

OAKLAND, Cal., April 28.—Miss Elizabeth Ryan of Philadelphia, holder of the National A. A. U. 220-yard championship, defeated Miss Rowena Crowley, an Oakland swimmer, in the National A. A. U. 220-yard swim here yesterday. Her time was 3 minutes 8 2-5 seconds.

1,000-YARD RECORD MADE BY JOIE RAY

Illinois Wonder Runs Distance Indoors at Brooklyn Games in 2:13 2-5.

Joie Ray, the Illinois runner who has been busy smashing indoor records lately, showed the best running of the season in the Thirteenth Regiment Armory last night, when he ran 1,000 yards in 2:13 2-5 and clipped three-fifths of a second from the previous world's indoor figures made by himself and the late John W. Overton of Yale.

Ray simply smothered the two runners opposed to him in the special race arranged by the Fifth Company, to enable him to show just how fast he could run the distance and came tearing through the tape at the finish, fifteen yards in front of Homer Baker. The Chicagoan proved that he has no peer among the amateur middle distance runners, as twenty yards back of the veteran Homer Baker was Jack Sellers, the new star of the New York A. C. Sellers has been sweeping all before him recently, but there never was a time when he had a chance to keep pace with the Western wonder who effectually dimmed the light of the new star.

Other records fell by the wayside in the few events that made up the program. Leon Murchison took more honors West by winning the 220-yard invitation from Fred Teschner and Jack Eller, and putting a new indoor world's mark of 22 3-5 seconds on the books, eclipsing by a fifth of a second the time made by Lawson Robertson and James M. Rosenberger.

Before he met defeat in this event, Teschner had won the 60-yard senior metropolitan championship in 0:6 3-5, clipping a fifth of a second from the previous championship mark. Another metropolitan association record fell in the 300-yard title event, which was captured by J. J. O'Brien in 0:32 3-5, nearly a second faster than the old mark.

A special track had been laid out for the thousand, allowing the men to miss one turn by starting out of a chute on the back stretch. The three crouched on the mark and broke together, Ray getting on the inside, but Joie threw away the advantage of this position and allowed both Sellers and Baker to lead him for the first lap. Going up the back stretch for the second time, Ray tired of waiting tactics and called by for the two opponents to take a lead of two yards at the end of the second lap. He was content with this advantage for another half lap, when he began running in earnest and drew away so quickly that he had an advantage of ten yards at the end of the third circuit.

Sellers and Baker were abreast at this time, but the New York A. C. man weakened and Baker rushed by him to take up the chase of the flying Illinois'er. Ray settled into the back stretch for the last time Baker showed a flash of his old form, and the local crowd cheered wildly as he cut down Ray's lead by a couple of yards. The cheers aroused all the latent energy of the Illinois'er, and he sprinted at his best pace so that Baker lost ground at every stride. The Chicago lad was going as fast at the finish as at any time during the race, and he led Baker over the line by fifteen yards, while Sellers went five yards further back. The even character of the winner's running was shown by the intermediate times, 0:58 2-5 for the quarter and 1:57 2-5 for the half mile.

The summaries:

60-Yard Dash—Senior Metropolitan Championship.—Won by F. Teschner, Glencoe A. C.; B. Wefers, Jr., New York A. C., second; E. Hosmer, Glencoe A. C., third. Time—0:06 3-5.

Hi-Mile Intercompany Relay.—Won by 1st Company; 5th Company, second; 11th Company, third. Time—1:40 3-5.

Three-Mile Interstation Bicycle Race.—Won by A. Nunziata, Unione Sportiva Italiana, 17 points; A. Allardi, Unione Sportiva Italiana, 9 points, second; W. Stein, Empire City Wheelmen, third; J. Lynch, Empire City Wheelmen, tied for third with 3 points each. Time—7:28 4-5.

300-Yard Senior Metropolitan Championship.—Won by J. J. O'Brien, Longfellow Lyceum; E. Hosmer, Glencoe A. C., second; Alex Rothschild, Kings County A. A., third; R. W. Marks, Knights of St. Antony, fourth. Time—0:32 3-5.

1,000-Yard Invitation Match Race.—Won by Joie Ray, Illinois A. C., Chicago; Homer Baker, Glencoe A. C., second; John R. Sellers, New York A. C., third. Time—2:13 2-5; new world's indoor record.

220-Yard Invitation.—Won by Louis Murchison, St. Louis A. A.; F. Teschner, Glencoe A. C., second; J. Eller, unattached, third. Time—0:22 3-5; new world's indoor record.

One Mile Interborough Relay.—Won by Brooklyn, (C. C. Shaugnessy, L. Dernell, A. C. Reilly, J. O'Brien;) New York, (E. P. Hosmer, B. J. Wefers, Jr., H. Baker, J. R. Sellers,) second. Time—8:33.

WHITE TIED WITH RICE.

Wins Match in Poggenburg Cup Tourney by 250 to 102.

Playing at the top of his form, Charles White defeated Julian Rice in the Poggenburg Cup 18.2 balkline billiard tournament at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn last night by a score of 250 to 102 and brought himself up to a tie for the leadership. Had Rice won he would have won the tournament. The players will meet tomorrow night in a deciding game.

White played at the top of his form and had excellent control of the ivories, while Rice seemed to play under a strain and was not at his best. White took a lead in the third inning and was soon so far ahead that Rice was almost hopelessly out of the running. White made an average of 11 19-21, which is the highest of the tournament. Rice averaged 5 2-20. White had high runs of 27, 29, 30, and 34, while 22 was the best cluster gathered by the former Columbia student.

The scores:

Charles White—4, 2, 27, 14, 2, 9, 29, 9, 36, 2, 34, 1, 2, 0, 1, 16, 30, 5, 1, 4, 22. Total, 250.

Julian Rice—0, 6, 5, 13, 15, 0, 4, 0, 31, 8, 9, 0, 22, 1, 2, 1, 4, 0, 2, 0. Total, 102.

RED SOX BEAT JOHNSON.

Bunch Hits on Washington Star and Win by 6 to 5.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Bunching hits off Johnston in two innings, Boston beat Washington by 6 to 5 here today in the second game of the series. Mays received poor support, only one of Washington's runs being earned.

The score:

BOSTON. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	E	WASHINGTON. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Hooper, rf	3	0	1	1	0	0	Judge, 1b	2	1	0	10	0	0
Barry, 2b	4	1	1	2	7	0	Foster, 3b	2	1	0	1	0	0
Strunk, cf	4	0	0	4	0	0	Milan, cf	4	1	1	3	0	0
Ruth, lf	4	2	2	3	0	0	Rice, rf	4	1	1	0	0	0
McInnis, 1b	4	2	2	12	0	0	Shanks, 2b	4	0	1	4	4	0
Vitt, 3b	4	1	2	1	2	0	Menosky, lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Scott, ss	4	0	1	0	6	0	Janvrin, ss	3	0	0	5	1	0
Schang, c	2	0	0	4	0	0	bGharrity	1	0	0	0	0	0
Mays, p	4	0	1	0	2	0	Davis, ss	0	0	0	1	0	0
							aGainer	0	0	0	2	3	0
							aLeonard	0	1	0	0	0	0
							Picinich, c	1	0	0	1	0	0
							Johnson, p	4	1	1	0	4	0
Total	35	6	10	27	16	0	Total	35	5	6	27	15	0

a Ran for Agnew in seventh.
b Batted for Janvrin in eighth.

Boston	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	—6
Washington	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	1	2	—5

Two-base hits—McInnis, Ruth, Shanks, Agnew. Three-base hits—Ruth, Vitt. Stolen bases—Hooper, Judge. Sacrifice hit—Strunk. Sacrifice fly—Judge. Double play—Foster, Shanks, and Judge. Left on bases—Boston, 7; Washington, 6. First on errors—Boston, 1; Washington, 1. Bases on balls—Off Mays, 2; Johnson, 4. Struck out—By Johnson, 3; Mays, 3. Passed ball—Schang.

Southern Association Scores.

Atlanta, 6; Mobile, 3. Batteries, Brennan and Nelder; Horn, Ellis and Coleman.

Memphis, 2; Chattanooga, 0. Batteries, Goodbread and De Heney; Marshall and Higgins.

Little Rock, 5; Nashville, 0. Batteries, Stone and Brottem, Helfrich and Street.

Baseball To-day. 3:30 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Philadelphia. Polo Grounds. Adv. 50c.—Adv.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 3; Philadelphia 2. (Twelve innings.)
Boston, 6; Washington, 5.
Chicago at Detroit. (Wet grounds.)
Cleveland at St. Louis. (Wet grounds.)

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 5; Boston, 4.
Brooklyn, 10; Philadelphia, 1.
St. Louis at Chicago. (Wet grounds.)
Pittsburgh at Cincinnati. (Postponed; rain.)

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Boston	3	0	1000
Chicago	4	1	.800
New York	1	1	.500
Cleveland	1	1	.500
Philadelphia	1	2	.333
Detroit	1	2	.333
Washington	1	3	.250
St. Louis	1	3	.250

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Cincinnati	5	0	1000
Brooklyn	4	0	1000
New York	2	2	.500
Philadelphia	2	2	.500
Pittsburgh	2	2	.500
Chicago	2	2	.500
Boston	0	4	.000
St. Louis	0	5	.000

Where They Play Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Philadelphia at New York. (Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
Boston at Washington.
Chicago at Detroit.
Cleveland at St. Louis.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Boston.
Brooklyn at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Chicago.
Pittsburgh at Cincinnati.

DODGERS BAT OUT VICTORY.

Pound Phillie Pitchers Hard and Win by 10 to 1.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.—The Robins continued their winning ways here this afternoon when they trounced Jack Coombs's Phillies in the first of a three-game series by the one-sided score of 10 to 1. The visitors pounced on the offerings of Prendergast and Woodward for sixteen hits, and five of them were good for extra bases. While the Robins were collecting runs Jeff Pfeffer held the Phillies. A home run by Douglas Baird in the sixth inning prevented the Brooklyn pitcher from hanging up a shut-out victory. Baird drove the ball over the right-field wall. Prendergast started for the Phillies and the Robins scored five runs and made seven hits off him in the first two rounds. The hurler gave way to a pinch hitter in the second inning and Frank Woodward finished the game.

Olson's single, Griffith's double, Wheat's triple, and a sacrifice fly by Myers gave the Robins three runs in the first round, and they added two more in the second, when Olson and Mages each singled and crossed the plate on a triple off Griffith's bat.

In the fifth hits by Olson and Griffith coupled with a sacrifice gave the Robins another tally, and in the following innings Koney doubled, was sacrificed to third, and scored after Meusel caught Krueger's long fly. A double by Myers, Mages's sacrifice, and Woodward's throw past first in the eighth frame resulted in two more Brooklyn runs. In the ninth they scored their tenth tally when Olson made his fourth hit, a single to centre, went to third on Mages's single, and scored on Wheat's sacrifice fly.

The Robins have released Eugene Sheridan, a young infielder, to the Reading club of the International League.

The score:

BROOKLYN (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Olson, ss	5	4	4	3	4	Callahan, rf	5	0	1	1	1
Mages, 2b	4	1	2	0	0	Williams, cf	5	0	3	5	0
Griffith, cf	4	1	2	3	0	Bancroft, ss	2	0	0	3	3
Wheat, lf	4	1	1	1	0	Luderus, 1b	4	0	0	8	0
Myers, cf	4	1	1	5	0	Meusel, lf	4	0	0	1	0
Konetchy, 1b	3	2	3	6	1	Baird, 3b	4	1	1	0	1
Miller, 3b	3	0	1	2	2	Pearce, 2b	4	0	0	5	4
Krueger, c	2	0	0	7	0	Adams, c	2	0	0	6	0
Pfeffer, p	4	0	1	1	3	Prend'gast, p	0	0	0	0	0
						aCravath	1	0	1	0	0
						bWoodward, p	3	0	2	1	2
Total	34	10	16	27	8	Total	36	1	9	27	15

a Batted for Prendergast in second.

Brooklyn	3	2	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	—10
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1

Two-base hits—Griffith, Myers, Konetchy, Callahan, Williams, Cravath. Three-base hits—Griffith, Wheat. Home run—Baird. Stolen bases—Olson, Pfeffer, Woodward. Sacrifice hits—Mages, Konetchy, Malone. Sacrifice flies—Wheat, Myers. Double play—Pearce and Luderus. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 8; Philadelphia, 10. First base on error—Brooklyn, 1. Base on balls—Off Woodward, 1; Pfeffer, 3. Hits—Off Prendergast, 7 in 2 innings; Woodward, 9 in 7. Struck out—By Prendergast, 1; Pfeffer, 4. Wild pitch—Woodward. Losing pitcher—Prendergast.

VERMONT BLANKS HARVARD.

Kibbe Holds Crimson Batters to a 1 to 0 Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 28.—When a ninth-inning rally failed to materialize the Harvard baseball nine dropped a 1-to-0 errorless ball game to the University of Vermont baseball team today on Soldiers' Field.

After the first inning, when Bigelow had a bad session, which gave the visitors the lone tally of the contest, both teams played even ball, getting four hits each and showing excellent work in the field. The Crimson runners got on the bases, but the Harvard sluggers could not send them home. A dozen red-boned runners were left lingering on the cushions. Kibbe, the Vermont moundsman, filled the bases in the last of the ninth, but the next three Crimson batters were retired on easy infield outs.

Vermont won the game in the first inning. Hamilton cracked out a single, went to second on a sacrifice by Marsh, and continued to third while Berry was being thrown out. Bowman then slashed a sharp single to left, bringing in the only marker of the game.

The score:

VERMONT.	AB	R	H	PO	A	HARVARD.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hamilton, ss	3	1	1	1	1	Evans, cf	2	0	0	1	1
Marsh, 3b	2	0	0	1	1	Ellis, cf	0	0	0	1	0
Berry, cf	4	0	0	1	0	Emmons, as	3	0	0	0	4
Dowman, 1b	4	0	1	13	0	Gross, rf	4	0	1	1	0
Smith, 2b	2	0	1	0	2	Perkins, 3b	3	0	1	1	2
Palmer, rf	4	0	2	0	0	McLeod, 2b	4	0	0	5	4
Burns, lf	4	0	2	3	0	Frothi'm, 1b	4	0	0	10	0
Tryon, c	4	0	1	9	1	Sallowell, lf	3	0	0	1	0
Kibbe, p	2	0	0	0	5	Gammack, c	2	0	0	7	1
						Bigelow, p	3	0	2	0	2
						aJones	1	0	0	0	0
						bKnowles	1	0	0	0	0
						cKing	0	0	0	0	0
						dBaldwin	0	0	0	0	0
Total	29	1	6	27	10	Total	30	0	4	27	14

a Batted for Evans in the seventh.
b Batted for Gammack in the ninth.
c Batted for Ellis in the ninth.
d Ran for Bigelow in the ninth.

Vermont	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1
Harvard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Sacrifice hits—Marsh, (2,) Evans. Stolen bases—Gross, Burns, (3,) Hallowell. Left on bases—Harvard, 12; Vermont, 7. Bases on balls—Off Bigelow, 4; Kibbe, 3. First on errors—Boston, 1; Harvard, 1. Hit by pitcher—Bigelow. Passed ball—Tryon. Umpire—Mr. White. Time of game—3 hours and 10 minutes.

Pennsylvania Senate for Boxing.

HARRISBURG, Penn., April 28.—The Senate tonight by a vote of 33 to 12, passed finally the bill regulating boxing and wrestling contests and creating a State Athletic Commission to have supervision over such contests. The bill now goes to the House.

SAM VICK POUNDS HIS WAY TO GLORY

Yankee Outfielder Breaks Up Game with Athletics in Twelfth Inning.

Sam Vick of Memphis, one of the Yankees' raw recruits, thumped his way into prominence at the Polo Grounds yesterday by breaking up a nip and tuck battle against the Athletics in the twelfth inning. Samuel jolted Connie Mack's best pitcher, Scott Perry, for a blistering three-bagger to right, after which Peckinpaugh enticed Sam home with an infield single and the Yankees won their first game of the newly hatched season by a 4 to 3 score.

This incident, coming amid the dusk, rain, and wintry blasts, worked the crowd of 5,000 up to a pitch of enthusiasm where they were warm for the first and only time during the afternoon. It was the kind of an afternoon which would have warmed the cockles of the heart of Stefansson, the arctic explorer. For eight chilly innings the Yanks were spellbound by the pitching of Perry. In the meantime the sprightly young team of Mackmen had lashed Jack Quinn for two runs.

With the score 2 to 0 against them the Yanks thawed out in the eighth. Frank Kane, batting for Quinn, was thrown out at first by Perry. Sam Vick, who was playing right field, then collided with one of Perry's tosses and cracked it against the right field wall for three bases. A few inches more and it would have been parked in the stand. This large-sized rap was the undoing of Perry, for he passed Peck on four straight balls. Perry couldn't find the plate at all. Pipp rolled a grounder to Dugan at short, who forced Peck at second, and while he was trying to make a double play at first Vick scored. Pipp stole second and Baker got a pass. Del Pratt rose to the occasion beautifully and rapped a single to centre which brought Pipp home with the tally which deadlocked the mathematics at 2 to 2.

Here was the chance for Duffy Lewis to make himself solid with the home folks. But Duffy hasn't hit his true gait yet and the best he could do was force out to first, thus leaving stranded on the bases runs which could have ended the game at a reasonable hour.

Bob Shawkey, wearing his red fireman's shirt, took up the pitching privileges for the Yanks and the Mackmen found it hard sledding. Perry was also as tight as an oyster and for three innings the teams went along in the darkness and rain without any hope of releasing the assemblage for dinner.

It was in the last of the twelfth that Samuel Vick placed the guncotton under Perry. In this canto, Shawkey, the first batsman up, popped to Red Shannon. Then came Vick with his powerful prod of three bases, the ball flopping between right and centre fields. The crowd was on its frost-bitten toes when Vick pulled up at third and Peck came to the bat. Peck installed a neat infield hopper on the inner lawn and before it could be fielded Vick was over the platter with the victory.

Franklin Baker, the well-to-do Maryland squire, came out of his Winter shell and got into the ball game with a bang. He shelled out three hits during the afternoon and another time graciously accepted a pass. As far as Baker's work is concerned, mid-Summer has arrived.

Mack has a snappy young collection of ball tossers this year and they look like a lot of boys compared with some of the old stagers on the Yankee outfit. They got pay right at the start with old Jack Quinn, and the first ball that Johnson tossed to Shannon sailed to left for three bases. Quinn tightened up, however, and let down the side without a run.

In the second inning Whitey Witt, who is playing in cent

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ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Jameson, Lt. Col. J. W.; Weeks, Maj. W. W., and Goldsmith, Capt. N. R., to Hosp. No. 2, at Ft. McHenry.
Stokes, Maj. A. C.; Hoyt, Maj. C. W.; Ney, Maj. K. W.; Volsinet, Maj. R. A., and Martin, Maj. A. C., to Hosp. 41, Fox Hills, S. I.
Knox, Maj. T. B.; Healy, Maj. H. H.; Bailey, Maj. E., and Arkand, Maj. F. E., hon. discharged.
Hansen, Maj. E., to Hosp. No. 3, at Colonia, N. J.
Giffin, Maj. A. M., will report to Cmdg. Gen. of West. Dept.
Raken, Maj. W. E., and Penrose, Maj. T. W., to Camp Meade.
Moore, Maj. H. C.; McCormick, Major E. C., and Wentworth, Maj. E. T., to Walter Reed Hosp.
McKnight, Maj. W. C., to Hosp. No. 19, at Otsen, N. C.
Ardan, Maj. N., and Covington, Maj. L. C., will report to Surg. Gen.
Hanson, Maj. H., will report to Cmdg. Gen. of Canal Zone for discharge.
Wickert, Maj. H. T., to Gen. Hosp. at Ft. Bayard.
Major, Maj. E. C., to Camp Jackson.
Ogden, Maj. M. D., to Camp Pike.
Cuples, Capt. B. H.; Huyck, Capt. R. P., and Foster, Capt. E. C., to Hosp. No. 41, Fox Hills, S. I.
Dickson, Capt. F. D., A. E. F., promoted to be a Major.
Henderson, Capt. R. J., to Hosp. No. 38, at East View, N. Y.
Wetzel, Capt. G. H., to Ft. Russell.
Henderson, Capt. R. H., and McClure, Capt. R. E., to Hosp. No. 8, at Otisville, N. Y.
Naylor, Capt. H. A., to Ft. Mott and report to cmdg. officer there.
Shacklett, Capt. H. B., to Ft. Sam Houston.
Nervig, Capt. I. E., to Camp Dodge.
Dillard, Capt. J. A., to Hosp. No. 31, at Carlisle, Penn.
Brown, Capt. R. D., to Camp Custer.
Magruder, Capt. L. F., to Camp Grant.
Johnson, Capt. O. H., to Camp Lee.
Squires, Capt. C. A., and Haya, Capt. C. E., to Camp Dix.
Todd, Capt. M. H., to Hoboken for temp. duty.
Fisher, Capt. A. L., to Hosp. No. 26, at Ft. Des Moines.
Burns, Capt. W. W. and Meyer, Capt. A. H., to Hosp. No. 6, at Ft. McPherson.
Woody, Capt. W. W., to Hosp. No. 14, at Ft. Oglethorpe.
Stewart, Capt. L. F., and Relle, 1st Lt. H. L., to Hosp. No. 36, at Detroit.
Trabaud, Capt. J. H., and Skillern, Capt. S. R., to Hosp No. 2, at Ft. McHenry.
Smith, Capt. E., Jr., to Hosp. No. 32, at Chicago.
Wencke, Capt. C. G., to Ft. Riley.
Lensner, Capt. S. G., and Sayre, Capt. W. D., hon. discharged.
Steele, 1st Lt. P. A.; Fielder, 1st Lt. P. W., and Cutler, 1st Lt. I. H., to Hosp. No. 28, at Ft. Sheridan.
Kelly, 1st Lt. C. C., to Hosp. No. 2, at Ft. McHenry.
Grossman, 1st Lt. R. G., to Hosp. No. 31, at Carlisle, Penn.
Vanderkloot, 1st Lt. A., to Hosp. 28, at Ft. Sheridan.
Masterson, 1st Lt. J. R., to Letterman Hosp., Presidio of San Francisco, for complete physical examination, report, and recommendation as to his further disposition.
Mark, 1st Lt. J. S., to Hosp. No. 3, at Colonia, N. J.
MacKay, 1st Lt. W. H., and Baird, 1st Lt. B. A., to Walter Reed Hosp.
Hards, 1st Lt. H. J., to Ft. D. A. Russell.
Lawler, 1st Lt. J. C., to Camp Devens.
Canfield, 1st Lt. H. E., transferred to Hosp. No. 29, at Ft. Snelling, sick.
Hedrick, 1st Lt. E. H., to Camp Dix.
Holmes, 1st Lt. A. O., to Hosp. No. 42, at Spartanburg, S. C.
Reid, 1st Lt. R. W., to Hosp. No. 21, at Denver.
Harkavy, 1st Lt. J., to Hosp. No. 25, at Ft. Benjamin Harrison.
Smith, 1st Lt. F. M., to Columbus Barracks, Ohio.
Gaillard, 1st Lt. S. S., to Army Med. School.
Bass, 1st Lt. B. R., will report by wire to Cmdg. Gen. of Northeastern Dept.
Videt, 1st Lt. C. E., to Hosp. No. 36, at Detroit.
Baker, 1st Lt. E.; Lewis, 1st Lt. J. F., and Randolph, 1st Lt. H. E., to Camp Funston for temp. duty on examining board.
Gatewood, 1st Lt. W. E., to Hosp. No. 28, at Ft. Sheridan.
Wheat, 1st Lt. J. H., to Camp Taylor.
Schriver, 1st Lt. L. H., to Hosp. No. 2, at Ft. McHenry.
Rochester, 1st Lt. A. S., hon. discharged.

Signal Corps.

Following of A. E. F. promoted to be Lieut. Cols.:

MAJORS.

Shearer, H. H.	McDougall, C. W.	Wheat, R. P.
Blair, W. R.	Munkenbeck, R. K.	Lewis, W. M.

Following of A. E. F. promoted to be Majors:

CAPTAINS.

Meek, P. D.	Lawrence, C. V.	Brill, O. C.
Armstrong, E. H.	Mastin, F. W.	Westbrook, L.
Wetherholt, J. H.	Fay, F. H.	Pollner, M.
	Blade, I. P.	Jones, J. D.
	Cannon, C. B.	

Following of A. E. F. promoted to be Captains:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Haltom, G. T.	Wurts, A. H.	Wood, W. W.
Jenkins, A. E.	Carney, J. L.	Larkin, H. W.
Smith, C. F.	Robinson, C. J.	Woodward, D. H.
Leland, D. V.	Ferguson, G. M.	Greavy, J.
Parker, W. V.	Lee, R. H.	Savage, W. S.
Ortman, D. J.	Dawson, B. F.	Miller, W. C.
Keesling, H.	Culliney, M. A.	Black, G. G.
Roosevelt, E. F.	Silva, A. D.	Ward, G. W.
Williamson, W. J.	Rogers, H. L.	Bries, M. M.
	Clark, D. S.	Biss, R. M.

Quartermaster Corps.

Following of A.E.F. promoted to be Majors:

CAPTAINS.

Carney, W. S.	Wilson, E. G.	Marden, L. E.
Blake, P. J.	Felkenau, R. M.	MacColl, W. B.
Cummings, J. A.	Hatch, W. S.	Clarke, J. M.
Burkhardt, C. F.	McSweeney, D.	Goble, F. M.
Roberts, E.	Shircliffe, A.	Kavanagh, E. C.
Weyant, M. V. R.	Hart, H. L.	Cassidy, W.
Stern, J. H.	Korst, W.	Bullock, L. M.
	Chambers, H. V.	

Following of A.E.F. promoted to be Captains:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Smith, H. L.	Middleton, C.	Mitchell, F.
Woodward, R. C.	Smith, H. A.	Fraser, A.
Price, W. W.	Harris, J. J.	Bailey, C. W.
Biles, J.	Hacker, H. H.	Stewart, F. P.
Stiles, W. C.	Edwards, L. L.	Bynon, A. A.
Gardner, H. F.	Rowan, J. V.	Washabaugh, W.
Neely, T. T.	Livy, E. B.	Ennis, J. D.
Valle, E. H.	McCormick, C.	Jackson, R. E.
Krone, G. M.	Eldridge, G. A.	Wilson, H.
Paul, W.	Wheeler, W. B.	Lewis, J. A.
Fletcher, H. L.	Havens, F. B.	Redmond, J. McK.
Harris, L. S.	McConnell, A. G.	Wooley, J. W.
Flavin, G. E.	Leech, H. R.	Slick, W. A.
Truitt, J.	Brooksher, P. F.	Thomas, C. C.
Snow, G. K.	Huston, W. B.	Gilmore, L. H.
Crossley, C. F.	Brown, G. S.	O'Connell, R.
Freeman, W. B.	Coleman, F. W. B.	Taske, W. E.
Kindervater, W. H.	Helmar, W. J.	Loomis, J. P.

Donald, Maj. J. C., to Ft. Bliss as Utilities Off.
Everts, Maj. W. S., to Ft. MacArthur as Qm. of Defenses there.
Fain, Maj. R. L., to Ft. Sam Houston as asst. to Qm. of Southern Dept.
Roper, Capt. L., to Camp Lee, for discharge.
Jory, Capt. H. C.; Simpson, 1st Lt. F.; Newman, 1st Lt. P. W., and Cannon, 1st Lt. G. D., to Camp Travis as asst. to Const. Qm. for Mexican border project.
Brandon, Capt. C. D., attached to motor transport corps, at Wash.
Kidwell, Capt. P. A., will report to Director of Purchase, Storage, and Traffic.
Luxford, Capt. O. C., will report to Director of Purchase, Storage, and Traffic.
McNamara, 1st Lt. C. Z., assigned to Gen. Supply Div.
Goodman, 1st Lt. C. B., to Hosp. No. 3, at Colonia, as Asst. to Const. Qm.
Steel, 1st Lt. J. O., will report to Chief of Const. Div.
Burgan, 1st Lt. H. C., and Low, 1st Lt. B. A., promoted to be Capts.
Talmage, 1st Lt. J. B., hon. discharged.

Infantry.

Eaton, Col. H. A., assigned to War Plans Div.
Kirkpatrick, Col. G. W., assigned to 4th Cav., at Ft. Ringgold.
Pritchard, Col. G. B., Jr., relieved from assignment to the 6th Cav.
Palmer, Col. G. P., detailed as Dist. Mil. Insp., R. O. T. C., Dist. No. 1, at Boston.
Williams, Col. R. C., to recruiting service at Pittsburgh, Penn.
Hanson, Lt. Col. L. E., assigned Red Cross, resalvaging Red Cross Buildings, equipment, and supplies.
Severson, Lt. Col. C. F., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Tactics at St. John's Mil. Academy, at Delafield, Wis.
Hickox, Lt. Col. A., to Camp Kearny for assignment to 32d.
Stahl, Lt. Col. H. G., to Ft. Leavenworth disciplinary barracks.
Ristine, Maj. B. F., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science in School of Engineering at Milwaukee.
Taylor, Maj. E. M., transferred to Base Hosp., at Ft. Sam Houston, sick.
Hoyer, Maj. W. E., assigned to Morale Branch of Gen. Staff.
Short, Maj. M. P., detailed as Asst. to Dist. Mil. Insp., Dist. No. 5, at Nashville, Tenn.
Hulin, Maj. W. W., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science, Franklin and Marshall Academy, at Lancaster, Penn.
Dickerson, Maj. O. M., to Camp Dodge, for disposition.
Allen, Maj. W., to Camp Merritt, with 13th.
Ford, Maj. J., to Camp Bike, with 57th.
Banks, Maj. J. B., to Camp Jackson, with 48th.
Newgarden, Maj. G., Jr., will report to the Director of Purchase, Stge. and Traffic.
Collins, Maj. V. B., assigned to 48th at Camp Jackson.
Hall, Capt. C. E., assigned to 18th, at Camp Jackson.
Law, Capt. J. R., and Parsons, Capt. T. X., assigned to 5th, at Camp Taylor.
O'Connor, Capt. T. J.; Sullivan, Capt. J. N., and Evans, 1st Lt. Wm., assigned to 17th, at Camp Meade.
Oakney, Capt. S. F.; Roderick, Capt. D. A.; Rupp, Capt. J. A.; Austin, Capt. H. A.; Stadig, Capt. N. E., and Morse, 1st Lt. L. H., to Camp Dodge.
Lancaster, Capt. J. Le A., and Dempewolf, Capt. H. C., to Camp Pike.
Rousseau, Capt. P., to Hosp. No. 12, at Biltmore, N. C., sick.
Post, Capt. C. R., will report to Dir. of Mil. Intelligence, for discharge.
Candler, Capt. S. C., detailed as Asst. Prof. of Mil. Tactics at Emory College, Oxford, Ga.
Barnes, Capt. R. D., detailed as Asst. Prof. of Mil. Science, at Univ. of Illinois.
Boyer, 1st Lt. R. E., to Ft. Douglas.
MacLaughlin, Capt. J. A.; Nadal, 1st Lt. G.; Fenner, 1st Lt. D. O., and Montesinos, 1st Lt. M., to Hoboken.
Edwards, 1st Lt. J. S., to Camp Dix.
Temple, 1st Lt. B., 320th, transferred to Hosp. No. 12, at Biltmore, N. C., sick.
Rotte, 1st Lt. E. H., from Bucharest, Rumania, to Washington for discharge.
Lembke, 1st Lt. C. H., transferred to Letterman Gen. Hosp., sick.
Hunnicutt, 1st Lt. W. S., detailed with the Judge Advocate Gen.'s Dept. and will proceed to Washington.
Fingarson, 1st Lt. G. E.; MacKie, 1st Lt. R. S., and Miller, 1st Lt. G. A., to Ft. Logan.
Morrow, 1st Lt. E. E., detailed as assist. to Dist. Mil. Insp., Dist. No. 10, at Univ. of Texas.
Knight, 1st Lt. T. C., attached to Motor Transport Corps, at Camp Holabird.
Handy, 1st Lt. B. H., to Camp Lee, sick.

Engineers.

Emerson, Col. T., A.E.F., will report to Chief of Engs., in this city.
Atkins, Maj. L. E., hon. discharged, as Maj. only.
Clarkson, Capt. C. D. S., and Shepard, 1st Lt. D. K., will report to Chief of Engs.
Harding, Capt. G. M., to Camp Dix, for discharge.
Dunn, Capt. H., to Governors Island and report to Cmdg. Gen., Eastern Dept., for discharge.
Shackelton, Capt. F. W., detailed to Director of Purchase, Stge. and Traffic, at Hoboken.
Buell, Capt. S. L., and Robinson, Capt. G. E., hon discharged, as Captains only.
Lee, Capt. A. B., A.E.F., promoted to be a Major.
Hunkin, 1st Lt. S. E.; Prouty, 1st Lt. C. H., and Butler, 1st Lt. M., A.E.F., promoted to be Captains.

Veterinary Corps.

Donovan, Capt. A. E., A.E.F., promoted to be a Major.
Following of A.E.F. promoted to be Captains:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Boshart, C. R.	Conzelman, O. J.	Nickel, W. C.
Miller, C. L.	Farmer, C. R.	Stirrett, C. S.
Shaw, J. M.		Burnett, P. H.

Field Artillery.

Abernethy, Col. R. S., from assignment to 51st to Boston, re installation of the Hammond radiodynamic torpedo unit. He is designated as the representative of the Secretary of War for the purpose of carrying into effect Section 7, public act No. 327, approved March 3, 1919.
Ellis, Col. R. T., detailed under Director of Pur., Stge. and Traffic, at Charleston, S. C., as asst. to Supt. of Water Transportation.
Bruce, Capt. J., to Washington for temp. duty with Mil. Intelligence Division, then report to the Adjt. Gen.
Farley, Capt. T. R., detailed for duty under direction of Director of Purchase, Storage, and Traffic at Ft. Ethan Allen.
Temple, 1st Lt. A. R., attached to Motor Transport Corps, from present duties to Ft. Wingate as commanding officer M. T. Co. 577.

Ordnance Department.

Guy, Maj. A. E., to France.
Nichols, Capt. W. S., to Erie Proving Ground, La., asst. to Cmdg. Off.
Mollere, Capt. J. F., to Debarkation Hosp. No. 31, at Hampton, Va.; sick.
Baker, Capt. J. C., and Strahley, 1st Lt. C. C., to Washington.
Oliver, Capt. W. H., Jr., from Buffalo to Ft. Sill, as Ord. Off. attached to the First F. A.
Russel, 1st Lt. J. M., and Eyrick, 1st Lt. G. J., Jr., to Ft. Hancock.

Chemical Warfare Service.

Joly, 1st. Col. C. L., from France and detailed as asst. to Military Attache, Spain, and will proceed to Madrid.
Akers, Maj. J. C., and Hawley, Capt. C. K., will report to the Dir. of Chem. Warfare Service.
Welch, Capt. T. W. B., will report to Dir. of Pur., Stge., and Traff.

Cavalry.

Slocum, Col. H. J., retired.
Shnyder, 1st. Col. F. E., assigned to 13th and will proceed to Ft. Clark.
Morton, Maj. DeF. W., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science at Oklahoma City Public Schools.
Mcrrisett, Maj. D. G., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science at Southwestern Presbyterian Univ.
Richmond, Maj. J. F., assigned to 10th, at Ft. Huachuca.
Silven, Capt. M. S., hon. discharged as Capt. only.
Beeth, Capt. C. C., hon. discharged as Capt. only.
Craig, 1st Lt. T. D., A. E. F., promoted to be a Capt.

Air Service.

Rhinehardt, Lt. Col. C. K., to Hosp. No. 2, at Ft. McHenry; sick.
McIntosh, Lt. Col. L. W., to Ellington Field and assume command.
Burwell, Lt. Col. H. B. S., to Love Field and assume command.
Peek, Maj. N. W., to Ellington Field.
Harris, Capt. H. E., and Hayward, 1st Lt. D. A., report to Dir. of Pur., Stge. and Traffic.
Potts, 1st Lt. C. O., detailed for duty under Dir. of P., S. and T. at Ft Worth.
Andrew, 1st Lt. F. L., to Ft. Logan for discharge.
Hayward, 1st Lt. L. A., to report to Dir. of P., S. and T. for duty.
Harwood, 1st Lt. B. P., A. E. F., promoted to be Capt.

Coast Artillery Corps.

Cross, Col. M. A., will report to Chief of Staff in Personnel Branch, Operations Division.
Bottomley, Lt.Col. S. F., to Ft. Winfield Scott.
Cuppett, 1st Lt. C. H., will report to Cmdg. Gen. of C.A., Training Centre at Ft. Monroe.

Dental Corps.

East, Maj. B. R., to Walter Reed Hosp.
Wadsworth, Capt. H. P., from Camp Jackson, and will report by telegraph to Cmdg. Gen, Southern Dept.
Buehler, Capt. H. H., to Curtis Bay, Md.
Buehler, Capt. A. C., to Aberdeen Prov. Ground, Md.
Radike, 1st Lt. L. M., and Ulen, 1st Lt. H., will report by telegraph to Cmdg.Gen. of South. Dept.
Siefert, 1st Lt. W. H., will report by telegraph to Cmdg.Gen. of West. Dept.
Guthrie, 1st Lt. H. E., to Air Service Flying School, Souther Field.

Miscellaneous.

Martin, Brig.Gen. W. P.; Cauldwell, Brig. Gen. V. A., and Moore, Brig.Gen. G. D., hon. discharged as Brig.Gen. only.
Allen, Brig.Gen. H. A., hon. discharged.

Following assigned as indicated upon their arrival in the United States:
Kernan, Maj. Gen. F. J., will report to Chief of Staff.
Sturgis, Maj.Gen. S. D., to Camp Gordon and assume command.
Read, Maj.Gen. G. W., to Camp Jackson and assume command.
Muir, Maj.Gen. C. H., to Camp Merritt, effective upon demobilization of 28th Div.
Alexander, Maj.Gen. R., to Camp Mills, effective upon demobilization of 77th Div.
Gatley, Brig.Gen. G. G., to Camp Dix.
Babbitt, Brig. Gen. E. B., to Camp Dodge.
Darrah, Brig. Gen. T. W., to Ft. Russell, and assume command, relieving Brig. Gen. P. W. Davison.
Davison, Brig. Gen. P. W., to Hoboken.
Bowley, Brig. Gen. A. J., to Camp Taylor, and command Field Artillery Basic School.
MacArthur, Brig. Gen. D., will report to Chief of Staff.
Fassett, Brig. Gen., W. M., to War College for temp. duty.
Price, Brig. Gen. H. J., to Camp Upton.
Lenihan, Brig. Gen., M. J., to Camp Devens, effective upon demobilization of his brigade.

Following to Camp Meade for duty in overseas replacement depot:
Patterson, Col. W. L. Air Serv.
Wood, Col. W. S., F. A.
Armstrong, Maj. F. T., F. A.
Lynch, Maj. P. L., F. A.
Gering, Capt. G. W., Inf.
Wilkins, Capt. R., Inf.
Pepin, Capt. G. L., Inf.
Pendleton, Capt. A., Inf.
Vanderveer, Lt. Col. H. C., F. A.
Rumsey, Maj. D. C., Air Ser.
Heyser, Maj. M. C., F. A.
McNeal, Maj. H. W., F. A.
Mulkey, Capt. O. A., Inf.
Gorman, Capt. H. J., Inf.
Jervey, Capt. A. P., Inf.

Leisenring, Col. F. S., Motor Transport Corps., to Philadelphia as Motor Transport Off., there relieving Col. W. D. Chitty, Cavalry, who will report to Camp Hollibird as Dist. Motor Officer Dist. D.
Tideman, Lt. Col. T. H. A., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., to Camp Bowie, as Camp Adjt.
Cameron, Maj. Gen. G. H., hon. discharged as Major Gen., only.
Steele, Maj., H. F., to Camp Travis as Vet.
Hunter, Capt. W., and Rasmussen, Capt. N., A. E. F., promoted to be majors in the Amb. Service.
Dobes, 1st Lt. O. P.; Gile, 1st Lt. A. B.; Huhr, 1st Lt. A. H., and Putnam, 1st Lt. P. J., A. E. F., promoted to be Capts. in Amb. Ser.
Inman, Maj. D. R., San. Corps, will report to Surg. Gen.
Ireland, Capt. G., Sig. Corps, to Ft. Houston as asst. Judge Adv. of South. Dept.
Conrad, Capt. G., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., promoted to be a Maj.
Williams, Capt. W. H., Tank Corps, assigned to 304th Brig., and will proceed to Camp Meade.
Manly, Capt. J. M., will report to intelligence off. of Cent. Dept.
Pants, 1st Lt. A. M., Ambulance Corps, transferred to Hosp. No. 1, New York, sick.
Shipp, Maj. W. E., hon. discharged, as Major only.

Resignations.

Pierce, B., Inf., as Temp. Capt. and Prov. 1st Lt.
Leonard, S. J., Engrs, as Temp. Capt. and Prov. 1st Lt.
Hassenzahl, Prov. 1st Lt. K., F. A.
Carr, Prov. 1st Lt. J. B., Corps of Engs.
O'Neal, 1st Lt. A., Philippine Scouts.
Gowen, Prov. 1st Lt. L. E., Inf.

Leaves.

Berry, Col. D. G., Inf., 14 days' extension.
Hayes, Brig. Gen. I. A., 21 days.
Brainard, Brig. Gen. D. L., 20 days.
Howze, Lt. Col. M. W., Judge Adv. Gen.'s Dept., 20 days' ext.
Mayes, Col. J. A., Judge Adv. Gen.'s Dept., 10 days.
Burnside, Col. W. A., Inf., 14 days.
Hines, Maj. C., C. A. C., 14 days.
Matthews, Maj. A. P., Dent. Corps, 10 days.
Moore, Maj. H. C., M. C., one month.
Yale, Maj. A. W., M. C., 10 days' extension.
Marlow, Capt. A. M. C., 10 days' ext.
Sanderson, Capt. J. M., 82d F. A., 1 month's extension.
Byrd, Capt. W. G., M. C., 1 month and 15 days.
Dunham, Capt. H. K., M. C., 20 days.
Ireland, 1st Lt. C. T., M. T. C., 10 days' further extension.
Masterson, 1st Lt. J. R., M. C., 2 months' extension.
Roberson, 1st Lt. T. B., Dent. Corps, 10 days' extension.
Weeks, 1st Lt. F. L., Engrs., 1 month's extension.
Keenan, 1st Lt. J. B., Judge Adv. Gen.'s Dept., 10 days' extension.
Caldwell, 1st Lt. H. C., Inf., 2 months' extension.
Green, 1st Lt. Q., 167th Inf., 1 month's ext.
Buckowski, 1st Lt. P. I., Inf., 1 month.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The Bureau of Navigation today published the following orders:

Connelly, Capt. L. J., from command of the Northern Pacific to naval forces operating in European waters.
Panrahan, Capt. D. C., from naval port off. at Danzig to Warsaw as Naval Attache.
Foley, Capt. P., from officer of naval operations to Shipping Board at Wash.
Bristol, Cmdr. A., from officer of naval operations to command the Breckenridge.
Brereton, Lt. Cmdr. W. D., Jr., to the Florida as navigator.
Junkin, Lt.Cmdr. G. B., to command the O-8.
Batth, Lt.Cmdr. C. E., Jr., to the Birmingham as exec. off.
Braistard, Lt.Cmdr. F. R., to the Bureau of Steam Eng.
Davis, Lt.Cmdr. E., to the Hazlewood as exec. off.
Conner, Lt.Cmdr. E. H., to the Kaiserin Augusta Victoria as exec. off.
Stiles, Lt.Cmdr. W. H., to the Arkansas as navigator.
Daubin, Lt.Cmdr. F. A., and Hulings, Lt. Cmdr. C., to the Fulton and additional duty ex-German submarine U-111.
McCaughey, Lt.Cmdr. S. D., to command the Downes.
Downes, Lt.Cmdr. G. D., to the Solace.
Bass, Lt.Cmdr. J. A., to the Manchurian.
Owens, Lt.Cmdr. W. D., to Bureau of Nav.
Traylor, Lt.Cmdr. R. H., to duty under S. N. O. T., New York.
Morrison, Lt.Cmdr. A. A., relieved from active duty.
Hazelwood, Lt. W. J., to the Huron.
Steele, Lt., to duty under D. S. N. O. T. S., at Norfolk.
Soy, Lt., D. W., to the Isabelle.
Shaffer, Lt. W., to the Santa Malta.
Green, Lt. M., to marine recruiting station at Spokane, Wash.
Deyoanna, Lt. A. A., to the Adams.
Burrough, Lt. E. W., to Cavite Naval Station.
Hart, Lt., G. G., to recruiting station at Parkersburg, W. Va.
Korseneski, Lt. E., to the First Naval Dist.
Domerowski, Lt. B. L., to the Kimberly as exec. off.
Vinson, Lt. T. N., to command the Isabelle.
Edwards, Lt. S. V., to radio station, Otter Cliffe, Me.
Mason, Lt.Cmdr. P. E., to duty with Dutch Ship Mission abroad.

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for tabulating machine operator (Moon-Hopkins machine), Grade 2, will be received until 4 P. M. on May 6. Candidates must be at least 18 years of age on, or before the closing date for the receipt of applications. The subjects and weights of the examination will be: Practical test, 8; arithmetic, 2. A qualifying physical test will be given. The salary is $600 to, but not including $1,200 a year. There are four vacancies in the Bureau of Supplies, Board of Education, at $600 a year.

United States.

The commission announces for May 31 an examination for messenger boy. From the register of eligibles certifications will be made to fill vacancies as they may occur in the Federal Service at New York. The entrance salary is usually $600 a year. Competitors will be examined in spelling, 20; arithmetic, 20; letter writing, 20; penmanship, 20; copying from plain copy, 20. Applicants must have reached their sixteenth, but not their eighteenth birthday on the date of examination. Eligibles who have reached their eighteenth birthday will not be certified for appointment in the Customs Service.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGriculture, Office of the Secretary.—Federal Horticultural Board.—Quarantine on Account of Black Stem Rust—Notice of Quarantine No. 38.—(Effective on and after May 1, 1919.)—The fact has been determined by the Secretary of Agriculture, and notice is hereby given, that the common barberry (Berberis vulgaris) and its horticultural varieties, as well as other species of Berberis and Mahonia, are capable of harboring the black stem rust of wheat, oats, barley, rye, and many wild and cultivated grasses. Through the co-operation of the Department of Agriculture with State officials, local organizations and individuals, susceptible species of barberry and mahonia have been very largely eradicated from the States of Nebraska, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, North Dakota, South Dakota, Minnesota, Montana, Wisconsin, Michigan, Wyoming, and Colorado. Now, therefore, I, David F. Houston, Secretary of Agriculture, under the authority conferred by Section 8 of the Plant Quarantine Act of August 20, 1912, (37 Stat., 315,) as amended by the Act of Congress approved March 4, 1917, (39 Stat., 1134, 1165,) do hereby quarantine, effective May 1, 1919, the States of Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Mississippi, Missouri, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, and the District of Columbia, and by this Notice of Quarantine No. 38 do order that no plants of the following species: Berberis aetheana, B. altaica, B. amurensis, B. aristata, B. asiatica, B. atropurpurea, B. brachybotrys, B. brevipaniculata, B. buxifolia, B. canadensis, B. carolinlana (carolina), B. corlaria, B. cretica, B. declinata, B. fendleri, B. fischeri, B. fremontii, B. heteropoda, B. ilicifolia, B. integerrima, B. laciflora, B. lycium, B. macrophylla, B. neapaiensis, B. neubertii, B. sibirica, B. sieboldii, B. sinensis, B. trifoliolata, B. umbellata, B. vulgaris, including its subspecies and horticultural varieties. Mahonia aquifolium, M. diversifolia, M. glauca, and M. repens, shall be moved or allowed to move interstate to points outside of the quarantined area. This quarantine shall not apply to the movement by the United States Department of Agriculture of the products named for experimental or scientific purposes. Done in the District of Columbia this 15th day of April, 1919. Witness my hand and the seal of the United States Department of Agricul

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 28.—Seventy-seven new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $2,814,400, were chartered today. They include:

L. and M. Dairy and Food Co., Wurtzboro, Sullivan County, $15,000; I. Weinried, H. Mazo, N. Leib, 7 East 106th St.

Patrick Gaffney Co., Manhattan, realty, $70,000; T. V. and J. F. and P. J. Gaffney, 560 West 184th St.

Incorporated Owners in Manhattan, realty and construction, $10,000; J. B. Speyers, S. C. Moos, R. B. Miller, 114 East 84th St.

The Bohemians, Inc., Manhattan, theatricals, $40,000; B. Hawesworth, M. Green, J. M. Anderson, 62 East 34th St.

J. L. H. Cooke & Co., Manhattan, stocks and bonds, $10,000; W. R. Deuel, J. Delaney, C. H. Cooke, 25 Pine St.

Rosenberg & Rothberg, Inc., Manhattan, plate and sheet glass, $10,000; M. Krever, S. S. Rothberg, I. Rosenberg, 10 Eldridge St.

American-Russian Mutual Trading Corp., Manhattan, realty and live stock, $100,000; A. Faxon, I. Orling, S. M. Romanoff, 102 West 57th St.

The Cabinet and Accessories Co., Manhattan, phonographs, $10,000; M. and Y. and C. Goldsmith, 196 Homecrest Av., Brooklyn.

Oakley Stables, Inc., Manhattan, $25,000; M. O. Oakley, S. and G. Doerr, Jr., 332 3d Av.

W. and K. Lunch Room Co., Manhattan, $10,000; J. and E. Vitkoff, S. Korse, 102 Forsyth St.

Barba-Deresipiris Cont. Co., Manhattan, $5,000; J. M., Kornfeld, J. Deresipiris, J. Barba, 365 East 198th St.

The International Line of the United States of America, Manhattan, $25,000; J. A. Hedge, V. L. Lisbell, W. C. Fielding, 630 West 172d St.

Delta Waist Co., Queens, $10,000; J. Bien, B. Paul, I. Vitkind, 241 West 113th St.

King Lumber Co., Brooklyn, $15,000; J. Klein, G. Shapiro, T. Crawford, 200 William St.

30 Bond St. Realty Co., Manhattan, $10,000; H. S. and W. T. Story, J. W. Flickinger, 5 Great Jones St.

Salzberger Mfg. Co., Manhattan, dry goods, S. Rabinowitz, B. Hausman, N. Salzberger, 300 East 15th St.

Meyer, Strong and Jones, Manhattan, civil and electrical engineering, 500 shares preferred stock $100 each; 100 shares common, no par value; active capital, $50,500; S. M. Meyer, J. L. Dunn, L. H. Hohell, 20 Exchange Place.

The Management Holding Co., Manhattan, garage business, $5,000; A. A. Arkin, G. and F. Steinman, 5 Beekman St.

G. B. Holding Corp., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; J. Geisler, M. Miller, J. J. Cunningham, 135 Broadway.

Friber and Streifer Restaurant Co., Manhattan, $40,000; W. Friber, J. and L. Streifer, 44 Maiden Lane.

777 Madison Avenue Co., Manhattan, realty, $90,000; C. A. Meyer, A. G. Quinn, J. M. Stoddard, 26 Broadway.

Arsenal Extension Corp., Troy, realty and construction, $100,000; E. S. Covert, J. A. Beattie, J. H. Woodhouse, Troy.

Goldstein and Cohen, Manhattan, women's wearing apparel, $10,000; E. and J. Goldstein, J. Cohen, 19 West 21st St.

The Langers Sales Co., Manhattan, commission merchants in textiles, $10,000; M. B. and S. and F. M. Erlanger, 350 Broadway.

Wusk Mirror Specialty Co., Manhattan, $5,000; J. V. Kowalsk, F. Wiszpolski, H. U. Mansky, 646 East 2d St.

Palace of Joy, Inc., Manhattan, amusement, $100,000; I. Finkelstein, F. Moscowits, L. Combs, D. Murray, A. E. Abrams, Inwood.

Harold L. Frankie Co., Buffalo, iron and steel products, $50,000; L. K. Lynn, C. Pond, S. L. Frankie, Buffalo.

Cattaraugus Realty Co., Cattaraugus, $20,000; J. J. McCarthy, P. A. Beach, Pasetter, Cattaraugus.

Zahm & Nagel Co., Buffalo, machinery and factory supplies, $100,000; C. Pond, C. Anagel, E. Zahm, Buffalo.

Alberta Pearl Button Co., Manhattan, $50,000; C. W. Potter, K. S. and C. V. Alling, 14 Wall St.

Carbon Refining Co. of America, Saratoga Springs, $150,000; G. R. Grey, L. B. and J. L. Fenning, Saratoga Springs.

English Speaking World, Inc., Manhattan, printing and publishing, $25,000; R Watson, J. A. and E. H. Bennett, 11 John St.

W. W. Cameron Co., Manhattan, pearl buttons, $100,000; A. Sorensi, J. H. Lecareux, J. L. Cameron, 333 Central Park West.

National Association Building Corp., Manhattan, $250,000; J. T. Leem, H. A. Ley, J. Friedman, 25 West 45th St.

Salembier, Levin & Co., Manhattan, textiles, $175,000; A. F. Manne, C. H. Meyer, H. Seltzer, 13 East 17th St.

Brickett & Coltin, Manhattan, general contracting, $5,000; L. M. Brackett, E. A. and F. V. Colt, 1,965 Vyse Av.

Advance Enclycopaedia, Inc., Manhattan, $30,000; C. and Goldblatt, G. and S. Wicha, 1,270 51st St., Brooklyn.

Robert Phillips Co., Manhattan, gas and electric fixtures, $125,000; H. E. Cook, J. and R. Phillips, 101 Park Av.

Blakemore Realty Co., Manhattan, $10,000; B. Rogers, A. Murray, L. E. Blake, 348 East 137th St.

Ullman & Oppenheimer, Inc., Manhattan, women's and children's apparel, $40,000; J. Ullman, G. and L. Oppenheimer, 614 West 135th St.

Weinrod & Kaempfer, Inc., Manhattan, hosiery, gloves, and underwear, $50,000; J. H. Weinrod, F. G. and H. Kaempfer, 650 6th Av.

Alco Garment Co., Manhattan, women's clothing, $10,000; J. Goldsweig, S. Aarons, C. Gerst, 502 West 136th St.

Pisgah Realty Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; W. H. Griffin, E. Keale, B. H. Trask, 25 Broad St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Ferncliffe Game Preserve Co., Inc., Manhattan, $100,000 to $200,000.

Alejandro Angel & Co., Manhattan, $500,000 to $2,500,000.

Joseph Tetley & Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $525,000.

Hughes Optical Co., Manhattan, $1,200 to $5,000.

Garland Automobile Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $100,000.

Wearwell Novelty Co., Inc., Manhattan, $5,000 to $20,000.

Rochester Ball Bearing Co., Rochester, $5,000 to $80,000.

F. W. Evans Coal Co., Manhattan, $20,000 to $50,000.

Govern Const. Co., Manhattan, $2,000 to $10,000.

Toronto Car Advertising Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $100,000.

Keystone News Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $6,500.

Car Advertising Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $130,000.

Charles Weinschenker, Inc., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Arecon Realty Co., Manhattan, $1,000 to $2,000.

Adler Costumes, Inc., Manhattan, $25,000 to $50,000.

Quality Jewelry Co., Manhattan, $3,000 to $21,000.

Invincible Shoe Co., Brooklyn, $3,000 to $10,000.

Noma Motor Corp., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

The Avenue D and 11th Street Realty Corp., Manhattan, $50,000 to $150,000.

Ammann Mfg. and Const. Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Valley Creek Lumber Co., Rochester, $100,000 to $200,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

Goldstein & Sipkin, Inc., Manhattan, to $15,000.

Acceptance Corp., Manhattan, to $200,000.

CHANGE OF NAMES.

Greenburgh Union Chapel Assn., Greenburgh, Westchester County, to the Greenburgh Gospel Tabernacle of the Christian and Missionary Alliance.

The Poughkeepsie Orphans House and Home for the Friendless, Poughkeepsie, to the Children's Home of Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

John N. Willys Export Corp., Del., 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital 10 shares; representative, C. B. Mertz, 165 Broadway.

Elbico Mfg. Co., New Jersey, importing and exporting, $100,000; representative, W. Lockwood, 346 Main St., Orange, N. J.

INCREASES IN CAPITAL.

J. C. Haarts, Inc., Boston, Mass., from $750,000 to $1,500,000.

Van Tress Milling and Mining Co., Cincinnati, Ohio, from $100,000 to $150,000.

Keystone Minerals Co., New York, from $10,000 to $30,000.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Progressive Connecticut manufacturing company desires to obtain manufacturing rights on high-grade mechanical specialties which can be built of small stampings and screw machine parts; prefer automobile accessories or similar articles which can be sold directly to manufacturers; only high-grade and fully developed propositions considered. Communicate, with definite statement of facts, with G. M. Co., X 198 Times Annex.

A NEW YORK CORPORATION REQUIRES CAPITAL (TO BE SECURED BY PREFERRED STOCK) FOR MANUFACTURING AN ESSENTIAL CONSTRUCTION PRODUCT WITH PRACTICAL MONOPOLY OF LARGE FOREIGN MARKETS WHERE DEMAND EXCEEDS SUPPLY. V 459 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EXPORTERS, WILLING TO DISPOSE OF FOREIGN DIRECTORIES, ARE INVITED TO COMMUNICATE WITH BOX 100, ROOM 1009, 110 WEST 34TH ST.

Light loft for sale, 25x100; 18 machines and shop fixtures. M. Lerner, 34 West 15th St., first floor.

Wanted.—Machinery, entire plants, any description. White Wagner, 1,792 Washington Av., Bronx.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Young man, full of pep, tact, executive ability, and hard worker, with five years' road and practical inside experience, is looking to connect with live manufacturer with an idea of junior partnership; has small amount capital to invest. Lieut. Fred Frankfort, Far Rockaway, N. Y.

Retired merchant is prepared to finance legitimate manufacturing business that will stand investigation; no brokers. Claxtos, 225 Times.

Will make moderate investment in legitimate enterprise; have complete office, for sales promotion; can furnish full particulars. S 479 Times Downtown.

Private party will discount bills for small firms; charges reasonable. A 438 Times Downtown.

Hotel or apartment house wanted; invest $10,000 to $15,000 cash. D 385 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

A corporation manufacturing popular product with national reputation presents opportunity for high-class executive with proven successful record who can take active and financial interest in the corporation; this proposition is worthy of strictest investigation and calls for highest types of business man; unless state business experience; investment from $10,000 to $25,000 required. Address A 340 Times.

7 Per Cent. Mortgage Security.—A New York City manufacturing company doing $500 annual business and being forced to move,) will, in order to erect a new plant, pay 7 per cent. on the building investment, giving ample additional security; the company has liquid assets exceeding liabilities by $100,000 and has for years paid large cash dividends. Address D 302 Times.

MAN, WITH $2,000 OR $3,000 TO ENGAGE IN BRANCH AUTO INDUSTRY WITH LARGE PROFITS, UNLIMITED POSSIBILITIES. THIS IS NOT A STOCK, TIRE, CARBON REMOVER SCHEME. F 244 TIMES.

HAVE YOU A LEGITIMATE BUSINESS you wish to sell without publicity? Seeking associates with extra capital for expansion? See Roberts-Frost Co., 506 5th Av. Murray Hill 3851. Booklet mailed upon request.

An interest is offered in an old established business of great future; an investment of $2,000 to $4,000 necessary; a splendid opportunity for an outside man or a mechanical trade will be taught the investor. Nautical. S 478 Times Downtown.

Active sales manager with capital, wanted by established concern to organize and handle exclusive output of factory for several cities; high-class article that appeals to every purchasing agent; large profits. Hogan, Manager, 1,777 Broadway, New York.

Business man having experience in the manufacture of staple article, equipment for its manufacture and large amount of business he can personally obtain, seeks liberal backing. D 882 Times Annex.

Unusual opportunity offered dependable party investing $25,000 and more to obtain valuable interest in old established well and favorably known piano manufacturing business. Roberts-Frost Co., 506 5th Av.

MANAGER WANTED FOR LADIES' SPECIALTY SHOP WHO CAN INVEST $1,000, $2,000. L 377 TIMES.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Andrade Baptista & Co., Head Office Rua 15 de Novembro, Sao Paulo, Brazil.—House founded in 1904, and has branches in all the principal towns in the interior of the State of Sao Paulo; is open to do business in corn, coffee, sugar, leather, ironware, machinery, automobiles, oils, &c.; will also accept agencies for fire insurance companies, transport companies, and exporting houses. For references apply to the following banks: London and Brazilian Bank, Limited, British Bank of South Africa, National City Bank of New York, or any of the principal houses in Sao Paulo.

Manufacturer of established reputation and experience, with manufacturing facilities and credit, now making a line used by the jewelry and optical trade, wishes to add to this line and is ready to consider a proposition that will run into quantity production; state whether patented; correspondence confidential; references exchanged; full details in first letter desirable. R. S. P., care Franklin Trust Co., 166 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

Wanted.—Machine work, any description, quantity preferred; highest grade mechanical machining all kinds instruments, or special parts; electrical apparatus; experimental work, also die and tool work; japanning department and plating department, new finishes developed; optical department, any kind precision instrument developed. Kollmorgen Optical Corporation, 35 Steuben St., Brooklyn.

MANUFACTURERS! GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO EXPAND TRADE! EXPORT HOUSE WILL SHORTLY SEND TRAVELERS TO EUROPE AND LATIN AMERICA. EVERYTHING IN BIG DEMAND. WILL BE PUSHED. ONLY FIRST HAND SOURCES CONSIDERED. ANY SUGGESTION WILL FIND DUE CONSIDERATION. A 454 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DANISH MERCHANT, AT THE PRESENT TIME IN NEW YORK, DESIRES OFFERS FROM HARDWARE, HOUSE FURNISHING, SILVER PLATE AND CUTLERY MANUFACTURERS FOR EXPORT TO DENMARK, NORWAY AND SWEDEN; BUYING FOR OWN ACCOUNT. S 27 TIMES.

SPAIN.—RELIABLE CONCERN IN MADRID DESIRES AMERICAN REPRESENTATIONS OF ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY, AUTOMOBILES, PLANTS, &C. FOR REFERENCES AND OTHER PARTICULARS, APPLY TO CHARLES HOLL, 12 WEST 37TH ST., NEW YORK, N. Y.

Business man leaving about May 15 for an extended business trip through Japan and China is open to represent and show your line in these countries; personally acquainted with Japanese and Chinese business houses; only representative and staple lines considered. X 431 Times Annex.

Salesman covering both Pennsylvania and New York State is open for side line; salary or commission basis. S 489 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE.

OPPORTUNITY FOR SALES ORGANIZATION.—The undersigned company has financial means and a plant capacity of about 200 men for the manufacture of light mechanical devices or specialties in metal, wood or composition. We solicit inquiries from parties who, having a salable product, desire plant facilities and manufacturing organization, as well as financial assistance. No product will be considered unless it can be produced in large quantities and is actually on the market. Beaver Machine & Tool Co., Inc., 628 North Third St., Newark, N. J.

Business for sale, retail dry goods, constantly growing, requiring about $15,000 investment, yielding $6,000 to $7,000 per annum; ill health cause of desire to sell. Box 75, 1315 3d Av

For Sale.—Shoe store, established over 25 years; annual sales over $50,000; low rent. Inquire Klein, 2,032 2d Av., New York City.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

LATIN AMERICAN TRADE.—FOR HELP wanted, business opportunities, &c., try La Prensa, only Spanish N. Y. daily. 240 Canal St. Tel. Franklin 678.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BAFFIN SEAL Wanted.—H. & H., any quantity, for cash. Harry Kitsinger, Greeley 1090.

BROADCLOTHS AND LIGHTWEIGHT VELOURS Wanted.—All Fall shades; large quantity; reasonable. Max Stahl, Gramercy 3961.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Velours and duvetde-laines, in Fall shades; can use quantity for cash. Call Madison Square 3671.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Brown and taupe; silvertone, all shades. Holden Leonard or Arthur Joel, Farragut 9342.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany 315; all colors; for cash. Sol Levine & Co., 12 West 27th.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany 315 or similar quality; plum and brown. Canal 4377.

CAPES, Dolmans, Suits, Coats, Dresses, Waists, Skirts, Silk Underwear Wanted.—Surplus; best grades; cash. National, Tel. Canal 4222.

CAPES, SUITS, DRESSES, CHILDREN'S CAPES Wanted.—Will buy for cash any quantity at right price. Madison Square 5339.

CAPES, Suits, Coats Wanted.—Jobber placing orders. 3d floor, 1,140 Broadway.

CHILDREN'S COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders better grade infants, children's coats. 27 West 24th. 6th floor.

CHILDREN'S COATS Wanted.—Jobber of children's, infants', and intermediate coats will look at Fall coats between 9 and 11 daily. Brody & Co., 12 West 27th.

CHILDREN'S COATS wanted for Fall. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

CHINCHILLA Wanted.—Salt's and other makes; white and colors. Goodman & Cobrin, 695 Broadway.

COATS Wanted.—Placing orders on Fall coats of better grades; looking all of next week; call with samples mornings until 11 or afternoons after 3. 27 West 24th. 6th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at ladies' juniors', children's Fall coats, medium and better kind, all week mornings. 11 West 26th, fourth floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber exclusively looking all week Fall cloth coats and mercerized cotton plush, medium and better kind. 48 West 22d, first floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber exclusively looking at infants', children's coat samples; yours or our material. 216 West 22d, 4th floor.

COATS Wanted for Fall Line.—Silvertones, bolivias, velours; also pile fabrics. Eisen & Son, 122 West 26th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at children's and infants' cloth and pile fabric coats. 30 West 21st, 11th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber exclusively buying junior and misses' Fall cloth coats. 30 West 21st, 11th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on Fall coats and suits. Call all week, 45 W. 26th, first floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Fall line all week. Room 1911, 13 East 26th.

COATS, Suits, Plush Dolmans and Coatees Wanted.—Jobber looking all week. A. Jacobs, 30 West 32d.

COATS-SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall coats and suits. Call all week, 14th floor, 12 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobbers looking at Fall cloth of better kind. 10 East 33d, 3d floor.

COATS Wanted.—Placing orders on ladies', misses, juniors' coats. Alex. Kogut, 40 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—For Fall orders, placed by large jobber. 8 East 27th, 1 h floor.

COATS Wanted.—Large jobber placing orders on smart Fall coats. 32 West 27th; 10th floor.

COATS, Suits Wanted.—Exclusive jobbers placing sample orders. Ulius Bros., 37 West 32d.

COATS, SUITS Wanted.—Placing stock orders better grade, Fall styles. 279 5th Av., first floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking ladies', juniors', children's cloth coats. S. Bierman, 18 West 27th.

COATSWanted.—Buying children's plio fabrics and cloth coats. Neumann, 137 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Of better grade only; jobber placing orders. 339 5th Av., Room 505.

CORDUROY Wanted.—Dark-colored; quantities only; Shantung Japanese, 17 Mummy. Madison Square 5852.

CORDUROY Wanted.—Wide wail white, all widths. Farragut 5085.

COTTON GABARDINES OR DRILLS Wanted.—White; very cheap goods. Feynman, 19 West 21st.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—What have you to sell? United States Textile Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 4815.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Serpentine crepes and ginghanis, quantities; will pay cash. Subin, Chelsea 7098.

COTTON PLUSH, Velours, Burella, Newhouse 114 and 9 Wanted.—Any quantity, at the right price. Leo D. Greenfield & Bros., 1,472 Broadway.

COTTON PLUSH Wanted.—H. & H. or similar quality. Canal 4377.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Flesh, three thread; 100 pieces, for cash. Ross & Gottlieb, 40 East 22d.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Striped, quantity, for immediate delivery; spot cash. Madison Square 9114.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted.—Eagle 684. Room 1401, 303 5th Av., before 10 A. M.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open to buy all kinds of jobs in ladies' and children's dresses, waists, skirts, men's and boys' clothing, and all kinds of piece goods; spot cash. 6th floor, 137 West 23th.

DRESSES Wanted.—We will buy for cash jobs; any quantity; taffeta, foulards, georgette, and satin dresses; samples; daily 5:30. Wiener, 20 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber, placing stock orders on party, georgettes, sport and wash dresses; submit samples daily 9-5. Wiener, 20 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Job georgettes, taffetas, and figured georgettes for cash. Underselling Waist Co., 118 West 22d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber will buy jobs of georgette, taffeta, and crepe de chine dresses. 31 East 27th, Room 52.

DRESSES Wanted.—For cash; Georgettes, crepe de chines, taffetas, and satins; must be at a price. 319 5th Av., 2d floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on satin and serge dresses, also wash dresses. 18 West 33d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open to buy any quantity in silks only; spot cash. Normans Dress, 279 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Cotton; immediate orders; bring samples. Paramount, 132 Madison Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open to buy jobs; all kinds; cash. 4th Floor, 14 East 33d St.

DUVET DE LAINES, Crystal Cloth, and Silvertones Wanted.—All Fall shades. Spring 1939.

FAN-TA-SI AND TRICOLETTES Wanted.—All colors; cash. Chas. Weraba, 117 West 31st.

FURS Wanted.—Kit cooney, opossum, blue mufflers, raccoon. Rothstein & Nelson, 129 West 29th.

GEORGETTE and Crepe de Chine Wanted.—Quantity for spot cash. Madison Square 3301.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—Open to buy good quality for cash; large quantity. E. & H. Waist Co., Inc., 71 West 23d.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—Open for large quantity, all colors, at a price. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 137 West 25th.

GEORGETTE Wanted.—Raw or finished; large quantities; cash. 225 5th Av., Room 500.

GEORGINE, WAISTS Wanted.—Quantity no object; spot cash. Litt, Kunsberg & Berler, 30 West 32d St.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Can use very large quantity Amoskeag, small corded checks, all colors; also stripes, all colors; patterns 19130 to 19136; can also use same patterns in Maybourne madras. Geiger, Mad. Sq. 485.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Checks, plaids, also standard percales, lights and darks. Madison Square 1862.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES Wanted.—All kinds; cash. Madison Square 8671.

HUMAN HAIR NETS Wanted. Cosmos Trading Co., 111 5th Av. Gramercy 3453.

JAPS Wanted.—3 to 4½ mome; quantities; cheap; will pay cash. Chelsea 7689.

JAP SILK Wanted.—All weights, naturals only, for cash. H 391 Times.

KHAKI CLOTH Wanted.—325 to 220 weight; any quantity for cash. R 331 Times.

LININGS Wanted.—36 or 40 inch wide; fancy pussy willow. Rashkind & Soloff, 244 5th Av.

MIDDY TAPE Wanted.—Open quantity No. 17; submit samples. M. Hoffiin, Norfolk, Va.

NORMANDY Wanted.—Bochmann pekin blue, also cotton back pom pom, American dark green only. Telephone Spring 3013.

PAULETTE Wanted.—All silk, 60 inches wide, all colors, for cash. Maxman, Chelsea 8332.

PECO PLUSH Wanted. Madison Square 3668.

PECO PLUSH Wanted.—For cash. Farragut 528.

PLUSH Wanted.—Spot cash, Peerless, Peco, Behring, Baffin, Iiewis Horowitz, Chelsea 1911.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Peco, equimette, 40-40, Peerless 710, for cash. Gramercy 1807.

POPLINS Wanted.—Fall shades, large quantities; state lowest price and make. D 391 Times.

POPLINS Wanted.—4800 or 774, navy, for cash. Gramercy 3905.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

PRINTED MELTON Wanted.—Libby's or similar; state best cash price for quantity; inclose sample. Box O 614, 1,265 Broadway.

SATEEN AND VENETIANS Wanted.—Plain and flowered; for cash. Madison Square 8671.

SATIN Wanted.—Open for a quantity of old gold or bronze satin. M. Hoffling, Norfolk, Va.

SECO Wanted.—Also cotton goods, all kinds; spot cash. Madison Square 8671.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 1210 navy, quantity no object, spot cash. S. Rosenman & Co., 18 West 21st.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy 54-inch French serge, quantity. Blitwell Dress Co., 142 West 24th.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for any make mannish, French and storm serges. Gramercy 4493.

SERGES Wanted.—510 and others; any make; any quantity. United States Textile, 315 4th Av. Gramercy 4816.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy for cash 528, 11483, 104, 54289, or equivalent, navy; quantity. Farragut 4444.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity 54-in. French serges, for cash. Schlange & Co., 151 West 28th.

SERGES Wanted.—0936, 09070, 7301, 7614, 7120; velour 0360, 052, for cash. Gramercy 1074.

SERGE Wanted.—Whitman's 87, 1210, navy. Hazel Mfg. Co., 603 Broadway. Spring 4642.

SERGES Wanted.—510, 09070, MFL; quick action. Progress Garment Co., Chelsea 6540.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for Stevens 3850 navy. Harry J. Schiffer, 10 East 33d.

SERGE Wanted.—Pekin and Copen, 7614, 7301, or similar. Chelsea 9923.

SERGES Wanted.—Amoskeag 7301 navy. Stuyvesant 1048.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, navy. S. Reichmann & Co., 707 Arch St., Philadelphia.

SERGES Wanted.—M. F. L. 7301, or 8301, in navy; quantity. Phone Farragut 3486.

SERGES Wanted.—6234, American; also silvertones. Mad. Sq. 8388.

SERGES Wanted.—7301 and 235, navy. Shapiro. Madison Square 3609.

SERGES Wanted.—Two pieces 09070 navy. Chelsea 7468.

SHIRTINGS Wanted.—Fibre silk and heavy silk and cotten shirtings wanted for at once or early delivery. Call with samples, Le Roy Shirt Co., 114 5th Av.

SILKS Wanted.—Will buy for cash any kind of silks, velvets, novelties, or tender silks in any quantity; highest prices paid. Madison Square 2673.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for large quantity wash satins, underwear shades, cash. Standard Underwear, 3 East 28th.

SILKS Wanted. Jap habutai, any weight; cash. Henry J. Jackson, 17 Madison Av. Madison Square 9499.

SILKS Wanted.—P. D. C., gold and apple green, for cash. Chelsea 238.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Holden Leonard shade 298-306 and navy. Chelsea 9704.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Telephone Chelsea 8080.

SKIRTS Wanted.—Looking at better grade white silk and cotton wash skirts. A. G. Bahn, 9 West 20th St.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Jobber open to buy Fall suits and coats. 1,182 Broadway, Room 1402.

SUITS Wanted.—Men's and boys', cheap, cash; also two pants suits. E 628 Times Downtown.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Fall; jobber placing orders; call with samples. 4th floor, 45 West 25th.

SUITS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber, man placing orders on snappy Fall suits. 32 West 27th; 10th floor.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Fall suits and coats. Call with samples, all week, 32 West 27th, 7th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber ready to place orders for Fall. Morris Waldman, 17 West 28th.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—By jobber; better grade. 106 West 32d, 4th floor.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Spot cash; U.-S., Scotia, or similar. Gramercy 4783.

TWEEDS AND POPLINS Wanted.—Kelly's 243-8 and 50610. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st.

VELVETS Wanted.—Black Lyons velvet, 22-24 inches; also Salts L 10, colors. Kneale, & Rbhrs. 43 West 36th.

VELOURS Wanted.—0360, 4281; quantity Fall shades; will pay cash. Haft, Farragut 9752.

VELOURS Wanted.—Open for quantity 0360, American; all colors; spot cash. Stuyvesant 1404.

VELOURS Wanted.—American, (360, 032; Stevens 4281; all shades; cash. Gramercy 4041.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—27 inch, twill back; black and colors. Rashkind & Soloff, 244 5th Av.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—Pay cash; 8084 colors, firsts only. Spitzer, 1,265 B'way.

WOOLEN PIECE GOODS Wanted.—All descriptions; spot cash; must be cheap. Frederick Winter Corporation, 220 5th Av. Madison Square 2804.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Jobs all kinds; also regular; cash. Hochberg, 225 5th Av. Madison Square 9837.

Contracts Wanted.

CONTRACTOR wants work for boys' Summer wash suits, boys' specialties. A 337 Times.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BROADCLOTHS. — 315 Worumbo, Stevens; also velours K 544, 11060, 11052, 13009, and lightweight velours at reasonable prices. Boston Woolen Mills, 29 East 22d.

BROADCLOTH.—Talbot, 110, 118, velours, korsey, poplin, Panama, serges all makes. Utopia Mills 29 East 21st. Tel. Gramercy 4475-76.

BROADCLOTHS.—Stevens, 7022, F. & H. 315, 362, 384; velour 082; Fall shades; very cheap. Sutyvesant 9838.

BROADCLOTHS, Velours, Serges, Oxfords.—Quick delivery. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

BROADCLOTH.—Stevens black cheap; Julliard's 2002. Gramercy 1899-8726.

BROADCLOTHS.—Botany 315, all colors. Madison Square 1520.

CAPES, DOLMANS, COATS.—Immediate delivery, high class; Bolivias, silvertones, serges, satins, taffetas, &c.; reduced prices. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

CAPES, dolmans in tricotines, silvertones, serges, fancy P. D. C. lined, hand tailored, priced for May sales. Deutsch & Lefkowitz, 9 West 35th St.

CAPES, DOLMANS, COATS. — High-class plushes and pile fabric for jobbers only. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

CAPES, Coats, Suits.—Large variety; snappy styles, close out prices. Julius Wolf, 279 5th Av.

CAPES.—Closing out smart styles, large variety, regardless of cost. Louis L. Ginsberg Co., 28 West 27th.

CAPES, DOLMANS, COATS, in serge, velours and silvertones; will close out at sacrifice price. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

CAPES, COATS.—Children's 2 to 6, 8 to 14, on the racks for after Easter sales. Kamins & Friedland, 17 West 28th.

CAPES, Dolmans.—Close out 300 capes and dolmans, 400 silk-lined suits, serges and poplins. Copeland, 38 West 26th.

CAPES, COATS, DOLMANS.—Closing out; large assortment; immediate delivery. Potter & Schattman, 31 West 31st.

CAPES, COATS, SUITS.—Immediate delivery; big reductions in price for quantity. Bernstein, 118 West 27th.

CAPES, COATS, SUITS.—Season's best styles; closing out; big values. Shapiro-Dovis, 29 W. 35th.

CAPES, Capes, Capes, Capes.—Flappers', girls', infants'; immediate shipment. Julius Goldstein, 133 West 23d.

CAPES, COATS. — Girls' Spring, 2 to 14, serges, poplins, checks; immediate delivery. Kommel, 27 West 20th.

CAPES, DOLMANS, COATS.—Wonderful assortment to close out. Klepper Bros., 34 West 27th.

CAPES AND DOLMANS.—Closing out entire stock. Neumann, 137 West 27th.

CAPES.—Children's capes; immediate delivery; reasonable. Neumann, 137 West 27th.

CAPES, COATS.—3,000 2-6, 8-14, and juniors to close out. Rosh-Mayers, 122 West 27th.

CAPES.—Jobs of capes, dolmans; closing out sacrifice price. Feldman, 54 East 13th.

CAPES, Coats, Dolmans, to close out; reasonable prices. I. M. Oshinsky, 122 W. 27th.

CAPES.—75; close out $5. Ulius Bros., 37 West 32d.

CASHMERE VELOURS.—New Fall shades; also silvertones, men's wear serges. Farragut 8759.

CHECKS AND PLAIDE.—Black, blue and brown; also, white honeycomb cotton piece goods, below market value. Phone Mad. Sq. 5270.

CHILDREN'S CAPES for immediate delivery. L. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS, CAPES, SUITS.—To close out. W. Phillips & Co., 145 West 28th.

COATS AND CAPES, all materials; will sell at sacrifice; fresh line ready for jobbers. Barnet Mirkin, 19 W. 24th.

COATS.—Suitable for dollar sale. I. Frank, 48 West 22d.

COATS.—Children's Spring, 3-14, to close out. Schwartz, 31 West 15th.

COATS.—Plain and cape, in all goods. Korostoff & Son, 1,140 Broadway.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

COATS, DOLMANS.—Straight line coats and coatees, crystal cloth, silvertone, serges, and poplins at sacrifice prices. Harry Greenberg Co., 29 West 35th.

COATS.—Salt's plie fabrics in every style; cloth coats in exclusive models and materials. N. Hurwitz, 109 W. 26th.

COATS.—Snappy straight line coats to close out; leading styles and shades. Morris Waldman, 17 West 28th.

COATS.—Straight line coats, suits, and capes to close out. Tanenbaum & Bloom, 39 East 9th, near Broadway.

COATS, Capes, Dolmans.—Silvertone, velour, serge, to close out; taffeta suits. Blumenson & Co., 56 West 22d.

COATS.—Straight line American poplin; all shades, sizes; many styles; also stouts at sacrifice. I. Frank, 48 West 22d.

COATS, CAPES.—Children's, closing out owing to dissolution of firm. D. Kantor & Co., 48 West 22d.

COATS, Capes, Dolmans, Suits.—Closing out; $8 up; all wool. Reinberg, 41 West 26th.

COATS.—Plush line ready, long and short coats; popular prices. Neumann, 137 West 27th.

CORDUROYS.—36 inch white and high shades. Phone Madison Square 8844.

COTTON GOODS.—300 pieces, 54 inches, checks and plaids, cheap. Greeley 4582. Herman Cloak Co., 1,333 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS.—All kinds; get our quotations. United States Textile Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 4815.

COTTON GOODS.—Large quantity of voiles at reasonable prices. 130 West 25th, 5th floor.

DOLMANS.—Closing out smart styles; large variety; regardless of cost. Louis L. Ginsberg Co., 28 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Come right over and see our most remarkable close out jobs of printed georgette dresses at $9.75; other georgettes from $9 up; poplins $3.75; crepe de chine $6; 3,000 dresses ready for immediate delivery. Meyer Bosniak, 20 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—For after Easter sale; see our 25 assortments; lot at $7.50, comprising printed, beaded georgette, satin, taffeta, jersey; other satin, taffeta, crepe de chine $5.50. $1.98 exceptional reduction. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Beautiful new Summer dresses in high grade flowered, beaded and plain georgette, also taffetas to close out at unusually low prices; immediate delivery. Kilf Dress Co., 28 West 27th.

DRESSES.—5,000 taffeta satin, to close out from $3.50 up; also Susquehannas, poplins, $3.75 up; big line of wash dresses for immediate delivery; low price. Pan-American Dress, 12 West 21st.

DRESSES.—2,000 close out; foulards, satins, taffetas, printed georgettes and combinations crepe meteor, $10 up. Regent Dress, Suit and Skirt Manufacturing Co., 158 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—500 high-class; immediate delivery; reduced prices; indestructible beaded and plain and print

5000
DOLMANS
CAPES
COATS
AT
SACRIFICING
PRICES
Spot Delivery
KAPLAN BROS.
22 W. 32nd St., N. Y.

"PRINCESS"
DRESSES
Our stock of graduation dresses is growing from day to day. Other silk novelties in abundance.
Foulards Printed Georgettes
Crepe Meteor Taffetas
Satins Jerseys
Tricolettes
In LARGE as well as small sizes ready for immediate action.
PRICES UP TO $27.50
PRINCESS DRESS HOUSE
COSTUMES and DRESSES
25-29 WEST 31ST STREET.
Tel. Mad. Sq. 2614-5.

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MAX MAYER, Inc.
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ALL WEIGHTS WORSTED COLORS
PHONE MAD. SQ. 3136
The WILEY-BICKFORD-SWEET Co.
1140 B'WAY

Hand Embroidered
COTTON DRESSES
In all the newest fabrics
Of the Better Kind
at Popular Prices
IMMEDIATE SHIPMENT
Louis Leiserson, Inc.
102 Madison Avenue

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
5,000
WASH DRESSES
$2.50 to $5.00
VOILES, LINEN, GINGHAM, ETC.,
In Attractive Styles and Values.
Silk Dresses
TAFFETAS, FOULARDS, ETC.
$6.75 to $13.75
M. WEISMAN & SONS
118 West 22d St. New York.

HOLSTEN, YOUNG
AND COMPANY
LEATHER NOVELTY COATS
WATERPROOF TWEED COATS
RAIN AND AUTO COATS
34-36-38 WEST 27TH STREET

J-A-P-S RIGHT PRICES ALL COLORS
BANNER-FABRICS
27 W. 24TH. CHELSEA 7669

Henry Glass & Co.
44-46-48 White St.

Thirstan Underwear Mfg. Co.
352 Fourth Ave., New York.
with crepe-de-chine and wash-satin underwear.

Booth, Bregman and Sumberg
GEORGETTE DRESSES $15.75 to $20.00.
159-165 WEST 27TH ST.

HINES WILL DISCUSS STEEL PRICES AGAIN

Accedes to Secretary Redfield's Request for Further Conference with Industrial Board.

MAY ARRANGE IT NEXT WEEK

Railroad Head Puts Blame on the Board's Attitude for Failure of the First Negotiations.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Director General of Railroads Walker D. Hines has wired from Denver, Colo., his readiness to arrange for a conference of representatives of the Railroad Administration and the steel producers to discuss the price situation in an effort to arrive at conclusions which would make possible the continuation of the work of the Industrial Board of the Department of Commerce.

Mr. Hines holds that the Industrial Board was to blame for the recent failure of the Board and the Railroad Administration to reach a "common ground" as requested in cable dispatches received from President Wilson. The text of the statement sent from Denver follows:

"On April 26 Secretary Redfield telegraphed Director General Hines suggesting that representatives of the Railroad Administration confer anew with the Industrial Board relative to steel prices with the spirit of being engaged in a common service and seeking a mutual end.

"Director General Hines today called attention to the fact that on April 24 Judge Robert S. Lovett and Henry Walters, as representatives of the Railroad Administration, had met with the Industrial Board for the purpose of reaching common ground in a practicable sense regardless of former conceptions on either side and had been prepared to offer compromise suggestions looking to an agreement as to prices, but that the board declined at the meeting to act except according to its original conceptions, which, in the opinion of the Director General, were erroneous and that this attitude of the board practically closed the door to further discussion at that meeting.

"The Director General, in view of renewed suggestions for conference, indicated a willingness to accept the offer made by the Industrial Board in a telegram sent by Chairman Peek on April 26 to bring together representatives of the Railroad Administration and the steel producers."

Chairman George N. Peek of the Industrial Board was not in Washington today, and no statement concerning the message sent by Mr. Hines could be obtained. It is possible that an effort to arrange for further conferences will be made during the latter part of the week.

BUSINESS RECORDS.

In Town.

COUNTRY MILK CO., INC., of 303 Fifth Av.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this corporation by Rosenberg & Ball, attorneys for Edward J. McCrossin, as receiver of the Co-operative Milk Producers Marketing Co., a creditor for $100,000 for milk sold to it in December, 1918, and January, February, and March, 1919. It was alleged that the company made preferential transfers of property.

GENERAL FILM CO. of 25 West 44th St.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this company by Louis Weinberger, attorney, for these creditors: Interstate Film Co., $4,000; Herbert H. Yudkins, $500, and Frank M. Williams, $600. It was alleged that it transferred merchandise and accounts to the amount of $10,000.

STRAND SILK MILL, at 329 Fourth Av.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Max J. Fischer and Kalman Zaller, doing business as the Strand Silk Mill, by A. B. Alterman, a creditor for $885. It was stated that the liabilities are $14,000 and assets $5,000.

LENA WELKOWITZ of 474 West 150th St. has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,620 and no assets. She has only one creditor, the estate of Alex Schlussel, on a deficiency judgment for $6,620.

GEORGE J. HEYDEMAN, 1,116 Hoe Av., has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,804 and no assets.

SAM SIMON, a grocer at 229 East 121st St., has made an assignment to Archibald Palmer.

Discharges from Bankruptcy.

Judge A. N. Hand, in the United States District Court yesterday, granted discharges to these bankrupts: Walter S. Chatterton, 305 West 138th St., liabilities $34,806; Charles M. Close, bank examiner, 565 West 169th St., liabilities $29,786; Hotchkiss & Stein, manufacturers of women's hats, 641 Broadway; Jean Howe, milliner, 10 West 57th St.; Helen J. and Laura V. Twomey, as Mme. Helene, formerly 2,325 and 2,610 Broadway; Joseph Prednore, farmer, Chester, N. Y.; Bernard Levinson, doctor, Newburgh; Morris Bess, salesman, 36 West 111th St., formerly produce; Henry W. Winter, grocer, 2,471 Broadway; Nathan N. Sanders, lawyer, 217 Broadway; Lillian M. Ripple, 261 West 81st St.; George W. Brewster, policeman, 1,377 Washington St.; O'Beirne Bros., Inc., china and glassware, 319 West 42d St.; Sagliani & Borgute, provisions, 661 East 187th St., and Clark & Schwartzchild, as the Madcright Tailoring Co., 1,482 Broadway.

JUDGMENTS.

The following were judgments filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor: Amounts of $100 and over.

In New York County.

Bindler, Nathan—Nicosia Bros., Co.....541.15
Beadle, Stanley A.—M. U. Greenville.451.47
Bayard & Co.—D. Mayer.....1,644.03
Bradley, Harry—N. McEwen.....121.41
Bloom, Harry B.—E. W. Hazard....$290.27
Bloom, Harry B.—Lawrence's Rockaway Express, Inc.....102.50
Boerke, Harriette—James McCutcheon & Co.....380.45
Chamberlain, William—J. L. Herschmann 693.57
Criterion Phonograph Co., Inc.—Grand Union Folding Box Co.....267.15
Danishefsky, Abe—Borden's Condensed Milk Co.....118.25
Dayler, Annie G.—W. D. Goodman....151.70
Downing, Marine Const. Co.—W. A. Tobias 545.41
Elssing, Wm. F.—W. H. & F. Jordan, Jr., Inc.....180.25
Freifeld, Max—Imperial Players' Roll Co.....268.06
Grieve, Walter—Dodwell & Co., Ltd.1,677.61
Gordon, Harry—S. Lefkowitz.....102.70
Hizsnay, Edward and Aranke—F. E. Feigenbaum.....261.75
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—Z. T. Thompson 8,664.95
Lorch Const. Co.—W. Strass.....5,231.38
McClellan, Caroline M.—L. B. Case..1,000.00
Mildrum, Geo. D.—Howard R. Ware Corp.....258.59
Minford, Lewis W., 2d—C. Wund....352.70
Miller, John L.—Aetna Concrete Co..1,088.05
Mullitz, Solomon—A. J. Panoff.....188.79
Manheim, Louis—L. Bradley et al.....353.91
M. H. Powers Co.—C. Heuman.....270.28
Mahon, Marion F.—A. Leonard.....500.19
New England Agency Co., Inc.—S. Deutsch 458.55
Rosenthal, Adolph and Fritz, (A. Rosenthal & Son)—W. H. Axmacher et al.....324.05
Roger Williams Silver Co.—I. Getty..4,579.42
Roth, Phineas—Nathan Schwartzer Co.103.04
Sauer, Henry W.—Equitable Service Corp.....248.02
Schofield, Max—I. Rosenthal.....107.90
Sumner, Chas. W.—E. L. Lewis.....3,550.00
Smith, Eleanor S.—M. Hartmann.....202.03
Smith, Max—S. Gerstein.....117.32
Saporito, Charles—A. Biderman.....178.15
Tutting, Frederick H.—F. Postel....1,157.50
Woodrum, Donald—Encyclopaedia Britannica Corp.....171.16
White, Thomas W.—Ralph B. Carter Co.....224.29

In Bronx County.

Beck, Max—Kebolt & Co.....$155.20
Krauss, Ignatz—S. Rosenstern.....440.60
Rubin, Saul—I. M. Reiter et al.....82.62

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Case, Anna—Mano & Co., Jan. 9, 1919..$143.70
Kelly, Thomas, and Edmund L. Mooney —E. T. Tefft et al., Dec. 22, 1916.....105.10
Landes, Leonard—A. Landes, April 17, 1919 .....118.48
Lippman, Hyman—Morris Park Estate, July 2, 1918.....906.54
Merritt, Daniel—F. S. Mathews, March 6, 1918.....192.14
Midwood Club of Flatbush—H. Wasserman Co., June 27, 1917.....118.98
Mesa, Fernando C.—J. W. Ball et al., May 13, 1913.....272.81
Same—Hotel Astor, April 30, 1911.....113.00
Same—S. De Sola, July 13, 1914.....103.41
Ottillo, William—L. Alper, Aug. 16, 1918 .....516.30
Sands, Howard B. — Encyclopaedia Britannica Co., April 7, 1918.....252.00
Schiff, Herman H.—J. Sorin & Co., Dec. 30, 1913.....371.51
Smith, Josephine D.—N. Wilkinson, Oct. 23, 1919.....1,635.20
Keepadg Const. Co. and International Fidelity Ins. Co.—L. Golitz, May 16, 1916 .....3,865.27
Same—Same, April 25, 1919.....104.00
Broadway-Johns Corp.—Patterson Bros., April 5, 1918.....181.19
Knickerbocker Hospital—N. Y. Public Library, Astor, Lenox and Tilden Foundations, Jan. 2, 1919.....130.92

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—Federman Dept. Store; H. E. Griffith, toys; 116 West 32d.
AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neill & Co.; F. B. Goodman, linens, white goods; 37 W. 26th.
AKRON, Ohio—Akron D. G. Co.; H. S. Bandell, men's furn. goods, hosiery, underwear; 37 West 26th.
ALBANY, N. Y.—Stanley & MacGibbons Co.; Miss M. Doling, jobs serge suits; 1 West 36th.
ALBERT LEA, Minn.—Skinner-Chamberlain Co.; Miss B. Olson, ready-to-wear; Wallick.
ALTOONA, Penn.—William F. Gable & Co.; Mr. Parker, representing; 230 5th Av.
ALTOONA, Penn.—J. Bergman, jobs silk dresses, suits, children's coats, skirts; 37 W. 26th.
AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—Holzheimer & Shaul; P. D. Shaul, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.
ATLANTA, Ga.—P. Elson, ready-to-wear; 1,161 B'way.
ATLANTA, Ga.—National Straw Co.; A. Kaufman, millinery; 621 Broadway.
ATLANTA, Ga.—J. M. High Co.; W. H. Brittain, general mdse.; 141 Madison Av.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.; W. H. Allen, woolens, dress goods, silks, trimmings; 1,150 B'way.
BALTIMORE—M. Lurie & Co.; J. Levy, jobs dresses; 37 W. 26th.
BALTIMORE—The Leader; Miss Solomon, jobs women's waists; Pennsylvania.
BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg; Mrs. H. Katz, children's, infants' wear; 404 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Oriole Dept. Store; M. E. Gunzenheimer, furn. goods; Pennsylvania.
BALTIMORE—I. Benesch & Sons; S. Gompprecht, women's ready-to-wear; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; L. M. Gifford, shoes; C. H. Collins, silks, dress goods; J. L. Godfrey, Men's furn. goods; 2 West 37th.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; F. Quellmalz, cotton piece goods; H. S. Messersmith, remnants; M. S. Kirschenbaum, women's Fall coats; 354 4th Av.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Long's; D. B. Long, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.
BIRMINGHAM—Parisian Co.; E. Le Bosky, jobs dresses; 212 5th Av.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Sherer & Kessler; B. Sherrer, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Silverstein Bros.; D. Silverstein, ready-to-wear; 38 W. 26th.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—R. Blumberg Textile Co.; R. Blumberg, notions, furs, goods; Penn.
BISHOPVILLE, S. C.; Stafford D. G. Co.; W. E. Stafford, notions; Imperial.
BOISE, Idaho—The Mode; H. L. Falk, coats, suits; 1,150 B'way.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; Miss Mahoney, ribbons; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—Emporium World Millinery Co.; Miss Clifford, millinery; 621 Broadway.
BOSTON—Boston Mdse. Exchange, "Inc."; J. Grauman, cotton piece goods; 50 Leonard.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Otis, women's suits; Miss Fitzgerald, women's petticoats; Miss Milliken, infants' wear; Miss C. Murphy, misses' sport suits; basement buyers, Miss Callahan, silks, muslin underwear; Mr. Koenigsthal, men's, boys' clothing; E. A. Tobey, shoes; Mr. Dutch, children's juniors' girls' coats; Mr. Rafeld, children's, juniors' girls' dresses; Mr. Ring, misses', women's dresses; Mr. O'Brien, misses', women's coats, suits; Miss Golding, waists; M. Lavine, skirts, bathing suits; Miss Duquette, sweaters; Miss Dartt, kimonos, negligees, infants' wear; Mr. Cooper, general mdse.; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—The Gilchrist Co.; basement buyers. A. Cohen, suits, dresses, girls' coats, dresses; Miss Keltner, muslin underwear, house dresses, aprons, infants' wear; Miss Rice, women's hosiery, knit underwear; Mrs. Ford, millinery; Miss Danahy, silk, cotton waists; Mr. Lowenberg, boys' clothing, men's furn. goods; 200 5th Av.
BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Stanley & MacGibbons Co.; Miss M. Downs, jobs tricotine suits; 1 West 36th.
BUFFALO—Siegrist & Fraley; G. B. Smith, fur coats; 212 5th Av.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; E. Karl, men's furn. goods; 2 W. 37th.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Clauson & Wilson Co.; H. E. Gahwe, silk, dress goods; 43 Leonard.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—H. A. Meldrum Co.; J. J. Cronin, silks, dress goods, gloves; 404 4th Av.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Miss D. McFarland, girls', juniors' coats, dresses; 2 W. 37th.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; C. H. Nearing, shoes; Miss McFarland, misses' coats, suits, dresses; 2 W. 37th.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; Miss Nellson, furs; S. Intrater, shoes; E. Karl, men's furn. goods; 2 W. 37th.
CATLETTSBURG, Ky.—O. L. Stanard Co.; O. L. Stanard, dry goods; 256 Church.
CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—Gransky & Sons; H. Oransky, Miss I. Buttke, ready-to-wear; 37 W. 26th.
CHARLESTON, S. C.—Charleston D. G. Co.; F. O'Neill, carpets; Imperial.
CHATTANOOGA—Miller Bros. Co.; F. L. Miller, women's ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
CHICAGO—Koumiss & Co.; Miss T. Reichenthal, dresses; Claridge.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; J. A. Falconer, blankets, curtains; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Hillmans, F. J. Kicker, men's furn. goods; 277 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; W. H. Garvey, women's suits; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; A. W. Merritt, curtains, upholstery goods; 72 Leonard.
CHICAGO—Hillman's; E. Levy, leather, toilet goods, jewelry, silverware; 277 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Zuckerman & Berkowitz; A. Berkowitz, clothing; Broadway Central.
CHICAGO—C. Klafter & Co.; Miss I. Klafter, skirts, waists, dresses; 1,170 B'way.
CHICAGO — J. K. Hammerman; infants' wear, knit goods, Fall; 1,270 B'way, Room 911.
CHICAGO—Lederer Co.; Miss D. Mangson, women's, misses' coats, silk dresses, waists; 1,133 B'way.
CHICAGO — Yondorf Clothing Co.; L. C. Lewis, men's, boys' clothing, furn. goods; Commodore.
CHICAGO—L. Klein, Inc.; H. Michelson, silks, dress goods; A. Beutler, draperies, lace curtains; 1,133 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; L. A. Stahl, children's dresses, kimonos, bathrobes; Miss Koepke, boys' clothing; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Isman Bros. & Sahn; Mr. Sahn, woolens, linings; Mr. Isman, Fall coats, suits, fur coats, fur collars; 43 W. 27th, Room 301.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; C. W. Leffingwell, coats, suits; E. Dannenberg, boys' wash suits, basement; E. Menger, R. M. Long, millinery; C. Christenson, children's sweaters, infants' wear; 1,107 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss Elden, blouses, underwear, basement; E. Mandel, laces, trimmings, embroideries, hdkfs.; E. Beale, silks; H. F. Simon, men's, boys' clothing, furn. goods, basement; 18 E. 22d.
CINCINNATI—Ogus, Rabinovich & Ogus; J. A. Wechsler, millinery; 35 W. 29th.
CINCINNATI—Louis Stix Co.; E. F. Paddock, linens, hdkfs.; laces; 377 B'way.
CINCINNATI—Mabley & Carew Co.; M. Frank, boys' clothing; S. Frank, millinery; Pennsylvania.
CINCINNATI—Lauterbach Cloak and Suit Co.; I. Lauterbach, Fall coats, suits; 1,133 B'way, Room 1123.
CINCINNATI—Gordon Underwear Co.; M. Gordon, men's underwear, knit goods; B'way Central.
CINCINNATI—Alms & Doepke Co.; H. Kreyenhogen, woolens, blankets; C. Leister, toys, house furn. goods; 350 Broadway.
CLEVELAND—May Co.; C. Bryce, millinery, basement; 37 West 26th.
CLEVELAND—M. J. Campen; piece goods; Pennsylvania.
CLEVELAND—Hirsch Co.; Miss E. Cohen, jobs dresses; 470 4th Av.
CLEVELAND—Clauson & Wilson Co.; J. E. Jerman, dress goods, silks; 43 Leonard.
CLEVELAND—Ames Co.; D. Wyman, coats, suits, dresses, skirts; 116 West 32d.
CLEVELAND—M. G. Wertheim Co.; M. G. Wertheim, dress goods; Pennsylvania.
CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; Miss M. Murray, wash white goods; 230 5th Av.; Breslin.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; J. Meisel, jobs Spring coats, capes, wash skirts; 37 West 26th.
CLEVELAND—Adler Store; H. B. Crouch, women's, misses' coats, dresses, waists; 1,170 B'way.
COLUMBUS, Ohio — Emporium; Mr. Goldberg, jobs suits; 366 5th Av.
Columbus, Ohio—Bernheim & Cahen; C. Cahen and A. D. Friedman, ready-to-wear, men's, women's furn. goods; 1,170 B'way.
COLUMBUS, Ga.—D. Rothchild Co.; G. Rothchild, skirts, shirtwaists, ladies' wash, white dresses, ladies', children's gingham dresses; Room 1910, 15 E. 26.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; G. Doyle, jobs ready-to-wear, basement; R. Rodenfels, men's furn. goods; Mr. Huber, mdse. mgr.; 225 5th Av.
COPENHAGEN—Frederick Larsen & Co.; Frederick Larsen, hardware, silverware, house furn. goods, cutlery; Biltmore.
DALLAS—Goldsmith Bros. D. G. Co.; I. Goldsmith, ready-to-wear; 1,133 B'way.
DALLAS, Texas—I. H. Well Co.; I. H. Well, dresses, suits, waists, skirts; 470 4th Av.
DALLAS, Texas—W. A. Green & Co.; A. J. Blankenship, domestics, silks; 1,150 B'way; York.
DANVILLE, Ill.—Emery D. G. Co.; Mr. Emery, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.
DAYTON, Ohio—Elder & Johnston; C. H. Rieling, representing; 230 5th Av.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; E. D. Jamieson, boys' clothing; 225 5th Av.
DETROIT—H. Friend, jobs suits, capes, dolmans; 1,170 Broadway, Room 500.
DETROIT—Davidson Bros.; I. Davidson, infants', children's wear; Pennsylvania.
DETROIT—Crowley, Milner & Co.; Mrs. E. Ward, kimonos, bathing suits; 116 West 32d.
DETROIT—Fields Cloak and Suit Co.; Mrs. H. Simons, coats, suits, dresses; 1,161 B'way.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; H. Rich, hats; Miss L. Nichull, waists; R. S. Thompson, shoes; 225 5th Av.
ERIE, Penn.—Long's; W. R. Long, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.
EVANSVILLE, Ind.—A. Schults, ready-to-wear; 306 5th Av.
FAIRMONT, W. Va.—J. M. Hartley & Son Co.; J. H. Rownd, notions, hosiery, gloves, millinery; 1,270 B'way; Penn.
FALL RIVER, Mass.—Stelger-Cox Co.; C. H. Cox, J. H. McHattie, domestics; 105 Grand.
FAYETTESVILLE, N. C.—Stein Bros.; J. Stein, Men's clothing; Herald Square.
FLINT, Mich.—Rosenthal & Co.; M. Rosenthal, ready-to-wear; 44 E. 23d.
GLENS FALLS, N. Y.—Kempner & Merkel; Miss Gellman, jobs ready-to-wear; 1,133 B'way.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Paul Steketee & Sons; E. G. Geiselman, coats, suits; Breslin.
HARRISBURG — Kaufmann's Underselling Store; J. M. Lloyd, jobs silk dresses, suits, children's coats, skirts; 37 West 26th.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Emporium World Millinery Co.; Miss Moore, millinery; 621 B'way.
HAVERHILL, Mass.—Mitchell Co.; T. R. Kidd, kitchen furn. goods; Breslin.
HERKIMER, N. Y.—H. G. Munger Co.; H. G. Munger, domestics; 105 Grand.
HUNTINGTON, W. Va.; Zenner-Bradshaw Co.; F. W. Riggle, ready-to-wear, ribbons, jewelry, leather goods; 1,270 B'way; Hermitage.
INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; F. Edmonds, ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.
INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; Miss Reed, underwear; 225 5th Av.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Havens & Geddes Co.; R. F. Geddes, prints, ginghams; 72 Leonard.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Hibben, Hollweg & Co.; L. H. Krlete, men's furn. goods; 320 Broadway.
INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; Miss P. McKarney, millinery; Miss M. E. Sadler, coats, suits; 116 West 32d.
INDIANAPOLIS—Goldstein Bros.; S. J. Goldstein, women's, misses' suits, waists, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 404 4th Av.
ITHACA, N. Y.—Rothschild Bros.; Miss C. Schmaus, toys; Collingwood.
JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—H. J. Clothing Co.; J. S. Porter, clothing, furn. goods; Commodore.
JOHNSTOWN, Penn.—Schoenfeld Mercantile Co.; Mr. Schoenfeld, Summer wash dresses, skirts; 339 5th Av.
JOPLIN, Mo.—Pottlitzer Bros.; Geo. Pottlitzer, misses', women's, children's ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.; Longacre.
KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Frankel, Frank & Co.; J. Lyons, hats; 370 B'way.
KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Emery-Bird-Thayer D. G. Co.; F. L. Woosley, men's, boys' clothing; J. W. Carlyle, upholstery goods; 25 Madison Av.
KENMARE, N. D.—Kenmare Cash Store; K. Isear, Georgette waists; 339 5th Av.
LANCASTER, Penn.—Donovan Co.; Miss G. Astrich, millinery; 116 W. 32d.
LANSING, Mich.—F. N. Arbaugh Co.; J. A. McKelvey, housefurnishing goods; 432 4th Av.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—G. Blass Co.; S. Gersman, white goods; 1,150 B'way; Broztell.
LOS ANGELES—B'way Dept. Store; A. K. Keller, women's ready-to-wear; 95 Madison Av.
LOS ANGELES — "Bullock's"; Mrs. D. Sadler, basement millinery, notions, laces; 95 Madison Av.
LOS ANGELES—Broadway Dept. Store; Miss K. Mills, notions, jewelry, hdkfs., gloves; 95 Madison Av.; Holland House.
LOS ANGELES—Broadway Dept. Store; Miss K. Keller, basement, ready-to-wear; Mrs. M. Turrish, misses', juniors ready-to-wear, muslin underwear, sweaters; 95 Madison Av.
LOUISVILLE — Stewart D. G. Co.; J. C. Smith, domestics, linens; Mr. Kirkpatrick, shoes; 2 W. 37th.
MACON, Ga.—Burden, Smith & Co.; C. H. Denicke, notions, jewelry, neckwear, hdkfs.; 1,133 B'way; Gregorian.
MARINETTE, Wis.—Style Shop; Mr. Mackewitch, ready-to-wear; 212 5th Av.
MARIETTA, Ohio—Otto Bros.; H. Otto, hosiery, underwear, knit goods; York.
MEMPHIS—Bry Block Mercantile Co.; J. D. Block, dry goods; 1,150 Broadway.
MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Jos. Rosenfield Co.; L. Rosenfield, ready-to-wear; 1,199 B'way.
MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Bry Block Mercantile Co.; C. Hess, skirts, petticoats; 1,150 B'way.
MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Bry Block Mercantile Co.; E. B. Weisner, jobs silk dresses, skirts, waists, children's house dresses; H. T. Kordenback, jobs silk, muslin underwear, boys' wash suits, satine petticoats; J. H. Kellerman, jobs men's, boys' clothing, furn. goods; 470 4th Av.
MILES CITY, Mon.—L. Goldstein, men's, women's clothing; 39 West 32d, Marlborough.
MILWAUKEE, Wis.—E. Schuster & Co., Inc.; C. Kant, domestics; 105 Grand.
MILWAUKEHE, Wis.—Gerretson Co.; Miss F. Polachek, ready-to-wear; Holland House.
MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Fein, Mosher & Co.; M. Fein, clothing, men's furn. goods; Cumberland.
MINNEAPOLIS—Powers, Merc Co.; M. Bender, shoes; 2 West 37th.
MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; N. Cohen, women's coats, suits, waists, dresses, wash skirts; Miss Williams, misses' coats, suits, waists, dresses, wash skirts; 225 5th Av.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.—Leonard Fitzpatrick & Co.; W. E. Leonard, dry goods; Aberdeen.
NASHVILLE, Tenn.—L. Jonas & Co.; J. Hirsch, ribbons; 379 B'way.
NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—Steiger, Dudgeon Co.; Mrs. M. Ross, laces; 105 Grand.
NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—Steiger-Dudgeon Co.; J. P. Fenton, domestics; 105 Grand.
NEW ORLEANS—L. Moonshine & Son; I. B. Moonshine, rugs; Cumberland.
NEW ORLEANS, La.—Schwartz Bros. & Co.; J. D. Heyman, knit underwear, work shirts; 60 Worth.
NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y.—Beir Bros.; E. Beir, coats, suits, dresses, waists; 44 East 23d.
NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y.—Niagara D. G. Co.; F. Fisher, W. J. Angus, basement jobs men's shirts, pajamas, children's dresses, waists, hosiery; 432 4th Av.
NORFOIK — Whichard Bros. Co.; H. W. Whichard, dry goods, notions; Martinique.
OAKLAND, Cal.—Manheim & Mazor; J. P. Manheim, jobs ready-to-wear; 116 West 32d.
OAKLAND, Cal.—Kahn Bros.; S. S. Kahn, waists, petticoats, robes, house dresses, tub skirts; 116 West 32d.
OMAHA, Neb.—Burgess, Nash Co.; Miss S. Knetter, ready-to-wear, basement; 200 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA — M. Fuhrman, woolens; Bristol.
PHILADELPHIA—I. & S. Faggen; S. Faggen, waist, dress materials; Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Mrs. G. Savidge, Miss E. Eyer, furs; B'way & 32d.
PHILADELPHIA — Philadelphia Millinery Co.; A. Davis, millinery; Herald Square.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Norwick & Son; C. Norwick, woolens; Room 1402, 1,182 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—A. Frank & Co.; M. Frank, children's cloakings; 1,182 B'way; Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA — N. Snellenburg & Co.; Miss C. Loewenstein, misses', children's ready-to-wear; 1,261 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; E. Bohn, leather goods; D. S. Scott, furn. goods; V. Zaurner, representing; Broadway and 32d.
PITTSBURG—Imperial Supply Co.; R. B. Bygote, general mdse.; Penn.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; L. Ferber, millinery; 404 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Campbell's; I. C. Krewson, jobs boys' cloth pants; 6 W. 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; Miss K. C. Laddeo, millinery; 1,140 Broadway.
PITTSBURGH—A. Wolk & Co.; A. A. Wolk, coats, suits; 303 5th Av.; Penn.
PITTSBURGH — Frank & Heder; Edgar Frank, basement jobs ladies' waists, muslin underwear; 864 5th Av.
PITTSFIELD, Mass.—England Bros.; P. F. Shields, boys' clothing; 404 4th Av.; Broztell.
PITTSBUGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; L. Ferber, millinery; Mrs. C. E. Henry, waists; 404 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; I. S. Bickert, men's furn. goods; M. E. Baer, millinery; W. E. Prince, boys' clothing; 116 West 32d.
PITTSBURGH.—Kaufman Dept. Store; M. Lippman, silks, dress goods; Miss Giltenboth, laces, embroideries; Mrs. Hale, art goods; Miss Miller, women's neckwear; Mrs. Dillon, ribbons; J. H. Harris, china, glassware; Mrs. F. C. Salomon, millinery, basement; A. B. Kuehn, ready-to-wear; Miss Ratsky, dresses; H. Heyman, misses' ready-to-wear; 1261 B'way.
PORTSMOUTH, Ohio — A. Beln, ready-to-wear; 37 W. 26th; Breslin.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—J. Samuels & Bro.; H. Wonderlich, rugs; 116 West 32d.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Stanley & MacGibbons Co.; Miss M. E. Washburne, jobs tweed suits; 1 West 36th.
READING, Penn.—Adler Penn Co.; G. Adler, women's, misses' dresses; 1,170 B'way.
RICHMOND, Va. — Cohen Co.; J. Cohen, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.
RICHMOND, Va.—Richmond D. G. Co.; W. Russell, men's furn. goods; 43 Leonard.
RICHMOND, Va.—Miller & Rhoads; A. S. Minter, hosiery, gloves, embroideries; 432 4th Av.
ROANOKE, Va.—F. B. Thomas & Co.; J. F. Lee, dry goods, upholstery goods, carpets; 256 Church.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—S. & J. Rosenberg; S. Rosenberg, men's furn. goods; Collingwood.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—A. Nusbaum & Sons; L. J. Nusbaum, tailor's trimmings; Breslin.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—B. Forman & Co.; Miss L. Ryan, waists; Miss M. Doyle, ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—B. Forman & Co.; Miss Rosenberg, coats, capes, skirts; Miss L. Ryan, waists; Miss M. Doyle, suits, skirts, capes; 225 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy-Powers Co.; I. T. Marks, jobs women's gloves, leather goods; Miss Solinsky, jobs waists; Miss Ernstone, jobs infants', children's dresses, coats; 470 4th Av.
ROME, N. Y.—Spear & Co.; N. B. Spear, coats, suits, dresses; Breslin.
SAN FRANCISCO—B. J. Hirsch Co.; B. J. Hirsch, novelties; Claridge.
SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; W. K. Montague, men's, boys' clothing, (basement); A. W. Lundstrum, boys' clothing; 225 5th Av.
SAN JUAN, P. R.—P. Scherl; I. Sachs, men's Palm Beach suits; 339 5th Av.
SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Cowan & Hunt; W. R. Cowan, ready-to-wear; 1,133 Broadway.
SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Cowan & Hunt; W. R. Cowan, dress goods silks, men's furn. goods, ladies' garments, hosiery, gloves; 1,133 B'way; Algonquin.
SAVANNAH, Ga.—Leopold Adler; C. Hohenstein, carpets, draperies, upholstery goods, furniture; 1,150 B'way.
SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—H. S. Barney Co.; W. H. Warner, hosiery, underwear, men's furn. goods; 404 4th Av.
SCRANTON, Penn.—Emporium World Millinery Co.; Miss Grogan, millinery; 621 B'way.
SCRANTON, Penn.—Cleland & Simpson; R. Curry, boys' clothing, muslin underwear, infants' wear; Imperial.
SEATTLE, Wash.—"Son Marche;" J. W. Calhoun, silks, dress goods; J. H. Carey, laces, embroideries; 225 5th Av.
SOUTH BEND, Ind.—J. C. Ellsworth; R. Robertson, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.
SOUTH BEND, Ind.—John Chase Ellsworth; R. Robertson, general mdse.; 404 4th Av.
ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—J. F. Rosen Mercantile Co.; J. Rosen, general mdse.; Imperial.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Bottoms & Torrance; F. A. Bottoms, dry goods; Murray Hill.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—A. Steiger Co.; A. M. Burton, wash goods; H. E. Warner, domestics, linens; 105 Grand.
ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Wheeler & Motter Mercantile Co.; L. D. Gill, mfr. department; 72 Leonard.
ST. LOUIS — Schultz Garment Co.; S. Schultz, ready-to-wear; 306

Why Trustees, Executors, and Administrators Should Invest in Victory Liberty Loan Notes

BY their very nature the 3¾%-4¾% Convertible Gold Notes of the Victory Liberty Loan provide a pre-eminently desirable investment for funds held in trust and in the hands of executors and administrators.

In the case of Trust Funds the yield and absolute certainty that principal will not be impaired give these Notes precisely the character required for this type of investment. Furthermore, their early maturity provides insurance against market fluctuation.

For Executors and Administrators Victory Notes offer the ideal investment for funds awaiting distribution through the settlement of estates. Running for a short term, these Notes are obviously an ideal investment. Available funds can be employed at rates more advantageous than if left in bank, and in winding up the estate, the distribution is greatly facilitated by the holding of liquid assets of this character.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Cross Currents of Speculation Cause Diverse Movements of Stocks—Dealings Heavy.

The play of speculative forces was clearly outlined in yesterday's dealings in stocks, notably through advances by members of a particular group while other members were being depressed through extensive offerings. The market was two-sided all the way along. Amidst a substantial forward movement, as accumulated buying orders were executed in the first half-hour, there was a heavy output of realizing sales, especially in shares which had been bid upward toward the end of last week. The see-saw process which followed showed that the two parties at work were balanced with fair evenness until late in the session, when buying appeared to be somewhat more insistent than the selling. The day's result was a highly irregular price list, of a quality which did not lend itself to analysis as affecting the movement of quotations during the next few sessions. Undoubtedly speculative fervor, for the rise continued with all its former vigor among a number of the petroleum stocks, the shipping issues, and various specialties of one sort or another. Opposed to this, throughout the session, was the steady realization of profits by professional traders, and those of the public category who listened to suggestions from their brokers that a cautious attitude, after the recent activity and advance, might be of advantage later on.

The action of railroad stocks failed to fulfill the promise held out in the bulge of last Saturday. Some dividend-payers, and a number of the low-priced issues whose dividends are remote, moved forward, but others displayed a great deal of indifference to bullish tendencies elsewhere and were easily depressed under rather moderate offerings. The entire railroad list lacked "snap," an element which had long been a stranger to these stocks but whose presence was detected last week to a degree provocative of comfortable expectations among traders who transferred a part of their commitments to them from the industrials. Several rails which had been assisted forward by oil-drilling operations on their property were inclined to weakness through bear selling and profit taking, a development not altogether unnatural in view of the size of recent advances. There was nothing to explain, however, the reversion from strength to weakness by New York Central, Reading, Union Pacific, and several other standard issues. When the railroad group began a few days ago to respond to speculative buying the feeling arose in some quarters of the Street that an evening-up process had started which might impart to the carriers the enlivening influence in evidence among the industrials, for the better part of three months. Yesterday's sagging tendency did not, of course, upset this impression, even though it cast some doubt upon it. More time will be required to test the true market attributes of the rail shares, and it would seem as though events were shaping which should ultimately have much constructive value for them. It is believed generally that the definite solution of the railroads' future will be undertaken soon after Congress convenes, and the next session is looked for in a few weeks.

The stock market paid little attention to news of either domestic or foreign origin. The Italian situation was practically ignored, which was explained in part by the absence of additional information in respect to occurrences at Paris and Rome. The announcement, important from various financial and business angles, that the Postmaster General had moved to return the cable lines to their owners by May 10, was received too late to have a bearing on market transactions. Sterling, francs, and lire all improved their position. Call money continued in ample supply at 5 per cent.

Prices Irregular on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, April 28.—Prices were irregular on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 62 francs for cash; exchange on London, 28 francs 45 centimes; 5 per cent. loan, 89 francs 12 centimes. The dollar ranged from 6 francs 5 centimes to 6 francs 10 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'L	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
High	5
Low	5
Renewals	5
Last	5

Call Loans on Acceptances.
Prime eligible acceptances.....4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days	5½
Ninety days	5½
Four months	5½
Five months	5½
Six months	5½

Bank Acceptances.
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....4½@4¾
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days.....4½@4¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5¼@5

Commercial Paper.
60 to 90 days.....5¼@5¼
4 to 6 months.....5¼@5¾

Other Names.
4 to 6 months.....5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	4.67¾	4.67¼	4.67¼	+.00¼
Cables	4.68¼	4.68¼	4.68¼	+.00¼
Francs—				
Demand	6.07⅛	6.07⅛	6.07⅛	+.00¼
Cables	6.06⅝	6.05⅞	6.05⅞	+.00¼

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close.—Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8663 London	4.67¼	4.68¼
5.1813 Paris	6.07⅛	6.05⅞
5.1813 Belgium	6.56½	6.54½
China—		
Hongkong	50	50¼
Peking	80.85	80.85
Shanghai	125.00	125.25
40.20 Holland	116.50	116.75
19.30 Greece	40.1875	40.375
32.44 India—	19.25	19.30
Bombay	35.23	35.50
Calcutta	35.25	35.50
5.1813 Italy	7.50	7.50
Japan—		
Kobe	51.25	51.50
Yokohama	51.25	51.50
19.30 Spain	20.25	20.35
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.65	49.75
26.80 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	28.65	28.85
Copenhagen	24.90	25.10
Christiania	25.65	25.85
South America—		
42.84 Buenos Aires	44.10	44.25
44.42 Rio	26.85	26.50
5.1813 Switzerland	4.93	4.90
51.46 Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked
100 rubles	10.50	10.75
500 rubles	10.40	10.65

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers.		Commercial.	
60 Days.	90 Days.	60 Days.	90 Days.
Nominal.		$4.65¾	$4.62

Clearing House Exchanges.
Clearing House exchanges, $426,404,220; balances, $57,391,338; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $767,019; Federal Reserve credit balance, $53,092,566.

Domestic Exchanges.
Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $26.87½ premium.

Silver Quotations.
Bar silver in London, 48¾d; in New York, $1.01¼, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80¼c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$16,512,787	$138,552,238
Internal Revenue—		
Inc. and excess profits taxes	99,475,856	1,988,253,483
Miscellaneous	115,560,636	1,033,818,628
Miscellaneous rev.	151,928,526	490,661,709
Total receipts	$367,477,787	$3,651,286,055
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	458,562,675	9,471,842,285
Excess of total disb. over total receipts	826,040,463	19,121,656,341
Expenditures		

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, APRIL 28, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	1,536,867	181,267	327,724
Year to date	70,296,657	39,906,865	62,749,534

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge
29⅜	30⅛	800	Adams Express	30⅛	30⅛	30	30	+ ⅝
31½	32	100	Adavnce Rumely	31⅞	31⅞	31¼	31¼	+ ¼
68½	69¼	1,300	Advance Rumely pf	69¾	69¾	69	69	+ ½
94¼	94⅝	7,600	Ajax Rubber	92	95	91	94⅝	+3⅝
3⅝	3⅞	500	Alaska Gold Mines	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
1⅞	2	200	Alaska Juneau	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
37⅞	37⅞	1,800	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	38	38	37⅞	37⅞	— ⅛
109	109½	1,600	Am. Agricul. Chem	109¾	110	109¼	109¼	— ⅞
99½	100	50	Am. Agri. Chem. pf	100	100	100	100	
76¼	76¾	1,500	Am. Beet Sugar	76⅝	77	76	77	+ ⅛
92½	93	100	Am. Beet Sugar pf	92½	92½	92½	92½	+ ½
163	175	100	Am. B. S. & F. pf	169	169	169	169	+ 1½
53¼	53¼	24,200	Am. Can	52¾	53¼	52	53¼	+ ⅝
94⅞	95⅞	2,500	Am. Car & Fdry	96½	96½	95	95¼	— ⅝
55½	56	1,500	Am. Cotton Oil	56¼	56¼	55½	55¾	— ⅜
13½	13¾	2,800	Am. Druggists	13⅝	13⅝	13½	13½	— ⅛
25⅜	25⅝	6,100	Am. H. & Leather	26	26¼	27½	27½	+ ⅞
114½	114⅞	13,200	Am. H. & L. pf	112	114⅝	111	114⅞	+1
48¼	48⅝	400	Am. Ice	49	49	48½	48⅝	+⅛
68⅝	69	400	Am. Ice pf	69	69	68½	68½	+⅜
83¼	85⅝	28,400	Am. International	85¾	88	85	85⅝	— ⅛
54¼	54⅝	2,500	Am. Linseed	55½	55½	54½	54½	— ½
95½	96	100	Am. Linseed pf	96	96	96	96	— ½
77	77¼	34,400	Am. Locomotive	77¼	78	76½	77¼	+ ⅛
1⅞	2	1,500	Am. Malting	2¼	2¼	2	2	— ⅛
72	72½	3,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref	72	72½	71½	72	+ ⅛
94¼	95¼	3,300	Am. Steel Fdries	96½	96	94½	95	+ ⅛
122⅜	122⅞	3,800	Am. Sugar Ref	120¼	120¼	120	120	— ⅛
104	104½	3,100	Am. Sumatra Tob	105¾	105¾	104	104	+ ⅛
102¼	102⅝	1,000	Am. Tel. & Tel	102¼	102⅝	102¼	102⅜	+ ⅛
207½	208	150	Am. Tobacco	207½	207⅝	207½	207⅝	+ ⅛
66	66½	700	Am. Woolen	67¼	67¾	66¾	66⅞	+ ⅛
99⅝	99⅞	100	Am. Woolen pf	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	+ ⅛
43½	43¾	1,500	Am. Writing P. pf	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	— ⅛
14½	14⅝	200	Am. Zinc, L. & S	14⅝	14⅝	14⅜	14⅜	— ⅛
62½	62¾	4,600	Am.Z., L.&S.pf.x d	48	48	48	48	— ⅛
4½	5½	200	Anaconda Copper	62¼	62¼	61⅜	62¼	+ ⅜
42½	44¼	1,453	Am. Arbor	4⅞	5	4⅞	5	+ ⅛
1⅞	2	300	Assoc. Dry Goods	44⅛	45	44	44	— ⅝
85½	85⅝	2,100	Assets Realization	2	2	2	2	
95½	96	2,600	Associated Oil	94½	96	94⅛	95⅝	+ ⅝
88	86¾	200	Atch., Top. & S. F	96¼	96¼	95¾	95¾	— ⅛
97	97½	400	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	86¼	86¼	86¼	86¼	— ⅛
137½	138	12,200	Atlantic Coast Line	97½	97½	97	97	— ½
93¼	93½	64,000	At., Gulf & West I.	135¼	138¾	135¼	137¾	+2⅝
48¼	48¾	2,700	Baldwin Loco	92½	94¾	91½	93½	+1½
53	54	300	Baltimore & Ohio	48⅝	48⅝	48	48¼	— ⅛
131¾	132½	2,500	Baltimore & O. pf	53	53	53	53	
74⅞	76	100	Barrett Co.	129½	133½	129½	132⅝	+3⅜
74¾	75	14,100	Bethlehem Steel	74	74	74	74	— 1
21	21¼	3,800	Beth. Steel, class B	74½	74⅝	73½	74⅜	— ⅛
20⅝	21¼	1,400	Booth Fisheries	21⅜	21⅜	20½	21⅛	— ⅛
20⅝	20¾	400	Brklyn Rapid Tran	21	21	21	21	
81	83	400	Do. cfs. of dep	20	20⅜	20	20⅜	— ⅛
99½	100	100	Bklyn Union Gas	80	81	80	81	+ ⅛
100	104½	2,100	Brown Shoe pf	99½	99½	99½	99½	+ ⅛
161½	163	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼	— ⅛
7	7¼	100	Burns Brothers	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	
22	22¼	200	Butte Cop. & Zinc	1618	1618	1618	1618	— 1½
24	24½	900	Butte & Superior	22	22¼	22	22	
100	100	100	Butterick Co.	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼	— ⅛
63¼	63¾	2,300	California Packing	63	63¾	63¼	63¾	+ ⅛
27⅞	28⅛	1,600	California Petrol	27⅞	28⅛	27⅞	28⅛	+ ⅛
72	72¼	1,200	California Pet. pf	72	72¼	72	72¼	+ ⅛
73	73	7,350	Canadian Pacific	162½	163¾	162	162	— ⅛
162¼	163	300	Central Leather Co	80⅝	80⅞	80⅝	80⅞	— ⅛
110½	112	400	Central Leather pf	111½	112	111	111½	— ⅛
44	45	4,000	Certain-teed Prod	43¼	44¼	43¼	44¼	+ ⅛
43¼	44	200	Cerro de Pasco Cop	44	44⅜	43¾	43¾	— ⅛
142½	144½	7,000	Chandler Motor	143	143	143	143	— ⅛
62⅜	63	2,300	Chesapeake & Ohio	63¼	63¾	62¾	63¼	+ ⅛
9	9½	700	Chi. Great Western	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	
25⅝	26⅛	5,700	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	26	26	25⅝	25⅝	— ⅜
38⅜	38⅝	3,700	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	38⅜	39	38⅜	38⅝	— ⅛
67⅜	68¼	1,800	Chi. & Northwest	68⅜	69	67⅞	68	— ⅛
95⅜	96	6,800	Chi. Rock Isl. & P.	96¼	96¾	95¾	95¾	— ⅛
77⅜	78¼	800	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf.	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	— ⅛
66¼	66½	700	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf.	78	78	78	78	— ⅛
23	23½	9,200	Chile Copper	66¾	68¾	66¼	66¾	+ ⅛
36	36⅜	600	Chino Copper	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	— ⅛
39	41⅞	400	Clev., C. C. & St.L.	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾	— ⅛
67	69	200	Crucuett. Peabody	39½	39½	39½	39½	— ⅛
43	43½	300	Col. Fuel & Iron	69	69	69	69	— ⅛
28½	29	2,000	Col. & Southern	43¼	43¾	43	43	— ⅛
53	53½	100	Col. & South. 1st pf	27½	29¼	27½	29¼	+ 1½
45¾	46	1,000	Columbia Gas & El	53½	53½	53½	53½	
40	46	100	Comput. Tab. Rec	46	46	45¾	45¾	— ⅛
99	100	3,300	Consolidated Gas	45	45	45	45	— 1½
79½	80	1,200	Continental Can	95¼	96¾	95¼	96¼	+ ⅝
63½	63¾	21,500	Corn Products Ref	79½	80¼	79½	79⅞	— ⅛
68¼	69	11,800	Crucible Steel	62⅝	63½	62⅝	63¼	+ ⅛
30⅝	30⅞	19,700	Cuba Cane Sugar	68¼	69¼	67¾	68¼	+ ⅛
78¼	78⅝	1,400	Cuba Cane S. pf	30⅜	30⅜	28½	28½	— 2⅛
186	190	100	Cuban-Am. Sugar	77¼	78¼	77¼	78¼	+ ⅛
96	98	100	Deere & Co. pf	185	185	185	185	— 1½
104¼	105	200	Del. & Hudson	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼	— ⅛
176	180	200	Del., Lack. & West	105	105	105	105	
6⅜	6½	2,700	Den. & Rio Grande	180	180	180	180	+ 4
8⅞	9	1,100	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	7	7	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
13¾	14	500	Dome Mines	9¼	9¼	9	9	— ⅛
3¼	3¾	200	Duluth, S. S. & A	13⅞	14	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅛
73	75½	300	Elec. Storage Bat	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
27½	28	300	Elk Horn Coal	75¾	75¾	75¾	75¾	— ⅛
17⅞	17⅞	5,000	Erie	27½	27½	27½	27½	+ ⅛
28¾	29	1,300	Erie 1st pf	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	— ⅛
39	39½	100	Federal M. & S. pf	29	29½	29	29	— ⅛
59	61	200	Fisher Body	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	— ⅛
29	29¼	1,100	Gaston, W. & W	60	60	60	60	— ½
103	104	50	Gen. Chemical pf	29¼	29¼	29	29	— ½
57¼	58	300	General Cigar	104	104	104	104	— ½
161¼	162	800	General Electric	57¾	57¾	57¾	57¾	— ⅛
179½	180¾	9,400	General Motors	163	163	161¾	162¼	— ⅛
71¼	71½	4,200	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	71¾	72¼	71¾	72	+ ⅛
65½	66½	100	Granby Consol.	65¾	65¾	65¾	65¾	— ⅛
93⅞	94	14,400	Great Northern pf	93½	93½	93½	93½	— ⅛
43⅝	43¾	1,500	G. N. ctfs. for O. P.	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾	— ⅛
40	41	1,200	Greene-Can. Cop.	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	— ⅛
54	55	100	Gulf States Steel	40	40	40	40	— ⅛
8⅝	9	200	Gulf., Mob. & Nor	54⅜	54⅜	54⅜	54⅜	— ⅛
52¼	53	1,500	Haskell & Barker	9	9	9	9	— ⅛
100	102	100	Illinois Central	52¾	53½	52¾	53	— ⅛
49¼	49¼	2,000	Inspiration Copper	101	101	101	101	— ½
3⅜	3⅞	600	Interboro Consol.	49¾	49¾	49¼	49¼	— ⅛
12¾	13	100	Int. Agricul. pf	37⅜	37⅜	37⅜	37⅜	— ⅛
18¾	18½	300	Int. Agricultural pf	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	— ⅛
73¾	74	1,300	Int. Harvester new	74½	74½	73⅞	74⅛	— ⅛
132	132½	1,800	Int. Harv. pf. new	133⅞	133⅞	132½	132½	— ⅛
115¼	117	100	Int. Mer. Marine	116¾	116¾	116¾	116¾	— ⅛
38¾	38½	18,300	Int. Mer. Marine pf	38¼	38¼	38¼	38¼	— ⅛
119¾	119¾	33,500	Int. Nickel	117¾	118¾	117¾	118¾	+ ⅛
26⅞	26⅞	7,500	Int. Paper	26¼	27	26¼	26¾	+ ⅛
76	78	10,300	Int. Paper pf	76¾	76¾	76¾	76¾	— ⅛
4	4¼	500	Int. Paper pf., sta	54¾	54¾	53¾	53¾	— ⅛
38	38¾	800	Iowa Central	75¾	75¾	75¾	75¾	— ⅛
23	23⅜	2,900	Jewel Tea	4	4	4	4	
122½	125	2,100	Kansas City South	38	38	38	38	— ⅛
32½	32¾	2,500	Kelly Springf. Tire	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾	— ⅛
99½	99¾	6,100	Kennecott Copper	23	23	23	23	— ⅛
71¼	71¾	700	Keystone Tire & R	124	125¼	124	124¼	+ ⅛
9¼	9½	300	Lackawanna Steel	32¼	32½	32¼	32¼	— ⅛
20¾	20¾	100	Lake Erie & West	99	99	99	99	— ⅛
21¼	21¾	1,400	Lake Erie & W. pf	9	9¼	9	9	— ⅛
53½	53½	1,600	Lee Rubber & Tire	19½	19½	19½	19½	— ⅛
73	75	100	Lehigh Valley	33	33¼	32¾	33¼	+ ⅛
40¾	41	1,800	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	55	55¼	55	55	— ⅛
		100	Manhattan Elev.	53¾	53¾	53	53	— ⅛
31½	32	200	Marlin-Rockwell	74	74	74	74	— ⅛
88	88¾	700	Maxwell Motors	71	71	71	71	— ⅛
178¼	178¾	74,700	Max. Motors 1st pf	39¼	40¼	39	39¾	+ ⅛
23½	23⅞	1,000	Max. Motors 2d pf	69	69	69	69	— ⅛
45¾	45¾	4,100	Mexican Petroleum	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾	— ⅛
12⅞	13⅛	3,100	Midvale Steel	88½	88½	88½	88½	— ⅛
10⅝	10⅞	9,900	Minn. & St. L. new	178¼	178¼	178¼	178¼	— ⅛
18	18½	600	Mo., Kan. & Texas	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾	— ⅛
28¾	29	36,600	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	46	45¾	45¾	45¾	— ⅛
55	55¼	1,600	Missouri Pacific	12¾	12¾	11¾	12¾	— ⅛
37¼	37½	800	Missouri Pacific pf	18	18	18	18	— 1
120	123	700	Montana Power	30	30	29¾	29¾	— ⅛
19¼	19⅝	3,200	Nat. Acme	55¾	55¾	55¾	55¾	— ⅛
61	61¼	1,300	Nat. Biscuit	71¾	71¾	71¾	71¾	— ⅛
71¼	71¾	300	Nat. Cond. & Cable	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	— ⅛
107	110	3,200	Nat. Enam. & St.	120	120	120	120	— ⅛
100	104		Nat. Lead	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾	— ⅛
16¾	17		N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	61	61	61	61	— ⅛
33	33½		Nevada Con. Cop	71¼	71¾	71¼	71¼	+ ⅛
700	800		N. O., Tex. & Mex	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	— ⅛
111	200		N. Y. Air Brake	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾	— ⅛
700	3,400		N. Y. Central	33	33½	33	33½	+ ⅛
111¼	111¾		N. Y., Chic. & St. L	111¾	111¾	111¾	111¾	— ⅛
75	75¼		N. Y. Dock	75	75	75	75	— 1
26	35		N. Y. Dock pf	26	35	26	35	+ 1
54	54		N. Y., N. H. & H	54	54	54	54	— ⅛
31¾	31¾		N. Y., Ont. & West	31¾	31¾	30½	30½	— ⅛
20¼	20½		Norfolk & Western	20	20	20	20	— ⅛
106	106		North American	106	106	106	106	— ⅛
51	52		Northern Pacific	52¼	52¾	50⅞	52¼	+ ⅛
94	94½		Nova. Scotia S. & C.	94½	94½	93¼	93¼	— ⅛
54½	54½		Ohio Cities Gas	53¾	54	53¾	54	+ ⅛
43⅝	43⅝		Ohio Fuel Supply	42½	42½	42½	42½	— ⅛
48	50		Ontario Mining	48	48	48	48	— ⅛
7	7⅜		Owens Bottle Mach	7	7	7	7	— ⅛
104	104½		Pacific Mail	54¾	54¾	54¾	54¾	— ⅛
35	37½		Pacific Tel. & Tel	35	35	35	35	— ⅛
25¼	25½		Pan-Am. P. & T	25¼	25¼	25¼	25¼	— ⅛
82½	83		Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾	— ⅛
142¾	143¾		Penn. R. R	142¾	143¾	142¾	143¾	— ⅛
44⅝	44⅝		People Gas, Chi	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	— ⅛
48	50¼		Peoria & Eastern	48	50¼	48	50¼	+ ⅛
5⅝	6		Pere Marquette	5⅝	6	5⅝	6	+ ⅛
15¼	15½		Pere Marquette pf	15¼	15½	15¼	15½	+ ⅛
43	43		Philadelphia Co	43	43	43	43	
42⅝	43		Pierce-Arrow	42⅝	43	42⅝	43	+ ⅛
51¼	51¾		Pierce-Arrow pf	51¼	51¾	50¾	50¾	— ⅛
105	105		Pierce Oil	105	105	105	105	
24¾	26¾		Pittsburgh Coal	24¾	26¾	24¾	26¾	+ 1⅛
51	51		Pittsburgh Coal pf	50	50	50	50	— ½
87	87		Pittsburgh Steel pf	87	87	87	87	— ⅛
87¼	87¾		Pitts. & West Va	87¼	87¾	87¼	87¾	+ ⅛
82	82		Pitts. & W. Va. pf	82	82	82	82	— ⅛
74½	75		Pressed Steel Car	74½	75	74½	75	+ ⅛
121¾	122		Pullman Co	121¾	122	120¾	120¾	— ⅛
56	57		Punta Alegre Sugar	57	57	56	56	— ⅛
87	87		Railway Steel Sp	87	87	86¾	86¾	— ⅛
107¼	107¾		Railway Steel S. pf	107¼	107¾	107¼	107¾	+ ⅛
20¼	20¾		Ray Cop. Copper	20¼	20¾	20¼	20¾	+ ⅛
86	86¾		Reading	86	86¾	86	86¾	+ ⅛
36¾	36¾		Reading 1st pf	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾	— ⅛
37	37		Reading 2d pf	37	37	37	37	— ⅛
81¾	82		Rep. Iron & Steel	81¾	82	81¾	82	+ ⅛
110¼	114¼		Royal D. Am. shs	110¼	114¼	108¼	114¼	+ 3⅛
107½	115		Do., N. Y. shs	107½	115	107½	115	+ 7½
17½	19¼		St. Louis-San Fran	17½	19¼	17½	19¼	+ 1⅝
26	31½		St. Louis-S. F. pf	26	31½	26	31½	+ 5½
19¼	19¾		St. Louis Southw	19¼	19¾	18¼	19¾	+ ⅝
54	54		Savage Arms	54	54	54	54	
76	77		Saxon Motor	76	77	76	77	+ ½
61	62		Seaboard Air Line	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
57¾	59		Seaboard Air Line pf	9	9	9	9	
9	9½		Sears, Roeb. & Co	18¾	19¾	18¾	19¾	+ ⅞
83¼	83¾		Shattuck-Arizona	186	186	186	186	— 1
11	11¼		Sinclair Oil Refin	12	12	12	12	
22½	26		Southern Pacific	106¼	106¼	106	106¼	— ⅛
19	19		Southern Railway	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾	— ⅛
86¼	87		Southern Ry. pf	68¾	69¼	68¾

Bones *of* Contention

THE wish-bone was originally designed for and is of real use only to fowls and other birds—any popular opinion to the contrary notwithstanding.

Mental wish-bones, however, are sometimes possessed in different degrees of development by humans, and are peculiarly common to those lacking back-bone; for where there is back-bone, wish-bones of any kind are a superfluity.

X-rays are not required to establish the existence of back-bone.

Stick-to-it-iveness is required.

If you have salted away the Bonds that you bought in four previous Loans—if your ear is to the ground harkening to the call of the Fifth—if your war-born purpose to prosper has survived the cessation of hostilities, and every tomorrow finds it stronger than it is today—then yours is the back-bone typical of 30,000,000 other practical, forward-looking, progressively-successful American men and women, traveling light on the road to prosperity.

Back-bones are better than Wish-bones.

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CALL STEELMAKERS FOR A CONFERENCE

Failure of Redfield Plan Likely to be Considered at Meeting Today.

NEW TURN TO CONTROVERSY

Railroad Administration Now Willing to Discuss Prices with Representatives of Manufacturers.

A meeting of many members of the General Committee of the American Iron and Steel Institute has been called for this morning at the office of Judge E. H. Gary, Chairman of the Board of the United States Steel Corporation. It was this committee which arranged to accept the stabilization plan of the Industrial Board of the Department of Commerce, and it is believed that the difficulty which has arisen in the iron and steel industry because of the failure of the so-called Redfield plan will be one of the chief topics under consideration.

The steel price controversy took a new turn yesterday when word was received that the Director General of Railroads was willing to accept the offer of the Industrial Board to bring the steel manufacturers and representatives of the Railroad Administration together for a settlement of the price question. Heretofore the steel manufacturers have held aloof from the stabilization controversy which was caused by the refusal of the Railroad Administration to accept the minimum prices for iron and steel as arranged between the producers and the Industrial Board of the Department of Commerce. It was the contention of the steel men that they had nothing whatever to do with the difficulties at Washington, which were plainly for the decision of the two Governmental departments involved.

Asked yesterday whether the steel men would now consent to enter into a discussion of the situation with the Railroad Administration, the head of one of the large steel companies said that it was his opinion the steel men would do so with reluctance, but that it was possible that such a course might be pursued in view of the position which the steel men had always held, that there should be no spirit of antagonism to the Government. This question of policy, he said, might be decided today, and it was his personal opinion that if the Railroad Administration asked for a conference it would be held. This, however, differs from the opinion expressed by the President of another large company, who said recently that he would discharge any representative who had anything to do with the Railroad Administration.

If a conference is held between the Railroad Administration and the steel manufacturers it is not considered probable that the steel men will do other than reassert their position as to prices which they assumed in dealing direct with the Industrial Board. It has been pointed out repeatedly, with statistics to enforce the assertion, that the present minimum prices, which are being strictly adhered to, represent only a narrow margin of profit for even the lowest cost producers. Figures showing this are now in the possession of the Industrial Board.

Many steel manufacturers are of the opinion that whatever merit there was in the stabilization plan has been lost because of the delay in application and the distrust of prices which has been created by the stand of the Railroad Administration. The smaller producers have expressed themselves as strongly in favor of the elimination of all Government influence in the iron and steel industry in the belief that the establishment of a free market will tend quickly to raise prices. It is not believed that there will be anything like unanimous consent to a resumption of negotiations with either the Industrial Board or the Railroad Administration. J. L. Replogle, Chairman of the Board of the Wharton Steel Company, who was Steel Director of the War Industries Board, has taken a firm stand in favor of the open market. He holds that business has been falling off ever since the stabilization plan was first applied.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Sidney W. Noyes has been elected Vice President of the Liberty National Bank. He was formerly Assistant Cashier of the bank and was manager of its Bond Department.

Harris, Forbes & Co. have prepared a folder giving information in regard to all of the Liberty Bonds and Victory Notes as well as a summary of tax exemptions and income comparisons with other taxable securities.

George W. Niedringhaus of St. Louis has been elected President of the National Enameling & Stamping Company to succeed the late F. A. W. Kleckhefer. Other officers elected were: W. H. Matthai, as Vice President, and E. H. Schwartzburg as Secretary. Mr. Matthai was elected a Director to fill a vacancy.

Lyon & Co., dealers in investment securities, announce their removal from 60 Wall Street to 50 Pine Street.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	1.74	1.65⅞	1.66	1.70¼	1.27⅜
July	1.70⅜	1.65	1.65¼	1.68¾	1.49⅜
Sept.	1.67	1.62¼	1.62½	1.64½	..

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	73¾	71½	71½	72¾	79⅜
July	73¾	71½	71½	72¼	72½
Sept.	72⅜	69½	70⅜	69½	..

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 81@81¼c; No. 2 white, 81¼c; No. 3 white, 80½@81c; No. 4 white, 80@80½c; ordinary clipped, 80@80½c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	33.00	32.40	32.50	32.87	24.55
July	32.25	31.20	31.67	31.92	24.92
Ribs—					
May	28.75	28.50	28.57	28.87	22.55
July	28.50	27.50	28.00	28.35	23.12
Pork—					
May	53.25	52.75	52.90	53.35	46.20
July	51.60	51.10	51.10	51.75	45.50

COFFEE.

Range of prices—	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close.
March	16.70	16.35	16.64	16.22
July	17.80	17.35	17.78	17.45
September	17.25	16.82	17.24	16.89
December	16.77	16.30	16.74	16.35

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
May	$1.81½	$1.73	$1.73
July	1.82½	1.75	1.75

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 7,222 packages. Supplies increasing and prices about 1c lower on most grades of creamery. Renovated well sustained, but ladles and packing stock slightly firmer. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 63½@64c; extras, 63c; firsts, 61½@62½c; seconds, 59@61c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 65@65½c; extras, 64@64½c; firsts, 62½@63½c; seconds, 60@62c; State, dairy, tubs, finest, 62@62½c; good to prime, 58@61c; common to fair, 47@57c; renovated, extras, 51½@52¼c; firsts, 49½@50½c; lower grades, 46@48c; imitation creamery, firsts, 48@49c; ladles, current make, firsts, 40½@46½c; seconds, 44c; lower grades, 42@43c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 43@43½c; No. 2, 42½c; lower grades, 38@41½c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 47@47½c; fresh gathered, storage packed, extra firsts, 46½c; storage packed, firsts, 45@46c; fresh gathered, extra firsts, 45½@46c; firsts, northerly sections, 44@45½c; firsts, southerly sections, 43@44½c; seconds and poorer, 40½@42½c; dirties, No. 1, 39½@40½c; dirties, No. 2 and poorer, 35@38c; checks, good to choice, 38½@39½c; checks, undergrades, 32@36c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 51@52c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, ordinary to prime, 49@50c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 46@50c; Pacific Coast, whites, extras, 52c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 45@50c; hennery browns, 48c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 44@47c; duck eggs, nearby Indian Runner, fancy, 66@67c; duck eggs, Baltimore, 62@65c; duck eggs, Virginia, 55@65c; Western and other Southern, good to prime, 56@62c; far Southern, common to fair, 44@46c; goose eggs, per dozen, 90c@$1.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	64.31	63.48	63.72	..
25 industrials	95.51	94.03	94.96	+ .36
50 stocks	79.91	78.75	79.34	+ .18

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
April 26	79.44	78.42	79.16	+ .58
April 25	78.96	78.12	78.58	+ .32
April 24	79.10	77.89	78.25	— .42
April 23	79.36	78.26	78.67	+ .07
April 22	78.94	77.57	78.60	+ .49
April 21	78.66	77.65	78.11	+ .26

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

April.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.91	Apr. 28	76.14	Apr. 4	..
†1918	69.19	Apr. 22	66.22	Apr. 11	67.56
1917	85.56	Apr. 3	79.57	Apr. 23	81.29
1916	88.78	Apr. 6	80.91	Apr. 22	85.43
1915	73.36	Apr. 26	64.54	Apr. 1	72.60

*To date.

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.91	Apr. 28	60.74	Jan. 24	..
†1918	70.95	Feb. 17	64.12	Jan. 15	67.73
Full years.					
1918	80.16	Nov. 13	64.12	Jan. 15	73.39
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	57.43	Dec. 20	65.83
1916	101.52	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	76.95	+.02	+.30	+.81

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Apr. 26	76.93	+.00	
Apr. 25	76.84	—.08	
Apr. 24	76.92	+.01	
Apr. 23	76.91	+.15	
Apr. 22	76.76	..	
Apr. 21	76.76	—.01	
Apr. 19	76.83	—.15	
Apr. 18	Exch. closed		
Apr. 17	76.98	+.04	
Apr. 16	76.94	+.08	
Apr. 15	76.86	+.04	
Apr. 14	76.82	+.01	

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.01	Jan. 3	76.60	Mar. 31	76.95
†1918	72.45	Jan. 31	70.77	Apr. 5	76.14
Full Years.					
1918	82.36	Nov. 12	75.85	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.48	Jan. 29	74.24	Dec. 20	74.84
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

TRADE OF $10,000,000,000.

America's Commerce Reaches Highest Mark in History.

The foreign trade of the United States in the fiscal year 1919 will approximate $10,000,000,000, according to a compilation prepared by the National City Bank, based on the figures for the nine months ended with March. In order to reach the $10,000,000,000 mark the bank has included the trade with Hawaii and Porto Rico.

In 1900 the foreign trade of this country aggregated $2,244,000,000, in 1910 $3,302,000,000, in 1913 $4,279,000,000, in 1916 $6,531,000,000, in 1917 $8,949,000,000 and in 1919 will approximate $9,875,000,000. Imports in the fiscal year 1919, according to the bank, should be about $3,100,000,000 which will be an increase of approximately 66 per cent. over the year immediately preceding the opening of the world war, and exports will aggregate $6,750,000,000, an increase of about 185 per cent. over the same period.

Of still greater interest are the changes in the volume of America's trade with the different parts of the world. Imports from Europe show a decline of about 60 per cent. while there has been an increase in exports to Europe of almost 200 per cent. Imports from North America have increased about 150 per cent., from South America 150 per cent., from Asia and Oceania about 200 per cent. The total trade with South America will be nearly $1,000,000,000 in 1919 compared with $345,000,000 in 1914 and with Oceania $1,750,000,000 compared with a little more than $500,000,000 in 1914.

URGES INDUSTRIAL ANALYSIS

Base Reconstruction on Study, L. E. Pierson Tells Credit Men.

ST. LOUIS, April 28.—Lewis E. Pierson, Chairman of the Board of the Irving National Bank of New York, speaking here today to the St. Louis Association of Credit Men, urged a careful analysis of industrial conditions before definite steps are taken to readjust the situation. He said, in part:

"In a confused and confusing situation like this it is important, before coming to conclusions, that we indulge in a careful analysis and find out just where the different elements concerned in industrial activity lie. If we find a logical conflict of interests, it should be sharply marked, a line drawn, and the conflicting elements placed on opposite sides of the line.

"It will not be enough to separate the elements which do not appear to be able to get along with each other at present and under existing conditions. Some test more definite must guide the classification. The division must be based, not upon differences which are imagined or accidental or temporary, but upon those which are real and basic and permanent."

Mexican Congress to Meet.

Much interest centres in the forthcoming extra session of the Mexican Congress, which convenes Thursday, as one of the most important issues which will come before it for action is the controversy as to ownership of oil lands. The Carranza administration claims the sub-soil rights under a provision of the new Mexican Constitution. Various reports have come forth as to what will be the recommendation of the administration. There have been some statements that Carranza would recede from the position of asking enabling legislation whereby the constitutional provision would become operative. Representatives of companies owning property in Mexico are, however, skeptical. If a satisfactory arrangement is made one of the most perplexing international problems will have been eradicated.

Railway Executives to Meet.

Members of the Standing Committee of the Association of Railway Executives will confer at their headquarters today to discuss plans for the presentation of suggestions for remedial legislation to Congress when that body convenes. It is understood the committee will meet a representative of the Railroad Administration after the conference.

Boston Bank Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 28.—The Boston bank statement this week compares as follows with that of last week:

	April 26, 1919.	Decrease.
Circulation	$4,672,000	*$40,000
Loans, discounts, and inv.	5,444,470	*2,293,000
Individual deposits, including U. S.	417,826,000	16,880,000
Due to banks	113,181,000	2,396,000
Time deposits	12,330,000	17,000
Exchange clearances	13,115,000	3,988,000
Due from banks	61,895,000	5,648,000
Cash in banks and in F. R. Bank	62,501,000	2,074,000
Cash excess and with F. R. Bank	16,531,000	1,111,000

*Increase.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Asked.
Lead	5.00	4.85	5.00	..
Spelter	6.50	..	6.50	..
Antimony	7.00	7.25	6.75	7.00
Quicksilver	$75.00	..	$75.00	..
Aluminium	*36.00	38.00	*30.00	32.00
Iron, No. 2X silicon	31.90	..	..	31.90

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 15c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Friday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	76	15	0	75	15	0
Copper, futures	77	5	0	76	0	0
Tin, spot	226	0	0	226	10	0
Tin futures	225	0	0	223	0	0
Spelter, spot	35	5	0	35	0	0
Spelter, futures	35	15	0	35	5	0
Lead, spot	24	5	0	24	5	0
Lead, futures	24	0	0	23	15	0

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Per iod.	Pay-able.	Hold. of Record.
Int. Harvester pf	1¾	Q	June 2	May 10
United Drug 2d pf	1½	Q	June 2	May 15

BANKERS TO PLAN RAILWAYS' FUTURE

Members of Investment Association to Discuss Situation at Forbes Dinner Tonight.

FAVOR RETURN OF CARRIERS

Merging of Lines in 13 Systems and Restoration on Pre-War Basis Are Two Suggestions Made.

The members of the Railway Committee of the Investment Bankers' Association of America will be guests of Allen B. Forbes, Chairman of the committee, at a dinner at the Metropolitan Club this evening. The problem of the return of American railroads to private operation will be discussed.

The members of the committee are Mr. Forbes of Harris, Forbes & Co., Frank B. Anderson of the Bank of California, San Francisco; James B. Forgan of the First Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago, George H. Frazier of Brown Brothers & Co., Philadelphia; Warren S. Hayden of Hayden, Miller & Co., Cleveland; R. S. Hecht of the Hibernia Bank and Trust Company, Breckenridge Jones of the Mississippi Valley Trust Company, St. Louis; Otto H. Kahn of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., H. C. McEldowney of the Union Trust Company, Pittsburgh; John E. Oldham of Merrill, Oldham & Co., Boston; W. H. Porter of J. P. Morgan & Co., A. H. S. Post of the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company, Baltimore; George M. Reynolds of the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago; Charles H. Sabin of the Guaranty Trust Company, New York; Frank A. Vanderlip of the National City Bank, Robert Winsor of Kidder, Peabody & Co., Boston, and William G. Baker, Jr., of Baker, Watts & Co., Baltimore, President of the Investment Bankers' Association.

Mr. Vanderlip, who is abroad, will probably be represented by Charles E. Mitchell, President of the National City Company.

This will be the first time the full committee has met. Several members have publicly expressed themselves in regard to the railroad situation, and some have offered suggestions for the solution of the problem, but nothing definite has been said by the body as a whole. It is generally understood the members favor an early return of the carriers to private control. In fact, the platform upon which the committee came into being proposed that the roads be returned to their owners as soon as adequate legislation could be framed.

The committee is representative of investors in railroad securities in all parts of the country, and it is believed its recommendations will have weight with Congress. A number of plans will be discussed, and it was said yesterday that concrete developments might be expected.

One member of the committee, Mr. Oldham, is reported to have a plan whereby all the railroads of the country would be merged into thirteen principal systems, the stocks of all the roads to be pooled into these major parts. This plan, it was said, called for the merging of such roads as the Lackawanna, Erie, and New Haven with the Pennsylvania; the combining of the Boston & Maine, Boston & Albany, Ontario & Western, West Shore, Nickel Plate, &c., with the New York Central; the Reading, Jersey Central, Norfolk & Western, Chesapeake & Ohio, and some others with the Baltimore & Ohio. These would be the three chief Eastern systems.

For the South two systems are proposed, to be built around the Southern Railway for one, and the Atlantic Coast Line, Seaboard Air Line, and Louisville & Nashville for the other. The three big transcontinental systems would have for their bases the Hill group in the north, the Union Pacific in the centre, and the Southern Pacific and Atchison in the southern section. Another group would include roads in the trans-Mississippi section.

Other members of the committee are said to oppose the merger scheme and favor restoration along lines established before the Federalization of the roads, in January, 1918. All the plans will be discussed and an attempt made to harmonize the various views.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	5.90	5.50
Buff., Roch. & P.	1919-'33	4½@5-6	6.00	5.65
Canadian North.	1919-'29	4½@5-6	6.38	6.10
Canadian Pacific.	1919-'28	4½	5.90	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	6.10	5.85
Chi. & N. W.	1919-'23	4½	5.65	5.50
C., R. I. & Pac.	1919-'27	5½@5	6.35	5.85
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.90	5.35
Chickasaw Refin.	1919-'21	6	7.30	7.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	6.35	5.75
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	5.85	5.50
Erie Railroad	1919-'27	4½@5	6.40	5.75
Illinois Central	1919-'36	4½@5	5.70	5.35
Louisv. & Nash.	1919-'23	5	5.90	5.40
Michigan Central	1919-'32	5 @6	6.10	5.75
Minn. & St. L.	1919-'27	6	6.50	5.90
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1919-'23	5	7.10	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1919-'33	5	7.10	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.80	5.75
N. Y. Central L.	1919-'28	4½@5	5.95	5.55
N. Y. Cent. R. R.	1919-'32	4½	6.20	5.75
Norf. & Western.	1919-'24	4½	5.70	5.25
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½@5-6	6.50	5.20
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1919-'23	4 @4½	5.65	5.20
Reading Co.	1919-'27	4½	5.75	5.45
Seaboard A. L.	1919-'26	5 @6	6.50	6.00
Sinclair Refining	1919-'21	6	7.00	6.00
Southern Pacific.	1919-'26	4½	5.70	5.35
Southern Railway.	1919-'24	4½@5	6.20	5.85
Union Tank	1919-'20	5	6.10	5.50

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Govt.	6	May 15, '20	98⅝	99⅛	6.80
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99⅝	99⅞	6.00
Gov. of N. F.	6	July, 1919	99½	99⅞	5.50
Norway Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99½	100	6.00
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	98½	99	5.50
Russian Govt.	6½	June, 1919	57½	59	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb. 14, '26	104	109	..
Russian Govt.	5½	Dec., 1921	48	50	..
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	99	99½	5.50

Company Issues.

A. B. Mag. C.	7	Jan., '20-'22	99½	100½	6.85
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Sep., 1919	99½	99⅝	5.50
Am. Cot. Oil	7	Sep., 1919	100⅛	100⅜	5.75
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	94	98	7.80
Am. Thread.	6	Dec., 1928	101	102	5.75
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	99⅞	100	6.00
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	100⅝	101¼	4.70
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	102	102¼	5.40
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102¼	102½	5.90
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	103	103⅜	5.85
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103⅜	104	5.80
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	98	100	6.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	99⅝	99⅞	5.50
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '19	100	100⅜	5.60
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '20	101¼	101½	5.95
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '21	101⅜	101⅝	6.30
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '22	101⅜	101⅞	6.30
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '23	101⅝	102	6.40
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2, '24	100⅜	100⅝	5.80
Gen. Arg. Ry.	8	Feb., 1927	88	90	7.90
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1920	99	100	6.00
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1921	98¼	99⅛	6.20
Chi., B. & Q.	4	July 19, '21	95⅜	95⅝	5.85
C., R. I. & P.	6	Feb., 1922	98	98⅛	6.55
Con. G. & P. Bal.	7	Aug., 1922	100½	100⅝	6.40
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	99⅝	100¼	5.40
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	99⅞	100⅜	5.60
Cudahy P. Co.	7	July 15, '23	102¼	102½	6.20
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	98⅝	99	5.80
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	99¼	100	6.00
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	98	99¼	5.75
Gen. Electric.	6	July, 1919	100¼	100⅜	5.45
Gen. Electric.	6	July, 1920	100⅜	100⅝	5.50
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	99	99¼	6.25
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98¾	99	6.00
Hocking Val. R. R. Co.	6	Mar., 1924	97½	97⅞	6.40
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	99⅛	99½	8.60
M. V. G. & E.	7	May, 1922	86	87⅝	9.25
Met. Edison.	6	Dec., 1920	92	97½	10.75
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep., 1919	99¼	99⅜	5.50
Okla. G. & E.	7	Apr., 1920	99	99⅜	7.70
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	95	99	9.10
Ott. Ry. & L. 1st & reg.	5	June, 1924	88	91	..
Penn Co.	4½	June 15, '21	97	97¼	5.75
Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1922	96	96¼	7.30
Pitts. & S. R. A.	6	Mar., 1920	99⅜	100¼	5.90
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101⅜	101⅝	5.75
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102	102½	5.70
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102¾	103	5.90
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	103½	104	5.80
Pub. S. Corp.	7	Mar., 1922	96¼	97	8.00
Roch. R. & L.	7	Sep., 1921	100	101	6.55
San Diego C. G. E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	8.10
Shawing, W.	6	Dec., 1919	103½	104½	..
St. G. & E. sec.	7	Sep., 1921	97	99	7.90
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	99½	99⅝	6.15
Stude Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	100	100½	6.25
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1929	98½	99¼	7.20
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	97	99	8.10
U. L. & R. sec.	7	Apr., 1923	97	99	7.70
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15, '22	91	93	8.35
W. E. & M.	6	Feb. 19, '20	100	100¼	5.90

No Protest

THE citizens of this country oversubscribed four Liberty Loans — because they knew that the war had to be won.

And it *was* won.

But it has not been paid for in full. Vast expenditures were made preparatory to the final victorious drive of our fighting men, because those expenditures were necessary to insure Victory, and because the Government knew, the American people wanted Victory and Liberty badly enough to guarantee the cost.

Money is needed to wipe out the debt, and the note *cannot go to protest.*

Help finish the job by subscribing to the Victory Liberty Loan to the limit of your resources

Invest!

Government Loan Organization
Second Federal Reserve District
Liberty Loan Committee, 120 B'way, N. Y.

This Space Contributed to Help Finish the Job by

Carl H. Pforzheimer & Co.
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From 1829 to 1919

NINETY YEARS AGO, when American ships were the swiftest on the seas and reached the important ports of the known world, the Atlantic National Bank was organized—April 29, 1829. This was just before the greatest era of invention in American history.

Today, with our country facing a period of remarkable business progress and the reestablishment of our merchant marine, this institution, although rich in experience, is entirely modern and progressive in its methods and keenly alive to the needs of the future.

The odds and ends of war, however, must be cleared up before business can proceed at full speed. A million lads in France must be brought home ere the 2,000 ships built last year can go into the channels of trade.

Our first and immediate task, therefore, is to make certain the success of the Victory Liberty Loan. The Atlantic National Bank will help you finance your subscription and keep the bonds in its vaults for you free of charge.

Keep the Faith — Buy the Fifth

ATLANTIC
National Bank
Broadway—Opposite City Hall

Canada's Agricultural Wealth

Canadian farmers have not been idle during the war period. The progress they have made during the past five years is shown in the following tabulation:

Areas and Values of Canada's Field Crops

Year.	Area in Acres	Value
1914	33,436,675	$ 638,580,000
1915	39,140,460	825,370,000
1916	38,930,333	886,494,000
1917	42,602,288	1,144,636,000
1918	51,427,190	1,367,900,000

Wealthier than ever before, Canadian farmers are buying large quantities of American goods.

With 342 branches in all parts of the Dominion, the Union Bank of Canada, through its New York Agency, offers to American business men banking service which will facilitate dealing with Canadian customers.

Union Bank of Canada

Head Office Winnipeg

New York Agency, 49 Wall St.
W. J. Dawson, F. L. Appleby, W. M. Forrest, Agents.

Capital & Surplus $8,600,000

CONSERVATIVE BANKERS

ONLY handle the best securities that have been scrutinized most carefully from an investment point of view.

Earning capacity and potential values are factors that determine the safety and desirability of an investment.

Conservative reports by engineers of known reliability and long years of business experience add to the confidence of the investor in the offered issue.

CARLISLE MASON
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Consulting Engineers for Financial Institutions
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Statistics

and chart explaining in detail the holdings and operations of the

Continental Petroleum Company
Affiliated with Continental Refining Co.

Sent on request

Hollister, Lyon & Walton
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Rector 4340

Suggestions for Investors may be had on request
A. B. Leach & Co., Inc.
Investment Securities.
62 Cedar St., New York
Chicago Philadelphia Boston Buffalo
Cleveland Baltimore Minneapolis

Folder describing each issue of
Liberty Bonds and Victory Notes
and Summary of Tax Exemptions

We have prepared a folder giving detailed information in regard to all of the issues of Liberty Bonds and Victory Notes. In addition to a description of each issue the folder contains a summary of the tax exemptions, and a comparison of income from Liberty Loan and Victory Liberty Loan issues with income derived from taxable sources. The comparison is based on the Federal Income Tax Rates affecting 1919 income. We have endeavored to arrange this information in convenient and easily understandable form. We shall be pleased to send copies of this folder to investors upon request.

We suggest you ask for folder A-6

Harris, Forbes & Co
Pine Street, Corner William, New York

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
At Forty-first Street
New York
London Paris
Foreign Exchange
Administrator Guardian
Member Federal Reserve Bank and New York Clearing House

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR JETTY AND REVETMENT Construction. U. S. Engineer Office, Jacksonville, Fla.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 M. May 28, 1919, and then opened, for Jetty and Revetment Construction in Miami Harbor (Biscayne Bay). Further information on application.

PROPOSALS.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, ROOM 710 Army Building, 39 Whitehall Street, New York, N. Y.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 M., May 1, 1919, and then opened, for removing wreck of "Steamship Serantes," sunk in upper bay, New York Harbor. Information on application.

To Estates and Investors of Large Means

THE 4¾% partially tax-exempt Victory Notes are convertible at the option of the holder into 3¾% notes exempt from all Federal, State and local taxes, except estate and inheritance taxes.

Maturity May 20, 1923. Redeemable at the option of the Government at par and interest June 15th or December 15th, 1922.

Patriotism bids you buy Victory Notes.

Good business judgment bids you invest in them.

Go to your bank today and subscribe to the full extent of your ability.

Let's Finish the Job

INVEST

Government Loan Organization
Second Federal Reserve District
Liberty Loan Committee, 120 B'way, N. Y.

This Space Contributed to Help Finish the Job by

Fredric H. Hatch & Co.
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A. Hicks Lawrence
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FOR ARBITRATION OF LAWRENCE STRIKE

State Board Reports to Governor in Favor of Mutual Conciliation.

ASKS STRIKERS TO GO BACK

Says Demand for Increased Rate of Pay Cannot Be Properly Adjudicated Otherwise.

BOSTON, April 28.—The State Board of Conciliation and Arbitration, in a report today to the Governor on its recent investigation of the textile strike at Lawrence, recommended that the strikers return to work without prejudice and that the employers receive them without discrimination, except those guilty of violence or whose cases are pending in the courts. The strike is based on a demand for fifty-four hours' pay for forty-eight hours' work.

"No investigation of the merits of this wage dispute," says the report, "can go forward with precision and fairness while the strike continues. After returning to work, the employes in each mill should choose a shop committee, which should confer with the employer and secure his co-operation in an amicable endeavor to adjust any differences. If no agreement is reached fifteen days after the first conference, both parties should jointly agree to submit the dispute to the arbitration of a board selected by them, or to the State board. If no agreement to arbitrate is entered into and the controversy still persists, either party or both parties should petition the State Board for an investigation for the purpose of ascertaining and recommending what is a fair wage for the work as there performed.

"The creation of a general conference committee, composed of employers and employes chosen by the employer in the several mills, with authority to agree upon the establishment of general changes, would be helpful in dealing with controversies that may arise in the future.

The report was signed by all three members of the board, Willard Howland, Charles G. Wood and J. Walter Mullen.

LAWRENCE, Mass., April 28.—Shots were exchanged between the police and textile strike sympathizers early today. None of the shots took effect. Three policemen were stoned. Daniel Lynch of Lowell, a mounted officer, was struck in the head and was unconscious when other policemen reached him. Two arrests were made.

Reports that many of the strikers planned to return to work today brought out an unusually large number of pickets. Watchers said there appeared to be no noticeable increase in the number of operatives who went to work.

STANDARD OIL PROFITS DROP

Net Earnings of $28,642,387 Equivalent to $38.19 a Share.

The annual statement of the Standard Oil Company of New York for 1918, which was made public yesterday, showed net earnings, after depreciation, sundry reserves, and Federal taxes, amounting to $28,642,387. This was equivalent to $38.19 a share earned on the $75,000,000 capital stock. In the preceding year net earnings were $30,000,673, or $40 a share.

The balance sheet of the company showed the surplus, after the payment of dividends, was $19,642,387, and that this, added to the previous surplus, brought the total surplus as of Dec. 31, 1918, up to $110,028,633, as compared with $90,386,246 in 1917. It also showed that the company on Dec. 31 owned $19,047,143 of Liberty bonds, as compared with $15,075,000 the year before. The item of Federal tax reserves was increased from $9,375,372 in 1917 to $15,514,693.

Plenty of Money.

There is plenty of call money on the Stock Exchange these days for those who can make up collateral lists which include stocks which bankers know about. In fact, funds available for these loans are so plentiful as to be undesirable at times, and because of this condition, which is pretty generally known, a good many people are going around with the idea that call money may be had for anything on the list. This is not by any means the case, as is evidenced by what some speculators call the "unreasonable" margin demands the brokers are making. Some shifting of accounts was reported a short time ago because of these "unreasonable" demands, but the Street is getting wiser and fewer operators are moving from one house to another now. Instead, they content themselves with impreca ting all brokers and hoping that the market will be so good as to compensate them for the big margins they have to put up.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF
ERIE & JERSEY RAILROAD CO.
6% 50-Year Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, DUE 1955.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as successor to the Standard Trust Company of New York, Trustee under First Mortgage dated June 29th, 1905, hereby invites, pursuant to Section 2 of Article II. of the Supplemental Indenture, dated January 2d, 1915, proposals for the sale to the Sinking Fund on May 7th, 1919, with accrued interest to that date, of as many bonds of the above issue as can be purchased for the sum of Twenty-nine thousand eight hundred five dollars sixty-seven cents ($29,805.67). Sealed proposals will be received at the TRUST DEPARTMENT of the undersigned, No. 140 Broadway, New York City, up to 10 o'clock A. M. on Monday, May 5th, 1919, when the same will be opened and bonds offered at the lowest price, not exceeding 110% of par and accrued interest to the extent necessary to exhaust said sum, will be accepted. Each offer of more than $1,000 principal amount of bonds shall be made subject to acceptance in part, in case the aggregate of the offers shall exceed the amount of money available for the redemption of bonds offered. The right is reserved to reject any and all offers.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK.
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
Dated April 3rd, 1919.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

SINCLAIR OIL & REFINING CORPORATION

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

Pursuant to the written request of the President and in accordance with Section 2 of Article I of the by-laws, a special meeting of the stockholders will be held at the office of the corporation, No. 120 Broadway, New York City, State of New York, on Wednesday, May 14, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of twenty-one directors and to vote upon a proposition to amend Article 7 of the certificate of incorporation of the corporation by striking out the word "twenty-one" and substituting "thirty-one" so that said Article 7, when so amended, shall read as follows:

"The number of directors of the corporation is to be thirty-one. The directors need not be stockholders."

No other business is to come before the meeting except to rescind the action taken at the regular annual meeting of the stockholders amending the certificate of incorporation as aforesaid and the election of thirty-one directors.

This special meeting is deemed necessary by reason of an irregularity in the resolutions adopted at the regular stockholders' meeting modifying the certificate of incorporation and electing directors.

A. STEINMETZ, Secretary.
New York City, N. Y., April 12, 1919.
By order of the President.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Park Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 41 Park Row, New York, on Tuesday, May 13, 1919, at 10 A. M.

CLARENCE MORGAN, Treasurer.

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

	1919.	1918.	*Increase.
DETROIT & MACKINAC for March—			
Gross	$139,268	$127,392	$11,876
Def. after tax.	10,901	*19,688	30,589
Net. op. deficit	9,544	*24,031	33,575
3 mos.' gross.	343,717	300,280	43,437
Def. after tax.	99,404	22,512	76,892
Net op. deficit	96,172	982	95,190
*Income.			
LEHIGH VALLEY for March—			
Gross	4,279,873	4,739,972	*460,099
Def. after tax.	88,813	*489,638	691,465
Net op. deficit	118,290	*570,705	689,004
3 mos.' gross.	13,443,708	11,193,749	2,250,040
Def. after tax.	*145,602	916,844	*771,242
Net op. deficit	146,366	984,443	*838,077
LONG ISLAND for March—			
Gross	1,672,784	1,412,501	260,293
Bal. after tax.	32,998	202,542	*169,544
Net op. income	10,898	155,528	*144,642
3 mos.' gross.	4,574,997	3,632,101	942,896
Def. after tax	293,897	†103,725	397,622
Net op. deficit	363,540	40,806	322,734
*Decrease. †Surplus.			
NORFOLK & WESTERN for March—			
Gross	5,944,392	5,770,591	73,801
Bal. after tax.	873,401	1,193,901	*320,500
Net op. income	884,514	1,357,243	*472,729
3 mos.' gross.	17,776,724	15,634,688	2,142,036
Bal. after tax.	2,313,189	2,303,136	10,047
Net op. income	2,401,945	2,622,544	*220,599
*Decrease.			
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD (Western Lines) for March—			
Gross	7,180,290	6,541,304	638,926
Bal. after tax.	120,735	213,392	*92,657
Net op. income	34,004	316,270	50,274
3 mos.' gross.	21,425,935	15,324,618	6,104,317
Def. after tax	988,733	2,477,415	*1,488,682
Net op. deficit	1,220,233	3,140,580	*1,920,347
*Decrease. ‡Loss.			
PERE MARQUETTE for March—			
Gross	2,581,811	2,281,208	300,603
Bal. after tax.	391,795	552,458	*160,664
Net op. income	290,772	397,116	*106,342
3 mos.' gross.	7,292,185	5,085,761	2,206,424
Bal. after tax.	978,152	199,544	778,608
Net op. income	761,394	‡138,126	897,520
*Decrease. ‡Deficit.			
PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS for March—			
Gross	6,920,967	6,926,658	*5,689
Def. after tax	13,271	‡1,982,334	1,095,605
Net op. deficit	56,723	‡870,981	927,704
3 mos.' gross.	20,940,762	16,311,383	4,629,379
Def. after tax	107,540	173,285	*65,745
Net. op. deficit	294,703	840,207	*545,504
*Decrease. ‡Income.			
SOUTHERN RAILWAY for March—			
Gross	9,469,761	9,534,254	*64,493
Bal. after tax.	174,512	3,171,626	*2,997,116
Net op. income	48,654	2,970,001	*2,921,347
3 mos.' gross.	29,103,893	24,586,698	4,517,196
Bal. after tax.	1,471,095	6,134,795	*4,663,700
Net op. income	1,078,492	5,680,790	*4,602,298
*Decrease.			

Public Utilities.

COMMONWEALTH POWER, RAILWAY & LIGHT for three months to March 31—			
Gross	6,535,548	5,076,359	1,183,189
Net after tax.	2,654,919	1,769,589	885,330
Sur. aft. chgs.	636,941	*9,504	646,445
*Deficit after charges.			
PHILADELPHIA CO., all departments, for March—			
Gross	2,650,173	2,265,927	384,246
Net earnings.	1,250,281	817,832	432,449
3 mos.' gross.	8,184,506	6,964,191	1,220,315
Net earnings.	4,157,965	2,651,325	1,506,730
TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT for March—			
Gross	914,419	835,298	79,120
Net after tax.	241,487	220,902	20,585
Sur. after chgs	70,851	60,206	10,125
3 mos.' gross.	2,618,503	2,457,390	161,113
Net after tax.	642,110	576,300	65,810
Sur. after chgs	170,609	110,170	60,439

Miscellaneous.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK for the year ended Dec. 31—			
Net earnings.	28,642,387	30,000,673	36,638,493
Dividends	9,000,000	8,250,000	6,000,000
Surplus	19,642,387	21,750,673	30,638,493

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Airplane	1½	2	La Rose	26	31
Am Oil	6	6⅛	Iron Blos.	40	45
B S Gas	5	7	Iron Cap.	12¾	13
Bost Ariz.	..	1¼	Jerome V.	62	65
Bost Rly.	1¼	¾	Majestic	11	15
Bost Mon.	72	74	Mex Met.	17	19
Bohemia	75	90	Mojave T.	9	10
Begole	25	50	New Balt.	1	1¼
Butte & L.	10	12	N Y & L.	14	16
Champ. old	1½	2½	Nixon Nev.	19	20
Calaveras	1	2	Nev Doug.	9	10
Chief Con.	3⅜	3¾	Oneco	20	40
Con Ariz.	1½	1⅝	Onondaga	12	18
Con Cop.	4¾	5	Pilgrim	35	45
Cortez	12	18	Rainier	70	80
Crystal	22	24	Seven Me.	22	24
Crown Res	39	45	S W M.	1¼	1¾
Earle E.	..	4	Texana	61	63
Eagle B B.	2⅜	2¾	Truro	30	40
Fortuna	2	3	U V Ext.	36	37
Gold Lake.	..	5	Victoria	40	1¾
Houghton.	20	50	Yukon G.	76	80
Homa	38	39			

PRICES OF UNLISTED SECURITIES.

The Annalist Open Market—bids and offers on unlisted securities, invaluable to holders of this class of stock, bonds and notes, in The Annalist this week. Ten cents at news stands.—Advt.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

To all Holders of Claims and Demands against
NEW YORK RAILWAYS COMPANY

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 10th day of April, 1919, the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York made an order in the equity suit pending in said Court, No. E 16-29 brought by the American Brake Shoe & Foundry Company, complainant, against the New York Railways Company, defendant, which order among other things provides, that

(1) All claims and demands against the said New York Railways Company shall be presented to Job E. Hedges, as Receiver of said New York Railways Company, at his office, No. 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on or before the 10th day of June, 1919.

(2) If any persons having claims and demands against the said New York Railways Company shall fail to present such claims and demands on or before the said 10th day of June, 1919, as provided in said order, each of them so failing shall be barred from sharing in any distribution of the moneys or assets of said New York Railways Company which now or hereafter shall be in the hands of said Receiver and from sharing in any distribution of any of the proceeds arising from the sale of any of the properties of said New York Railways Company.

Nothing in said order requires contingent claims and claims secured by mortgage or other recorded lien to be presented to the Receiver, as above stated.

All holders of claims or demands against New York Railways Company are hereby notified to present their claims in accordance with said order.

Forms for proof of claims or demands may be obtained at the office of the Receiver.

Dated, New York, N. Y., April 10, 1919.
JOB E. HEDGES.
As Receiver of New York Railways Company, 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF
GENESEE RIVER RAILROAD CO.
First Mortgage 6% 50 Yr. Gold Bonds due 1957.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as successor to the Standard Trust Company of New York, Trustee under First Mortgage dated June 1st, 1907, hereby invites, pursuant to Section 2 of Article II. of the Supplemental Indenture, dated January 2nd, 1915, proposals for the sale to the Sinking Fund on May 7th, 1919, with accrued interest to that date, of as many bonds of the above issue as can be purchased for the sum of Twenty-four thousand one hundred eighteen dollars and seventy-five cents ($24,118.75). Sealed proposals will be received at the TRUST DEPARTMENT of the undersigned, No. 140 Broadway, New York City, up to 10 o'clock A. M. on Monday, May 5th, 1919, when the same will be opened and bonds offered at the lowest price, not exceeding 110% of par and accrued interest to the extent necessary to exhaust said sum, will be accepted. Each offer of more than $1,000 principal amount of bonds shall be made subject to acceptance in part, in case the aggregate of the offers shall exceed the amount of money available for the redemption of bonds offered. The right is reserved to reject any and all offers.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK.
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
Dated, April 3, 1919.

NOTICE TO FIRST MORTGAGE BONDHOLDERS OF NEW YORK DOCK COMPANY

To holders of bonds secured by First Mortgage of New York Dock Company to United States Mortgage & Trust Company, as Trustee, dated August 1, 1901:

A suit brought by the undersigned, as Trustee under the above mentioned mortgage, against New York Dock Company and others, was filed in the Supreme Court, New York County, on March 14, 1919, to determine whether $460,340.91 proceeds of fire insurance on Dows Stores, can be used by said Dock Company for piers and other improvements instead of for the rebuilding of Dows Stores. The suit papers may be inspected at our office, No. 55 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City. Any bondholder, at his own expense, may intervene and plead in said suit up to the time of the trial, and may be heard at the trial.

April 7, 1919.
UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY, as Trustees.
PATTERSON, EAGLE, GREENOUGH & DAY, Attorneys for Plaintiff Trustee.
120 Broadway, New York City.

DIVIDENDS.

American Zinc, Lead & Smelting Co.

The Directors of the American Zinc, Lead & Smelting Company have declared a regular quarterly dividend of one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) per share on the preferred capital stock, payable May 1, 1919, to stockholders of record April 26, 1919.

F. W. BATCHELDER, Secretary.

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What the SUCCESS of the Victory Loan Means to You

SOME MEN are saying that with the incentive of emotional patriotism lacking the public will not buy Victory Loan Bonds. An analysis of this attitude reveals the fact that men who make such statements have in mind the sacrifices they have already made—the sacrifices of taxes paid and bonds already purchased. But what are these when measured by what has been endured in Flanders and France?

"The banks will take the bonds in any event," they say. YES, the banks will take the bonds willingly. The terms of the loan, as announced, offer an extremely attractive short term investment. It is a business loan which does not need the element of patriotism to make it a success.

Attractive as the loan may be, if purchased by the banks without the whole-souled support of the American public the result will be detrimental to business.

The working man, the employer of labor and the investor all will suffer.

WHY?—Because the banks exist primarily to extend credit to the business community. The banks cannot buy billions of dollars of Victory Loan Bonds and still continue to loan money in sufficient quantities and at a fair rate to the business man.

The purchasing power of the money you withhold will decrease, because your bank must buy your share of bonds, causing additional inflation of currency, more credit liability and higher prices.

Higher prices for everything—that phrase has been a nightmare to the average citizen for some time past.

If you buy your share of these Victory Bonds you will aid in lowering the cost of living. If you refuse to buy, you aid in advancing the cost of living to a still higher plane.

Think this matter over while the opportunity remains—then enter your subscription to your utmost capacity. It will mean a lighter burder of taxes in future years. Please consider the facilities of this entire organization at your disposal in entering your subscription.

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MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Satur-day. Ask.	Bid.
Am Brass	215	219	214
Atlas Powder	140	146	140
Do pf	90	92	90
Babcock & Wilcox	115	120	115
Bliss	250	350	250
Do pf	60	80	60
Colt's Arms	95	100	95
Columbia Graph	245	248	245
Do pf	92½	94	92½
Du Pont	260	270	260

	Yester-day. Bid.	Satur-day. Ask.	Bid.
Du Pont deb pf	94	96	94
Hercules	220	225	220
Do pf	107	109	107
Ingersoll-Rand Co.	168	173	168
Do pf	100	103	100
Nlles-Bem't-Pond	112	116	112
Do pf	93	100	95
Scovill Mfg	360	375	360
Standard Screw	340	345	340
Yale & Towne	230	240	230

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Satur-day. Ask.	Bid.
Am Cigar	133	137	133
Do pf	88	94	88
Conley Foil	205	226	205
Geo W Helme Co	160	170	160
Do pf	107	111	106
J S Young	130	140	130
Do pf	100	107	106
MacA & Forbes	200	210	200

	Yester-day. Bid.	Satur-day. Ask.	Bid.
MacA & Forbes pf	93	100	90
T R-Am Tobacco	165	167	160
R J Reynolds, A	400	430	400
Do B	360	370	350
Do pf	111	114	111
Weyman-Bruton	170	175	170
Do pf	106	109	106

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NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Satur-day. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	101	101¼	101
4½s June, 1965	101	101½	101¼
4½s Mar., 1963	101	101¼	101½
4½s Nov., 1957	101	101¼	101½
4½s Mar., 1957	101	101¼	101¼
4½s Mar., 1960-30	96½	96¾	96½
4½s Mar., 1964	96⅜	96⅜	96¼
4½s Mar., 1962	96⅜	96⅜	96¼
4½s Mar., 1966	96⅜	96⅜	96¼
4½s Sept., 1960	96⅜	96⅜	96¼
4s May, 1959	91¾	91¾	91¾
4s Nov., 1958	91¾	91¾	91½
4s Nov., 1957	91¾	91¾	91½
4s Nov., 1956	91¾	91¾	91½
4s Nov., 1955	90½	91¼	90⅝
4s Nov., 1936	92½	93¼	92⅜
4s May, 1919	99½	..	99½

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
885	Cities Service	359	358	358	359
1,470	Cities Service pf	79⅝	79½	79½	79⅝
$145,500	Cities Service deb. B	7s.12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜
215,500	Cities Service deb. C	7s.102½	102½	102½	102½

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Electric Power	14	16
Miss River Power pf	75	77
Am Gas & Electric	146	149
Am Gas & Electric pf	41	43
Am Light & Traction	243	246
Am Light & Trac pf	97	99
Am Power & Light	57	60
Am Power & Light pf	76	80
Am Public Utilities	10	15
Am Public Utilities pf	52	57
Am W W & Electric	5	5¼
Am W W & E 1st pf	59	63
Am W W & E partic	10	12
Carolina Power & L	32	35
Colorado Power	22	24½
Colorado Power pf	97	103
Columbus Electric pf	70	75
Com Pow, Ry & Lt	22½	24
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	87	90
Conn Power pf	73	83
Consumers' Power pf	80	83
Eastern Texas Electric	55	60
Eastern Texas Elec pf	75	78
El Paso Electric	95	100
Electric B & S pf	93	96
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75
Federal Light & Trac	9½	11
Federal Light & Tr. pf	47	50
Galveston-Houston Elec	15	17½
Galveston-Hous El pf	58	63

	Bid.	Asked.
Am W W & E col 5s	64	67½
Appalach Power 1st 5s	69	71
Arizona Power 6s, 1933	84	88
Central P & L 6s, '41	90	93
Con Gas & Elec Co. '56	93½	95½
Cities Fuel & P 7s	99	99½
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	72	80
Col Power 5s, 1953	87	89
Com Power, 1963	88	94
Dallas Electric 5s, '22	90	93
East Tex Elec col 5s	85	88
East Tex Elec 7s, '21	88	98
El Paso Elec col 5s	83	86
Empire Gas & F 6s	97	98½
Empire Refining 6s	93	96
Gt West Power 5s, '46	83½	84¾

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Bal Tube pf	86	86	86
43	Con Coal	79½	79½	79½
517	Cosden	75¼	73	73¼
25	Con Power	105¼	105¼	105¼
120	Davison	36	36	36

Bonds.

$1,000	Cos 6s, A	94½	94½	94½
8,000	Do B	96	96	96
1,000	United Ry 4s	70	70	70
$2,000	Un Ry ref 5s	70	70	70
1,000	W, B & A 5s	81½	81½	81½

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	Adventure	50c	50c	50c
50	Arcadian	71	71	71
10	Alaska	3¼	3¼	3¼
2	Anac	62¼	62¼	62¼
200	Ariz Com	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜
100	Cal & Ariz	59½	59½	59½
3	Cal & H	400	400	400
85	Cop Range	43	42½	43
180	East Butte	8¾	8¾	8¾
70	Franklin	2½	2½	2½
25	Granby	66½	66½	66½
80	Isle Royale	25¼	25¼	25½
50	Kerr Lake	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
140	Mass Con	4¼	4¼	4¼

Railroads

5	Atchison	93½	93½	93½
135	Boston Elev	73	72½	73
148	Bost & Me	31½	30¾	30⅝
15	Boston Prov	160	160	160
50	Bost Sub El	50	50	50
148	Do pf	64½	64½	64½

Miscellaneous.

60	Am Agr	100½	100½	100½
2,435	Am Bosch	75¾	74	74¾
830	Am T & T	102¾	102½	102¾
108	Amoskeag	99	98	98
15	Am Snuff pf	129⅝	129½	129⅝
62	Am Wool pf	100	99½	99½
50	A G W I	138¾	136¾	138¾
14	Do pf	72	72	72
350	Boott Mills	21½	21½	21½
73	Century	14½	14	14
230	Cuban Port	14¼	14¼	14¼
35	Edison	158	158	158
1,535	Eastern Manufg	60½	59	59½
13	Gen Elec	161⅝	161⅝	161⅝
3,844	Gorton	33¾	31	33½
480	Int Prod	34¾	33¾	34
1,453	Int Paper	19¼	19¼	19¼
120	Do pf	24	24	24
635	Island Oil	8¾	8⅛	8⅜
290	Libby	30¼	30	30¼
5	Mathieson	40	40	40

Bonds.

$4,000	Am T & Ts	90¼	90½	90½
1,000	Do 6s	101	101	101
1,000	Atch 4s	82	82	82
3,000	Cen Vt 4s	60	60	60
3,000	Mass Gas 4s	80¼	80½	80¼
3,000	Miss R P 5s	78¼	78¼	78¼

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
45	Am Radiat	275	275	275
60	Am Ship	118½	118½	118½
800	Armour pf	103¾	103¼	103¾
500	Booth Fish	21¼	21	21½
30	Bf pf	80	80	80
87	C C & C Ry pf	7	7	7
50	Chi Ry	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
50	Ch Ry Ser 2	6	6	6
1,350	Cudahy	116½	113½	116
230	Com Edison	111	110	110
7,475	Cont Motor	9⅝	9	9⅜
70	Deere & C pf	98	97	97
60	Del Mfg	85	85	85
100	Kan C L & P	35	35	35
5,575	Llb.McN&L	30⅜	29½	30
1,630	Lindsay Lt	20¾	20	20¾
20	Do pf	10½	10½	10½

Bonds.

$1,000	Chi Ry 1st 5s	72	72	72
3,000	Swift 1st 5s	96¾	96⅝	96¾

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
11	Am Ry pf	63	63	63
25	Brill	46	46	46
25	C Ex Nat B	379	379	379
2,450	Elec Stor	76⅜	73	75¾
560	Elec Asphalt	68½	68	68
101	Do pf	102½	102	102½
171	Ins Co N A	30	30	30
111	Lake Super	19¾	19¼	19¾
284	Lehigh Nav	68¼	67¼	68¼
231	Lehigh Val	55½	55	55¼
15	Minehill	51½	51½	51½
641	Ph Co cum pf	37¼	36½	37
868	Phila Elec	25½	25¼	25⅜
1,785	Phila R T	22¾	22	22⅜
300	Ton Mining	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
37	Union Trac	38½	38	38½
204	Un Gas Imp	68½	68¼	68½
50	Westm Coal	73¼	73½	73½
1,301	Wm Cramp	120½	118	120

Bonds.

$1,000	E & P Tr. 4s	69¼	69¼	69¼
3,000	L Su Inc 5s	63½	63½	63½
5,000	P Co con 5s	86¼	86¼	86¼

PITTSBURGH.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
140	Ohio Fu Oil	25½	23	23
1,655	Ohio Fu Sup	40¾	40½	40½
2,270	Okla Gas	36⅞	36	36⅜
25	Pitts Brew	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜
10,052	Pitts Jerome	22c.	20c.	21c.
330	Pitts Oil & G	13	12½	12½
100	Riv East Oil	1¼	1¼	1¼
10	Un Nat Gas	134	134	134
50	U S Glass	32½	32½	32½
445	Westing A B	102	104	106¾
847	Westing El	51	50¾	51

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Industrials were firm and the rails were reactionary at the close of an active market yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Final quotations, as a rule, were below the best prices of the session, due to profit-taking movements, which were frequent throughout the day. The notable exceptions were the Royal Dutch issues, which, toward the end of the session under renewed activity closed at their highest prices.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Ajax Rubber	92¾	92¼	92¼
150	Ailis-Chalm	38½	37½	37½
40	Am Beet Sug	70¾	70¼	70¾
1,250	Am Can	53¾	52½	53¾
50	Am Car & F	96½	95¼	96½
30	Am Cot Oil	56¼	55¾	55¾
150	Am H & L	28	27⅞	28
570	Do pf	114	111⅞	113¾
4,530	Am Int'l	85⅞	85	85⅝
150	Am Linseed	55¾	54½	54½
630	Am Locomo	78	76¼	77⅝
100	Am Malting	2	2	2
150	Do pf	72½	72	72
10	Am Stl Fdrs	94½	94¼	94½
30	Am Sugar	129¾	129½	129⅝
300	Am Su Tob	104¾	103½	104¾
220	Am Tel & T	103¾	103¾	103¾
60	Am Zinc	14¾	14½	14½
220	Anaconda	62⅜	62¼	62¼
40	Asso D G	44¼	44¼	44¼
200	A, T & S Fe	96½	95⅝	95¾
270	A G W I	138¾	133¾	138¾
6,440	B'dwin Loco	94½	91⅜	93⅝
30	Balt & Ohio	48⅝	48¼	48⅜
250	Beth Steel, B	74	74	74
40	B'klyn R T	20¾	20¾	20¾
80	Cal Petrol	28⅞	28¼	28⅛
20	Do pf	72¼	72¼	72¼
20	Can Pacific	162¾	162¾	162¾
190	Cent Leather	80⅜	79⅜	80⅜
45	Cerro de Pas	44½	44½	44⅝
145	Ches & Ohio	63¼	63	63½
100	Chi Gt West	9	9	9
330	C, M & St P	38¾	38	38
60	Do pf	69	68½	68½
310	C, R I & P	26¾	26½	26¼
370	Chile Copper	24	23	23
50	Col Fuel & I	43½	43	43¼
10	Con Gas	96¾	95¾	96⅜
270	Corn Prod	63¾	62¾	62¾
300	Crucible Stl	69	68	68⅜
620	Cuba C Sug	30¾	29⅝	30⅜
20	Do pf	99	99	99
340	Erie	17¾	17¼	17⅜
20	Do 1st pf	29½	29½	29½
70	Gast'n, W & W	29¼	20	20¼
895	Gen Motors	181¼	178¼	180
120	Goodrich Co	72⅜	71	71¼
480	Gt Nor pf	94½	93⅝	94
60	Gt Nor Ore	43⅞	43⅝	43⅝
30	Inspira Cop	40¼	40¼	40¼
880	Int Mer Mar	38⅜	37¼	38
1,390	Int Pf	119¼	117¼	119
260	Int Nickel	26⅜	26½	26⅜
950	Int Paper	54⅝	53⅜	53⅝
120	InterboroCon	4	3⅞	4
350	Kan C So	24	23½	23½
20	Kelly Spgfld Tire	123⅜	123⅜	123⅜
50	Keyst'e T&R	100	99¾	99¾
20	Lack Steel	71¼	71¼	71¼
10	Lee Rub & T	33¼	33¼	33¼
40	Lehigh Val	55¼	54⅝	54⅝
10	Maxwell Mot	40	40	40
11,820	Mex Petrol	173¾	172¾	173¾
148	Midvale Steel	45⅞	45¼	45½
210	Mo, K & T	10⅝	10⅜	10⅜
10	Do pf	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞
1,080	Mo Pacific	20⅜	20	20
20	Do pf	50¾	55⅝	55⅝
430	Nat Conduit	19⅜	18⅜	19⅛
20	Nat R R Mex 2d pf	12¾	12¾	12¾
10	Nat Lead	71	71	71
10	Nat Biscuit	120¼	120¼	120¼
45	New Con	16	16	16
65	N Y Central	75¾	75½	75½
120	New Haven	31½	30⅝	31
90	Nor Pacific	94⅜	93	93⅝
542	Ohio Cit Gas	43⅝	42¾	42¾
2	Ont Mining	7⅞	7½	7½
1,274	Okla Oil	10⅞	10½	10⅝
20	Pacific Mail	34¾	33¾	34¼
500	Pan Am P&T	83⅞	80⅝	83⅛
220	Penn Traffic	44⅝	43½	44⅛
10	People's Gas	48¾	48¼	48¼
250	Phila Co	43⅜	42½	42½
40	Pierce-Arrow	51¾	50⅞	50⅞
2,295	Pierce Oil	18⅝	17	18⅛
30	Pitts Coal	51¾	51¼	51¼
30	Pitts&W Va	37½	37⅜	37⅜
30	Pr Sti Car	75¾	74¾	75¼
630	Reading	86⅝	85¾	86¼
45	Rep Con	16	16	16
500	R Dutch-Am	114½	110¼	114½
4,525	Do N Y	114⅜	108½	114
100	Seab'd A L	9	9	9
30	Shattuck Ariz	50¾	50	50⅜
1,320	South Pac	100¼	107¾	107¾
980	Southern Ry	29⅜	20	29
705	Studebaker	77	75¼	76⅜
30	Tenn Copper	14¾	14¼	14¼
250	Texas Co	228	221¼	227⅜
1,450	Tex & Pac	46⅜	43⅝	44½
120	TobaccoProd	89	88⅝	89
270	Union Pac	132¼	130½	131
410	U C Stores	9¾	9¼	9¼
240	U S Ind Alc	151	149¼	150⅝
140	U S Rubber	81⅜	81¼	81⅜
12,360	U S Steel	101¼	100¼	100⅝
700	US Pood'rd	77¾	74¾	77
220	Utah Copper	76¼	75⅝	75⅝
280	U Rys inv	15¼	15	15
20	Va-Car Ch	62¼	62½	62½
10	Wabash	9¾	9¼	9¼
20	Do pf, A	33¾	33½	33⅝
1,960	W'house El	52¼	50½	52¼
160	Western Md	11¾	11	11¾
10	WhiteMotors	58⅜	58⅛	58⅛
40	Wilson & Co	83⅜	83	83
690	Willys-Over	32⅜	32⅛	32⅜

LIBERTY BONDS.

$2,400	Lib 3½s	99.88	99.80	99.82
1,100	1st 4s	97.18	97.18	97.18
1,350	4s	95.16	94.70	95.16
1,050	1st 4¼s	97.38	97.38	97.38
2,250	2d 4¼s	95.44	95.28	95.38
1,250	3d 4¼s	95.70	95.56	95.66
2,350	4th 4¼s	93.54	93.40	93.54

OTHER BONDS.

5,000	Chile Cop 7s	117¼	117½	117¼
2,000	Mo P gen 4s	61¼	61¼	61¾
1,000	Pierce Oil 6s, 1924	106¾	106¾	106¾

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,100	‡Aetna Expl	10¼	9⅞	9⅞
1,800	‡Am B Mag	78	75	77
1,000	Am-Brit Mfg	3¾	3⅜	3⅜
700	Do pf	39½	36	36
200	‡Am M & G	40	40	40
500	‡Am Road M	62	58	60
100	‡Bucyrus Co	22	22	22
4,800	‡Chalm Mot	10	9¼	9½
1,200	‡Cit Service, B T shares	36¾	36⅜	36½
3,500	‡C & A Ferry	9¼	8	9
1,000	‡Cramp Ship	120	118	120
1,400	Emer Phon	4⅝	4⅜	4⅜
400	End Johnson	64½	63	64½
800	‡Fairbanks	59¾	59	59¾
3,000	‡Famplayers-Lasky	86¼	85¼	86
2,100	‡Fisk R T, w	36	35¾	35½
3,800	‡Gen Asph	69¼	67½	68¾
1,500	‡ Do pf	103¼	101	102
400	Grape Pat	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
400	Do pf	1½	1½	1½
500	‡H Val Prod	10¼	10¼	10¼
2,000	Hupp Mot C	8¾	8½	8¾

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

10	‡Prairie P L	276	276	276
30	‡Std Oil, Cal	284	282	282

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

15,600	‡Allen Oil	3¼	3⅛	4⅛
1,200	‡Alliance	5	4½	5
54,000	‡Amal Roy	2¼	2⅛	2¼
1,500	‡Barn't O&G	¼	¼	¼
7,600	‡Boone Oil	7	6¾	7
27,000	‡Boss Oil	41	38	40
5,500	‡Caddo O&R	44¼	43½	44¼
250	‡ConiwithPet, w l	44	43	43½
1,400	‡Cosden & Co	9¼	9	9⅜
3,000	‡Cosden & Co pf	1¾	1½	1¾
700	‡CurmanPet	1¼	1¼	1¼
3,000	‡Elk Basin	10	9½	9⅝
202,000	‡Esmeralda	8	7	7
30,000	‡Federal	3¾	3¾	3¾
9,000	‡Glenrock Oil	7	6½	6⅝
500	‡HerculesPet, Class A	10¼	10	10¼
1,100	‡Hudson Oil, Refin, w i	19	17½	18
1,500	‡Houston Oil	99	97	97½
2,200	‡Hudson Oil	3¾	3¾	3¾
2,300	‡Int Petrol	30¼	29¼	30
196	Cent Leather	80⅜	79⅜	80⅜
45	Cerro de Pas	44½	44½	44⅝
145	Ches & Ohio	63¼	63	63½
100	Chi Gt West	9	9	9
330	C, M & St P	38¾	38	38
60	Do pf	69	68½	68½
310	C, R I & P	26¾	26½	26¼
370	Chile Copper	24	23	23
50	Col Fuel & I	43½	43	43¼
10	Con Gas	96¾	95¾	96⅜
270	Corn Prod	63¾	62¾	62¾
300	Crucible Stl	69	68	68⅜
620	Cuba C Sug	30¾	29⅝	30⅜
20	Do pf	99	99	99
340	Erie	17¾	17¼	17⅜
20	Do 1st pf	29½	29½	29½
70	Gast'n, W & W	29¼	20	20¼
895	Gen Motors	181¼	178¼	180
120	Goodrich Co	72⅜	71	71¼
480	Gt Nor pf	94½	93⅝	94
60	Gt Nor Ore	43⅞	43⅝	43⅝
30	Inspira Cop	40¼	40¼	40¼
880	Int Mer Mar	38⅜	37¼	38
1,390	Int Pf	119¼	117¼	119
260	Int Nickel	26⅜	26½	26⅜
950	Int Paper	54⅝	53⅜	53⅝
120	InterboroCon	4	3⅞	4
350	Kan C So	24	23½	23½
20	Kelly Spgfld Tire	123⅜	123⅜	123⅜
50	Keyst'e T&R	100	99¾	99¾
20	Lack Steel	71¼	71¼	71¼
10	Lee Rub & T	33¼	33¼	33¼
40	Lehigh Val	55¼	54⅝	54⅝
10	Maxwell Mot	40	40	40
11,820	Mex Petrol	173¾	172¾	173¾
148	Midvale Steel	45⅞	45¼	45½
210	Mo, K & T	10⅝	10⅜	10⅜
10	Do pf	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞

900	Inter Rub	21⅜	21¼	21⅜
3,000	‡Llb,McN&L	30¼	29½	29½
5,000	‡Nat A & C	33⅜	32⅝	33⅛
50,000	Nat A & L	4⅝	3½	4⅛
10,000	N A P & P	6	5¾	5¾
700	‡PearsonCoal	3	2¾	3
60,000	Perfect T & R	1¼	1¼	1¼
200	Peer T & M	28½	28½	28½
1,000	‡Phil Morris	12½	12	12¼
500	‡Poul Wire	5⅝	5½	5½
1,100	‡Rem Typew	63½	62½	63
1,000	‡Savold Wire	42½	40½	41¾
6,500	‡Simp'n Coal	11½	10¾	10¾
200	‡Stew Mfg	46¾	46	46
200	‡Stan G & E	37	37	37
1,500	Submarine Bt, v t cfts	16	15½	16
4,500	‡Swift Inter	57	55½	56
2,500	TriangleFilm, v t cfs	1	⅞	1
10,000	Un Prof Sh	1¾	1½	1⅝
3,500	U S St'ship	2⅜	2½	2⅜
1,800	Wayne Coal	4¼	4	4¼

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yester-day. Bid.	Satur-day. Ask.	Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil	21	21½	21
Atlantic Refining	1350	1370	1350
Borne-Scrymser	500	525	500
Buckeye Pipe Line	101	103	101
Chesebrough Mfg	310	325	310
Continental Oil	670	690	645
Crescent Pipe Line	36	38	36
Cumberland P L	190	200	190
Eureka Pipe Line	165	170	165
Galena S. Oil com	123	126	129
Do pf, new	105	110	105
Do pf, old	120	140	120
Illinois Pipe Line	183	187	182
Indiana Pipe Line	103	107	105
Int Pet Co, Ltd	29½	30½	29½
National Transit	22	23

SOON TO BRING BACK THE 80TH DIVISION

Virginia, West Virginia, and Western Pennsylvania Troops Assigned for Convoy.

RAINBOW MEN AT BOSTON

Glad They Will Not Be Called Upon to Parade in Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—All organizations of the 80th Division, composed of Virginia, West Virginia, and Western Pennsylvania troops, were assgned today to early convoy home. Bakery Company No. 315 and the 23d Company and medical detachment of the 20th Engineers were also so assigned.

The 89th (Kansas, Missouri, South Dakota, Nebraska, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona) and 88th (North Dakota, Minnesota, Iowa, and Western Illinois) divisions were released on April 25 and 26, respectively, "for preparation for return to the United States," General Pershing notified the War Department. The preparation for return is not equivalent to assignment to early convoy, it was explained at the department, but indicates that such assignment may be expected within a few weeks.

Transport sailings were announced as follows:

The Wilhelmina, due at New York May 5, with the 120th Field Artillery complete, headquarters of the 57th Field Artillery Brigade, the 324th Bakery Company, and a few casuals, the total army personnel aboard being 1,724.

The Cap Finisterre, due at New York May 5 with the 127th Infantry Field and Staff, headquarters company, medical detachment, Company A, and a detachment of Company B; headquarters 64th Infantry Brigade, Base Hospital No. 109, a detachment of seven officers of the 77th Division, a number of casuals, including Brig. Gen. Edwin B. Winans, commanding the 64th Infantry Brigade, a total army personnel of 1,052.

Rainbow Troops Reach Boston.

BOSTON, April 28.—The transport Pretoria arrived today from Brest with more than 2,100 officers and men, including Brig. Gen. William M. Fassett, commander of the 1st Army Corps; headquarters detachment, 149th, 150th, and 151st Machine Gun Battalions; detachments of the 149th and 151st Field Artillery Regiments and of the 117th Engineers, all of the 42d (Rainbow) Division; headquarters detachment and headquarters troop of the 1st Army Corps, and smaller units and casuals.

Brig. Gen. Fassett, whose home is in New Hampshire, returned with a Distinguished Service Cross, and also a Belgian War Cross, conferred by King Albert. Much of his service overseas was on the Belgian front with the 37th Division, made up of Ohio National Guard troops and known as "Baker's Own," in honor of the Secretary of War.

The men of the Rainbow Division were anxious to know whether a divisional parade would be held in Washington. When told that it had been called off they expressed gratification. "We've had all the parading we want for the rest of our lives," was the view expressed by some of them.

MINNESOTANS TOO LATE.

Arrive Day After Home Troops, Which Came Ahead of Schedule.

Governor J. A. A. Burnquist of Minnesota and a party of twenty-two citizens of the State arrived in New York Sunday on a special train to greet the 151st Field Artillery, Rainbow Division, which arrived Saturday, two days ahead of its schedule. The 151st was formerly the 1st Field Artillery of the Minnesota National Guard, and was the only Minnesota contingent out of a total of 98,000 men the State contributed to the colors, which served in France as a unit. In Governor Burnquist's party are Adjt. Gen. W. H. Hinow; L. C. Hodgson, Mayor of St. Paul; George Adams, editor of The Minneapolis Journal, and George E. Akerson of The Minneapolis Tribune.

The Governor and Adjutant General yesterday went to the Hall of States, 27 West Twenty-fifth Street, to make arrangements for Minnesota to be represented there in caring for soldiers who have returned from overseas. In the afternoon the Governor and members of his party shared in the review of the old 69th. The party will remain here until next week, when it will accompany the 151st Regiment to the Twin Cities, St. Paul and Minneapolis, where a big reception has been arranged for the regiment.

SHIP OFFICIALS TO RETIRE.

Piez, Coonley, and Six Others of Fleet Corporation Quit May 1.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Charles Piez, Director General and General Manager, and seven other administrative officials of the Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation will retire from office May 1 to resume private business, it was announced here today.

Mr. Piez will return to Chicago. Howard Coonley, Vice President in charge of administration, will return to Boston. The other retiring officers are Admiral G. H. Rousseau, head of the shipyard plants division; Charles F. Wallace, assistant to the Director General; Daniel H. Cox, head of the ship construction division; Gordon Wilson, general auditor; R. W. Leatherbee, head of the industrial relations division, and M. D. Ferris, head of the contract division.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of TARTANT PHARMACY, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, May 5th, 1919, by order of the Court, at 11 A. M., at 230 Main St., New Rochelle, N. Y., assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Soda Fountains, Cash Registers, Counters, Show Cases, Safe, Partitions, Fixtures, etc. MARY POTTER, Receiver.

NATHAN FRIEDMAN, Attorney for Receiver, 309 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of H. STANLEY CHASE, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, April 29, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 32 West 63d St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of one automobile. PETER A. ABELES, Receiver.

QUINN, KILBRETH & SCHACKNO, Attorneys for Receiver, 34 Pine St., New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26780. —In Bankruptcy.—JENE HOLTZMAN, Bankrupt.

Jene Holtzman was duly adjudicated bankrupt on April 25th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on May 9th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26719. —In Bankruptcy.—ORRIN F. SMITH, Bankrupt.

Orrin F. Smith was duly adjudicated bankrupt on April 25th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on May 9th, 1919, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

WHOLESALE SHIFTS IN RURAL DELIVERY

Sweeping Changes in Counties North of Syracuse Cause Protests in Communities.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., April 28.—Sweeping changes in the rural free delivery routes of Central and Northern New York have been ordered by the Post Office Department.

Routes affecting more than 1,000 miles of territory north of Syracuse have been abandoned or are about to be abandoned. The order covering Onondaga County directs the abandonment on May 1 of nine routes, covering 200 miles. All are to be split up and added to other routes which remain in existence. Redistribution of territory and addition or subtraction of a few miles from some routes have been made in six other counties.

Forty to fifty carriers have been or will be dismissed and their work added to that of the carriers who remain. The department expects to save $50,000 a year.

The changes, however, compel residents of the districts affected to make inconvenient changes in their mailing addresses and concentrate mail and trade in a few towns, instead of scattering it through the smaller ones.

James L. Blakeslee, Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, who has charge of mail delivery, stated today in Washington that the changes were being made "for the good of the service."

"It is consolidation of the system," he said. "Many of the Central and Northern New York routes were duplicates of service. By eliminating forty or more of them and adding the territory to other routes we will give equally good or better service. The changes will be, in the opinion of the department, much more satisfactory to residents of the rural districts."

PARIS FACES BIG TIEUP.

Theatres and Cafes to Close May 1 and Subway Traffic to Stop.

PARIS, April 28.—(Associated Press.)—Delegates from a number of labor unions met yesterday to prepare their strike programs for May 1. All except one of the unions decided to follow the line of conduct laid down by the general labor federations.

The exception was the union of the Newspaper Pressmen, who before deciding on what action they will take will await the result of a meeting with the Paris Newspaper Proprietors' Association, at which the pressmen are to set forth their demands.

It was decided tonight by the theatre managers not to open their theatres on Thursday, the scene shifters, machinists and electricians having declined to work. The theatrical workers say they will continue their strike after May 1 if the managers do not grant their demands for increased wages before April 30.

In addition to the May Day transportation strike, which will involve the subway employes and cab and taxicab drivers, Parisians are threatened with two lightless hours and the impossibility of obtaining refreshments. The Federation of Power Plant Employes passed a resolution today to adhere to the general labor federation's decision for a twenty-four hour strike by an entire cessation of all outside labor and cutting off the electric current at the power stations for two consecutive hours.

The Paris Restaurant Federation, which includes café and restaurant keepers, has advised its members that in view of the threatened waiters' strike they should close their establishments May 1 in order to avoid trouble with their staffs.

AIMS AT PRE-WAR SERVICE.

Hopes to Aid the Railroads — No Plan to Raise Rates.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, April 28.—"It is my policy and purpose to restore railroads to the sort of service rendered before the war," was the keynote of a speech delivered by Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads, before members of the Denver Civic and Commercial Association at a luncheon here today. He said when the armistice was signed a complete change came over the situation.

"The things which, up to that time, had to be done to win the war in preference to doing the things which the business man needed and had a right to expect, now no longer need to be done in that way," Mr. Hines continued.

"This present Government control of the railroads is purely temporary in character. No general increase in rates is planned. The report of a 10 per cent. increase is without foundation.

"We are in a period of readjustment. The more we can get in touch with the local agencies and understand the local point of view, the more we will accomplish our ideal of rendering a proper public service at proper rates."

Potash Restriction Doubtful.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Replying to a request that steps be taken to restrict importation of German potash, President Wilson in a cablegram today advised Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska that it was doubtful whether restrictive measures could be made effective without further action by Congress. He pointed out that potash was one of the articles which the Allies had seen fit to permit Germany to export in payment for food, and that France was now offering potash for export from Alsace-Lorraine.

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

AVENUE B, s e corner of 5th St, store and basement, 34x78.5; Fordwal Realty Corp. to United Cigar Stores Co. of America, 44 West 18th St, 10 8-12 years from Sept. 1, 1919; attorney, Samuel H. Golding, 135 Broadway $9,000

AV B, 44, s. and b.; Herminia and Harry Abend to Harry Kraus, 853 Kell St., Bronx, 5 years from March 1, 1920 ..... $2,700

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 1,406, store and basement; Hy. F. Meyer to David Bearman, on the premises, et al., 7 10-12 years from April 1, 1919; attorney, John L. Bissell, 115 Broadway $5,400

1ST AV, 1,801-3, second loft; Adam Hoppel to Pearl White 'Steam Laundry, on the premises, 3 years from May 1, 1919; attorneys, Koppelman & W., 144 Rivington St $2,070

1ST AV, 71, north s. fl. and b. and 6 rooms on second floor; August Zepf to Jno. Ohrle, 71 1st Av, 3 years from May 1, 1919; attorney, Ph. F. Schmitt, 19 Charlton St. $1,260

2D AV, 1,537, second floor; Sam H. Fink to Dr. Julius E. Carlin, 831 East 168th St, Bronx, 3½ years from May 1, 1919 ..... $360

6TH AV, 510-12, part s. fl. and b.; 510-12 6t Av. Corp. to L. R. Lunch and Restaurant Co., Inc., 41 Park Row, 9 years and 11½ months from May 15, 1919; attorney, Abr. J. Halprin, 41 Park Row $8,500

8TH, AV, 2,829-31, south s. and b.; Barwood Realty Co. to Benj. Mlbone, 2,829 8th Av, 3 years from May 1, 1917, and renew for 2½ years $480

27TH ST, 22 West, s s, 260.3 ft w of B'way, all, tenants to make alterations; Francis M. Donahue to Carl Morman, 405 East 175th St, and Maurice Forman, 2,397 Morris Av, from June 1, 1919, to Jan. 31, 1930; attorneys, M. Forman & Co., 1,162 Broadway $1,800

71ST ST, 19 West, all; Elmer E. Mathews to Evelyn B. Ackerman, 578 4th St Brooklyn, 2 years from May 1, 1919; attorney, Henry Gorham, 37 Wall St. $3,000

Bronx.

167TH ST, 1,010 East, corner store; James McConnell to Mendel Garber, 244 East Broadway, 5 years from March 1, 1919; attorney, M. Garber, 1,019 East 167th St. $840

182D ST, 611 East, apartment; Adams P. C. Holding Co. to Dr. Harry Weissman, 611 East 182d St, 6 years from May 1, 1919; attorney, D. S. Goldstein, 290 Broadway $420

SAME property, apartment B, same to same, 5 years from May 1, 1919; attorney, same, ... $300

REAL ESTATE FIELD

The sixteen-story Bijou Building, on the site of the old Bijou Theatre, at 1,137 and 1,139 Broadway, extending through to 502 and 504 Sixth Avenue, has been sold by the Columbia Trust Company, as trustee for various interests, to S. Morrell Banner and William L. Levy.

William S. Sussman negotiated the sale, the property being held at $1,250,000 and yielding a gross rental of $168,000.

Following long litigation, the theatre property was finally sold at auction in 1915, and bid in by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. to protect mortgage interests. Several months later the property was disposed of to a syndicate, which erected the structure in 1916, just before the zoning law went into effect. It has frontages of 39.11 feet on Broadway, 48 feet on Sixth Avenue, and a depth of 249.3 feet.

Brown Buys Eighth Avenue Building.

Frederick Brown, operator, purchased, through Loton H. Slawson, 171 to 175 Eighth Avenue, southwest corner of Nineteenth Street, a five-story building, 69.8 by 104, from the Josephine C. Christman estate. The property is occupied by the Tower Stores and is assessed for $130,000.

Upper Broadway Apartment Sold.

Knowlton Court, a six-story apartment house, at 3,810 Broadway, southeast corner of 159th Street, has been bought by Hugh Gordon Miller, an attorney, from the Hudson Trust Company. The building occupies a plot 100 by 125 feet and was valued at $350,000.

Aronson Buys Dyckman Apartment.

Harry Aronson bought the Lavellette, a six-story elevator structure, 110 by 134, at 1 Arden Street, northeast corner of Dyckman Street, from the Tyndall Realty Company. E. S. Willard & Co. were the brokers.

Trinity Church Increases Holdings.

Trinity Church Corporation has increased its large property by the purchase of two old dwellings at 433 and 435 Canal Street from Cornelia Martinez, as executrix, which gives the church control of the triangular block covered with forty-six old houses, excepting three at 75 Varick Street, owned by Edmund Randolph et al., and 85 and 87 Varick Street, owned by the H. Ostrander estate. The purchase is taken as the forerunner of an improvement like the one the church made a few years ago for the Peter A. Frasse Company at the northwest corner of Canal and Sullivan Streets.

Waverly Place Loft Sold.

George H. Walker bought the eight-story fireproof loft building, held at $90,000 and renting for $13,000, at 28 and 30 Waverly Place, through the Lloyd Winthrop Co., Inc., Howard Mosher, President.

Tenement Deals.

Hannah Morgenstern sold the four-story tenement on lot 24.8 by 75, at 347 First Avenue, north of Thirty-seventh Street, to John H. Barning, through Henry Hof.

A. Serra sold the six-story house at 344 East 118th Street, through George N. Bruno & Co.

The Bluhdorn Estate sold the two five-story tenements at 540 and 542 West Fiftieth Street, to I. Dietelbaum, who will improve the plot with a two-story garage. Joseph F. Feist & Co. negotiated the transaction.

Bonn Brothers and Max Marx have sold 142 and 144 West 142d Street, adjoining the southwest corner of Lexington Avenue, two six-story apartment houses, on a plot 100 by 100. The houses contain fifty suites and return an annual rental of $23,000. They were sold for $162,000. Louis Block was the broker. The buyer is an investing client of Abraham Spiro.

Buys East Seventy-fourth Street Apartment.

Electus D. Litchfield bought the eight-story fireproof apartment, 27 by 102.2, held at $200,000, at 63 East Seventy-fourth Street, northwest corner of Park Avenue, from Marmaduke Tilden through Thedore A. Kavanagh of the office of John J. Kavanagh and Douglas L. Elliman & Co.

School Buys Additional Plot for New Buildings.

The St. Bernard School Building Corporation, which recently erected a new fireproof school building on three lots on the south side of Ninety-eighth Street, just east of Fifth Avenue, bought from Mrs. R. W. Howes a vacant plot adjoining on the east, on which it will put up an additional building for the use of the primary class and housing of masters. Douglas L. Elliman & Co. negotiated the sale.

Heights Plot Sold for Apartment Site.

The Schwartz estate sold the plot 25 by 100 at the southwest corner of 180th Street and Amsterdam Avenue to J. W. Kight, a builder, who intends to erect a five-story walk-up apartment on the site. H. M. Weill Company negotiated the sale.

Private Dwellings.

E. A. Rohdenburg sold the three-story and basement dwelling, 20 by 100.5, at 230 East Sixty-first Street, to a client of the Ruland & Whiting-Benjamin Corporation for occupancy.

Frederick Phillips, Vice President of the Harriman National Bank, sold the three-story brownstone dwelling, on a plot 19 by 100, at 225 West Seventieth Street, to a client of Tucker-Speyers Company through Lester H. Goodkind and Frederick Zittel & Sons.

Mrs. E. R. Thomas bought the five-story American basement building, 25 by 100, at 9 East Eighty-second Street, from Mrs. J. Prentice Kellog through Pease & Elliman.

Victor Emmanuel sold the three-story and basement dwelling, 20 by 100, at 220 East Sixty-second Street, through Harris & Vaughn.

Henry W. Cannon sold 169 East Sixty-second Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, 16 by 101.2, to a client of Pease & Elliman, who has resold the property to a buyer for occupancy. It was held at $30,000.

The four-story and basement dwelling at 127 West Twelfth Street has been sold by Marion Larmer. It occupies a lot 23 by 103.3, between Sixth and Seventh Avenues.

Sheak Buys on West 113th Street.

Joseph Shenk purchased from William G. Willman 219 West 113th Street, a six-story apartment house, 50 by 100, erected three years ago by Samuel Williams. The property rents for $14,000, and was sold through Max Rosenfeld.

Church Acquires Gore.

For a consideration of $1,000, Robert G. Mead has conveyed to the First Presbyterian Church an interior gore abutting the site of the residence of Mr. Mead at 11 West Eleventh Street and the property of the church, which fronts on Fifth Avenue, between Eleventh and Twelfth Streets.

The Bronx Market.

John P. Caffrey of Boston, Mass., sold the two-story two-family house, on lot 25 by 140, at 2,013 Honeywell Avenue, between 178th and 179th Streets, to Rubin Marcus through Ames & Co. and Nicholas Lopard.

George Amos sold the lots at 487 and 488 Van Nest Park, through Schane & Co. The same brokers sold for James Kavalick the house at 1,840 Holland Avenue, and for James Tompkins the house at 2,025 Matthews Avenue.

W. Nicholson sold the two-story two-family dwelling, on plot 50 by 150, on the west side of Hyatt Avenue, about 200 feet north of McLean Avenue, to a client of Hugo Wabst, for occupancy.

Max N. Natanson sold to Nathan Socol 717 Kelly Street, corner of Leggett Avenue, a four-story walk-up apartment, containing twelve suites, fully rented. The price was $45,000. Samuel Ginsberg was the broker.

Frederick Brown sold to a client of J. S. Maxwell 7 and 9 Tremont Avenue, near Jerome Avenue, a five-story apartment house, on a plot 50 by 91, renting for $8,500; also, to a client of J. S. Maxwell, 706 West 179th Street, between Broadway and Fort Washington Avenue, a five-story twenty-family apartment house, on a plot 50 by 93, renting for $10,374.

Brooklyn.

Gwendolyn Jeffries sold the three-story and basement brick dwelling on plot 23 by 100 at 188 Keap Street, between Lee and Marcy Avenues, to a client of the Bulkley & Horton Company for occupancy.

Meister Builders, Inc., sold the three two-story two-family houses, each on plot 20 by 100, at 927 Sixtieth Street, to three clients for occupancy.

The Worthal Realty Company sold the garage, held at $50,000, at 44 Rodney Street, to I. Lubinsky through I. J. Riker of Riker & Sanders.

The Clio Realty Company sold a two-story and basement frame dwelling on lot 17 by 100 on the north side of Fifty-third Street, 512 feet west of Third Avenue, to Lizzie Everham through William P. Jones.

The South Brooklyn Savings Bank sold the four-story brick dwelling at 1,239 Pacific Street to Eva Z. Allen for occupancy. Charles Partridge negotiated the sale.

Meister Builders, Inc., sold two three-story stucco dwellings, each on plot 18 by 98.8, at 8,703 and 8,705 Twentieth Avenue, to clients for occupancy.

A client of Louis Straus bought for investment the two houses, each on plot 53 by 100, each housing sixteen families and together held at $110,000, through Isaac Haft.

Queens Borough Sales.

Bessie W. Niece bought the dwelling at 39 State Street, Flushing, through J. Albert Johntra for occupancy.

The Rickert-Finley Realty Company sold one of their model apartment houses at 425 Jamaica Avenue, in the Norwood section of Astoria, to an investing client of Minor L. Platt. The building, which is four stories, stands on a plot 40 by 100, rents for $4,320, and was held at $52,000. The same broker sold for Thomas Capek his two-family dwelling at 419 First Avenue, Astoria, to Mrs. A. Hanftle for occupancy.

The Kew Gardens Corporation has sold to C. Singer a plot 100 by 100 on the east side of Welling Street, south of Brandon Avenue, Richmond Hill, for immediate development with dwellings.

The Lerner Realty Company has sold two improved plots on the west side of Emerald Street, south of Chichester Avenue, Richmond Hill, each 17 by 100, to G. Rainford and C. Schefferine.

The Ring Gibson Company has sold to the W. R. Gibson Company a plot 100 by 175 at the southwest corner of Ridgewood and Roanoke Avenues, Ozone Park.

The Daily Long Island Farmer Publishing Company, Inc., recently incorporated to take over the business of The Daily Long Island Farmer, which was owned by John C. Kennehan, has taken title to the property occupied by the printing establishment on the west side of Harriman Avenue, north of Fulton Street, Jamaica.

The Kew Gardens Corporation has sold to M. Lowe an improved plot 40 by 102 on the north side of Audley Street, west of Walnut Street, Richmond Hill.

Suburban Sales.

Isaac S. Wheaton sold his property, "Pulip Hill," consisting of about thirty-seven acres of land, mostly wooded, with a large residence, held at $200,000, at Locust Valley, L. I., through Douglas L. Elliman & Co.

The Frank Cotter Company sold a stucco house and garage on Woodmere Boulevard, Woodmere, L. I., to Alexander H. Straus, through William K. Macdonald.

F. Bruno bought a two-story cement block dwelling, held at $12,000, on Central Avenue, Bergenfield, N. J., through George N. Bruno & Co.

Realty Workers in Loan Drive Pass $2,000,000 Mark.

The Real Estate Division of Victory Loan Workers yesterday reached a total of $2,102,500, the day's total being $469,850. The largest subscriptions were one of $200,000 from the Title Guarantee & Trust Co., and the Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Co., both of which are controlled by Clarence H. Kelsey. Mr. Kelsey also made a personal subscription of $7,000. Carter, Ledyard & Milburn subscribed one-half of one per cent. of the assessed valuation of the firm's Fifth Avenue property, $5,000; Phelps Stokes subscribed $10,000; The Lawyers' Title & Trust Co., $10,000; and Mrs. Eliza Stevens, $30,000.

Alfred E. Marling, Chairman of the Real Estate Division, announced yesterday that it would be necessary for the realty men to take subscriptions totaling $300,000 a day from now until the end of the drive to reach the quota of $6,000,000 alloted to the division.

Commercial Leases.

Miner's Bronx Theatre, at 150th Street and Melrose Avenue, was leased by the American Real Estate Company, (Judge W. C. Noyes and Alfred E. Marling, receivers,) to the Acme Leasing Company, representing the H. & Miner Estate, for a term of five years, at an aggregate rental of $100,000. The Charles F. Noyes Company negotiated the transaction.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. leased the entire building, at 153 East Thirty-eighth Street, to the Knickerbocker Skate Corporation for a term of years, through Henry Hof.

The Brotherhood Wine Company leased the entire five-story and basement building, at 328 Spring Street, to Jacob Levitz, through A. H. Mathews.

The Far East Tea Garden leased two floors, at the southeast corner of Broadway and Fiftieth Street, from the Medmel Real Estate Company for a term of years, at an aggregate rental of $75,000. Herbert Miecht & Co. represented the lessees in the transaction, which was negotiated by the Charles F. Noyes Company.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

188th St., n w corner Grand Av; two five-story brick tenements, 96x96 and 80x94; Edward Waters Building Co., Edward Waters, 2,401 Walton Av, owners; Charles Kreymborg, 1C3d St. and Park Av., architect; cost, $170,000.

177th St, w s, 338.20 ft s of Tremont Av; one-story frame store, 80x25; Fred Schesinger, 980 Prospect Av, owner; Moore & Landsiedel, 3d Av and 148th St, architects; cost, $3,500.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, n e c 185th St, runs e 120x n 53.10x w 25x n 160.11 to s s 186th St x w 95 to c s avenue x s 224.10 to beginning; Allenel Construction Co. to Arrow Holding Co, 217 Broadway, April 25, mtg. $225,000, all titles; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 277 Broadway $100

AV A, 236, s. 65.4 ft n of 16th St, 24x65.6; Pearl Niles to Wilhelmina K. Gronbola, 313 South 9th St, Brooklyn, mtg $20,000, April 24; attorney Adolph Waxenbaum, 277 Broadway $50

BOWERY, 207, e s, 72.11 ft s of Rivington St, 26.9x100.6; Jacob Margolies to Joseph Wittman, 209 Eldridge St, ½ part, mtg $22,000, all liens, April 18; attorneys, Koppelman & W., 144 Rivington St. $100

NORFOLK ST, 175, w s, 25x100; Mary Kutner and Nettie Adler to Rosa Saberski, 216 Bowery, mtg $32,000; all liens, April 26; attorney, George P. Foulk, 38 Park Row $100

WEST ST, s e corner of 12th St, 20x80; Peter Doelger Brewing Co. to National Biscuit Co., at 15th St. and 10th Av, all liens, April 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

WEST END AV, 871, w s, 80.11 ft s of 103d St, 20x79.3; Victorine L. Flood (Forrest) to Thomas E. Forrest, 500 West End Av, all liens, July 17, 1918; attorney, W. C. Percy, 32 Nassau St. $1

7TH AV, s e corner of 111th St, 100.11x110; Long Beach Automobile and Storage Co. to Grand Concourse Realty Co., 200 Broadway, mtg $228,250, all liens, April 25; attorneys, Michael Kaufman, 280 Broadway $1

9TH ST, 55 West, n s, 248.10 ft e of 6th Av, 22.2x92.8; Lorenzo A. Cuneo and William E. Fodesta to Helen J. MacDonald, 103 Park St, Bakersfield Park, N. J., mtgs $13,000, all liens, April 26; attorneys, W. Ryerson, 132 Nassau St. $100

22D ST, 217 West, n s, 16.1x78.5; Lavinia A. Norcross to Charles P. and Maud M. Saar, on the premises, mtg. $5,500, April 17; attorney, O. Schullinger, 176 Broadway $100

26TH ST, 345-347 West, n s, 63.11x98.9; foreclosure March 18; Robert T. Lee, referee, to Listowel Realty Co., 27 Cedar St; attorneys, Butcher, T. & F., 1 Madison Av. $61,000

31ST ST, 408-426 West, s s, 25x103.4x—x35.2; Charles P. Fox to Listowel Realty Co., 27 Cedar St, all liens, April 26; attorneys, Knox & Dooling, 27 Cedar St. $1

37TH ST, n s, 295 ft w of 5th Av, 20x98.9; Atalanta Nicolaides Homer to John Magee, at Watkins, N. Y., all titles, b. and s.; attorneys, Patterson, E. G. & D., 120 Broadway $1

55TH ST, 115 East, n s, 18.9x100.5; Isabella Kritzman and William Cohn, extrs. and extr., to Amelia E. and Martha R. White, 127 East 55th St, April 25, all titles; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway $35,250

67TH ST, 36-40 West, s s, 75x100.5; Land Estates to Jasper A. Campbell, 50 West 67th St, mtg $90,973.18, all liens, April 15; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway. $100

126TH ST, s s, 272.6 ft w of 5th Av, 18.9x99.11; Abraham Marks to Annie Marks, 1,093 Madison Av, mtg $10,000, April 28; attorney, Leo Oppenheimer, 60 Wall St. $1

Bronx.

BROOK AV, s w cor 168th St, 71x30; Wm. Steinberg to Amer. Realty Co., 299 Broadway, April 28; attorney, Max Monfried, 299 Broadway $100

CRESTON AV, 2,740, w s, 16.10x100.4; Theodore Diesenberg to Eleanor C. Collins, 2,608 Briggs Av, mtg $3,000, April 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

CROTONA PARK NORTH, 797, n s, 50x96.5; Hunts Point Realty Co. to V. D. Realty Co., 271 West 125th, April 25; attorney, Max Monfried, 299 Broadway. $100

DAWSON ST, 856, e s, 40.7x100; Rime Building Co. to Otto Nelson, 2,487 Wellman Av, mtg $23,000, April 24; attorney, O. Nelson, 2,487 Wellman Av. $100

FREEMAN ST, 1,034, s w s, 50x100; Sunnyside Holding Co. to Charles I. Stein, 1,834 7th Av, mtg $36,500, April 25; attorney, J. Goldman, 94 Fine St. $100

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, s e cor Fordham Road, 158.7x100x150.6x103.11; Mary J. Ryan to Conford Realty Co, mtg $75,000, April 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $100

HOE AV, 1,200, n e cor Home, 102.2x40; D. H. Jackson Co. to Millington Holding Co., 135 Broadway, mtg $43,000, April 22; attorneys, Goldsmith & R., 1,476 Broadway $1

HUGHES AV, 2,274, e s, 16.8x50; Grace C. Marvin to John Fondrisi, 2,412 Crotona Av, April 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

HUGHES AV, 2,276, e s, 16.8x50; Grace C. Marvin to Eduardo Moralis, 190 Ludlow St, April 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

JEROME AV, n w cor North, 18x79.11; Harry H. Hughes, at Harrow Weald Park, Middlesex County, England, to Daniel F. Farrell, 11 West 102d St, April 3; attorney, T. F. Fay, 27 William St. $100

LOTS 457 and 488, map of Van Nest Park; George Amos to Daniel Cusati, 630 Van Nest Av, ½ part, and another, April 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

LOTS 142 and 143, map M. Schraekeisen; Jacob O. Pedersen to Jennie Tackney, 355 East 138th St, April 25; attorney, O. E. Davis, 3,310 3d Av. $100

LYON AV, s s, 25 ft e of Glover, 23x100; Madeline Landon to Henry H. Barnett, 841 Freeman Av, April 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $100

PARK AV, n e corner of 188th St, 77.4x100x84x100.2; Antonio Paviucci to Amelio Ruggiero, 2,480 Belmont Av, 1-3 right, title and interest, mtg $67,000, April 28; attorney, A. Ruggiero, 2,480 Belmont Av. $100

TOMPKINS AV, — s, Lot 54, map of 126 lots, part of Plot 23, map of Clason's Point; Edouardo Squitieri, 2134 Underhill Av, to Luigi Squitieri, same address, April 19; attorney, Joseph A. Boccia, 132 Nassau St. .$1

WASHINGTON AV, e s, 109.9 ft n of Fulton St, 40.8x86x40x74.4; also Washington Av, e s, 73.2 ft n of Fletcher St, 36.7x73.4x36x79.11; Eugenia K. Davis to Jennie Tackney, 355 East 138th St, April 28; attorney, C. W. Davis, 2,310 3d Av. .$1

SAME PROPERTY; Jennie Tackney to John F. Koehne, 890 Melrose Av, mtg $40,000, April 28; attorney, same. $100

WESTCHESTER AV, 804-18, n w s, 200x regular; Ambiake Realty Co. to Union Westchester Corpn., 378 Grand St, April 18; attorney, Max Silverstein, 378 Grand St. $100

WESTCHESTER AV, 810-12, s s, 50x118.1; same to same, April 18; attorney, same. $100

3D AV, w s, 215 ft s of 183d St, 25x122.11; Ely Neumann, referee, to Frank W. Blauvelt and another, executors, at Catskill, N. Y., April 24; attorney, Bartholomew Foody, Jr., 2 Rector St. $2,000

183D ST, 340 East, n s, 16.8x100; Ely G. Schweitzer to Maire V. Schweitzer, 102 Convent, Av, Sept. 9, 1918; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway. .$1

160TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Union Av, 44x145.2; Wm. Steinberg to Joffre Realty Co., 299 Broadway, April 28; attorney, Max Monfried, 299 Broadway $100

180TH ST, 944 East, s s, 40x110; Emil N. Sorgenfrei to Alvin Schrot, mtg $38,000, April 25; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway. $100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, n e cor 183th St, 53.10x120x54.2x120 P. M., April 25; Arrow Holding Corporation to Allend Construction Co., 30 East 42d St, due Oct. 25, 1919, 6 per cent. prior mtg. $75,000; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 277 Broadway $10,000

AUDUBON AV, e s, 107.7 ft s of 186th St, 53.3x90, P. M., April 25; Arrow Holding Corporation to Allen Construction Co., 30 East 42d St, due Oct. 25, 1919, 6 p. c., prior mtg $45,000; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 277 Broadway $5,000

AUDUBON AV, e s, 54.7 ft s of 186th St, 53 x95, P. M., April 25; Arrow Holding Corporation to Allen Construction Co., 30 East 42d St, due Sept. 30, 1919, 6 p. c., prior mtg $45,000; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 277 Broadway $5,000

AUDUBON AV, e s, 247 ft s of 186th St, 53 x95, P. M., April 25; Arrow Holding Corporation to Allen Construction Co., 30 East 42d St, due Sept. 30, 1919, 6 p. c., prior mtg $45,000; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 277 Broadway $10,000

AUDUBON AV, s e corner of 186th St, 53.7x95, P. M., April 25; Arrow Holding Corporation to Allen Construction Co., 30 East 42d St, due Sept. 30, 1919, 6 p. c., prior mtg $60,000; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 277 Broadway $10,000

AUDUBON AV, s e corner of 186th St, 54.7x95, P. M., April 25; Arrow Holding Corporation to Allen Construction Co., 30 East 42d St, due Sept. 30, 1919, 6 p. c., prior mtg $60,000; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 277 Broadway $10,000

AV A, 335-339, n e corner of 33d St, 59.3x93, April 26; Alurion Realty Corporation to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and interest as per bond..$100,000

7TH AV, s e corner of 111th St, 100.11x110; Long Beach Automobile and Storage Co. to Grand Concourse Realty Co., 200 Broadway, mtg $228,250, all liens, April 25; attorneys, Michael Kaufman, 280 Broadway $1

9TH ST, 55 West, n s, 248.10 ft e of 6th Av, 22.2x92.8; Lorenzo A. Cuneo and William E. Fodesta to Helen J. MacDonald, 103 Park St, Bakersfield Park, N. J., mtgs $13,000, all liens, April 26; attorneys, W. Ryerson, 132 Nassau St. $100

22D ST, 217 West, n s, 16.1x78.5; Lavinia A. Norcross to Charles P. and Maud M. Saar, on the premises, mtg. $5,500, April 17; attorney, O. Schullinger, 176 Broadway $100

26TH ST, 345-347 West, n s, 63.11x98.9; foreclosure March 18; Robert T. Lee, referee, to Listowel Realty Co., 27 Cedar St; attorneys, Butcher, T. & F., 1 Madison Av. $61,000

31ST ST, 408-426 West, s s, 25x103.4x—x35.2; Charles P. Fox to Listowel Realty Co., 27 Cedar St, all liens, April 26; attorneys, Knox & Dooling,

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.

Westchester County.

For Sale, Park Hill on Hudson, (next station to Yonkers.)—Fine house, 10 rooms, 2 baths; plot 50x120; all improvements; 30 minutes Grand Central; $12,000. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

Bronxville.—7-room house, 2 baths, completed May 15; desirable location; price reasonable. Emil Lund, Builder, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

An ideal home in select suburban, highly restricted residential section, finest in the State; house, seven large rooms, beautiful bath, parquet floors, every city improvement; dining and sleeping porches; on a large plot, with beautiful shade trees and lawns; 30 minutes from city; schools, stores, churches, golf and tennis; 60 trains daily; commutation $5.90; price $6,500 up; small cash payment and move right in. Call, write, or phone M. D. Ayers, 146 West 36th St. Phone 4535 Greeley.

"TELEPHONE ME NOW."—Craftsman design one-family houses, 6 and 7 rooms, tile bath, parquet floors, beamed ceilings, fireplaces, steam heat, electricity and gas, fine fixtures; near schools and station; 30 minutes to 42d St., New York, for 8c. commutation fare; small cash down, balance monthly; ready soon; others, 6 to 11 rooms; $5,600 to $15,000. John A. Baldwin, Inc., 80 Maiden Lane. Telephone John 5047.

HOMES FOR SALE.

At Ridgewood, N. J.—Several desirable homes in Ridgewood, one of New York's finest suburban home towns; no manufacturing; all homes; full particulars, including photographs, &c., at either office of S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN. 120 Broadway, N. Y. Rector 7718. Ridgewood, N. J. Tel. 555.

LEONIA.

A real bargain; owner forced to sell new house, decorated throughout; seven rooms, bath, sleeping porch, fireplace; oak floors, gas kitchen, hot water heat; plot 47x140; high ground, 15-mile view; $6,250, $500 cash. Leonia Homes Realty Co., Leonia, N. J.

SOUTH ORANGE, near Mountain Station.—Magnificent residence; beautiful surroundings; latest improvements; 12 rooms, 2 tile baths, 2 built in showers; plot 115x190; price $32,000. H. A. Schroll, 189 Market St., Newark, N. J. Phone 4025 Market.

Need $1,000 immediately, my beautiful new 6-room suburban home; every improvement; 30 minutes Manhattan; 2 railroads; 8 cents commutation. HENSCHEL, 89 6th St., Ridgefield Park, N. J. Phones 1481-J Hackensack, 1608 Cortlandt, N. Y.

$6,000 buys attractive seven-room modern house, only four years old; all-gas kitchen, electricity, telephone, sleeping porch; fifteen miles out; exclusive club community; every city advantage; absolute bargain. For details phone Bryant 2403.

Builder needing cash will sacrifice exquisite Colonial home of 8 rooms and bath in Montclair section for $1,000, balance $6,500 on mortgage; fine neighborhood; plot 100x150 feet; act quickly. Builder, Box 220 Times Downtown.

At Orange, N. J.—10-room house on corner plot, 46x189, on the D., L. & W.; 5 blocks from station; price $6,300; terms to suit purchaser's convenience. Sterling Service, 1602 J. World Tower Building, New York.

Caldwell, N. J.—Stucco houses, all improvements; enclosed sleeping porch, 2 fireplaces, 4 bedrooms, garage; location unexcelled; reasonable terms. Phone or write Sibley, 3,900 Broadway, N. Y. City.

Attractive home, convenient, West Englewood; reception hall, living, dining, three bedrooms, bath; large plot; nicely shaded; garage; $5,500. Frank Stevens, 200 Broadway, N. Y.

Mountain Lakes, N. J.—Completed modern residence, furnished or unfurnished, for sale or rent; see to appreciate; must see; office. W. L. Sawyer, 15 Park Row, New York.

Eighteen room house, in South Orange, at a bargain; terms to suit. X 477 Times Annex.

New York State.

A GENTLEMAN'S HOME.

Five acres of land, commanding a superb view of the Hudson; dwelling of 12 rooms and 2 baths, constructed in the most substantial manner; beautiful parquet floors and woodwork; new decorations and done with discriminating taste; modern plumbing and heating and large rooms; big shade trees, stone driveway, barn, and garage; acquired by foreclosure of a $10,500 mortgage and improved by judicious expenditure of several thousands more, it can be bought for $15,000, which would not replace the dwelling alone; it offers rare value, and is only an hour's run from New York.

HOWARD GOLDSMITH, 63 Park Row.
2596 Beekman.

Connecticut.

NEW CANAAN, CONN.

Gentleman's country home; 50 acres; house 9 rooms, improvements; wide verandas; fine shade; high elevation; most desirable neighborhood; liberal mortgage. Langley, New Canaan, Conn.

Country Houses Wanted.

Wanted—A 6-room house, Bronx, Brooklyn, or Queens; must be near subway; spot cash waiting. Dugan, 2 Manhattan Av.

Wanted—7-room modern house, commuting distance; give description, location, terms, &c. Box 450 Times, 2 Rector St.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

New Jersey.

Seven-room furnished bungalow near Shrewsbury River, close to Red Bank Station; fine community; $350 for season. Wm. Lawrence, 66 Broadway, N. Y. C.

Locust Point, near Navesink.—Furnished house on high land; ocean view; six master's, three servants' rooms, three baths. R., 113 East 155th St.

New Hampshire.

SUMMER RESIDENCE FOR RENT.

This comfortable old farmhouse, newly furnished, containing 10 rooms and 2 baths, hot and cold water, electric lights, telephone and sanitary sewerage; located in the New England hills near the play grounds of Andover, main line of Boston & Maine Railroad and near a town of 10,000; good stores and market, fine automobile roads.

ADDRESS OWNER, H 232 TIMES.

Facing lake, New Hampshire; large Colonial home well furnished, two baths, six fireplaces; excellent fishing, boating, bathing; large acreage; rare old trees; big porches; magnificent views; garage, stable, boat; $600. Telephone before 3 o'clock, 9117 Chelsea.

Furnished house in private office, Broadway, near City Hall, with or without machine; use of local telephone; stenographer and typist preferred. S 472 Times Downtown.

20,000 FEET STORAGE SPACE.

Modern building, high ceilings, large elevator, excellent service. Apply on premises, Gordon, 410-412 West 52d St. Columbus 514.

Lexington Av., 31st.—Large room, glass front, suitable studio, office, light business. Vreeland, 124 Lexington. Madison Square 2314.

LOFT, 857 Broadway, corner 17th St., 25x85; excellent light salesroom and showroom purposes. Apply Carstein & Linnekin, Inc., Agent, 221 4th Av.

Office, sublet, Circle Studio Bldg., 5 Columbus Circle; also sell furniture. Call between 12-5 P. M., Room 114.

Gentleman will share his office for $20 per month; near the Consolidated Stock Exchange Building. S 488 Times Downtown.

Lexington Av., 1,235, cor. 84th St. Large store, suitable for any business. Excellent location; reasonable rent.

Mail privileges, $3.00; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Furnished office, stenographer service; 40th to 50th, 5th to Park. F 252 Times.

Private office and desk room service. Suite 308, 51 East 42d St.

Desk room, stenographer service, to rent. 84 Fifth St., room 1107.

Two-family house, 420 East 92d St., suitable doctor's office and clinic.

Suite of three medium-sized rooms to rent. Barclay 2109.

Brooklyn.

111 South 6th St., Brooklyn.—5,000 sq. ft. building 20x80, suitable warehouse or light manufacturing, half block from Williamsburg Bridge station. Rieser, 28th St. and 1st Av., Madison Square 5350.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted—About 5,000 square feet for storage and shipping of light merchandise, vicinity Broadway and 28th St. S 70 Times.

Equitable Bldg., about 700 ft., sublet or take over lease. W 795 Times Downtown.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

LOTS FOR BUILDERS.

We have large and small plots for builders, cash, building loans, and subordination. Wm. Liss, Inc., 26 Court St., Brooklyn.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Two-family houses, desirably located, at Tuckahoe, N. Y.; restricted section; terms; modern 7-room house, open fireplace, hot water heat, hardwood floors, $6,500; house, Chester Hill, Mt. Vernon, 10 rooms, all improvements, $10,000. Apply G. H. L., 22 W. First St., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

White Plains, easterly part, 14-room house, Colonial style, every improvement, $12,000; and extra $4,000 per acre; immediate possession, or will rent, $1,800 yearly. Apply E. J. Rieser, owner, 28th St. and 1st Av., New York.

STORE TO LET AT SCARSDALE.

Good opening for cash grocer or first-class butcher; location suitable to any business; generous terms; will alter to suit tenant. Apply BENJAMIN EDWARDS, Scarsdale, N. Y. Scarsdale 256.

At Nepperhan Heights, Yonkers—Attractive 7-room stucco house, newly decorated; lot 50x100; $6,500; bargain. Wm. R. Jackson, 72 Rossiter Av.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTIES.
GEORGE HOWE.
527 5th Av., New York.

If you can pay $400 down you can build a bungalow at Hastings-on-Hudson; monthly payments. Write Edwards, 11 West 45th St.

House, State road, attractive, quiet surroundings, 5 rooms, bath. Phone Bronxville 989 W.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

COUNTRY HOMES.
$5,000 UPWARD, EASY TERMS.
Building plan and descriptive folder free.
HYDE & BAXTER,
Port Washington, L. I.

370 acres unimproved at Miller's Place, near Port Jefferson, Long Island, free and clear; will exchange for improved city or Brooklyn. Owner, E 307 Times.

For Sale or Rent.

Furnished house—12 rooms, 3 baths. Tennis court, plan, sewing machine. Phone Forest Hills 6200 or 6524.

JAMAICA—23 ACRES.

Brooklyn, 24 acres, 3,000 feet waterfront, for sale. Owner, J. Rohrer, 119 W. 42d St.

SAGE FOUNDATION.

2½ lots; sacrifice. D. S. Walker, 165 Broadway.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Brickyard for sale or rent, fully equipped; situated on Hudson River; capacity, based on last season's business, eleven million a year; capable of great increase under competent superintendence; supply of clay and sand ample. X 397 Times Annex.

HUDSON RIVER ESTATE.

25 acres; fine 19-room house; beautiful grounds, river view, greenhouse; all fruits. Apply James Barrow, 97 Clark St., Brooklyn.

Timber, hemlock and chestnut; 700 acres; Ulster County. James Barrow, 97 Clark St., Brooklyn.

Farm, Ulster County, 230 acres, all good land; 25 acres fine bearing apple trees. James Barrow, 97 Clark St., Brooklyn.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Belwood Park.—Choice building plots, 50x150 ft. and up; near station; will finance your home building from your own plans; houses ranging from $5,000 up. Frank Miller, 13 Park Row. Tel. Barclay 8885.

BARGAINS.—Suburban homes convenient, desirable locations. HENSCHEL, 89 6th St., Ridgefield Park, N. J. Phones, 1481-J Hackensack, (1608 Cortlandt, New York.)

Acre; eight rooms, bath, modern improvements; barn, poultry house, abundance fruit; conveniently located, desirable. Edwin Earle, Ridgewood, N. J.

Mountain Lakes, Boonton, and Northern New Jersey; dwellings, farms, and lakes. J. Cahill, Boonton, N. J.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

I AM A BUSINESS MAN AND WANT TO BUY FROM OWNER ONLY BEST HOUSE TO BE HAD IN WESTCHESTER, LONG ISLAND OR FROM $40,000 TO $50,000; ABOUT AN ACRE; GOOD LOCATION AND SURROUNDINGS; SEND ME FULL PARTICULARS, EXACT LOCATION AND PRICE. BOX 57, GRAND CENTRAL POST OFFICE.

I want at Plainfield or Westfield, direct from owner, the best proposition in a home with good plot that can be had from $5,000 to $7,000. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

HILLTOP FARM.

Southeastern exposure, 40 acres, partly cultivated, some timber, good stream, extensive view; 9-41 house, 8 rooms and bath, barn, apple orchard; 25 miles out; ideal country home; good farm.

S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN, 120 Broadway, N. Y. Tel Rector 7718. Ridgewood, N. J. Tel. 555.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

For sale, ten-acre farm; good house, barn and other outbuildings; suitable for fruit and poultry; 10 minutes to trolley or steam. For particulars write C. B. Forbes, Guilford, Conn.

Massachusetts—For Sale or To Let.

Farm, Berkshire Hills, Mass., 30 acres, with 10-room house; furnished; rent; sell; exchange. Harris' Exchange, Bryant 310.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

A physician recently released from service wishes a room suitable for an office, between 40th and 110th Sts., west, or would share office with another physician or dentist. Telephone 5585 Bath Beach or write D 395 Times.

Want 200 to 500 square feet in first-class office building for The Kansas City Star. Phone E. E. Robertson, Room 2045, McAlpin Hotel, before 11 A. M.

FIFTH AVENUE CORNER STORE FOR RENT, ABOVE 42D STREET, 21X84; LARGE SHOW WINDOWS ON AVENUE AND STREET. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D STREET.

$85; large, light lofts, 50x50; steam heat, elevator service; good location for labor; 407-9 East 70th St.; possession at once. Sigmund Levy, agent, 1,064 Lexington Av. Rhinelander 2252.

Furnished space in private office, Broadway, near City Hall, with or without machine; use of local telephone; stenographer and typist preferred. S 472 Times Downtown.

20,000 FEET STORAGE SPACE.

Modern building, high ceilings, large elevator, excellent service. Apply on premises, Gordon, 410-412 West 52d St. Columbus 514.

Lexington Av., 31st.—Large room, glass front, suitable studio, office, light business. Vreeland, 124 Lexington. Madison Square 2314.

LOFT, 857 Broadway, corner 17th St., 25x85; excellent light salesroom and showroom purposes. Apply Carstein & Linnekin, Inc., Agent, 221 4th Av.

Office, sublet, Circle Studio Bldg., 5 Columbus Circle; also sell furniture. Call between 12-5 P. M., Room 114.

Gentleman will share his office for $20 per month; near the Consolidated Stock Exchange Building. S 488 Times Downtown.

Lexington Av., 1,235, cor. 84th St. Large store, suitable for any business. Excellent location; reasonable rent.

Mail privileges, $3.00; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Furnished office, stenographer service; 40th to 50th, 5th to Park. F 252 Times.

Private office and desk room service. Suite 308, 51 East 42d St.

Desk room, stenographer service, to rent. 84 Fifth St., room 1107.

Two-family house, 420 East 92d St., suitable doctor's office and clinic.

Suite of three medium-sized rooms to rent. Barclay 2109.

SUMMER HOMES—Unfurnished.

Connecticut.

Cottage outside of Stamford, unfurnished, 5 rooms and garage, half an acre of land, good lawn and shrubbery, plenty of fruit trees and good garden grounds; reliable party only considered; season rental $450. H 313 Times.

MORTGAGE LOANS

Mortgage money to loan on Manhattan, Bronx, Brooklyn, and Queens property in amounts up to $100,000; owners only apply; also funds for good building loans, Manhattan or Bronx; second mortgages bought for cash. M. Morgenthau, Jr., Co., 206 Broadway, New York City.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale—Bargain, 7 Washington Terrace, 186th St., between Amsterdam and Audubon Avs., private block, brick house, 10 rooms; hardwood trim; all improvements. $1,000 cash, easy terms. Owner, Ernst, 56 Liberty St.

For Sale.—Two first-class dwellings in the 60's, between 5th and Park Avs.; quick action necessary; principals only. J. V. Graham, 55 Liberty St.

For Sale.—Several choice American basement dwellings in the 70's, 5th to Park Avs.; principals only. J. V. Graham, 55 Liberty St., N. Y.

Front St., near Wall, $10,000; Webster Av., near 171st, $86,000; hotels, Brooklyn bargains. J. F. CURTIN, 189 Montague, Brooklyn.

Bargains.—Elevator and walkup apartments; 1 and 2 family houses; city and suburbs; see us before buying. Harris Exchange, Times Building. Bryant 310.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Five-story Bronx new building, rents $2,400, $63,000; 5-story, new, rent $7,600, $48,000. Harris Exchange, Times Building.

Business property with apartments on 150th; might exchange. Steinmetz, 1,005 East 180th.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

57TH AV.—TWO LUXURIOUS ROOMS, EXCEPTIONAL BATH, HOTEL SERVICE. SNYDER, BUCKINGHAM HOTEL.

17TH ST., 206 EAST.—Five rooms, bath, elevator, telephone, electric light; May 15-Sept. 15; $75 monthly; seen exclusive of 1-5 P. M. Apartment 16.

18TH, 153 EAST.—June 1 to Sept 1, four-room housekeeping apartment, comfortably furnished; rent $60. Telephone Gramercy 6223, Apt. 5, for appointment.

19TH ST., 119 EAST.—Studio apartment, large room, two rooms, bath; May-Oct.; restaurant.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH, ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $27 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $22 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

36TH ST., 144 EAST.—Attractive, well-furnished 4-room apartment, May-November; may be seen after 2 o'clock; references. Superintendent.

39TH, 124 EAST.—Attractively furnished apartment, 3 unusually large, cool rooms, 2 baths; private house; exclusive neighborhood; references.

40TH, 149 EAST.—Handsomely furnished two rooms, bath, kitchen; unobstructed view. Apartment 94.

44TH ST., 141 EAST.—Completely furnished, piano; attractive, modern, comfortable, two large rooms, tiled bath and shower, kitchenette; light, quiet; season; apt. 7; $115 month; immediate possession; block from Commodore Hotel.

44TH, 9 EAST.—Studio apartment, 2 large rooms, luxuriously furnished; bath, kitchenette; $105 monthly to October or longer. Lubin.

44TH ST., Madison Av.—Newly furnished 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; meals served on tray if desired. Phone 5925 Vanderbilt.

47TH ST., 319 EAST.—Attractively furnished studio, kitchenette, and bath. Tel. Plaza 9420.

49TH, 21 EAST.—Large studio, bedroom, and bath. E. M. Crane, Plaza 219.

40 EAST 51ST ST.

Attractively furnished one, two, and three-room apartment; by month or year; meals.

57TH ST., 116 EAST.—Two very large, attractive rooms, with bath.

60TH ST., EAST—Attractive 3 large rooms, bath, kitchenette, from May to October; $100. Plaza 9190.

65TH, EAST. Near Madison.—Two rooms, alcove and bath. Telephone Plaza 4556.

69TH, 20 EAST.—2 rooms, bath, well furnished; maid service; suitable two gentlemen; $100. Murray Hill 9363, or Superintendent.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Furnished room to rent, with private bath and kitchenette.

87TH, 16 EAST.—Apartment to sublet, 7 rooms and bath; references. Apply premises.

APARTMENT to rent; near Washington Square; furnished; immediately; studio apartment, three rooms, bath, and kitchenette; references required; $125 per month; may be seen by appointment only. Phone Spring 7563.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED
East, West Side, long, short leases.
Immediate possession or Oct. Choice bldgs.
CLARK REALTY, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY,
east, west side, long, short leases.
APARTMENT RENTING CO.,
176 West 72d St. Phone Columbus 1277.

ATTENTION!—APARTMENTS, furnished, two and three rooms and baths, $17.50 weekly and up; full hotel service; one block from subway. HOTEL ST. LOUIS, 34 East 32d St., HOTEL SENTON, 35 East 27th St.

ATTRACTIVE apartment, 2 large rooms and kitchen, telephone, bath, $63 monthly; elevator. Janitor, 103 East 116th.

FOR RENT.—Charmingly furnished apartment from date to Oct. 1; Six rooms and bath, maid's toilet; $150 per month. Inquire Superintendent, 144 East 40th.

LEXINGTON AV., 798, (61st St.)—Attractive 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette. Plaza 2290 or 8819.

MADISON AV., 200.—Handsomely furnished large room, bedroom, and bath. Plaza 219.

NEAR PLAZA HOTEL.—Unique and magnificently furnished, large apartment, overlooking park; delightfully cool; responsible party only; May 1 to Oct. 1. Tel. Central 5904.

SAN JACINTO, 18 East 60th St.
Sublet 1-2-3 rooms and bath.

UNUSUAL values in furnished apartments; east and west side. Railing Realty Co., 270 Park Av. Phone 7914 Murray Hill.

Furnished—West Side.

5TH AV. and 10th St., (The Grosvenor.)—Desirable apartment of two rooms and bath to sublet.

10TH, 57 WEST.—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; $70; per month. Apply on premises.

11TH ST.—Seven-room apartment, elevator building, sixth floor; $100. Phone Columbus 478.

12TH ST., 137 WEST.—Completely furnished three-room housekeeping; piano, &c.; well appointed house.

30TH, 1 WEST.—Desirable corner, 2 rooms and bath apartment for rent, furnished, until Oct. 1; $150 per month, including maid's service; long lease after Oct. 1, unfurnished, if desired.

32D, 9 WEST.—Large two rooms, bath; first-class period furnishings. Steigelman.

36TH, 38 WEST.—Sublet furnished apartment overlooking park, two bedrooms, parlor, bath, kitchenette. Sarlee, care Superintendent.

42D ST., 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished parlor, bedroom and bath; $30 per week; full hotel service.

43D, WEST.—Attractively furnished apartment, parlor, bedroom, kitchenette, bath. Stocher, 1,482 Broadway.

45TH ST., 341 WEST.—"modern elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $35-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH, 112 WEST. — Completely furnished bachelor apartment; two and three rooms, bath; $85 to $110; modern elevator building. PAYSON McL. MERRILL CO., INC., 9 East 44th St. Tel. Murray Hill 8300.

47TH ST., 8 WEST.—Elegantly furnished second floor, singly or together; piano; elevator; gentlemen, couple or studio; also large furnished room, third floor, bath kitchenette.

50TH ST., (near 5th Av.)—Interesting two-room duplex studio, kitchenette and bath; sublet May 15 to Oct. 1; $200 per month; references required. Telephone Circle 5784 evenings and mornings before 10.

50S, (near 5th Av.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath, $115. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

51ST, (near Broadway.)—High-class 5 rooms, all outside, cheerful, attractive, $175; May 1 to Oct. 1. X 472 Times Annex.

54TH ST., 201 WEST. — Handsomely furnished four rooms, bath; moderate. Apartment 6D.

55TH ST., NEAR 5TH AV.—For rent, May 1, at $350 per month, four-room apartment, elegantly furnished in Italian rose and gray, including kitchen; restaurant, maid, and valet service if desired; exclusive apartment house. Telephone Circle 1081 for appointment.

55TH, WEST.—Apartment, seven rooms, 3 baths; $200. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Hotel Thorndyke.)
Exceptionally attractive two-room suite, with private bath; full hotel service; special weekly, monthly rate.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Hotel Thorndyke.)—Very desirable room with private bath; suitable for one or two persons; full hotel service; special weekly or monthly rates.

57TH ST., WEST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; rent less than unfurnished. Circle 4763.

57TH, 52 WEST.—Comfortable 2 rooms, kitchenette. Apt. 3S. Telephone, (A. M.,) Circle 718.

57TH ST., 200 WEST.—Very cool beautiful apartment, two bedrooms, bath, living room, kitchen; tenth floor. Circle 3560.

58TH ST., 200 WEST.—Three rooms and bath; housekeeping; every convenience; $150 monthly to Oct. 1. Phone Circle 5657.

58TH, 57 WEST.—Seven or eight newly furnished rooms, two baths, $150 per month until October; references. 543 Plaza.

59TH, 40 WEST.—From about May 15 to Nov. 1, desirable 9-room apartment; beautifully furnished; grand view over Central Park to north; cool breezes and sunny exposure to south; lofty ceilings; ample closet room. Consult Supt.

59TH ST., 38 WEST.
Sublet, 2-3 rooms, bath, and kitchenette.

60TH, 24 EAST.—Large studio, three bedrooms, bath, kitchenette; opportunity for bachelors.

67TH ST., 2 WEST.—For rent, beautifully furnished apartment, large drawing room, alcove dining room, kitchen, 2 bedrooms; $2,000 until Oct. 1; longer lease if desired. Telephone Columbus 1167.

68TH, (Central Park West.)—Overlooking the park; 6 rooms and 2 baths, attractively and fully furnished, with Steinway piano, for two adults, from May 1 to Oct. 1, 1919, or to Oct. 1, 1920; best references required. Paul J. Byck, 1,777 Broadway. Phone Circle 5072.

69TH, 212 WEST.—Charmingly furnished living room, fireplace; two bedrooms, bath, kitchenette; May to October, longer; $85. Wetmore.

69TH, 245 WEST, (The New West End.)—2-3 room, bath, kitchenette; latest improvements; complete housekeeping, $60 up.

70S, WEST.—Apartment, three rooms, kitchen, bath; $125. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

71ST, 324 WEST.—Spacious studio apartment, two rooms, bath, elegantly furnished, in modern private home, $80 monthly, including service; electricity; gentleman or business people.

72D ST., (near Broadway.)—Large studio with grand piano, bedroom, bath, until Oct. 1. Phone Col. 1813.

74TH, 33 WEST.—SPACIOUS SUITE, TWO ROOMS, BATH; PERFECTLY APPOINTED HOME; REFERENCE; ALSO ONE LARGE ROOM.

77TH ST., (2,187 Broadway.)—One flight, six spacious rooms, bath, elegantly, completely furnished, linen, service; $150 month; call after 7 P. M. Phone Schuyler 8081.

79TH ST., 230 WEST.—Corner apartment, 6 rooms and 3 baths, all outside; linen and silver; immediate possession; long lease if required. A. E. F., Apartment 41.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

70TH, 315 WEST.—COMPLETELY FURNISHED, SEVEN OUTSIDE ROOMS, BATH. LAVATORIES. MAY TO OCTOBER. TELEPHONE SCHUYLER 3814.

80S.—Beautiful newly and elaborately furnished apartment, eight rooms, three baths, four exposures, $225. Phone 1277 Columbus, Tuesday.

80S, WEST END.—5 rooms front, charmingly furnished; season; bargain. Columbus 3074.

81ST, 219 WEST.—Five perfectly appointed large, outside rooms, suitable for couple, for two months, with privilege of further rental; excellent maid; references required; $250 a month. Apt. 11D. Schuyler 2579.

81ST, 304 WEST.—Well furnished; full housekeeping; three rooms, bath; twin beds; everything modern. 3B. Schuyler 9751.

83D ST., (Near Riverside.)—Attractively furnished seven rooms, ideal for Summer; May 15 to October. Inquire Schuyler 2037.

84TH, 40 WEST.—3 rooms and kitchen; 9th floor; beautifully furnished; all outside rooms; piano, electric fan. Ask Superintendent.

85TH, 252 WEST.—Very elegant apartment, 5 rooms; June 15 until Sept 15; $150 per month.

87TH, 48 WEST.—MAGNIFICENTLY FURNISHED TWO ROOMS AND KITCHENETTE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; PRIVATE BATH, ELECTRICITY; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY.

89TH, 321 WEST.—Entire floor in elegant private house, 4 rooms, bath, and kitchenette; telephone, maid service, electricity, and gas included, $145 per month.

92D, 251 WEST.—Beautifully furnished high class, seven-room apartment, complete, 3 master bedrooms, 2 baths. Phone 1356 Riverside.

94TH, 250 WEST, corner Broadway.—Comfortably furnished apartment; eight outside rooms; May to September. Apt 5 south.

95TH, 310 WEST, (Apt. 22.)—Six large, elegant, immaculate rooms; linen, silver, piano; reasonable rent. See Superintendent.

107TH, 300 WEST, corner West End Av.—Seven large light rooms and bath, three bedrooms; handsomely furnished; May to Oct. 1. Phone Academy 51.

108TH, 301 WEST, Apt. 6B.—8 large, light rooms. Apply 9-12 or by appointment. Academy 3145.

111TH, 518 WEST.—Beautifully furnished four and six-room elevator apartments to sublet. Harry Hirschfeld.

111TH, 611 WEST.—Handsomely furnished 5 rooms; view Hudson; $135 per month. Murray.

113TH, 511 WEST.—Attractive 5-room apartment, completely furnished; grand piano; May 15 to Sept. 15. Inquire mornings only. Apt. 6B. Phone Cathedral 9380.

115TH, 504 WEST.—Unusually pleasant, bright apartment; 4 rooms and bath, elevator, $85; no children. Telephone Cathedral 7960.

113TH, 544 WEST.—High-class apartment, 2 rooms, bath, nicely furnished; rent $70; dining room in building. Cathedral 7715.

118TH, 430 WEST, (Apt. 21.)—Elegant light large front room, handsomely furnished.

[illegible] 455 WEST.—Attractively furnished two rooms, kitchenette, bath, $70 month.

121ST, 537 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—7 cool, light rooms, completely furnished; linen, silver, grand piano. Apply Superintendent, or phone A. E. Fountain, Jr., Chelsea 3038.

121ST, 414 WEST.—To sublet, May to October, or longer, furnished apartment, 4 rooms, $90 per month. Apartment 48. Telephone Morningside 8905, Extension 148.

122D, 508 WEST.—Sublet five rooms. Apartment 43.

127TH, 600 WEST.—Beautifully furnished 5-room apartment; spotless; $75.

137TH ST.—Five rooms, elevator building, third floor, piano; $75. Phone Columbus 1277.

150TH, 601 WEST, (Apt. 64.)—Seven rooms, well furnished; airy apartment; pianola, Victrola; rent moderate. Phone Audubon 8081.

157TH ST., 323 WEST.—For rent, from May 15 to Oct. 1, four-room apartment, non-elevator, light, sunny, artistically furnished, block from subway and busses; no children; references; call Sunday, before 3. G. W. Rehse.

160TH, 564 WEST.—Five elegant, light rooms, elevator apartment, handsomely furnished; pianola, Victrola, linen, silver; $100. Apt. 67.

165TH, 540 WEST.—Elegant 5-room furnished apartment; sublet $80. Apt. 22.

172D, 200 WEST.—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED, EXTRA LARGE, LIGHT FOUR-ROOM APARTMENT; REFERENCES, APT. 6 G.

176TH, (1,324 St. Nicholas Av.)—Beautifully furnished 4-room apartment, $60. Goldman.

APTS. OF UNUSUAL CLEANLINESS.
3 and 4 rooms, kitchenette, one or two baths, $70 monthly and up; comfortably furnished, telephone, elevator service, maid service optional; no objectionable or questionable tenants; references essential.
THE WILLOUGHBY,
223-229 WEST 69TH ST.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.—For Spring and Summer bargain opportunities consult Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 200 W. 73d. Columbus 3074.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 754 W. 72d. Col. 836.

APARTMENT, June 1 to Oct. 1, handsomely furnished, upper west side, $300 per month. Phone 2573 Columbus.

APARTMENTS, 4-5 rooms, $100. Miller, 162 West 56th. Circle 4067.

Attractive Apartments. Hotel Conveniences At Apartment Rates. Inspection Invited.
THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY.

110th St., between Amsterdam & Columbus Av. Fully furnished Apartment rented monthly. 2 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $50 up. 3 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $70 up. Telephone Academy 611 for further information. Linen and maid service if desired. Two blocks east of Broadway Subway, near 6th and 9th Av. "L." Reference essential.

AUDUBON AV., 220, (Apt. 51.)—Six, all outside; elevator apartment; pianola; reasonable.

BARGAIN opportunity overlooking Riverside; exquisitely furnished 7 rooms, 3 baths, 3 bedrooms; immediate possession; sacrifice Summer. Columbus 3074.

BEAUTIFULLY situated, complete and attractively furnished, five-room apartment on Washington Heights; will sublet to Oct. 1, with privilege of renewal. X 463 Times Annex.

BROADWAY, (8th St.)—Two charming rooms, bath, $100. Telephone Schuyler 2157.

CAPITOL,
107 West 109th. Academy 1611.

ALCAZAR,
215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1710.
Two and three-room, beautifully furnished apartment in elevator building, $45-$75 monthly; also two to six room apartments in non-elevator building, $40-$75 monthly. Office 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—High class modern eight large light rooms apartment, June to October, $200 monthly; responsible party only. Inquire Room 302, 114 East 28th St. Telephone 4184 Madison Square.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 428.
Six-room apartment, two sunny, pleasant front rooms facing Central Park; sublet from May to October; rent only $100 per month. A. T. Strong.

Charming apartment, 6 rooms and bath, 8th floor, southern exposure, in 80s, near Central Park West; $200 monthly; June 1st to Oct. 1. Robert M. Bush & Co., 428 Lafayette St., Manhattan.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col 1077.

ELEGANT 5 ROOMS, INCLUDING PIANO-PLAYER AND VICTROLA; NICE AND AIRY; FIRST FLOOR FRONT; POSSESSION AT ONCE TO OCT. 1; 91 FORT WASHINGTON AV., COR. 162D ST., 1 BLOCK OF RIVERSIDE DRIVE. APT. 1E. REASONABLE RENT.

ELEGANTLY furnished five large, outside rooms, bath; reference. Apt. 8B. 2490 Circle.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 455, (181st St.)—Six rooms and bath, furnished; immediate possession. Apply to Mr. Shaw, Tel. St. Nicholas 8812, Apartment 43.

FURNISHED APARTMENT; select west side neighborhood; convenient location to all cars; moderate rent; immediate possession; seen by appointment. Address La Mothe, 523 Broadway, New York City.

HANDSOMELY furnished duplex apartment, six rooms and bath, in club district; unusually attractive in every detail, of the highest order; only those appreciating high-class home would be interested; references required. Phone Vanderbilt 1708 or address D 283 Times.

HOTEL MANHATTAN SQUARE.—Parlor, chamber and bath, tastefully appointed, including piano; twelfth floor, all windows facing south, giving delightful panorama of New York; to sublet for month of June; special at $125. Schuyler 2500, Suite 128.

MANHATTAN ST., 246.—4 rooms and bath to sublet from May 1 to Sept. 30; piano, telephone. Apt. 4.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 40.—Well-furnished apartment, 5 rooms, May-September, $85 a month. Apt. 6I, Coleman. Morningside 3447.

[illegible] leaving New York, will sublet indefinitely finely furnished 4-room, ideal Summer apartment, near Dyckman St., to reliable party at reasonable rate. Tel. St. Nicholas 3725. Apt. 52.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 84TH ST.
PARK AV., 76TH ST.
RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 95TH ST.
Handsomely furnished apartments, sublet until October; 5, 6, and 8 rooms; 3 baths; immediate possession.
ATTRACTIVE RENTAL.
Telephone Plaza 4995.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 440.—Corner apartment, 8 rooms, 2 baths, overlooking river, southern exposure, for rent from May 1, furnished or unfurnished. Inquire Supt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 187.—Magnificent two rooms, bath, kitchenette, large balcony, facing river; $130; hotel service.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 230, (Corner 95th.)—Beautifully furnished corner apartment on the Drive, six large outside rooms, bath and shower, May 1 to October or longer; player piano. Apt. 2A. Apply superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 980.—Large apartment, 3 rooms, bath, kitchen, all facing Drive; immediate possession. Phone Audubon 3120. Apt. 2B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Elaborately furnished 8 rooms, three baths, front; $175. Columbus 1277.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 610.—Fourteen windows overlooking Hudson; five rooms, complete home; $125. Gleason.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Six rooms, two baths; housekeeping; furnished; river view; bargain. Columbus 3

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

YOUNG LADY, well educated, refined, speaks four languages, teaches piano; seeks position as governess to one child or companion to lady. Kalecay, 624 West 152d.

YOUNG LADY, refined Christian, desires change; comparison, employment department; experienced. L 381 Times.

YOUNG LADY wishes to do typewriting at home evenings. L 386 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN OF EDUCATION AND BUSINESS ABILITY WHOSE BEST RECOMMENDATION IS HER INCLINATION TO PROMOTE THE INTERESTS OF HER EMPLOYERS, DESIRES RESPONSIBLE POSITION WITH WHOLESALE OR RETAIL FIRM. E 347 TIMES.

YOUNG WOMAN, 15 years' secretarial and executive experience, thoroughly efficient stenographer, desires properly compensated position with reliable banking, brokerage or commercial concern where initiative, willingness and ability, assume charge of correspondence will be appreciated. F 247 Times.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS, neat colored girls; investigated references; wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

COUPLES.—Housework, country, women cooks, man butlers or outside work. Addersley's Emp. Agency, 29 Mechanic St., New Rochelle. Tel. 2208.

BERTA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (89th.) Riverside 9403.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 133d St. Morn. 6926.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, qualified and well balanced, seeks opening with large manufacturer requiring man of executive type; unusual experience in manufacturing and professional accounting and strong on costs and tax matters; highest references. Box 441 Times, 2 Rector St.

ACCOUNTANT—EXPERT.

Books opened, audited, systematized; spare-time bookkeeping arrangements; tax reports; reasonable. Greene, 12 West 27th St. Telephone Chelsea 3904.

ACCOUNTANT, OFFICE MANAGER, $8,000; New York University graduate; 8 years' experience manufacturing, mercantile lines; now employed; highest references; salary, $4,000. N 417 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Arrangements firms without bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly; books opened; systems; tax reports. Goldwater, 152 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7800.

ACCOUNTANT, ABLE.—TAX SPECIALIST. Auditing, opening, closing; bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50; established 1909. Telephone Friedlander, Beekman 908.

ACCOUNTANT books opened, closed; tax reports, bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly; service, not fat fees. Alpert-Barst, Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., high-grade executive, wide experience, record of achievement, seeks big job with corporation. X 169 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, C. P. A. experience, desires position with accountant. E 373 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Can you use a man, 26, 4 years of general ledger experience; salary least consideration. L 357 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER, (29;) executive ability; correspondent. L 380 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS. — Books closed, opened, kept part time; statements made up. D 894 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR open for engagements evenings; books opened and closed, tax reports, etc. E 383 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 24, experienced, wishes to connect with C. P. A. firm as semi-senior or junior. N 426 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANCY STUDENT, advanced, desires position with public accountants; salary secondary. L 359 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced, desires connection with C. P. A. S 477 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, desires part or full time position. S 458 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, EXPERIENCED, junior or semi-senior. Sternlight, 768 Fox St.

ADVERTISING MAN, 27, released from army, seeks advertising position with manufacturer or publication; 3 years' experience, college graduate; worker; excellent references. A 277 Times.

ARTIST.—Young man, experienced, seeks position with reliable publishing house or paper; references. X 449 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT CHEMIST.—Young man, 23, discharged soldier, desires position; high school graduate and student of chemistry. I. Gelb, 67 East 101st St., New York City.

ASSISTANT PURCHASING AGENT OF LARGE OIL COMPANY DESIRES TO MAKE A CHANGE DESIRES POSITION OF SIMILAR NATURE REQUIRING ABILITY AND INTEGRITY; HIGHEST REFERENCES FROM PRESENT EMPLOYERS AND OTHERS; UNIVERSITY GRADUATE, 40 YEARS OLD, MARRIED. P 33 TIMES.

AUTO TIRE and accessories man desires position with Eastern house represented out of town. E 369 Times.

ATTENTION,
EASTERN BUSINESS INTERESTS!

Having spent most of my life, or at least the last thirteen years, in traveling various countries of Europe, Asia, Africa, Cuba, and most Eastern ports, and having also in this way accumulated a fair business education, I now, at the age of 28, offer my services to some reliable firm or individual with Eastern interests. I have just returned from four years' service in the late war. Had three years' service in trenches with original "B. E. F." in France and Belgium. Can furnish best references. Should you be interested, address James Wilson, 10 Bailey Av., Pittsburgh, Pa.

ATTENDANT, messenger, or any work of a confidential nature; man, 32, single, wishes position; reliable and trustworthy; reference. A 338 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, COST ACCOUNTANT, highly educated, clean cut; experienced corporation, controlling accounts; books opened, closed, balanced, financial statements rendered, entanglements adjusted; seeks permanency with reputable concern; $30. V 420 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, with knowledge of accounting; Christian, married, 20 years' experience, executive ability, thoroughly familiar with controlling accounts, preparing balance sheets and profit and loss accounts; highest references; salary $2,500. S 463 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, 27; assume responsibility; 11 years' banking and commercial; have occupied executive capacities; salary $1,800. V 510 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—Young man, 19, high school graduate; trial balance; controlling accounts; 3 years' experience. T 1299 Times, Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 36, take charge; executive ability, controlling accounts, financial statements, corporation accounting, factory cost. S 362 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 24, 8 years of varied bookkeeping and accounting experience, would like to connect with reliable firm. S 476 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Energetic young man, 20, 4 years' experience, good education and business knowledge; salary no object. Asset, N 481 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, wide experience cost, general ledger, controlling accounts, commercial banking; prepare financial statements. Box 67, 1,039 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, married; thoroughly experienced manufacturing, importing, exporting; unquestionable references. S 448 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced opening and closing books, statements, &c.; first-class references. Box 35, 5,013 3d Av., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, reliable, experienced, double entry, student of accounting, seeks position with a reliable concern. A 335 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 5 years' experience; payroll, sales and purchase ledgers. Efficient, 212 West 114th St., City.

BOOKKEEPER, (29;) thoroughly experienced modern methods; 10 years; moderate salary. L 379 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 26, of proven ability; any reasonable proposition acceptable. L 356 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; no evenings; competent, reliable; small monthly charge. S 485 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (28,) commercial and public accounting experience; references; salary $25. S 453 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Young man, high school graduate, accountant student, ambitious. A 345 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 24, experienced assistant office manager and head accountant. L 362 Times.

BUSINESS MANAGER, with rare experience; just returned from the army, is open for engagement. E 379 Times.

BUYER, Assistant Manager, or Accountant.—Young man, 27 years of age, recently released from service, college education, formerly engaged in export business, desires position in export concern. L 347 Times.

BUYER'S ASSISTANT, married man, 35, wide commercial experience, would consider position with a jobbing or fist-class dry goods house; can also take charge of stock; best references. A 330 Times.

CARETAKER, married, (38,) refined, good habits, trustworthy, private place, country, during absence owner; moderate pay expected. Chester Sweet, care Hill, 1,106 Herkimer St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, wishes private position; 5 years' experience; careful driver; do own repairs; honest, sober, willing; best references; city, country. Murs, 1001 West 53d St.

CHAUFFEUR, single, wishes position in private family; experienced mechanic on high-grade cars; good man for the right party. A. Wagner, 168 East 32d St.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

CHAUFFEUR, 16 years' experience as mechanic and driver, wishes position on high grade cars with private family; best of reference; 10 years in last place. D 896 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau, Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway, Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR, beginner, 6 months' driving, wishes position with private family; small wages; reference, Eugene Mason, 159 Edgecombe Av.

CHAUFFEUR, expert mechanic; 8 years' experience Pierce, Packard, Cadillac; go anywhere; extensive touring experience. Chauffeur, Columbus 5212.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, (35,) married, twelve years' experience, wishes permanent position; three years last position, Eggers, 705 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR, (19,) experienced, wishes position with private family; best reference. N 406 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—10 years' experience; drive any car; private; best of references. Care Rivera, 33 Manhattan Av.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, thoroughly experienced man; reliable; any make car; best references, M. F., 107 East 47th.

CHAUFFEUR, reliable, experienced on repairs, wishes position; best references. Phone Rhinelander 3825.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, own repairs; good reference; go anywhere. C 922 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR, honorably discharged soldier, experience all cars. Phone Schuyler 9020, 2 to 5 P. M., or F. Hickey, 113 West 89th.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, married, 8 years' experience, wishes position in city. Okita, 177 West 97th St. Riverside 5719.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, reliable, single, wishes position; long-term references as to ability. J. R., 182 East 73d. Rhinelander 9960.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, Pierce, Packard, Cadillac, Stutz cars; references. E 372 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, city or country. Rennix, 235 West 63d.

CHEMIST.—Experienced in steel, explosives, and general analytical analysis. L 368 Times.

CLERK.—Young man, 19, desires position; I have 4 years' experience in general office routine; I have best of references, and can also furnish bonds if necessary. N 410 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL.—Young man, 19, high school education, desires position; experienced. F 246 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, Spanish, (21,) bookkeeper, typist, accurate at figures, seeks position. F 224 Times.

COST MANAGER, 25 years old, experienced in payroll and overhead distribution, analysis work; initiative; progressive thinker. Box F 245 Times.

COUPLE.—Wanted place by young couple, man as chauffeur, and wife, waitress of general housework. Write Emil Huvila, 2,542 7th Av., New York.

COUPLE as caretaker; husband employed; best references. D., 238 Columbus Av.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical; 4 years' experience on automobiles, motor trucks and general machinery; evening student mechanical engineering. A 256 Times.

DRAFTSMAN-ENGINEER, mechanical, 7 years' experience design and layout, desires responsible position. Paul, 161 Halsey St., Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMAN, (3 years' experience, some technical education, wishes position mechanical line; just discharged; best references. V 1301 Times Bronx.

ELECTRICAL SUPPLY MAN, 12 years' experience; married; seeks connection with export house; furnish best of references. S 457 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE-MANAGER.—American supervisor with record as organizer of help, seeks position doing anything; ten years' successful record in production and cost department; three years Superintendent factory organization; social, industrial, welfare worker; employment executive. N 404 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE experienced accountant, correspondent, systematizer, sales and production manager, will take subordinate position; moderate salary. N 407 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, credit manager, accountant, foreign and domestic financial matters, highest credentials, open for engagement. E 389 Times.

EXPORT. — POSITION WANTED WITH MANUFACTURER OR GROUP OF MANUFACTURERS WHO DESIRE TO INCREASE THEIR EXPORT TRADE; ADVERTISER HAS HAD NECESSARY EXPERIENCE TO ASSURE QUICK AND LASTING RESULTS; HAS TRAVELED COMMERCIALLY IN AUSTRALASIA, SOUTH AMERICA, INDIA, FAR EAST, AND NEARLY ALL LATIN AMERICAN COUNTRIES; KNOWS AND HAS SOLD THE HARDWARE DEPARTMENT STORE AND FANCY GOODS HOUSES IN THESE COUNTRIES; AT PRESENT EMPLOYED AS EXPORT EXECUTIVE; AMERICAN, SINGLE, 43, SPEAKS SPANISH; HIGHEST CREDENTIALS; SUITABLE OPPORTUNITY OF MORE INTEREST THAN SALARY RECEIVED AT START; NO OBJECTION TO LIMITED TRAVELING; COMMISSION HOUSES NEED NOT REPLY. ADDRESS P. O. BOX 1017, CITY HALL STATION, NEW YORK.

EXPORT MANAGER, confectionery concern, desires better opportunity; college education; knowledge French, Spanish; capable of assuming full charge. D 336 Times.

EXPORT.—Young man, 21, three years' experience, as assistant to manager; unquestionable reference. S 459 Times Downtown.

EX-SOLDIER, (25,) having several years' clerical experience, desires connection with downtown firm; knowledge of freight and express traffic. S 435 Times Downtown.

FARMER.—Wanted, a position by an A1 man who thoroughly understands all general farming, including fruit, vegetable garden, flower garden, lawns, driveways, dairying, poultry, all farm implements, live-stock; 11 years' experience as manager; would hire either on a commercial or private estate. Box 46, Gladstone, N. J.

FREIGHT TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Capable, efficient traffic man, with 17 years' experience, rates, freight claims, tracing and damage; rate overcharge, &c.; embargoes, capable handling large office force; available for commercial firm; view taking complete charge or reorganizing traffic departments; acquainted railroad export committees; exceptional opportunity engage services man able save you much in claims and adjustment affairs carriers; excellent record. X 461 Times Annex.

HIGHLY intelligent young man, 25, college graduate, ambitious, fine appearance, sound judgment, unquestionable sense, tact, initiative, desires business opportunity; ready to begin at bottom; confident of making good. N 415 Times Downtown.

INVESTIGATOR and collector wishes position; just released from U. S. Navy. E 377 Times.

JAPANESE chef wishes position in club, hotel, restaurant. Sawaba, 624 Lexington Av.

KNIT GOODS.—Young man, 21,) experienced knit goods salesman and all-around inside man; references. F 237 Times.

LAWYER, experienced in all branches of real estate, desires connection with firm requiring such services. S 475 Times Downtown.

LEDGER CLERK, (25,) trial balances, controlling accounts, statements; $27. L 373 Times.

MAN—
33, American, 6 feet 2 inches, sound body, mind, heart; optimistic, enthusiastic, genial, heavy college education; qualified for industrial engineering, employment direction; commercial vision, executive power; available now for secretary, President large corporation, counsellor, large organization; foundation broad, strong, deep; life superstructure being erected. E 378 Times.

MAN, 50, active, capable, desires position of trust; thoroughly familiar with all clerical work; moderate salary. A 328 Times.

MANAGER who established and developed splendid bias seam tape department for well known binding house, open to make change; confident of equal success for another; correspondence invited. Initiative, V 508 Times Downtown.

MILL MANAGER.
TEXTILE; THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF MILL AND MAIL OFFICE; BEST REFERENCES. X 426 TIMES ANNEX.

OFFICE MAN, 24, college education, six years' experience, accountant, export details, office management and selling experience, desires connection with reliable house at moderate salary where opportunity is assured to right man. N 428 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT-TYPIST, Underwood operator, young man, American, desires position. G 859 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER.—For seven years with large real estate concern; capable executive, correspondent, bookkeeper, salesman; desires responsible position with opportunity. Manager, 820 Wadsworth Building.

PATTERNMAKER.—Ladies' muslin and silk underwear. P., Box 9, 1,335 3d Av.

PLASTERER.—Hard worker, desires connection with builder firms; references. N 409 Times Downtown.

PURCHASING ENGINEER desires connection export company, mechanical and electrical equipment, machinery, building materials, supplies, power plants. L 302 Times.

REAL ESTATE MAN, familiar all kinds of property, desires connections where faithful work will be appreciated. S 447 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 27, iron and steel products, college graduate, 3 years' experience, present manager New York export office, desires change and advancement. S 468 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SALES MANAGER.

I have selected, trained and managed a sales force for a house of worldwide reputation, selling an article at a price of about $200, which in the last twelve months did a business of over half a million dollars.

The force consisted of about 40 men selling in the field and 12 men selling in exhibits, which we placed in stores.

I have had the benefits of an exceptional education, a thorough training and experience as a salesman, and the most intensive development in managing; am a good correspondent and can write all sorts of sales literature that will sell.

The business which I was in was a fluctuating—business, and, now that I have returned from France, where I was an infantry officer in the American Army, I wish to make a connection with some reputable firm that will appreciate the earnest endeavors of an industrious, hardworking man with a practical imagination, and in which there is a good future for which to work.

I will start to work for the right house for $50 a week salary. If I am not worth that from the start to you as a sales manager, I would not be worth anything.

Answer, making an appointment for an interview, A 266 Times.

SALESMAN.—High-grade expert in automatic equipment, ignition, lighting systems, automobile accessories; speak and write Spanish fluently; big experience and knowledge of Latin America. Address E. Fourmans, Old Bridge, N. J.

SALESMAN with Philadelphia office, has had large manufacturer's line wool dress goods for this market for many years, desires fine textile fabrics for retail stores, cutting up, and jobbing trade. X 406 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 27, American, Christian; just discharged after 15 months' foreign service, wishes salaried position; 8 years' experience both inside and outside with well known concerns. W 797 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, American, Protestant, 45 years of age, five years selling for well-known house line of watches, chains, fountain pens, and novelties, seeks new connection with established firm, city or nearby territory. E 370 Times.

SALESMAN, expert handling 5 and 10 cent items, celluloid and metal bag frames, aluminium ware, &c., wants manufacturer's line as New York representative; commission basis. S 409 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced showroom man, formerly with prominent cloak and suit manufacturer, desires to connect with reliable concern; any line. Max Miller, 718 East 6th St.

SALESMAN, six years' experience covering Middle Western territory, wishes to change present line and desires to connect with manufacturer offering a good proposition; salary or commission. F 340 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, (21,) honorably discharged, wishes position as inside salesman or stock clerk; best references as to character and ability. F 238 Times.

SALESMAN, age 28, intelligent, industrious, capable, possesses tact, initiative, courage, common sense, personality. Sherman, 1,530 Bryant Av., Bronx.

SALESMAN, (21,) live wire, thorough experience in silks and ribbons, desires position leading to salesman; references. W 799 Times Downtown.

N, desires connection with concern manufacturing good line; excellent following office and retail trade. E 380 Times.

SALESMAN.—Have had large experience, and open for good proposition. J. Schneider, 624 East 169th St.

SALESMAN, 26, honorable discharge, open for proposition with future; salary and commission; excellent reference and record. F 242 Times.

SALESMAN, dresses, city experience, desires connection with reliable house; credentials. C 928 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, 3 years' experience, city or road, desires position, any line. N 422 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN or buyer wishes to connect with auto tire and tube concern; if you want a real live wire just answer this. E 376 Times.

SALESMAN, with jewelers' and department store trade, desires side line. C 919 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN.—Cotton goods, extensive experience, seeks connection with live concern. E 319 Times.

SALESMAN.—Large following department stores Middle West desires connections reliable concern; open for any territory; references. L 352 Times.

AN.—Furniture or sporting goods salesman, desires position; experienced. F Times.

SECRETARY, educated, five years' experience export, textile, desires good connection. S 444 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — 4 years' experience; accurate, painstaking; competent correspondent; used to meeting callers. E 384 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, 20, 5 years' experience, ambitious, hard worker, desires responsible position. Box 30, 324 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

SHIPPING CLERK, 23, experienced women's ready-to-wear line; capable taking charge any line mdse. S 56 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, clean cut, exceptionally neat, qualified by experience, accustomed to use own judgment; prefer secretarial position, with corporate treasurer; moderate salary. F 236 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (25,) eight years' business and office experience in all capacities, seeks connection where ability and efficiency will lead to rapid advancement; highest references. D 396 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 28, college education, experienced statistics, schedules, payrolls, and office routine; executive ability, desires position. K 755 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) experienced timekeeper and payroll clerk or general office assistant, desires position with large concern; best references. Walsleben, 408 East 75th St.

YOUNG MAN, experienced bookkeeper, office detail, student accountancy, accurate figurer, high school graduate, desires position. Nowak, 109 West 113th St.

YOUNG MAN, (25,) splendid references, capable all-around, desires position where initiative will merit advancement. F 252 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 27, discharged, A. E. F. service, desires position; good future; executive ability; knowledge of bookkeeping; references. G. S., 521 Franklin St., Union Hill, N. J.

YOUNG MAN desires position; 12 years' experience purchasing supplies steamship company; best reference. S 453 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, refined, proficient, experienced, student traffic management, desires connection progressive firm; references. S 470 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, discharged soldier, wishes position; anything with future. C 923 Times Harlem.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) discharged soldier; 3 years' office experience; adaptable, knowledge bookkeeping; good education; reliable, conscientious. E 618 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17, desires any position with opportunity for advancement; knowledge of typewriting and stenography. S 462 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (24,) college graduate, capable, adaptable, wishes opening anything. D 399 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 17¾, high school education, wishes position with advancement. G 1294 Times Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, (24;) college education; three years' selling experience; references. L 361 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, education, business experience, wishes position, reliable firm. E 374 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position, advancement, experienced silks, cotton goods. E 368 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20; high school education; experienced clerk; knowledge bookkeeping. S 449 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, stenographer, assist bookkeeper, experience, reference, desires opportunity. N 408 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position with opportunity with advancement as shipping or stock clerk. N 405 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) wishes position with reliable firm. J. M., 250 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes position in office and salesroom, hosiery firm. E 387 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes work evenings. Schmidt, 68 West 70th St.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) to break in selling. C 923 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 22, high school education, 3 years' experience. S 471 Times Downtown.

IS THERE AN EMPLOYER IN NEW YORK

who can use a young man of 24, who has several years' public accounting experience, and who now wishes to enter the accounting department of a concern where honest and intelligent effort will offer a future? N 425 Times Downtown.

$3,000.00 MAN

WILLING TO GET STARTED ON LESS; RECENTLY DISCHARGED; IN OWN BUSINESS BEFORE WAR. MFG. JEWLERY NOVELTIES; THOROUGHLY CAPABLE OF HANDLING ANY KIND OF RESPONSIBLE EXECUTIVE WORK; AGE, 30; INITIATIVE, INDUSTRIOUS, ENERGETIC, ABSOLUTELY RELIABLE. E 390 TIMES.

Employment Agencies.

200 SKILLED COOKS, butlers, salesman; Jap., Amer.; agent, Kyrihara, 204 6th Av. Bryant 7931.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Assistant accountants (2), smart young women in auditor's office, large city hotel, steady positions, excellent opportunity. Apply immediately, Whitney Duplicating Co., 250 West 54th.

ADDRESSERS.—100 plain writers; good pay. Apply 8:30, A. M. Boyd's, 19 Beekman St.

ARTISTS—ARTISTS.
Experienced colorers on greeting cards, &c. Dreyfuss Art, 133 East 16th St.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.
Store hours, 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.

SALESWOMEN.

Have vacancies in the following departments for saleswomen:

COTTON DRESS GOODS,
SHOES,
LININGS,
SHIRTWAISTS,
MUSLIN UNDERWEAR,
HOSIERY.

Apply at office of Superintendent, Mezzanine Floor, East Building.

ASSISTANT.—Model coat and office assistant wanted; steady position. Eagle Mfg. Co., 129 West 27th.

BILLING CLERK and typist; state age; experience and salary expected. A 449 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.

Wanted in a department store, an experienced bookkeeper, fully capable of handling a large number of active accounts; preferably one with experience in handling these ledgers, or installment accounts.

Permanent position with liberal salary for the one with the necessary qualifications. Goddess Retail, 804 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.

For well known retail fur establishment; must be well recommended and thoroughly experienced in retail fur business. Address, stating full particulars, with salary expected. Box A 344 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, by large cloak and suit house; must have wide experience in same line and be thoroughly capable of taking full charge; state in detail qualifications, references, and salary wanted. Box P. 614, 1,285 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT with full knowledge of stenography, experienced in office work; give full particulars and salary expected; references required. H 377 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced, for ladies' apparel shop; must be accurate and efficient; apply after 9 A. M. Chas. Wechsler, 216 West 44.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPEWRITER for garage; Fordham section; living in Bronx. Write full particulars, religion, T. T., 3,013 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—Must have thorough knowledge double entry; hours, 8:30 to 4:30; state experience and salary desired. Address E 385 Times.

BOOKKEEPER with knowledge of stenography, who can handle own correspondence; $23 to start; good opportunity; state particulars. T 782 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN RETAIL BUSINESS. SPECIALTY SHOP, 650 MADISON AV., CORNER 60TH.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, and general office work; state salary; located Harlem. G 939 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Reliable, competent; references. 310 East 22d, 6th floor.

BOOKKEEPER; general insurance broker's office; write, giving previous experience; salary $20. A 453 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER, experienced double entry. Apply Box Factory, 518 East 20th St.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, reliable; apply in person. L. Horowitz & Co., 26 Waverly Pl.

BUYER, assistant, for resident buyer's office, with general experience, particularly waists; state experience, salary, references. E 388 Times.

CHAMBERMAID-WAITRESS wanted for small family in New Rochelle; good wages; references required. Call Tuesday afternoon between 3 and 6, at 249 West 107th St., N. Y. Apt. 6 North.

CHAMBERMAID-WAITRESS.—Two in family; wages $50; best references required; Japanese cook. Apply before 11 o'clock, Mrs. Grosebeck, 375 Park Av. Phone Plaza 2870.

CHAMBERMAIDS wanted at the Broadway Central Hotel, Broadway and 3d St.

CLERKS.

The New York Telephone Co. offers unusual opportunities in its accounting department for young women.

Ages 16 to 26 years.
Experience unnecessary.
Salary $10 per week to start.
Lunch and rest rooms provided for the comfort of employes.
Apply between 1 P. M. and 4 P. M. to New York Telephone Co., Room 502, 25 Church St., N. Y. C. (Bet. Cortlandt and Dey Sts.

CLERKS, between the ages of 16 and 18, in the office of a large corporation; experience unnecessary; hours 9 to 5; half day Saturday; throughout the year; vacations with pay; salary $10 per week to start; rapid advancement to higher paid positions. Write, stating age, education, experience, if any, &c., H 485 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—To assist in payroll department of a large Christian manufacturing company; must be capable of operating comptometer; state age, qualifications, and salary desired. Box H 257 Times.

CLERK, knowledge bookkeeping, also typist; knowledge Elliot Fisher preferred, though not essential; bright, active; give full particulars, experience, religion, salary, references, &c. Box C 840 Times Annex.

CLERK.—Correspondence dept. mail order concern; not afraid of work; $13 start; give age, religion, experience. Box 49, Mad. Sq. Sta.

COOK for family of three, to go to country for summer; wages, $35. Call mornings, 799 Park Av. Tomkins.

COOK, to Larchmont Summer, city in Winter; city references. 127 West 74th.

CUTTER and fitter in an exclusive children's dressmaking establishment; permanent position and good salary. Parelhoff, 607 Madison Av.

HELP WANTED—Female.

DESIGNER.
Assistant on dresses; one who can cut her own patterns and copy from sketches. Rubin & Horn, 36 East 22d.

DESIGNER
on infants' and children's white dresses; one who can make her own samples. Address, stating experience, B., 206 Broadway, B'klyn.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS for first-class positions; good salaries; chance for advancement; instruction on dictaphone given free of charge if necessary. Miss Charash, 280 Broadway; Room 225.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, experienced, capable. Call Kugelman, Frankland & Foreman, 354 4th Av.

DRESSMAKERS.—Thurn, 15 East 52d St., requires waist finishers, skirt finishers, sleeve finishers, sleeve drapers and lining hands; half day on Saturday.

DRESSMAKER.—Gentile lady, plain sewer; understanding dressmaking, also experienced finisher. 218 West 70th.

ELEVATOR OPERATORS,

Apply Superintendent's Office, 8th floor, James McCreery & Co., 35th St., Employes' Entrance.

FINISHERS, $18;
WAISTS AND SKIRTS,
SKIRT DRAPERS,
SLEEVE DRAPERS;
MUST HAVE 5TH AV. EXPERIENCE; 52-WEEK SEASONS.
HARRY COLLINS, 9 E. 57TH.

FORELADY.
Representative fancy linen house wants experienced forelady who thoroughly understands manufacturing, and how to handle help; must be good, conscientious worker, thoroughly reliable; to such a person this is an excellent opportunity. Apply, stating qualifications, nationality, salary. A. F., 803 Times Downtown.

FORELADY
ON HIGH-GRADE SHIRTS,

Take charge of section on large stitching floor; must qualify as a thorough instructress and disciplinarian. R. R., 814 Times Downtown.

FORELADY
to take charge of factory manufacturing better class silk and cloth dresses. Rubin & Horn, 36 East 22d.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER, Cold Spring, L. I., in Summer, New York in Winter; no washing; wages, $50. Phone Plaza 1342, Apt. 62, before 10:30 A. M. or before 6 and 7 P. M.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER wanted. Apply by letter or Wednesday, Thursday night after 7, Apt. 8 West, 603 West 111th St.

GENERAL HOUSEMAID, experienced, willing to assist with 5-year boy. Mrs. Bresler, 590 West 173d St.

GIRLS.
Unusual opportunity is offered to young ladies desiring to engage in high-class employment, (painting chinaware;) liberal starting salary, short hours. Apply Room 902, 501 5th Av.

GIRL.—Refined young girl as assistant in office of large wholesale dry goods house; must be bright and active; chance for advancement. C 792 Times Downtown.

GIRLS to assist in office, over 18 years of age. Apply, stating age, nationality and wages expected, to A. M., P. O. Box 1021, City Hall Station, New York.

GIRL, about 15, to make self useful in office. Apply 11 A. M., Room 614, 1,265 Broadway.

GIRL for three children; all day or afternoons. Inquire Rossiter, 114 West 79th. Schuyler 7140.

GIRLS to operate monitor switchboard and do typing; call Wednesday. Architect's Sample Corp., 101 Park Av.

GIRLS.—Bright girls wanted in stockroom; steady position. Werbro Ribbon Mfg. Co., 19 East 24th St.

GIRLS for assembling, picture frame factory. P. R. Williams, 2,163 8th Av.

GOVERNESS, refined, French speaking preferred but not obligatory, for three young children, boys; good salary and full privileges. Kurzman, 1004 7th Av. Summer. Call 9 to 12, Doob, 271 Central Park West.

GOVERNESS, intelligent, French-English, music, for girl of 8 years; good salary; good references. 680 West End Av., Apartment 6B.

HAIRDRESSER.—Competent marcel waver and manicurist; steady position; good salary and commission to the right party; apply with references. Parker, 51 West 37th St.

HOSPITAL DIETITIAN, experienced only, to take entire charge of kitchen, dining rooms, etc., also instruct pupil nurses; board, lodging, and $100 monthly. Write "H. H. D.," 263 West 126th St.

HOUSEHOLD ASSISTANT. — Wanted a capable American woman to help with general housework and care of apartment 8 hours a day, 6 days a week, eat and sleep at home; not a servant's position; wages $18 per week. H 373 Times.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL (WHITE,)
to do general housework; small family; good home, good wages; call mornings. Mrs. H. Meyers, 1,851 7th Av., corner 113th St.

JEWISH lady living with son in small, cozy furnished apartment, wants retined woman as companion and assist in the light housekeeping; references required; state details. S 69 Times.

LAUNDRESS and Chambermaid: competent for country; good wages; answer before 10:30 Wednesday morning. 141 West 55th St., Apartment 610.

LEDGER CLERK, on stock ledger, in large chemical plant in Brooklyn; state age, experience and salary wanted. S 484 Times Downtown.

MAID, white; good wages. Junior League Home, Lamp Union, Call Mrs. Wright, 9th floor, 2 West 43d, Monday, Tuesday, or Wednesday at 10 A. M. Phone Vanderbilt 3300, Extension 29.

MAID, COMPANION, young, refined, for middle-aged lady; modern home; will exchange for good home; permanent position; state pay expected and particulars. L 882 Times.

MAIL CLERK in outgoing mailroom of publishing house; experienced in folding and inserting circular matter; knowledge of postal rates desirable; state experience and salary required. D 876 Times Annex.

MATRON for Jewish institution for children; must have executive and practical ability; full particulars. H 373 Times.

MILLINERY.
Refined young girl to make herself useful in first-class millinery showroom; Christian firm; experience not necessary.
MRS. BRUCE,
563 MADISON AV., CORNER 56TH ST.

MILLINERY.—Girl or young woman who can check and wrap goods for delivery; excellent opportunity and permanent position for one who can qualify. Apply Crocker, 376 5th Av.

MILLINERY COPYISTS,
Best grade ladies' hats.
M. UFLAND & CO.,
48 West 20th St.

MODELS, must be good looking, for photographic illustration; only those over 5 ft. 7 inches need apply; 16-36 size. Apply Underwood & Underwood, 6 East 39th.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR.—Must have experience with printing attachment; good pay. Phone Cortlandt 4417.

NECKWEAR FORELADY.
TO TAKE CHARGE OF FACTORY IN LARGE MEN'S NECKWEAR HOUSE; ONLY THOSE WHO HAVE BEEN EMPLOYED IN THIS CAPACITY WILL BE CONSIDERED. H 325 TIMES.

NURSERY GOVERNESS for girl of 3 and boys of 8 and 11, in Cleveland, Ohio; must be experienced in physical care; would like kindergarten and French; would consider trained nurse; long engagement and advancement for efficiency. Apply by letter, with references, Mrs. Grandin, Hotel Gotham, N. Y.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—Refined, cultured, thoroughly experienced person, to take full charge of two children, boy of 5 and girl 2 years; highest references required; excellent salary. E. Weill, Apt. 5-A, 500 West End Av., cor. 84th St.

NURSE OR MOTHER'S HELPER.—Couple want refined young woman to care for two-year-old child and assist with light housework; apartment, near subway and elevated; good home for right person. Phone Mr. Wheaton, John 2121.

NURSE (child's) for 18-months-old girl in all-year-around mountain hotel; position may not be open for month or two; elderly woman preferred. For further information write Lock Box 18, Hurleyville, N. Y.

NURSES' PUPILS, for training in convalescent hospital; 9 months' course, examinations, diplomas; references required. Francis Parker Hospital, New Brunswick, N. J.

NURSERY GOVERNESS. French preferred. 2 girls, 3 and 6. Call Miss Feinman, 1,600 Broadway third floor.

NURSERY Governess, two boys, 5-7; good salary. Farragut 4229.

NURSE, white

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOYS

for mail and messenger service; must be 16 years old; good opportunity for advancement along engineering lines. Employment office open 9 to 4.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West 18t., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOYS, 15-18.—Important business concern, financial district, has permanent positions with opportunities for advancement for several elementary or high school graduates; congenial work, short hours, enabling evening schooling; salary $10 weekly; application confidential. J 722 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED BY HIGH-CLASS PUBLISHING CO. FOR ERRANDS AND OFFICE; MUST HAVE REFERENCES AND GRAMMAR SCHOOL EDUCATION; PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY. APPLY 6TH FLOOR, 8 WEST 40TH.

BOY,
TO DELIVER PACKAGES.
RAPID ADVANCEMENT TO THE RIGHT PARTY. GOOD SALARY.
395 4TH AV., 7TH FLOOR.

BOY WANTED, DRY GOODS COMMISSION HOUSE; MUST BE ACTIVE AND ALERT; OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE RELIGION. C 793 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY, about 16 years old, neat appearance, Christian home, for general office work in large commercial concern; experience not essential; state age and education. S 480 Times Downtown.

BOY—BOY.
Over 15 years, for office
Must be neat and industrious.
HICKSON, 661 6TH AV.,
8th floor. Mrs. Rabourn.

BOY wanted, about 16 years; opportunity offered a bright, ambitious lad to connect with a large export house; $9 to start. A 426 Times Downtown.

BOY, in purchasing deparment of a large publishing house; salary to start, $9; excellent opportunity for advancement. Apply 229 West 43d St., ninth floor.

BOY for messenger service on large daily newspaper; hours, 8:30-5:30; salary to start, $8; excellent opportunity. Apply 229 West 43d St., second floor.

BOY, bright, well recommended, to learn to operate a photostat machine. 42d St. Commercial Studio, 138 West 42d.

BOY, bright, to do general office work; must have red or auburn hair; steady. Hughes, 133 Mulberry St.

BOY.—Office boy in office of publication; one who can operate typewriter preferred. S 483 Times Downtown.

BOY of good education and appearance wanted in large real estate office; age 17-18. A 450 Times Downtown.

BOY FOR STOCK ROOM; EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY. APPLY, METZGER & JACOBSON, 8 EAST 22D.

BOY, 17, not afraid of work, in electrotype foundry. Apply Knickerbocker Electrotype Co., 424 West 33d.

BOY, about 15, as mailing clerk and for general office work. Apply by letter or call. The Dauchy Co., 9 to 15 Murray St.

BOYS for mailing and errands wanted; state salary. A 446 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted for general office work. Apply 30 Broad St. Room 324.

BOY wanted in gents' furnishing store. Schiller, 182 Park Row.

BOY for errands. Georgette Hats, 26 West 38th St.

BRASS TURNERS.—Steady position for first-class men; also machinists and helpers. Call 71 Fulton St., N. Y.

CANDY SALESMAN.—Large candy manufacturers with a national reputation have an opening for a high-class candy salesman; one who knows the jobbing trade thoroughly and is experienced in the candy business; the territory open is in Eastern Pennsylvania—Philadelphia not included; salary and expenses; if you are the man, write. D 891 Times Annex.

CANDY SALESMEN; familiar with army and navy trade; salary. H 386 Times.

CANVASSER.—Men, refined and experienced, for high-grade photo cut-rate coupon, on commission; don't reply if you lack ability and class. Hall Studio, 425 5th Av.

CANVASSERS wanted for nationally advertised line; salary and commission; references required. Fuller Brush Co., 71 West 23d St.

CHAUFFEUR, CHAMBERMAID. — COUPLE; MAN AS FIRST-CLASS CHAUFFEUR AND GARDENER, WIFE CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS; ONLY FIRST-CLASS REFERENCES CONSIDERED. H 372 TIMES.

CHAUFFEUR, touring; state age, nationality, salary, former employer; only those who have driven for private families. L 364 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Exceptional position open to good chauffeur; private family; Cadillac; state references and wages expected; steady employment. H 379 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, Oldsmobile, married, steady, reliable; city two weeks; Edgemere Summer; state references, salary. E 364 Times.

CLERK.—One experienced on operating billing machine; good at figures and capable of handling other detail work; state age, salary, and experience; Christian firm. H 382 Times.

COOK.—First-class, Japanese, private, in small family. Kato, 100 West 53d St.

COST FINDING
ASSISTANT to understudy cost accountant in rapidly growing plant, experienced desired, but not necessary, providing the applicant thoroughly knows theory of cost finding; write, stating nationality, religion, age, education, and qualificatons. H 374 Times.

DRAFTSMEN WANTED. — Several, experienced in general industrial plant layout work, including detailing of structural steel and re-enforced concrete, plumbing, heating and electrical layouts. Address, stating experience and salary expected, X 171 Times Annex.

EDITORIAL TRANSLATOR.

Large bank desires editorial translator, a native of France or of a Spanish-speaking country preferred; must have had good education. Write, stating age, experience, and salary expected.

A 444 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EDITORIAL ASSISTANT wanted on weekly trade journal; ambitious young man with some experience; attention to detail and hard work preferred; steady; advancement. A 440 Times Downtown.

ERRAND BOY, make himself useful in stock room; $9 a week. Apply Motion Picture News, 729 7th Av.

EXECUTIVE for retail cloak and suit establishment; must understand accounting, be able to take charge of help, and be systematic; good salary and future for the right man. Apply by letter, Martin's, Fulton and Bridge Sts., Brooklyn.

EXECUTIVE.—One thoroughly familiar with estimating in heating and ventilating business, who can take entire charge of construction; prefer a competent man who has specialized in heating and ventilating work of school buildings in the City of New York. L 353 Times.

EXPORT EXECUTIVE. — Assistant in French-Swiss-Italian department of large export house; energy, imagination, ambition, and high character prime requisites; must be American, of good education and personality, understand market conditions in Europe, with knowledge of foodstuffs, chemicals, and general merchandise, and thorough experience in exporting; only high-grade man will qualify, who will recognize opportunity above ordinary; services rewarded commensurately with proved ability and results. D 811 Times Downtown.

EXPORT SALESMAN.—We require the services of two men to call on commission houses in New York City; must have clientele among resident buyers; state age, previous experience, drawing account required, &c. Fritz Reiter, Export, P. O. Box 209, City Hall Station, New York.

FURNISHING SALESMEN.
THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED. STEADY WORK.
WALLACH BROS., BROADWAY AND 29TH.

HAIRDRESSERS,
artistic, one who can do marcel waving, dyeing and the finer beauty parlor work; salary and commission guaranteed $40 week; apply in person.
PH. GLEMBY,
12 EAST 22D.

HAT SALESMEN.
First-class, experienced men wanted in district east of Miss. and north of Ohio, States of Ill., Ind., Ohio, Wis., Mich.; district west of Miss. and north of Missouri, States of Iowa, N. and S. Dak., Minn., Mont.; district west of Miss. and South of Missouri, States of Mo., Kan., Ark., Texas, La., Okla.; must be well acquainted with best hat trade in good-sized towns and cities, and have good standing in territory; to introduce and build up trade on high-quality, nationally advertised line of hats, caps, and gloves, direct from manufacturer to dealer. To the right man we offer permanent positions with fine prospects for future. Give full particulars, including proposal for salary or comm. in letter addressed X 385 Times Annex.

HELPERS around house departments; go errands; youths over 16. N 412 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

HIGHLY PROFITABLE SIDE LINE
for salesmen covering small and medium towns calling on retail trade to offer our Scrims, Cretonnes, Sunfast Draperies, Novelty Voiles, Organdies and complete line of Ladies' and Men's Handkerchiefs; exceptional opportunity for attractive commission arrangement; address with full particulars as to territory covered and references. H. J., 287 Times.

INFANTS' WEAR SALESMAN.—Attractive proposition offered to man with large following in this line; unusual opportunity to right party; salary and commission. C 59 Times.

INSTRUCTOR wanted by technical school in Brooklyn for electrical laboratory and class room work; duties will include responsibility for an elementary electrical course, and assistance in a more advanced course; must be an engineering school graduate and have had a few years' practical experience; previous teaching experience desirable but not absolutely necessary; beginning salary $1,500 to $1,800 per year, depending upon individual. Apply by letter, stating age, religious affiliation, education, and experience and enclose recent photograph if available. Address Instructor, Box 223 Temple Court Bldg., N. Y. City.

JEWELRY REPAIR MAN
AND STONE SETTERS,
AT WANAMAKER'S
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

LITHOGRAPHIC PROCESS ARTISTS, first-class men only; steady employment to those who qualify. Apply Brett Litho. Co., Meadow and Pearson Sts., near Hunters Point subway station, L. I. City.

LITHOGRAPH PRESS BOYS wanted; steady employment. Apply Brett Litho. Co., Meadow and Pearson Sts., near Hunters Point Av. subway station, L. I. City.

LOOSE LEAF, COMMERCIAL PRINTING. Excellent opportunity for salesman with personal following; salary or commission. W 796 Times Downtown.

MACHINIST and tool maker; steady position for first-class man; also brass turners and helpers. Call 71 Fulton St., N. Y.

MAGAZINE SUBSCRIPTION SOLICITORS. —Several good men; large salary or commission. Apply to 280 Madison Av., Room 1202.

MAN wanted, thoroughly experienced in the refining of high-grade vegetable oils for edible purposes, to take position as manager of refinery; one with knowledge of cottonseed preferred; must possess executive ability and be capable of handling labor to best advantage; state age, experience, references, and salary expected. Address X 434 Times Annex.

MAN wanted capable of handling labor and the different trades used in construction of houses; must be able to estimate and figure cost of material; give experience, references, and salary expected. L 368 Times.

MAN, experienced canvasser, to sell vacuum cleaners and electric fans; commission basis with drawing account. A 331 Times.

MECHANICS AND MACHINISTS
on automobile repair work; experienced men only; good salary. Apply 1,620 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

MEN to canvass membership for well-known national institution; must speak Yiddish and English; splendid opportunity for the right person; commission. C 740 Times Downtown.

MODEL, size 37, chest, having experience in men's clothing; permanent position for the right party, with chance for advancement. Apply in person to Heidelberg, Wolff & Co., 644 Broadway.

OFFICE ASSISTANT
and general utility clerk, age 20 to 26 years; opportunity to learn credit profession; rapid advancement.
BLOOMINGDALE BROS.,
59th ST. AND LEXINGTON AV.

OFFICE ASSISTANT by silk commission house to check stock; must be good penman and accurate at figures; state age, experience, and references. E 503 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted, 15-16 years of age, for downtown exporter's office; moderate salary to start; chance advancement and improvement to right boy; apply in own handwriting. K 798 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY Wanted.—About 15 years old, neat appearance; previous experience unnecessary. Apply The Oil Trade Journal, Room 2930 120 Broadway.

OFFICE BOY.—Wanted, bright boy, 16 years, interested in mechanics; willing to learn; good chance; pay, $8. Carrier Engineering Corp., 39 Cortlandt St.

OFFICE BOY.
Bright, intelligent; must be public school graduate; age 16. H. M., 271 Times.

OFFICE BOY.—Good chance for bright boy. International Forwarding Co., 470 Greenwich St.

PACKAGING.—MAN THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN REPACKAGING, WEIGHING, LABELING, SEALING DRUG CHEMICALS; CAPABLE TAKE CHARGE REPACKING DEPARTMENT. L 354 TIMES.

PACKER for books and periodicals. Apply by letter, G. E. Stechert & Co., 151 West 125th St.

PAINT manufacturer desires services of two mixers and one mill hand. Take Queensboro subway to Rawson St. Station. Patterson-Sargent Co., Van Dam St. and Hunters Point Av., Long Island City.

PAINTERS. Fifteen first-class painters wanted; returned soldiers or sailors preferred. Write to E. J. Nielson, 119 Highland Av., Waterbury, Conn.

PERFUME SALESMEN.

An old established American perfumer, with national distribution, has an opening for two or three salesmen who have demonstrated their ability as top-notchers in selling perfumes, soaps, and toilet specialties. New salesmen needed because of the great increase in business during the past two years. Territories open are in the Middle West and East. Give full particulars, including salary desired and territory previously covered, when writing. All correspondence strictly confidential. X 476 Times Annex.

PHYSICIAN for advertising medical office; must be registered in Massachusetts; steady position for right man; state references and experience. R. P. M., 194 Times.

PORTERS.

Apply superintendent's office, 8th floor, James A. McCreery & Co., 35th St., employes' entrance.

PRINTING SALESMAN for progressive house; salary basis; give full details as to ability and salary expected. D 669 Times Downtown.

PROOFREADER wanted, good, at the Roycroft Shop, East Aurora, N. Y.; correspondence solicited.

PUNCH PRESS MAN.
Brewster & Co., Bridge Plaza, Long Island City, require first-class punch press man, capable of setting up and caring for dies.

RENTING BROKER, having experience in downtown district; drawing account and commission; good opportunity to make permanent connection. E 504 Times Downtown.

REPORTER.—Live young man (under 35) on afternoon daily in suburban New York; state wage, age, and experience. Fennelly, 461 East 184th St., New York.

REPRESENTATIVE.—Wanted for New England, strong line muslin underwear; one of the largest manufacturer's agents has particular reasons for making a change; several good salesmen making all parts of New England regularly and often; prompt action desirable. 467 Times Annex.

SALESMEN MOTOR TRUCKS
Complete line, 1 to 6-ton capacity, immediate delivery; leads furnished, fine support, liberal commission, drawing account to experienced men. One for Brooklyn, one for Bronx and one for Manhattan, two junior salesmen wanted, straight commission. Apply Salesmanager, 221 West 64th.

SALESMAN.—A hustling, forceful, tireless man to handle an investment real estate selling proposition; must be of good appearance, under 40; location out of town territory, where opportunity is waiting to exchange big money, (salary and commission,) for "peppy" salesmanship. 10 A. M. to 5 P. M. today, Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

SALESMAN wanted; factory rebuilt tires are in great demand; attractive proposition submitted upon application; requires an automobile; state where you can travel; $100 weekly to start; territory assigned men who can produce; only hustlers need apply. Call in person, Eastman Rubber Works, Inc., 213 West 40th St.

SALES.—Wanted, a profit maker, not over 30 years, whose character will stand searching investigation; a course of training in negotiating the sale of stock in an industrial company will be given at our expense and in addition a salary and commission will be paid; industrial financing. B 755 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Men who have sold merchandise in and around greater New York can capitalize their experience to make an attractive income on commission and learn the selling of securities with a substantial investment banking firm; excellent future to right man. C 780 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for outdoor work to sell advertising; salary and commission. Moe Levy & Son, 125 Walker St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN and Ambitious Men Who Believe They Can Sell.—Our corporation, a large financial institution, awake to peace possibilities now building a national sales organization on the system of developing our own executives, such as salesmen and managers; the present outlook for business and the demand for manpower make this opportunity remarkable for men of character and force to join and rise rapidly both as to commission, income, and position; the requirements are principally earnestness, energy, and unswerving loyalty; we are engaged in the biggest and most important phase of modern business—if you are 25 years of age and over and really looking for a chance to connect with a live and growing banking house which appreciates effort and rewards results selling their securities, reply in confidence to this advertisement, giving telephone number and address, being assured that due consideration will be given; commission basis. S 473 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, high class, any line; our thorough system of training men through actual demonstration for the steady sale of high-class books, our modern methods and system of getting prospective customers, make it only necessary for the man we select to put in 8 hours a day hard work; results take care of themselves; beginners make from $50 to $150 a week, veterans $100 to $300; salary and commission; education and executive ability rewarded by rapid advancement to managerial position. National Alumni, 50 Church St.

SALESMEN.—Real salesmen with a punch, to sell securities; commission arrangements for the reason that the men we want will prefer this condition; if after operating for us a month your commission average $150 a week we don't want you; proposition is one of real merit. Write A 448 Times Downtown.

SALES MANAGER,

ONE WHO HAS HAD CHARGE OF PLACING AND HANDLING REPRESENTATIVES THROUGHOUT THE U. S.; ONLY ONE WITH EXPERIENCE IN BUILDING MATERIALS OR THERMAL INSTALLATIONS; THIS IS A BIG PROPOSITION FOR A BIG MAN ONLY. H 389 TIMES.

SALESMAN for building materials; very remunerative to good producer; salary, expense and bonus; the work requires more than ordinary ability at creating and building business with practical men; give age, sales record, phone number. D 315 Times.

SALESMAN.—Prominent manufacturer has opening for a capable road man; the line consists of several widely distributed automobile specialities; right man will be given exclusive territory and credited with all repeat business; this is an opportunity for a live wire to earn big money if you know that you can command this volume of business; answer this ad.; salary or commission will be paid to proven producer. X 417 Times Annex.

SALESMAN Wanted.—An experienced roadman, preferably one who has sold advertised specialties in the past; must be a man of energy and high-grade mind who has the power to command a big volume of business of fast-selling automobile accessories; to right man we will offer a proposition on salary or commission basis whereby his earnings can run into real money. Box 592 Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

SALESMAN to cover Eastern territory calling on jobbers of dental supply house and druggist supply houses; must have experience in druggist specialties and a following among jobbers in this territory; a man about 35 years old, enamel ware preferred; salary or commission; reply giving complete details and references, which will be considered strictly confidential. Address Salesman, Box 48, Long Island City.

SALESMAN WANTED.—An intelligent, energetic, progressive lithographic salesman, whose present earnings exceed $3,000 but less than $5,000 per annum, to become associated with one of the most reputable lithographic houses in the city; we are looking for big guns, and we need a big man; if you have the qualifications communicate your ideas by letter; commission only. H 365 Times.

SALESMAN, ex-navy man preferred, wanted to call on transports to sell souvenir cards which already carry line; man 25 years of age or over with experience who can make an appearance; salary and commission. Joseph Mann, 9-10 mornings, Room 1122, 200 5th Av.

SALESMAN having experience in selling safety pins; commission basis only. M. T., 698 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Man who has good social or business acquaintance can make a permanent connection with a banking house which will undertake to teach him the investment business and offer him a chance to make a large income in commissions. C 788 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted to sell full line of high-class toilet soaps and talcum powder to drug, department, and 5 and 10 cent store trade in Brooklyn; only man fully acquainted with trade in this territory wanted; drawing account against commission. H 380 Times.

SALESMEN.—Resident and traveling salesmen, calling on men's wear and dept. stores, representing manufacturer of fur caps; profitable side line for experienced men; commission basis. Rosen, 813 Broadway, New York.

SALESMAN. — PROMINENT CUTLERY MANUFACTURER WANTS AN EXPERIENCED, COMPETENT SALESMAN FOR TEXAS AND OKLAHOMA; COMMISSION BASIS. WRITE REFERENCES AND EXPERIENCE, H 887 TIMES.

SALESMAN, ambitious young men can connect with live brush concern; personal interview, 9-12, 2-4, Tuesday and Wednesday, Astor Hotel, Philadelphia Brush Co., room eighth floor, comm. and bonus. Bennett salesmanger. Call or write.

SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED, TO HANDLE ESTABLISHED PRINTING TRADE; MUST FURNISH BEST OF REFERENCES; GOOD SALARY TO START; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT MAN. H 369 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—TRAVELING SHOE SALESMAN FOR MICHIGAN, MINNESOTA AND WISCONSIN; EXPERIENCED IN STITCH-DOWNS AND OVERGAITERS NECESSARY; SALARY OR COMMISSION. R A 806 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN. — Experienced, bathing suits, sweaters, or having following with men's wear; all territories; regular or side line; best line on market; references; commission. X 478 Times Annex.

SALESMAN for metropolitan district, with previous record and standing in commercial soap trade; domestic and export; commission; full particulars first letter; confidential. X 181 Times Annex.

SALESMEN wanted by manufacturer to appoint sub-agents to sell auto accessories; territory your own; opportunity for responsible men; commission basis. K 738 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN by hardware manufacturers' representative; must have broad acquaintance with exporters; exceptional opportunity for right man; commission basis and salary. H 386 Times.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced men's clothing, retail; only those able to take complete charge of the department need reply, in writing. Uneeda Clothing Co., 907 Broadway, Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, calling on department stores Middle West; carry side line fine popular-priced infants' and children's headwear and coats; 10 per cent. commission. K. C., 108 Times.

SALESMAN by hardware manufacturers' representative; must have broad acquaintance with jobbers and dealers; exceptional opportunity for the right man; commission basis and salary. H 385 Times.

SALESMAN to sell electrical appliance specialties, lighting fixtures and lamps; experience in line not essential; commission basis, with drawing account. A 332 Times.

SALESMEN to sell phonographs and phonograph records and to interview prospects; salary and commission. Call 7th floor, 12 East 46th St.

SALESMAN, experienced on high-class ladies' dresses for city trade; must have following; commission basis. L. & W. Dress Co., 127 West 47th St.

SALESMAN.—Southern territory, to handle as side line our popular line of ladies' belts for the retail trade; commission basis. X 390 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—To sell used cars on commission basis; must be experienced and well recommended; give full details, which will be held in strict confidence. A D 66 Times.

SALESMAN wanted to sell a new and timely advertising proposition; prefer one acquainted in skirt line; commission. Advance Drill Press Co., 239 Centre St.

SALESMAN, experienced in the retail furniture and carpet business; steady position in Brooklyn. Apply, stating experience and salary expected, X 464 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—Hotel china, glassware, restaurant and soda fountain supplies; salary and commission to experienced men. William I. Kollisch, 80 Irvin Place, Brooklyn.

SALESMAN FOR STRONG LINE OF POPULAR PRICED LADIES' NECKWEAR; COMMISSION BASIS. WRITE, STATING FULL PARTICULARS, H 360 TIMES.

SALESMAN wanted, young man, experienced automobile electrical specialties; apply in confidence, stating reference and salary wanted. R 382 Times.

SALESMEN.—Paint, with established following in consuming trade; none other considered; salary and commission. Colonial Works, Woolworth Building.

SALESMAN for paint, varnish and color house; must have some experience in this line; state age, salary. V 509 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN, experienced, for Ford pleasure and commercial cars; salary and commission. Write H 302 Times.

SALESMAN for wash skirts; call between 9 and 12; commission basis. Roselle Mfg. Co., 16 East 18th St.

SALESMAN to call on ladies' neckwear trade for New York City and vicinity, on commission basis. Philip Diamond, 142 5th Av.

SALESMAN, experienced in retail clothing; steady position. J. Gumpel & Son, 5,202 5th Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMEN.—Producers familiar with high-grade retail candy trade; salary. H 367 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, to sell tires and tubes, inside; state experience, salary and references. D 397 Times.

SECRETARY.

Wanted, French-speaking secretary; must be a native of France or have lived there for a considerable time.

A 442 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SECURITY SALESMEN.

If you are making $100 weekly and want to make more, this is the best opportunity you have ever had; combination oil and utility proposition; best men in the country identified with it; indorsed by thirty biggest banks in New York and Chicago; we offer you permanent connection and chance to make your income $500 month up; commission basis. Rishell & Co., 1906, 220 West 42d St.

SHIPPING CLERK WANTED, EXPERIENCED; HOSIERY EXPERIENCE PREFERRED. APPLY ENCORE HOSIERY COMPANY, 906 BROADWAY.

SHIPPING CLERK for drugs and mail order medicine house; must be experienced. H 356 Times.

SHIPPING DEPARTMENT; young men over 16; all-around assistants. N 414 Times Downtown.

SILVERSMITHS.
TIFFANY & CO.
REQUIRE FIRST-CLASS SILVERSMITHS.
TIFFANY & CO., FOREST HILL, NEWARK, N. J.

SODA DISPENSER wanted; good wages. Apply Room 2105, 30 Church St.

SPECIALTY SALESMEN. (2.) to call on confectionery and drug trade; salary and expenses. D. A. Wood, 32 Cooper Square, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, having initiative and ambition, commercial experience preferred; first-class references required; must be expert; state age, past experience, and salary required. C. F., 720 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, experienced, by leather house, knowing thoroughly French and Spanish languages; state age, salary desired, experience in first letter. K 797 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; prefer one with experience in lumber trade; Christian firm; state salary, &c. L 372 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man wanted by Wall St. advertising agency; previous experience in advertising business not essential; salary $14-$15. Apply Room 502, 25 Broad St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright and accurate; not over 24; familiar with general leather and export mercantile routine; state salary; state salary and experience. H 364 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, familiar general office routine, with some selling experience. A 342 Times.

STOCK CLERK, familiar with automobile parts, attentive to details, follow up of shipments of small part orders, one with executive ability. Apply Rainier Motor Corp., Flushing, L. I.

STOCK CLERK for restaurant, familiar with stock records; state age, experience and salary. D 893 Times Annex.

STOCK SALESMAN.—Investment house wants experienced man to sell out of town the stock of a manufacturing company; actual expenses advanced against a commission of 12½ per cent. to man who can give proper credentials as to his character and selling ability; state age, experience, references. W 787 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMAN. — Company building large stock raising and pork packing industry showing tremendous profit possibilities requires good closer to follow up its city inquiries; liberal commission; no advances. Currie & Co., Suite 428, 56 Wall St.

STOCK SALESMAN.—Experienced man with clientele to sell an industrial stock on commission. W 785 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMAN to sell on a strictly commission basis low priced industrial security. W 786 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT, with hospital experience; no other need apply; state experience and salary expected. S 64 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT of floating hospital, June to September; age 28 to 35. Apply St. John's Guild, 193 Fifth Av.

THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES Department is organizing a new sales force. There are some genuine opportunities for three classes of men: 1st, experienced men who can direct the sale of 1,000-set lots; 2d, salesmen to work on fresh leads; 3d, men who wish to learn the salesmanship profession. Ex-A. E. F. MEN WILL FIND HEARTY CO-OPERATION HERE. "WAR VOLUMES," 215 WEST 43D ST.

TIMEKEEPER wanted, for building construction; must be able to receive and check material; state experience; reference necessary. Apply in own handwriting. X 475 Times Annex.

WANTED—
Cam designer for B. & S. auto. screw machines; six good draftsmen; men with die experience preferred; location Connecticut. X 408 Times Annex.

WATCH REPAIR MAN,
must be thoroughly experienced,
AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

WINDOW TRIMMER for a ladies' specialty shop; must also be capable of managing store and taking full charge; splendid opportunity. Reply, stating full particulars, H 353 Times.

YOUNG MAN of good education, 20 to 25 years of age, who will start at a reasonable salary in manufacturer's office as office salesman, and with some correspondence to attend to, with a view to working up in the business; must be a bright, active young man, who is thoroughly in earnest and with ambition to advance himself. Address, stating full qualifications and all business experience, together with salary expected, N 423 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Daily newspaper offers opportunity to bright and ambitious young man to learn the advertising business; hours from 10:30 A. M. to 7 P. M. weekdays; Sundays from 4 P. M. to 7 P. M. Write, stating age, previous experience, education and salary to start. X 468 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN about 17 years of age in the office of a manufacturer, to assist in the mailing department; must be of American parentage, have good education, come well recommended; state experience, if any, and salary expected. Address E 594 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN WANTED IN LARGE RESIDENT BUYING OFFICE TO ASSIST IN FOLLOWING UP ORDERS, &C.; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE. H 390 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN in office of trade paper for clerical work and to handle advertising copy and cuts. Address own handwriting, stating age, experience, references, salary. J 482 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Hardware manufacturers' representative has a vacancy for a young man with high-grade education and knowledge of bookkeeping, with opportunity to learn export business. H 384 Times.

YOUNG MAN about 20, with previous experience in office routine; exceptional opportunity for bright, alert young man; state age, salary expected. L M 35 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN,
20-25, as assistant to head of clerical department in large business house; $15 start; quick promotion to one that makes good. Write full particulars, H 388 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, good at figures, to assist in office and do general clerical work; excellent chance for advancement. Reply, stating references and salary desired. A. B., 312 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18 to 20, as assistant in contractor's office; some experience in drafting preferred; state salary, experience, &c.; good chance advancement. S 481 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted in high-class retail store to assist in selling; salary $15 to start, with prospect for good advancement. Address in own handwriting, giving age and experience. G 524 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN about 23 years, good penman, for clerical work in large mercantile house; closed Saturday, open Sunday. A 447 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, bright, energetic, for office work; knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; splendid opportunity. H 171 Times.

YOUNG MEN, learn wholesale business, beginning care of stocks. N 413 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted, stenographer, export house; must have some experience in this line; state age, salary. V 509 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Instruction.

ACCOUNTANTS IN BIG DEMAND.
—MEN AND WOMEN.

BOOKKEEPERS, CASHIERS, SCHOOL teachers, office workers, stenographers and all capable men and women, either with or without bookkeeping experience. We want to hear from you if ambitious to get into accounting position paying

$2,400 to $6,000 A YEAR AT THE START.

THE GOV'T IS CALLING FOR AUDITORS and expert accountants by the hundreds at salaries up to $4,500 a year.

NEARLY EVERY LARGE CORPORATION in the country is calling for additional cost and general accountants to facilitate industrial expansion, to figure costs accurately, Federal income and excess profit taxes and to make regular audits.

I CAN LAY BEFORE YOU A very definite opportunity to employ a part of your LEISURE TIME in a way that will enable you to qualify for one of the above openings and will bring to you several times as much as the compensation you are now receiving.

I WOULD LIKE TO TALK WITH you about this matter SOLELY FROM THE STANDPOINT OF YOUR OWN INTEREST.

IF IT DEVELOPS THAT I CANNOT serve you in the way I have in mind, I will tell you so frankly.

A ten or fifteen minute interview will decide the matter one way or the other.

ADDRESS OR CALL ON
A. C. SHAUGHNESSY, REGISTRAR,
110 West 40th St., New York.
Telephone 1981 Bryant.

BUSINESS ENGLISH.
An early evening class in business English for men and women will be organized on Tuesday evening, April 29, at 6:05 at Pace Institute, 30 Church St., New York; this will be a combined lecture and teaching session, at which the instructor will explain all phases of the Pace course in detail. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for free booklet, "Your English," and complimentary card of admission to the opening session on April 29. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

MEN WANTED.
EARN $25 TO $75 WEEKLY.
Take advantage of the great after-the-war reconstruction period; learn Mechanical Dentistry; rise above small-salaried positions into a profession of unlimited opportunity; taught by actual work; no book study; three months' course; day and evening classes; easy payments; tools and equipment furnished free; call or write for Booklet C. Todee Schools of Mechanical Dentistry, 15 W. 44th St., N. Y.; 15 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

MAKE MORE MONEY
by working at the right job. Character analysis tells you by infallible methods your strong points and gives you practical aid in selecting the position in which you will achieve greatest success.
The character readings of Merton Institute have aided hundreds. Readings by appointment. Write, call or phone Chelsea 4054 for Booklet "K."
Merton Institute, 96 5th Av., at 15th St.

LEARN ACCOUNTANCY
and take advantage of the peace-time opportunities now offered in executive, industrial, and public accounting. Our large staff of C. P. A.'s will teach you by HOME STUDY in a few months this highly interesting and profitable work. Low tuition, easy terms, simple methods. For particulars write, phone, or call. INTERNATIONAL ACCOUNTANTS SOCIETY, 300 BROADWAY, N. Y. CITY.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED MEN.—Positions waiting; demand far exceeds the supply; we will train you at home by mail in your spare time for this fascinating profession; big pay, fine living, splendid opportunities for advancement. Send free illustrated book "Your Big Future in Hotel Work." Lewis Hotel Training School, 14 Mather Building, Washington, D. C.

LATE AFTERNOON EXPORTING CLASSES All evening classes filled, in short, practical course, meeting two afternoons weekly now forming; limited to 15; actual documents and business transactions used; write or attend Monson any evening as our guest before enrolling.
Exprrt & Import Institute, World Building.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

YOUNG MEN wanted, with or without business experience, to operate Burroughs bookkeeping machines. I will specially fit you for these good-pay, desirable positions, which insure rapid advancement. Call or address E. M. Gross, Room 108, 51 Chambers St., New York City.

EARN $25 TO $75 A WEEK.
Big demand NOW for Motion Picture Studio, and Commercial Photographers; 3 months' practical course covers all branches. Individual instruction, day or night. Easy terms. Call or write for Booklet "P." N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 W. 36th St.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

SHIPPING AND RAILROAD CLERKS.—Increase your earnings 50 per cent.; home study course, traffic management; investigate; low tuition; easy payments. Call or write, Mr. Crossman, 1179 Tribune Bldg.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th

TEACHER.—Young man desiring to take Russian lessons in exchange for Spanish or against payment. Charles Light, 91 5th Av., third floor.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY (Near Wall St.)

Below are listed a few openings in our CLERICAL, JUNIOR CLERICAL DEPARTMENTS, and TECHNICAL DEPARTMENTS.
MACHINE SHOP SUPTS. (3,) city; $150 month.
CORRESPONDENTS, (6,) for large manufacturing concern; must be able to analyze accounts and then correspond with customers regarding the result; $25 wk.
CLEARING HOUSE CLERK; Must be experienced in brokerage house, man desired about 25 years old of American parentage; $25 wk.
STENOGRAPHER & SECRETARY: Confidential position as secretary to President of large drug manufacturing concern; general assistant to relieve busy man of detail work; $30 wk.
ASSISTANT CREDIT MAN: Experienced in credit department of large manufacturing concern dealing with jobbers whose accounts run around $5,000; analyze financial statements and be good correspondent; $30 wk.
STATEMENT LEDGER CLERK: For large insurance company; must have had several years in bank on similar work; $1,200 yr.
STENOGRAPHER & GENERAL ASSISTANT: To employment manager of large industrial concern in Brooklyn; lots of detail work on records, &c.; $25 wk.
CLERKS:
(1) Invoice clerk, able to handle correspondence; $22.
(2) Ledger Clerks, customers' ledger, one with knowledge of averaging accounts, one with good handwriting; $18-$21.
(2) General Clerks, one as junior clerk, one able to use comptometer; $14-$18.
(1) Credit Investigator; bright young man; $15.
BOOKKEEPERS:
(1) In export house, able to handle full set; $22.
(2) Bank bookkeepers; experienced; $22.
(1) Insurance house; young man; $15.
TYPISTS:
(2) Large downtown organization; high school graduate; $20.
(3) In export house; one with knowledge of Spanish; two to work on invoices; no experience required; $20-$22.
(1) Night work, 6 P. M. to 2:30 A. M.; must be rapid; $22.
STENOGRAPHERS:
(1) Assistant to employment manager; $20.
(1) With knowledge of Spanish; $20.
(1) Export house; $20.

We have also many openings in our EXECUTIVE and SEMI-EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS at salaries from $12 week to $7,500 yr.

C. P. HASSON, PRES. J. J. McLAUGHLIN, GENL. MGR.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE,
74 Broadway.
Wall St. telegrapher, $175; expert reinsurance man; many other positions for blotter, lodger, and order clerks; bookkeepers, quotation board boys, runners, &c.; register free.
STENOGRAPHER, English, knowledge of Spanish and Portuguese; Pittsburg; $30 weekly. The Beers Agency,

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Saturday, April 26, in evening, blue silk purse bag containing considerable sum of money, two rings, one seal, cards, &c., between Hotel Pennsylvania and Plymouth Theatre or Hotel Astor; liberal reward for return of same; absolutely no questions asked. Communicate with Lost and Found Department, Hotel Pennsylvania.

LOST—April 24, near Grand Central Station, about 5:30 P. M., a small hand bag, no handle; containing keys, check book, bond and papers; liberal reward, no questions asked. Phone 2337 John, or address E. Romeil, 46 Pine St.

LOST—Saturday evening, silver octagonal engine-turned powder box, having small chain with finger ring, in taxi between 72d and New Amsterdam Theatre, or in Palais Royal; reward. E 380 Times.

LOST — Saturday forenoon, diamond circle breastpin, walking from 43 5th Av., through 12th St. and on 6th Av., between 9th and 10th Sts., stopping various shops; liberal reward. Return A. V. N., 43 5th Av.

LOST—Saturday night, diamond and onyx loop earring, between 47th St.-Madison Av. and 540 Park Av., in taxi; liberal reward; no questions. Mrs. Cadwell-Taylor, 540 Park Av., New York.

LOST—Diamond and sapphire bracelet, Sunday afternoon, between Hotel St. Regis and Avignon Restaurant, Park Av. and 45th St. Liberal reward for its return to cashier, Hotel St. Regis.

LOST—Diamond bracelet, set in platinum, with sapphires, Monday, between 12:30 and 2:30, between Madison Av. and 31st St., the Brevoort Restaurant; liberal reward. Return to Leon Jobin, 136 Madison Av.

LOST—Cameo brooch, between 63d St., Park Av. to Plaza, Sunday, April 27; reward. A. O'Connor, 61 West 10th St. Phone Chelsea 5770.

LOST—Pair pearl studs in blue leather case, marked Theo. B. Starr, Inc., vicinity of 42d St. and Broadway; $100 reward. Charles Gautier, 260 West 91st St.

LOST—On Friday morning, April 25, in ladies' retiring room, Stern Bros.' store, diamond and onyx hat pin. Liberal reward paid for return to Mrs. Lyman N. Hine, Locust Valley, N. Y.

LOST—A black suitcase, with the initials B. W. T., on April 25, in Pennsylvania station or from taxi to Vanderbilt Hotel. Liberal reward for return to cashier, Vanderbilt Hotel.

LOST—Sunday night, gold wrist watch, between 148d and 150th Sts., between Amsterdam and Broadway; reward. Brown, 541 West 150th. Audubon 5400.

LOST—Sunday evening, 6th Av. elevated, 18th-81st, black purse containing considerable money, keys. Reward, Langton, 165 West 82d.

LOST—A purse on Madison Av., between 59th and 61st Sts., Monday afternoon; finder will receive reward if returned. Hutton, 116 East 65d St.

LOST—April 26, in or near the Hotel Plaza, rose diamond and black onyx breastpin; reward. X 469 Times Annex.

LOST—Velvet bag, Saturday night, in Knickerbocker; name engraved inside; keep money; return to Buck, 1 West 85th.

LOST—At Rector's, Saturday, April 26, white gold bar pin set with blue and white sapphires; reward. I. Hughes, Hotel Endicott.

LOST—Silver wrist watch, Thursday evening at circus. Highest reward, Dr. Bell, 90 Pierrepont St., Brooklyn. Main 7504.

LOST—In taxi, round gold flat powder box, initials "E. T. S."; reward. Mrs. E. T. Blaybock, 713 Madison Av.

LOST—Person who found gray fox fur at Battery or Steamer Homer Ramsdell, Sunday, return. 226 Biltmore Hotel. Reward.

LOST—On Sunday, taupe fox fur, between Century Theatre and 64th St. and Broadway; reward. Midwood 4715.

LOST — Monday, brooch, "Madonna and Child," near Fifth Av. and 34th St.; reward, if returned to F. Bornn, 1 Water St.

LOST—Photographs, subway, Sunday night. Return Sergeant L. V. Beardsley, U. S. Gen. Hospital No. 3, Rahway, N. J. Reward.

LOST—Silver-mounted, perforated walking cane in taxi Wednesday evening. Franklin 2007.

LOST.—Sunday, Riverside Drive Park, near 89th St., skunk fur neckpiece; return to Apt. 9N, 317 West 89th; reward paid.

LOST—Sunday, Shore Road, between Bartow-New Rochelle, skunk neckpiece; liberal reward. Pickard, 77 Cedar St. Rector 4130.

LOST—Lavalliere, three sapphire, 2 pearls, Saturday afternoon; liberal reward. E 395 Times.

LOST—Circular pin with diamonds, vicinity 86th St., Broadway, or West End Av., about April 25; reward. 369 West End Av.

LOST—Monday, cloth wallet containing bank books, papers, jewels; bus, 5th Av., Sterns; reward. Return Stern Brothers, 42d.

LOST—Gold watch chain with locket; initials "L. B."; reward. N. Brown, 141 West 113th St.

LOST—Saturday, eyeglasses in case, marked "Levoy"; reward. M. S., 16 Clarkson St.

LOST—Silver cross, colored stones; reward. Hotel Rutledge, 30th St. and Lexington Av.

$1,000 REWARD.
NO QUESTIONS ASKED,

for the return of white pasteboard box containing one diamond shell comb, diamond chain and diamond heart, fancy diamond bracelet, pearl and diamond collarette, diamond barette, and envelope containing three loose pearls; lost Tuesday afternoon at the Ritz-Carlton or between Ritz and Fifth Avenue and 47th Street.
Dreicer & Co., 560 Fifth Avenue.

$25 reward, no questions asked, for return of gold mesh bag, marked J. D. W. C., Hotel Plaza, March 24. Apartment 23, 15 West 55th. Telephone 5887 Circle.

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GOMPERS PASSES A COMFORTABLE DAY

Consulting Physicians Find No Occasion for Alarm or for an X-Ray Examination.

HUNDREDS SEND SYMPATHY

Lord Reading Expresses Hope for Speedy Recovery — Jacob H. Schiff Speaks for a Multitude.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, who had two ribs broken on the right side in a taxicab accident on Sunday afternoon, passed a fairly comfortable day yesterday at the Hotel Continental, and after a consultation at 5:30 o'clock between Dr. Charles R. Hancock, the attending physician, and Dr. Charles E. Peck of Roosevelt Hospital, it was announced that while his injuries were severe his condition did not appear to be dangerous. There were no indications of internal injuries, and the physicians decided that unless subsequent developments made it desirable no X-ray examination would be made.

When Dr. Hancock left the bedside of Mr. Gompers last night he said that there was a possibility that only one rib was broken. He said there was every probability of Mr. Gompers's recovery unless something unforeseen intervenes, due to his advanced age.

Mr. Gompers will probably remain at the hotel instead of going to a hospital. During the day he was moved to a quiet room and his physician ordered absolute rest. John Morrison, editor of the American Federationist; Alexander J. Gompers, Executive Commissioner of the New York State Industrial Committee; Mr. Gompers's secretary, and a few other close friends were the only ones permitted to see him during the day. Lieutenant Samuel Gompers, Jr., of the United States Aviation Corps is in France with his unit.

Telegraph and telephone messages by the hundreds have arrived at the hotel. The following telegram was received from Lord Reading:

"My sincerest wishes for a complete and speedy recovery, so that you may continue to devote yourself to the interests of those whom you have so successfully represented."

Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson telegraphed as follows:

"I have just learned of the accident resulting in your being injured. My heart goes out to you in your suffering, and with your millions of friends throughout the United States and the world I join in the hope that this mishap will not be sufficiently serious to interfere with the splendid work you have been doing in the cause of humanity."

Jacob H. Schiff sent this telegram:

"The multitude in front of the Sub-Treasury whom I have been addressing in the interests of the Victory Loan have desired to join with me in sending to you a message of good-will and cheer and an expression of hope that you will soon have recovered from the accident with which you unfortunately met yesterday. Our country continues to need your patriotic services, which have so greatly served to unite all of our own people in their supreme effort to win this war of ideals."

John F. Fitzgerald, former Mayor of Boston, telegraphed as follows:

"Your Boston friends sincerely hope your recovery will be rapid and you will soon be yourself.

Among those who called were Major August Belmont, George W. Wickersham and General Cornelius Vanderbilt.

James E. Roach of the American Federation of Labor said yesterday that as soon as Mr. Gompers's condition should permit he probably would reply to the statement issued on Sunday by Postmaster General Burleson relative to collective bargaining with civil service employes. Mr. Roach said the reply would not be made by any other representative of the Federation.

TWO KILLED IN FLIGHTS.

Passenger is Victim Near Boston and Lieutenant in Texas.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 28.—An airplane used by the New England Airplane Company to carry passengers, at a stipulated sum for every minute of flight, fell 150 feet into the Charles River Basin today, and the passenger, J. Lester Allen, of the Dorchester District of Boston, was drowned. Ensign W. Elliott Nightingale, the pilot, was severely bruised.

John Cummings, a Cambridge policeman, saw the machine fall when about 100 feet from the Cambridge shore, and he jumped into the water, pushing a canoe ahead of him. He rescued Nightingale, who had worked himself free from the plane. Cummings and M. S. H. Williams, coach of a private school crew, dived for Allen, but it was nearly fifteen minutes before they could bring his body to the surface.

Ensign Nightingale said that engine trouble sent the machine into a nose dive. His effort to restore the balance by climbing out on the tail of the plane was unsuccessful.

Lieutenant C. E. Hines Killed in Texas.

SAN ANTONIO, April 28.—Lieutenant C. E. Hines of Lake Charles, La., a flying instructor at Kelly Field, was instantly killed in the fall of his airplane today.

Cadet Masse, flying with him, was slightly injured.

SAYS CHALONER MAY SUE.

Judge Decides That Virginian Is Competent to Prosecute.

Federal Judge Dietrich decided yesterday that John Armstrong Chaloner was competent to prosecute his libel suit against the Evening Post in this jurisdiction. Counsel for the defendant had raised the point that as Mr. Chaloner had been declared incompetent by the courts here he could not sue, but the court found that as the courts of Virginia had decreed Mr. Chaloner was competent and that as he could not proceed against the defendant in Virginia he had the right to bring suit in this Federal district.

Attention is called in the opinion to the fact that the Virginia decree declaring Mr. Chaloner mentally competent was subsequent to the contrary decree in this State. It was also pointed out that as neither Mr. Chaloner's person or property was at stake in the proceeding the committee appointed by the court here to look after him and his affairs had no reason to intervene in the action.

AMERICAN SCHOONER SEIZED

Mexicans Take the Cape Horn of Galveston to Vera Cruz.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The State Department was advised from Vera Cruz today that the American schooner Cape Horn, of Galveston, had been captured by a Mexican gunboat in Mexican territorial waters and taken into the port of Vera Cruz. The dispatch did not go into details further than to say that charges had not been preferred against the steamer up to the time the dispatch was sent to the State Department. Unofficial press dispaches intimated that the Mexicans intend to charge the Cape Horn with trying to smuggle arms and munitions to insurgents in Mexico. The Department will make inquiries immediately to ascertain the reasons assigned for the seizure of the vessel.

VENETIAN ART SALE BEGINS.

Large Candlestick Brings $250—Day's Total is $9,324.

Treasures of Venetian art, ancient and modern, in the collection the returns for which are to be used to bring back to their homes Venetian workers driven to other cities by Austrian airplanes during the war, were placed on sale yesterday at Silo's new Fifth Avenue Art Galleries, now 40 East Forty-fifth Street. Much of the beautiful Venetian glass and flower decoration in relief was sold, also chandeliers of glass, a carved walnut Venetian throne chair, gilt side chairs, candelabra of iron work, painted Venetian tea tables.

There was a large gathering in spite of the difficulty of reaching the gallery on account of the parade.

Leonello Perara, an Italian banker of the city, paid $300 for an Italian carved oak cupboard and $250 for a large candelstick of Venetian wrought iron work; Mrs. Munn of Washington bought a set of old carved Italian dining chairs, upholstered in damask, for $230; Mrs. G. W. Feigenspan of Newark paid $210 for a set of five painted Venetian chairs with damask seats; a carved walnut Venetian cupboard went to Mrs. G. T. Shaw for $135, and Mrs. Frederick Housman gave $120 for a pair of old decorated lacquer vases. The total for the day was $9,324.

The sale, which is under the auspices of the Italian Embassy at Washington, ex-Premier Luzzatti of Italy, and Commander Ricci, General Director of Fine Arts, Italy, will be continued through the week beginning daily at 2 P. M.

BADEN-POWELL COMING.

Will Confer with Boy Scout Officials and Review Units.

OTTAWA, April 28.—An official announcement was made today that Sir Robert Baden-Powell, founder of the Boy Scouts of England, will arrive at Halifax, accompanied by Lady Baden-Powell, on May 7.

His itinerary will include Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Washington, New York, Ottawa, Montreal, and Toronto. He will sail on May 28 for England.

The purpose of Sir Robert Baden-Powell's visit to the United States and Canada is to mature plans for the formation of an international committee embracing officials of Boy Scout movements in countries throughout the world, bringing into closer relations millions of scouts and scout leaders.

Sir Robert has been touring Europe with this object, conferring personally with scout officials in France, Italy, Serbia, and Belgium.

At Washington, New York, and Ottawa Sir Robert will discuss the project with American and Canadian scout officials. At Philadelphia and Washington, and probably at other cities, Boy Scouts will assemble to greet him. In New York he will review 10,000 boys in Central Park on May 17, and Mortimer L. Schiff, Vice President of the Boy Scouts of America, will give a dinner in his honor, attended by scout officials, on May 18. He will be the guest at a citizens' dinner here on May 19.

CHAPEL MARKS CENTENARY.

Faculty and Students Visit St. Paul's, First Home of Seminary.

The 100th anniversary of the General Theological Seminary was observed yesterday by a pilgrimage of the faculty and students to St. Paul's Chapel, the first home of the seminary. Following a service of thanksgiving, the faculty and students were entertained at luncheon in St. Paul's House.

The seminarians and their teachers were welcomed by the clergy of the parish. A prayer of thanksgiving was recited by the vicar of the parish, and the address of welcome was made by the Rev. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity Church. The response was made by Dean H. E. W. Fosbroke for the seminarians.

The room in which the seminary was started is still to be seen. When the seminary was established in 1819, the Rev. Dr. Turner and the Rev. Dr. Jarvis were the only professors. The classes met in a small apartment over the vestry room of the chapel. The observance will continue this week.

DALY LOOKING FOR LEAK.

Police Inspector Seeking Man Who Made Public Confidential Order.

The strictly confidential order issued by Chief Police Inspector John Daly, which got into the papers, formed the subject of a heart talk which Daly had with all Police Inspectors in his office last Friday, it was learned yesterday. Daly, it is said, asked the Inspectors to make every effort to find out who had made public the order.

The meeting was called ostensibly to discuss police regulations for yesterday's parade of the old 69th. The confidential order was issued by Daly, warning all Inspectors that the Bureau of Municipal Research had investigators checking up gambling and vice, and ordering them to be particularly active in suppressing both.

It was learned also that Chief Inspector Daly read a letter from Val O'Farrell, a former member of the detective force and now head of a private detective agency, in which O'Farrell denies he was employed by the Bureau of Municipal Research or any other agency to obtain evidence against the Police Department.

O'Farrell is said to have written that in view of his associations in the Detective Bureau he did not think it proper for him to try to dig up evidence against his former associates.

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PASSENGERS DEMUR AT EXTRA CARFARE

Commuters Using Yonkers Railroad Grumble at Added Charge Crossing City Line.

SOME REFUSE TO PAY

Alderman Brogan Among Those Who Balk at Double Toll—No Disorders.

The trouble expected on the lines of the Yonkers Railroad over extra fares materialized to a certain extent last evening when a number of persons, including Alderman Thomas A. Brogan of the Sixth Ward, refused to pay the additional fare when the city line was crossed. During the day, however, when the traffic was lighter, the commuters who used the Broadway trolley between Getty Square in Yonkers and the subway terminal at Van Cortlandt Park paid the extra charge with hardly a word of protest.

Under an ordinance recently passed by the Common Council of the city of Yonkers the railroad company, which is a subsidiary of the Third Avenue system, received permission to charge a five-cent fare within the city limits and an additional fare on all cars that cross the city line. This meant a ten-cent fare to the subway, to Tuckahoe and to Mt. Vernon.

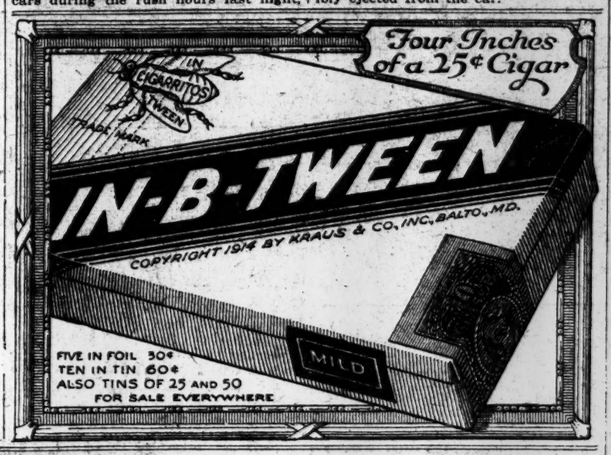
Since the ordinance was approved a fortnight ago there have been many protests against the double toll, and a movement was started to prevent the company from putting the new plan into effect.

When the homecoming commuters began to arrive last evening some difficulty was experienced by the conductors on the cars in collecting fares because under the new system they are required to go through the trolleys when the city line is crossed and take up the extra fare. Owing to the crowds they were unable to finish the collection and a few persons escaped the payment of the second fare, having already reached Getty Square.

Although it was estimated that more than 10,000 passengers traveled in the cars during the rush hours last night, there were very few who were ejected for not paying the extra five cents. Many of the grumbling commuters paid it after insistence on the part of the conductors and a number of others argued until policemen arrived.

Alderman Brogan was one of three Aldermen of the Common Council who voted against the ordinance. Coming from New York, he boarded a South Broadway car at the subway exit, and when asked for the extra fare when the Yonkers city line was reached, refused to pay it. He then told the conductor that he was an Alderman, and was allowed to continue to Getty Square without paying the additional 5 cents.

George Carver, an electrical worker, also refused to pay the additional fare while going from Mount Vernon to Yonkers. After a long argument with the conductor, he declares he was forcibly ejected from the car.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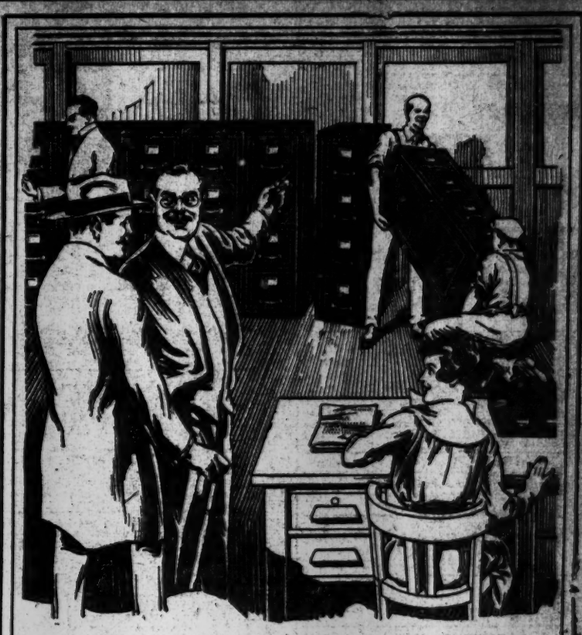

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